

Fan Wang

2020-06-14

Contents

Pi	reface	5
1	Data Structures1.1 Matrices and Arrays1.2 Cells1.3 Characters and Strings1.4 Map Containers	27 31
2	Functions 2.1 varargin Default Parameters	41 41
3	Graphs 3.1 Figure Components	60
4	Tables4.1 Basic Table Generation4.2 Table Joining	
5	Panel 5.1 Time Series	75 75
A	Index and Code Links A.1 Data Structures links	80 81 81

4 CONTENTS

Preface

This is a work-in-progress website of support files for using matlab. Materials gathered from various projects in which matlab is used. Matlab files are linked below by section with livescript files. Tested with Matlab 2019a (The MathWorks Inc, 2019). This is not a Matlab package, but a list of examples in PDF/HTML/Mlx formats. MEconTools is a package that can be installed with tools used in projects involving matlab code.

Bullet points in the Appendix show which matlab functions/commands are used to achieve various objectives. The goal of this repository is to make it easier to find/re-use codes produced for various projects. Some functions also rely on or correspond to functions from MEconTools (Wang, 2020).

From other repositories: For dynamic borrowing and savings problems, see Dynamic Asset Repository; For code examples, see also R Example Code, and Stata Example Code; For intro stat with R, see Intro Statistics for Undergraduates, and intro Math with Matlab, see Intro Mathematics for Economists. See here for all of Fan's public repositories.

The site is built using Bookdown (Xie, 2020).

Please contact FanWangEcon for issues or problems.

6 CONTENTS

Chapter 1

Data Structures

1.1 Matrices and Arrays

1.1.1 Accumarray Examples

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.1.1.1 Accumarry Basic Example

There are three unique values in ar_a, sum up the probabilities for each of the unique states. This is equivalent to sorting a matrix with a and prob, and computing sum for each.

```
ar_a = [3,2,1,3]';
ar_prob = [0.1,0.2,0.31,0.39]';
ar_sumprob = accumarray(ar_a, ar_prob);
tb_summed_prob = table(sort(unique(ar_a)), ar_sumprob);
disp(tb_summed_prob);
```

Var1	ar_sumprob
1	0.31
2	0.2
3	0.49

1.1.1.2 Accumarry For Discrete Random Variable

Upon solving a model, if we look for the mass at certain choices or states, accumarray could help aggregate up probabilities

```
1
       2 3
                     3
a = [a1;a2;a3]'/2
a = 4x3
                      0.5000
   0.5000
             1.5000
                     1.0000
   0.5000
             1.0000
   1.0000
            0.5000 1.5000
   1.0000
             1.5000 1.5000
prob_a = zeros(size(a)) + 1/12
prob_a = 4x3
   0.0833
             0.0833
                      0.0833
   0.0833
           0.0833 0.0833
   0.0833 0.0833
                      0.0833
   0.0833
          0.0833
                      0.0833
[ar_idx_full, ~, ar_idx_of_unique] = unique(a)
ar_idx_full = 3x1
   0.5000
   1.0000
   1.5000
ar_idx_of_unique = 12x1
    1
    1
    2
    2
    3
    2
    1
    3
    1
    2
mt_idx_of_unique = reshape(ar_idx_of_unique, size(a))
mt_idx_of_unique = 4x3
    1
    1
          2
                2
                3
    2
          1
    2
                3
          3
accumarray(mt_idx_of_unique(:,1), prob_a(:,1))
ans = 2x1
   0.1667
   0.1667
accumarray(mt_idx_of_unique(:,2), prob_a(:,2))
ans = 3x1
   0.0833
```

```
0.0833
0.1667

accumarray(mt_idx_of_unique(:,3), prob_a(:,3))

ans = 3x1
0.0833
0.0833
0.1667
```

1.1.2 Array Broadcast and Expansion Examples

back to Fan's Reusable Matlab Repository or Dynamic Asset Repository.

Matrix broadcasting was added to matlab's recent editions. This is an important step for vectorizing codes. Proper usage of broadcasting reduces memory allocation requirements for matrix matrix operations.

1.1.2.1 Broadcasting with A Row and a Column

Below we add together a 1 by 3 and 4 by 1 array, that should not work. With broadcasting, it is assumed that we will mesh the arrays and then sum up the meshed matrixes.

```
clear all
ar_A = [1,2,3];
ar_B = [4,3,2,1]';
disp(size(ar_A));
     1
           3
disp(size(ar_B));
     4
           1
mt_A_B_broadcast = ar_A + ar_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast);
     5
           6
     4
           5
     3
           4
                  5
           3
                  4
mt_A_B_broadcast_product = ar_A.*ar_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast_product);
     4
           8
                 12
     3
           6
                  9
     2
           4
                  6
                  3
```

