

# Embedded System Workshops

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0A. Introduction to Arduino and Components  
*CCA Girls Who Code*

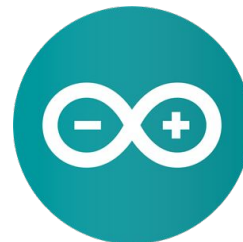
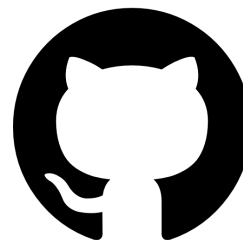


# Course Expectations

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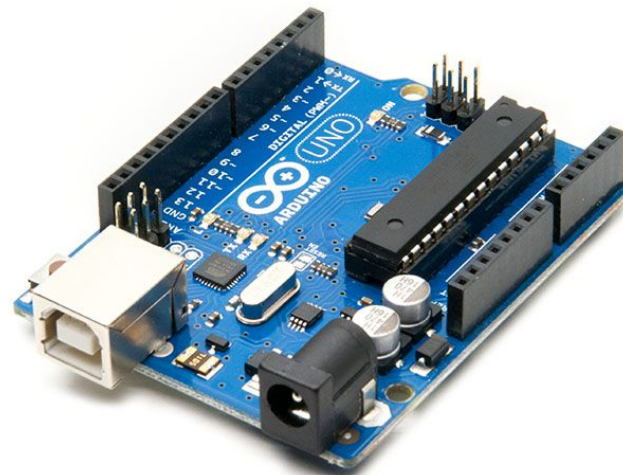
# Today's Agenda

- Program Information
  - GitHub, Registration Form
  - Team and Contact Info
- Overview of Content and Meeting Format
- Introduction to Arduino
- Introduction to components



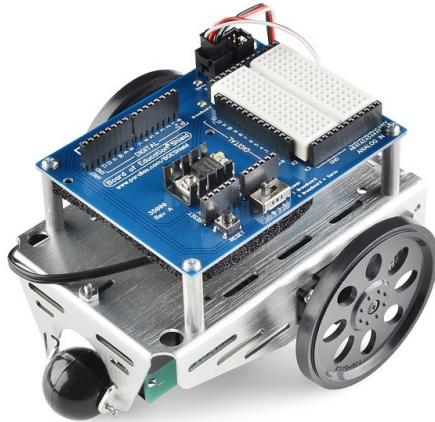
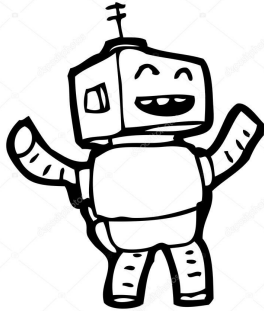
# Program Information

- Introduction to Embedded Systems
- Meetings every Friday from 4:00-5:00 PM
- Virtual meetings through Google Meet
- Program Dates: February 5th - early May
- Instructors: Stefan Prestrelski, Sarah Luo
- Materials
  - Computer with internet connection
  - GitHub account
  - [Elegoo's Super Starter Kit](#) (\$37)



# Purpose

- Due to COVID-19, in-person robotics meetings and thus competitions have become less feasible given social distancing restrictions
- Remotely connect with team members and gain relevant mechanical, electrical, and programming experience



# Contact Information

- Website: [ccagirlswhocode.weebly.com](https://ccagirlswhocode.weebly.com)
- Email: [ccagirlswhocode@gmail.com](mailto:ccagirlswhocode@gmail.com)
- Join our Discord: [discord.gg/FMVmMmh](https://discord.gg/FMVmMmh)
- Follow us on Instagram: @ccagirlswhocode
- Connect with us on Facebook: @ccagwcravenettes

