Matlab Miscellaneous and Basic Numeric and Array Operations

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Divisor, Quotient and Remainder

Given an array of integer values, and some divisor, find the quotient and remainder.

```
it divisor = 10;
for bl_int=[0,1]
    if (bl_int == 1)
        ar_integers = int16([1,2,3, 11,12,13, 21,22,23]);
    else
        ar_integers = [1,2,3, 11,12,13, 21,22,23];
    end
    for it_integer=ar_integers
        % Modulus and quotient
        if(isinteger(it integer))
            it_quotient = idivide(it_integer, it_divisor);
        else
            it quotient = fix(it integer/it divisor);
        end
        it_remainder = rem(it_integer, it_divisor);
        if (it_remainder == 1)
            fl_power = 1.0;
        elseif (it_remainder == 2)
            fl_power = 1.5;
        elseif (it_remainder == 3)
            fl_power = 2.0;
        end
        if (it quotient == 0)
            fl base = 2;
        elseif (it_quotient == 1)
            fl_base = exp(1);
        elseif (it_quotient == 2)
            fl_base = 10;
        end
        fl_value = fl_base^fl_power;
        % Print
        st_print = strjoin(...
            ["Divide test:", ...
            ['bl_int=' num2str(bl_int)], ...
            ['it_integer=' num2str(it_integer)], ...
            ['it remainder=' num2str(it remainder)], ...
            ['it_quotient=' num2str(it_quotient)], ...
            ['fl_value=' num2str(fl_value)], ...
            ], ";");
        disp(st_print);
```

```
end
end
```

```
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=1;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=0;fl_value=2
Divide test:;bl int=0;it integer=2;it remainder=2;it quotient=0;fl value=2.8284
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=3;it_remainder=3;it_quotient=0;fl_value=4
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=11;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=1;fl_value=2.7183
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=12;it_remainder=2;it_quotient=1;fl_value=4.4817
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=13;it_remainder=3;it_quotient=1;fl_value=7.3891
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=21;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=2;fl_value=10
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=22;it_remainder=2;it_quotient=2;fl_value=31.6228
Divide test:;bl_int=0;it_integer=23;it_remainder=3;it_quotient=2;fl_value=100
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=1;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=0;fl_value=2
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=2;it_remainder=2;it_quotient=0;fl_value=2.8284
Divide test:;bl int=1;it integer=3;it remainder=3;it quotient=0;fl value=4
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=11;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=1;fl_value=2.7183
Divide test:;bl int=1;it integer=12;it remainder=2;it quotient=1;fl value=4.4817
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=13;it_remainder=3;it_quotient=1;fl_value=7.3891
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=21;it_remainder=1;it_quotient=2;fl_value=10
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=22;it_remainder=2;it_quotient=2;fl_value=31.6228
Divide test:;bl_int=1;it_integer=23;it_remainder=3;it_quotient=2;fl_value=100
```

Check if Array is All Above or Below Zero

There is an array that contains possible NaN values, check if all elements of array are positive, or all elements are negative, ignoring the NaN values.

```
for it_arrays=[1,2,3,4,5,6]
    if (it arrays == 1)
        ar_values = [0.0001, 0.0002, 0.0005, 0.0012, 0.0013, NaN, NaN, NaN, NaN];
    elseif (it_arrays == 2)
        ar values = [NaN, -0.0002, -0.0005, -0.0012, -0.0013, NaN, NaN, NaN, NaN];
    elseif (it arrays == 3)
        ar values = [0.0001, 0.0002, 0.0005, 0.0012, 0.0013];
    elseif (it arrays == 4)
        ar_values = [-0.0002, -0.0005, -0.0012, -0.0013];
    elseif (it arrays == 5)
        ar values = [-0.0002, 0.0005, -0.0012, -0.0013];
    elseif (it_arrays == 6)
        ar values = [-0.0002, 0.0005, -0.0012, NaN, -0.0013];
    end
    bl_all_pos = min(ar_values(~isnan(ar_values))>=0);
    bl_all_neg = min(ar_values(~isnan(ar_values))<=0);</pre>
    st_print = ['str=' num2str(it_arrays) ...
        ' has bl_all_pos=' num2str(bl_all_pos) ' and bl_all_neg=' num2str(bl_all_neg)];
    disp(st_print);
end
```

```
str=1 has bl_all_pos=1 and bl_all_neg=0
str=2 has bl_all_pos=0 and bl_all_neg=1
str=3 has bl_all_pos=1 and bl_all_neg=0
str=4 has bl_all_pos=0 and bl_all_neg=1
str=5 has bl_all_pos=0 and bl_all_neg=0
str=6 has bl_all_pos=0 and bl_all_neg=0
```

Check Parameter Types

There parameter input can either be a cell array or an integer, conditional processing based on parameter input type. To distinguish between an array or container map, for example, can use isnumeric or isfloat.

```
% Float and Cell
curEstiParamA = 1;
curEstiParamB = {146, 'R3'};
curEstiParamC = rand([1,5]);
curEstiParamD = [1,2,3,4.5];
curEstiParamE = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map('share_unbanked_j') = 12;
param_map('equi_r_j') = 2;
% test if is float
st_test = strjoin(...
    ["", ...
    ['isfloat(curEstiParamA)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamA))], ...
    ['isfloat(curEstiParamB)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamB))], ...
    ['isfloat(curEstiParamC)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamC))], ...
    ['isfloat(curEstiParamD)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamD))], ...
    ['isfloat(curEstiParamE)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamE))], ...
disp(st_test);
```