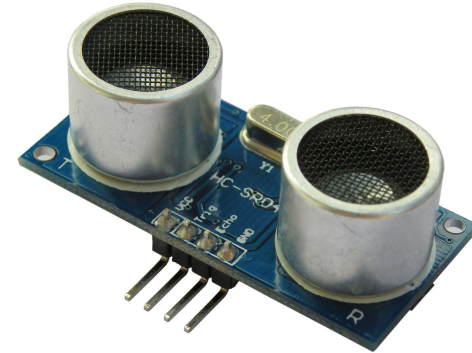
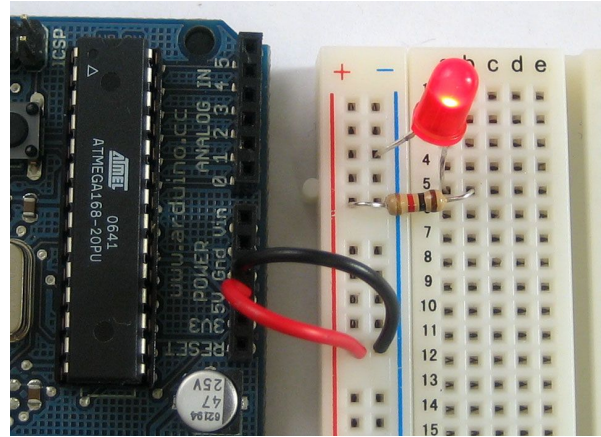


# Schedule ([link](#))

#	Date	Lesson Plan/Reference Slides
1	2/5	Workshop 0A: Introduction to Arduino and Components
2	2/12	Workshop 0B: Introduction to C
3	2/19	Workshop 1: Blinking LEDs
4	2/26	Office Hours/Catch-up
5	3/1	Workshop 2: Digital Inputs - Buttons
6	3/12	Office Hours/Catch-up
7	3/19	Workshop 3: LCD
*	3/26 (Fri.)	No Meeting for CCA Finals
8	4/2	Office Hours/Catch-up

# Topics

- Blinking LEDs
- Digital Inputs: Buttons
- LCD Display
- Servos
- Ultrasonic Sensor
- DC Motors
- Remote Control
- Temperature and Humidity





# Setting Up

- GitHub repository: <https://github.com/FTC9837/embedded-systems-course>
  - fork repository and pull starter code/other resources



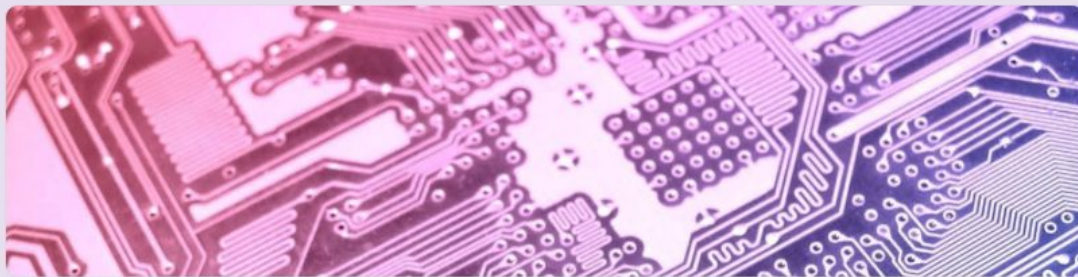
- Download Arduino IDE: <https://www.arduino.cc/en/software>
  - able to connect to the Arduino board and upload code



# Registration Form

If you haven't already, please fill out our registration form!

(<https://forms.gle/vxiEYdHy72gXLzDC9>)



## 2021 Embedded Systems Workshops Registration

Canyon Crest Academy's Girls Who Code club works to inspire and equip girls with the skills necessary to pursue 21st century opportunities. Our club supports all students interested in computer science and engineering by programming lessons and other hands-on activities.

# Introduction to Arduino

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# What are embedded systems?

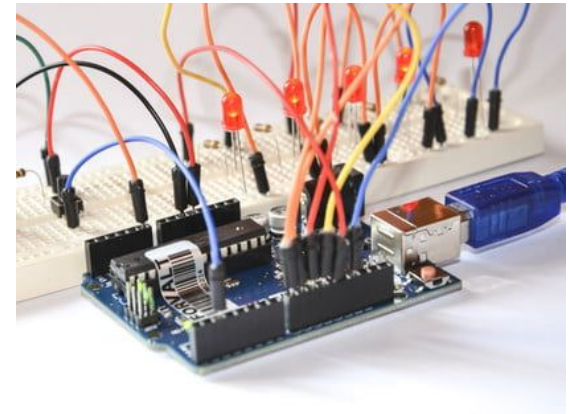
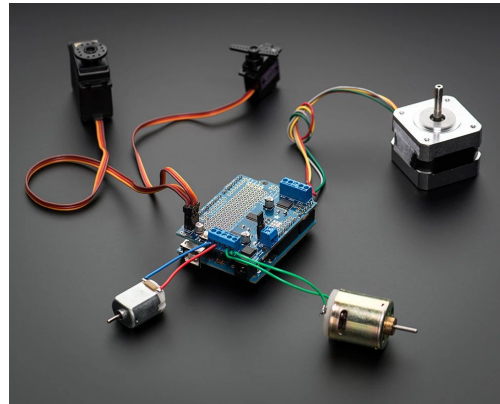
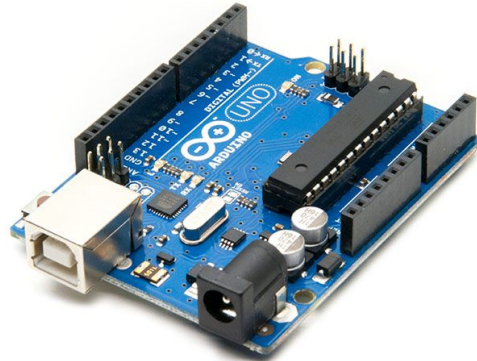
- A computer system (processor, memory, input/output) that has a dedicated function, provide efficiency
- Examples of embedded systems: MP3 players, mobile phones, video game consoles, digital cameras, DVD players, and GPS



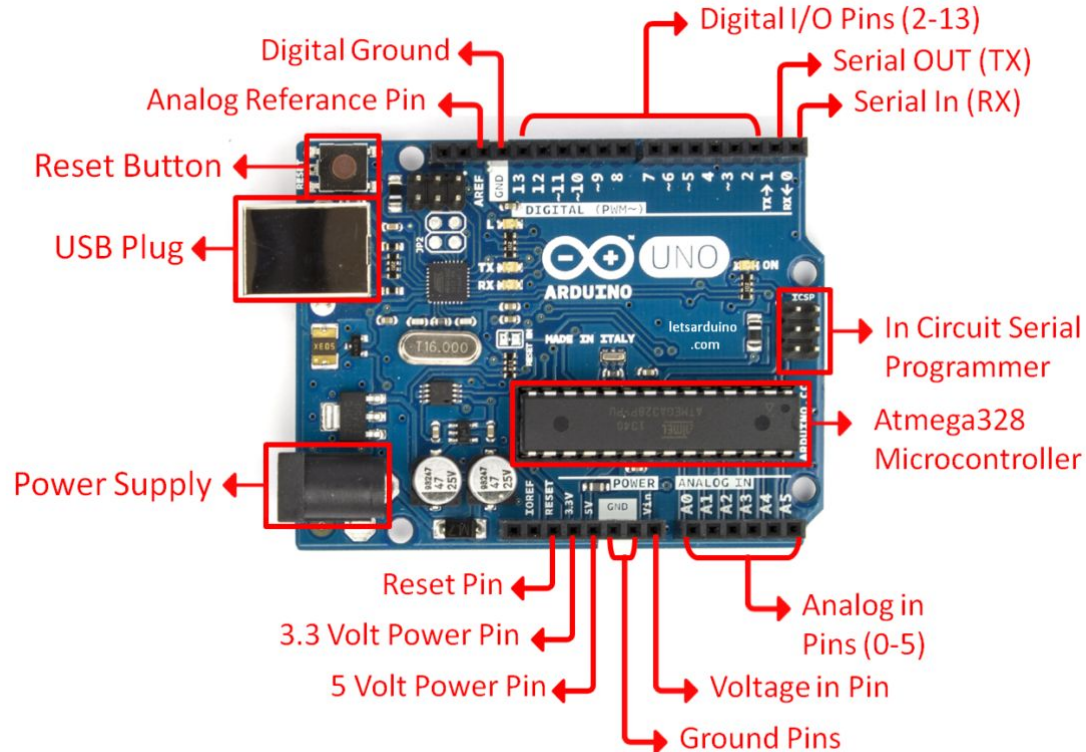
# What is Arduino?