; is float (curEstiParamA) = 1; is float (curEstiParamB) = 0; is float (curEstiParamC) = 1; is float (curEstiParamD) = 1; is float (curEstiParamB) = 0; is float (curEstiParamC) = 1; is float (curEstiParamB) = 0; is

```
% test if is cell
st_test = strjoin(...
    ["", ...
    ['iscell(curEstiParamA)=' num2str(iscell(curEstiParamA))], ...
    ['iscell(curEstiParamB)=' num2str(iscell(curEstiParamB))], ...
    ['iscell(curEstiParamC)=' num2str(iscell(curEstiParamC))], ...
    ['iscell(curEstiParamD)=' num2str(iscell(curEstiParamD))], ...
    ['iscell(curEstiParamE)=' num2str(iscell(curEstiParamE))], ...
], ";");
disp(st_test);
```

;iscell(curEstiParamA)=0;iscell(curEstiParamB)=1;iscell(curEstiParamC)=0;iscell(curEstiParamD)=0;iscel

```
% test if is numeric
st_test = strjoin(...
    ["", ...
    ['isnumeric(curEstiParamA)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamA))], ...
    ['isnumeric(curEstiParamB)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamB))], ...
    ['isnumeric(curEstiParamC)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamC))], ...
    ['isnumeric(curEstiParamD)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamD))], ...
    ['isnumeric(curEstiParamE)=' num2str(isfloat(curEstiParamE))], ...
], ";");
disp(st_test);
```

;isnumeric(curEstiParamA)=1;isnumeric(curEstiParamB)=0;isnumeric(curEstiParamC)=1;isnumeric(curEstiParamD)=1;isnumeric

Check if a value is an array of single scalar boolean

A function could take an array, if the array parameter input is boolean and false, then generate the array needed by the function in a different way. All that is needed is a NaN checker, works for scalar or array of NaN.

```
rng(123);
it_len = 3;
for it_case=[1,2,3]
    if (it case == 1)
        ob_val = rand(1,it_len);
    elseif (it_case == 2)
        % Single NaN
        ob_val = NaN;
    elseif (it_case == 3)
        % Single NaN
        ob_val = NaN(1,it_len);
    end
    if (~isnan(ob_val))
        % Input is the output vector since input is not NaN
        ob val out = ob val;
    else
        % Generates random output vector since input is not provided
        ob val out = rand(1, it len);
    end
    st_test = strjoin(...
        ["", ...
        ['ob_val=' num2str(ob_val)], ...
        ['ob_val_out=' num2str(ob_val_out)], ...
        ], ";");
    disp(st_test);
end
;ob val=0.69647
                           0.22685; ob_val_out=0.69647
                                                      0.28614
                                                                0.22685
                 0.28614
```

Compare Array Values That are Approximately Similar

What is the best way to compare floats for almost-equality in Python?

- rel_tol is a relative tolerance, it is multiplied by the greater of the magnitudes of the two arguments; as the values get larger, so does the allowed difference between them while still considering them equal.
- abs_tol is an absolute tolerance that is applied as-is in all cases. If the difference is less than either of those tolerances, the values are considered equal.

```
rel_tol=1e-09;
abs_tol=0.0;
if_is_close = @(a,b) (abs(a-b) <= max(rel_tol * max(abs(a), abs(b)), abs_tol));
disp(['1 and 1, if_is_close:' num2str(if_is_close(1,1))]);</pre>
```

```
1 and 1, if_is_close:1
 disp(['1e-300 and 1e-301, if_is_close:' num2str(if_is_close(1e-300,1e-301))]);
 1e-300 and 1e-301, if_is_close:0
 disp(['1+1e-9 and 1+1e-10, if_is_close:' num2str(if_is_close(1+1e-9,1+1e-10))]);
 1+1e-9 and 1+1e-10, if_is_close:1
Imaginary Number Examples
 rng(123);
 % Imaginary array
 ar_img = rand([1,7]) + 1i*rand([1,7]);
 % Regular Array
 ar_real = rand([1,10]);
 % Combine arrays
 ar full = [ar real ar img];
 ar_full = ar_full(randperm(length(ar_full)));
 disp(ar_full);
  Columns 1 through 6
   0.6344 + 0.0000i 0.1755 + 0.0000i 0.5316 + 0.0000i 0.2861 + 0.4809i 0.7380 + 0.0000i
                                                                          0.1825 + 0.0000i
  Columns 7 through 12
   0.4231 + 0.4386i
   Columns 13 through 17
   0.9808 + 0.0597i   0.5318 + 0.0000i
                                0.3980 + 0.0000i 0.5513 + 0.3432i 0.7195 + 0.7290i
 % real index
 disp(~imag(ar_full));
                        0
                           1
                                                0
      1 1 0
              1
                  1
                              1
                                       0
                                             1
 % Get Real and not real Components
 disp(ar_full(imag(ar_full) == 0));
    0.6344
                           0.7380
            0.1755
                   0.5316
                                  0.1825
                                          0.7245
                                                 0.8494
                                                         0.6110
                                                                0.5318
                                                                        0.3980
 disp(ar_full(imag(ar_full) ~= 0));
  Columns 1 through 6
   Column 7
```