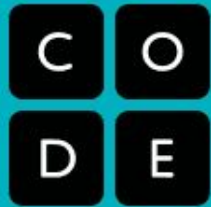


- A small microcontroller used for a variety of applications
- Can be programmed using C and C++ programming languages
- Open source; many Arduino-compatible and Arduino-derived boards exist



# What's on an Arduino Board?

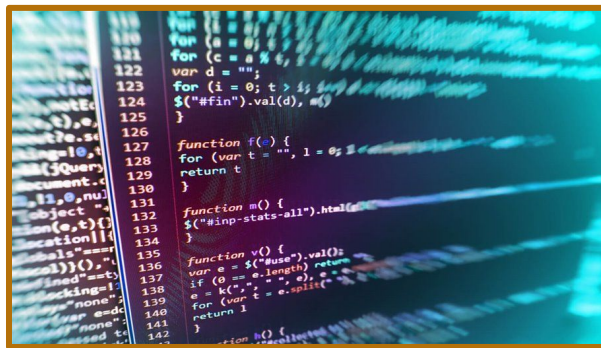




# What is C?

C is a popular programming language used for a variety of things, such as

- Embedded systems
- Developing system and desktop applications
- Developing operating systems such as Apple's OS X and Microsoft's Windows
- Compiler production
- Open source software

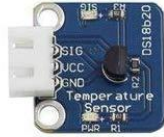




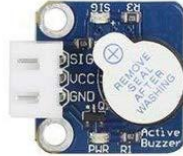
# Sensors



Barometer



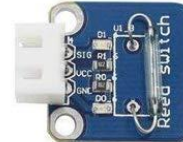
DS18B20 Temperature



Active buzzer



Infrared-Receiver



Reed Switch



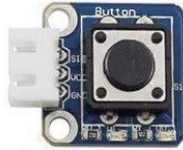
MQ-2 Gas Sensor



Auto-flash LED



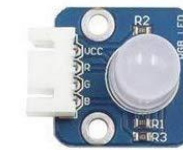
Dual-color LED



Button module



Laser Transmitter



RGB LED



Relay Module



Analog temperature



Flame Sensor



ADDA Converter



Tilt Switch



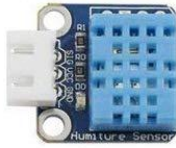
Rotary Encoder



Tracking sensor



Analog Hall



Humiture sensor



Color Sensor



Obstacle Avoidance



RTC-DS1302

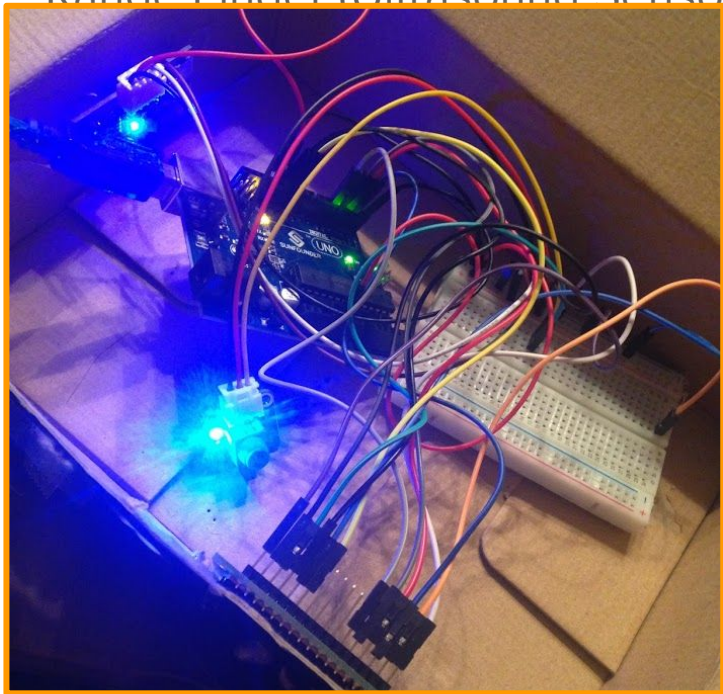


Ultrasonic



# Demos

Range Finder (Ultrasonic Sensor)



Heartbeat Sensor



# What's in the kit?

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## Parts Overview

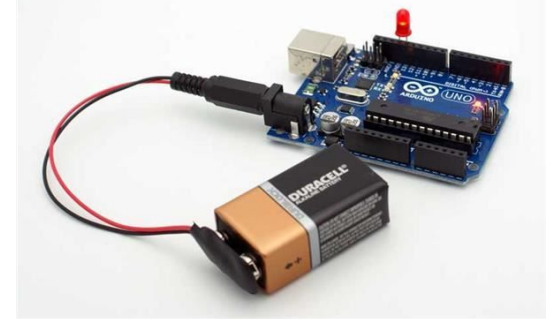
# Parts List

Below is the list of parts we'll be using during this course

- Arduino UNO R3 Controller Board
- USB Cable
- Breadboard
- 9V Battery
- LEDs (all colors!)
- Potentiometer
- Resistors
- Buttons
- LCD1602 Module
- Servo Motor
- Stepper Motor
- Ultrasonic Sensor
- Temperature and Humidity Module
- Fan Blade and 3-6V Motor
- Remote Control
- Many, many jumper wires...

# The Necessities

- Arduino UNO
  - The microcontroller!
- USB Cable
  - Used to download code from your computer to the Arduino and provide power
- 9V Battery
  - Used to provide power for an Arduino
- Jumper Wires
  - Wires with connector pins on the end
  - Male-to-male, male-to-female, female-to-female



# 3 KINDS OF WIRES



**Male to Female**



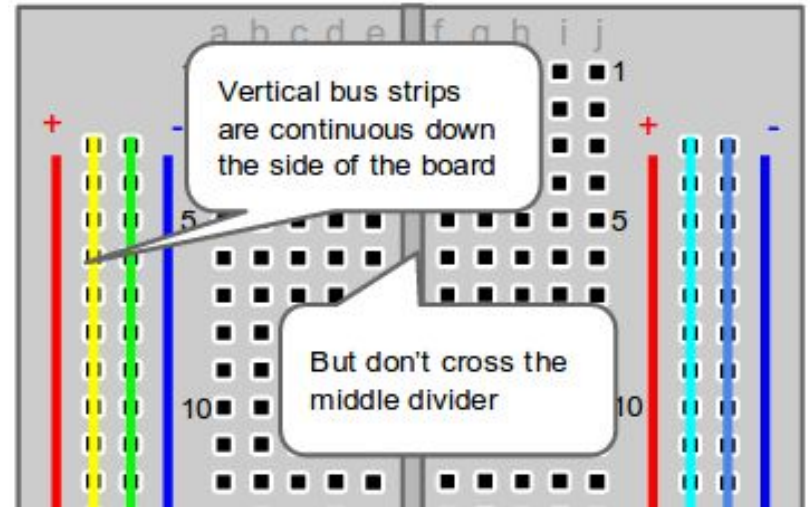
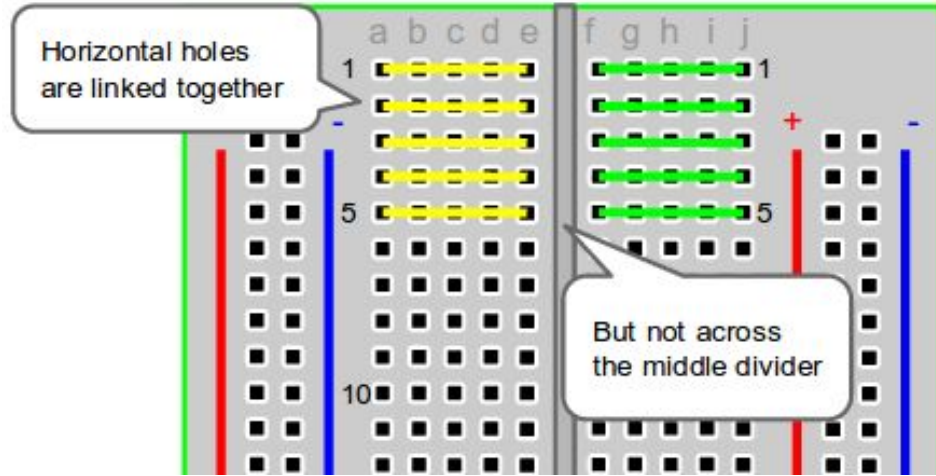
**Female to Female**



**Male to Male**

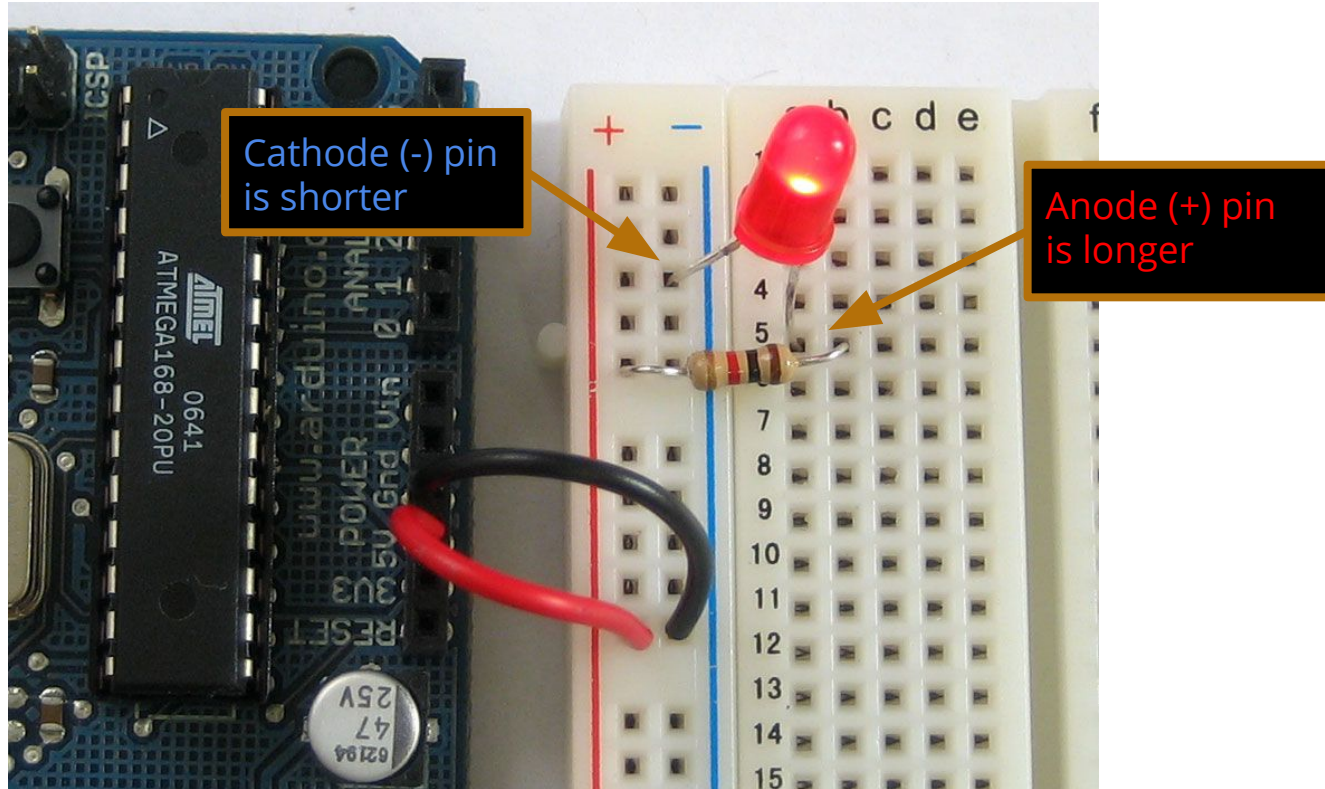


# Breadboards Explained



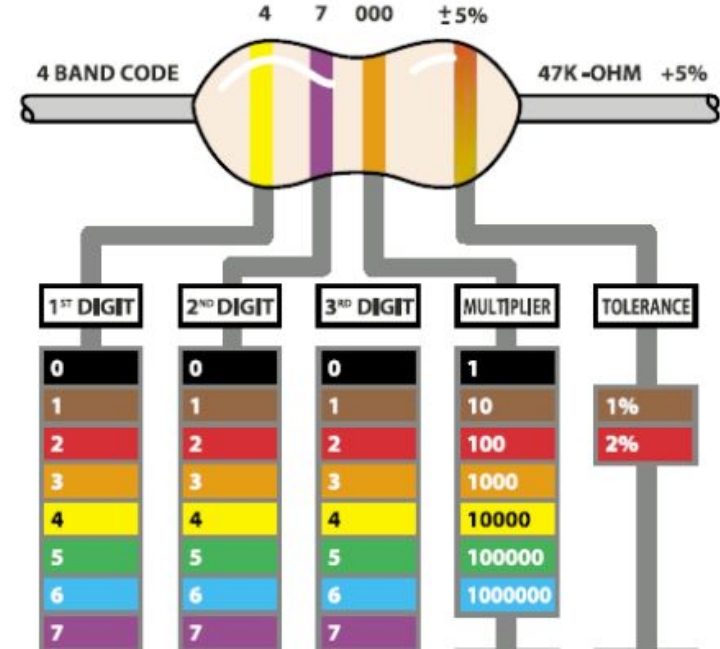


# LEDs



# What are Resistors?

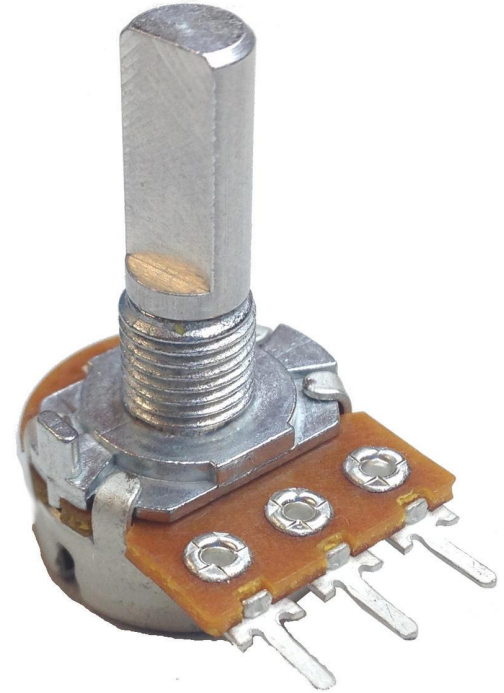
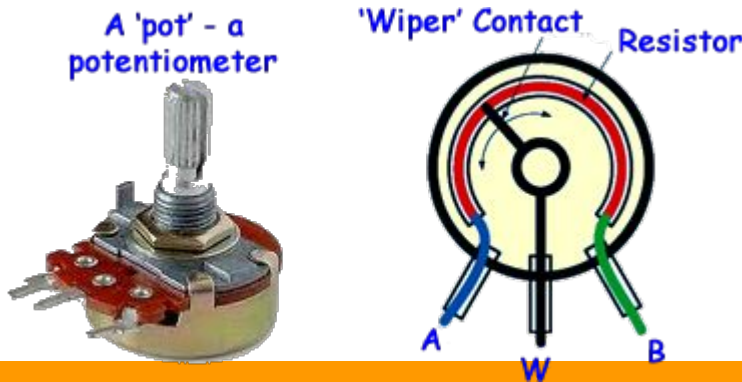
- Resistors slow the electric current, and control where and how fast the current flows
- Resistance value is measured in ohms  $\Omega$ , which is represented by colored stripes on the body of the resistor
- Each stripe has a different value depending on the color and location as shown in the reference chart
- A potentiometer is a variable resistor





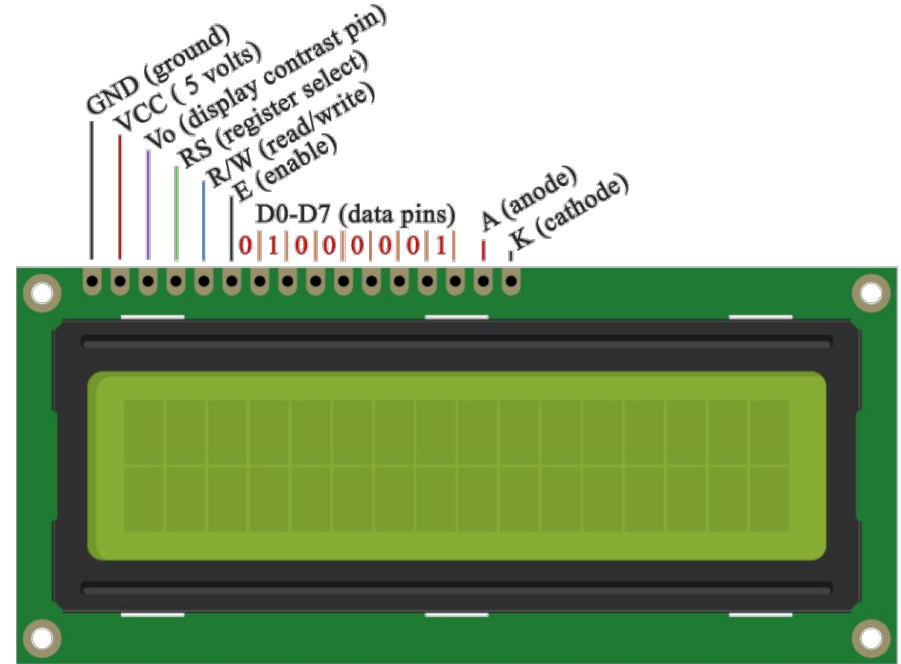
# What is a Potentiometer?

- A potentiometer is essentially a variable resistor: you can change how much resistance is applied by twisting the knob
- This is useful for adjusting brightness, power, etc.
- For our purposes, this will be used to adjust the brightness of the LCD screen



# What's an LCD Screen?

A Liquid Crystal Display screen is used to display images. The one in the Arduino kit can only display letters and numbers on a 16x2 grid.



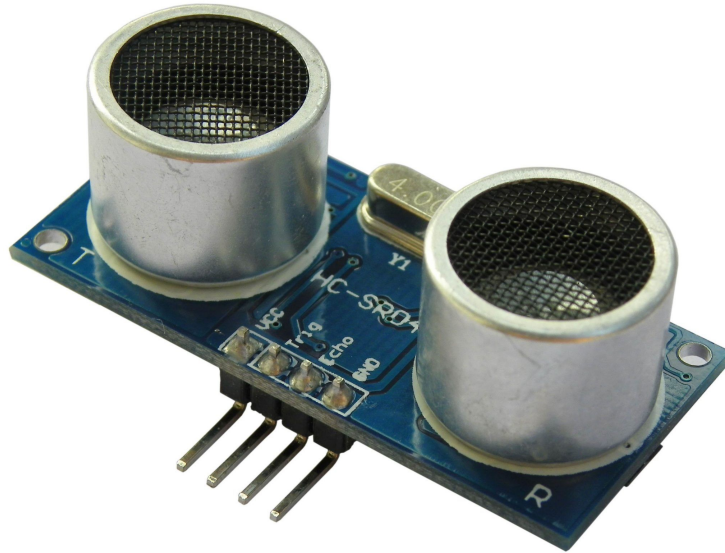
# What are Servos and Motors?

Servos and motors take electrical energy and convert it into rotational motion. A servo can only rotate within a certain range (usually a range of 180 degrees), while a motor can rotate continuously in either direction.



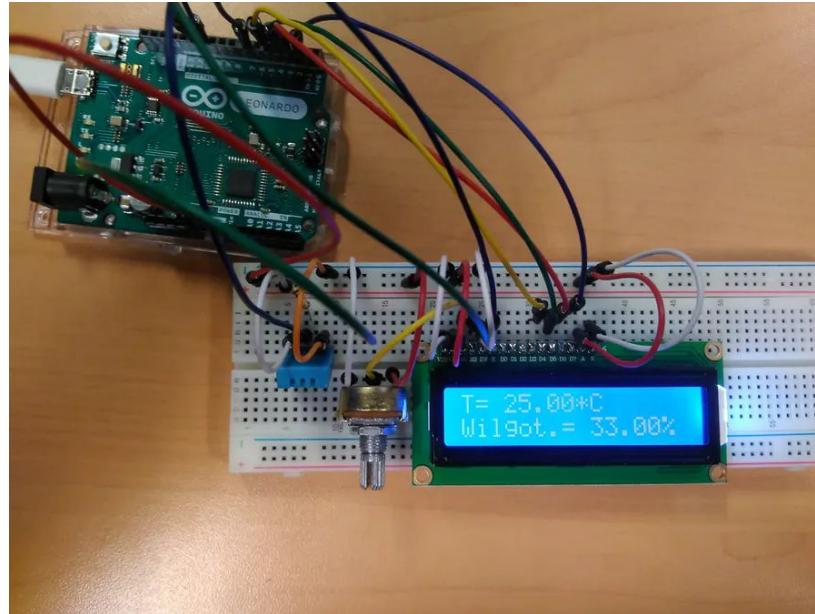
# What's an Ultrasonic Sensor?

The ultrasonic sensor uses sound to measure distance by sending out a soundwave and measuring the time it takes for the wave to return.



# What's a Temperature/Humidity Module?

- Uses humidity sensor and a thermal resistor to measure the surrounding air, and sends a digital signal on the data pin



# Thank you!

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CCA Girls Who Code

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[www.ccagirlswhocode.weebly.com](http://www.ccagirlswhocode.weebly.com)

# Production Team

Curriculum Director: Stefan Prestrelski

Teaching Assistants: Sarah Luo, Samantha Prestrelski