1.1.2.2 Broadcasting with One Row and One Matrix

Below we add together a 1 by 3 and 4 by 3 matrix, that should not work. With broadcasting, it is assumed that we will repeat the array four times, duplicating the single row four times, so the matrix dimensions match up.

```
clear all
ar_A = [1,2,3];
mt_B = [4,3,2,1;5,4,3,2;6,5,4,3]';
disp(size(ar_A));
```

```
1
           3
disp(size(mt_B));
           3
mt_A_B_broadcast = ar_A + mt_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast);
     5
           7
     4
           6
                  8
     3
           5
                  7
     2
           4
                  6
mt_A_B_broadcast_product = ar_A.*mt_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast_product);
     4
          10
                 18
     3
           8
                 15
     2
           6
                 12
                  9
     1
```

1.1.2.3 Broadcasting with One Column and One Matrix

Below we add together a 4 by 1 and 4 by 3 matrix, that should not work. With broadcasting, it is assumed that we will repeat the column three times, duplicating the single column three times, so the matrix dimensions match up.

```
clear all
ar_A = [4,3,2,1]';
mt_B = [4,3,2,1;5,4,3,2;6,5,4,3]';
disp(size(ar_A));
           1
disp(size(mt_B));
           3
mt_A_B_broadcast = ar_A + mt_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast);
     8
           9
                10
     6
           7
                 8
     4
           5
                 6
mt_A_B_broadcast_product = ar_A.*mt_B;
disp(mt_A_B_broadcast_product);
    16
          20
                24
     9
          12
                15
     4
           6
                 8
     1
           2
                 3
```

${\bf 1.1.2.4} \quad {\bf Expand \ with \ Broadcast}, \, {\bf Percentage \ Choice \ grids}$

clear all

$$ar_w_perc = [0.1, 0.5, 0.9]$$

$$ar_w_{evel} = [-2,0,2]$$

$$fl_b_d = -4$$

$$fl_b_d = -4$$

1.8000

$$ar_ak_perc = [0.1,0.3,0.7,0.9]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathtt{mt_k} = 4\mathtt{x3} \\ & 0.2000 & 0.4000 & 0.6000 \\ & 0.6000 & 1.2000 & 1.8000 \\ & 1.4000 & 2.8000 & 4.2000 \end{array}$$

3.6000

5.4000

1.1.2.5 Expand Matrix Twice

$$fl_b_d = -4$$

$$fl_b_d = -4$$

$$ar_k_max = 1x3$$

2.0000 3.0000 3.9000

```
ar_ak_perc = [0.001, 0.1, 0.3, 0.7, 0.9, 0.999]
ar_ak_perc = 1x6
   0.0010
             0.1000
                       0.3000
                                 0.7000
                                           0.9000
                                                     0.9990
mt_k = (ar_k_max'*ar_ak_perc)'
mt k = 6x3
   0.0020
             0.0030
                       0.0039
   0.2000
             0.3000
                       0.3900
   0.6000
             0.9000
                       1.1700
    1.4000
             2.1000
                       2.7300
    1.8000
             2.7000
                       3.5100
    1.9980
             2.9970
                       3.8961
mt_a = (ar_w_level - mt_k)
mt_a = 6x3
   -2.0020
            -1.0030
                      -0.1039
   -2.2000
            -1.3000
                      -0.4900
            -1.9000
                      -1.2700
   -2.6000
   -3.4000
            -3.1000
                      -2.8300
   -3.8000
            -3.7000
                      -3.6100
   -3.9980
            -3.9970
                      -3.9961
% fraction of borrowing for bridge loan
ar_coh_bridge_perc = [0, 0.5, 0.999];
% Expand matrix to include coh percentage dimension
mt_k = repmat(mt_k, [1, length(ar_coh_bridge_perc)])
mt_k = 6x9
   0.0020
             0.0030
                       0.0039
                                 0.0020
                                           0.0030
                                                    0.0039
                                                              0.0020
                                                                        0.0030
                                                                                  0.0039
             0.3000
                       0.3900
                                 0.2000
                                           0.3000
                                                    0.3900
                                                              0.2000
                                                                        0.3000
                                                                                  0.3900
   0.2000
                                           0.9000
             0.9000
                       1.1700
                                 0.6000
                                                              0.6000
                                                                        0.9000
   0.6000
                                                    1.1700
                                                                                  1.1700
             2.1000
                       2.7300
                                           2.1000
                                                     2.7300
                                                                        2.1000
                                                                                  2.7300
    1.4000
                                 1.4000
                                                               1.4000
    1.8000
             2.7000
                       3.5100
                                 1.8000
                                           2.7000
                                                     3.5100
                                                              1.8000
                                                                        2.7000
                                                                                  3.5100
                                                     3.8961
    1.9980
             2.9970
                       3.8961
                                 1.9980
                                           2.9970
                                                              1.9980
                                                                        2.9970
                                                                                  3.8961
mt_a = repmat(mt_a, [1, length(ar_coh_bridge_perc)])
mt_a = 6x9
   -2.0020
            -1.0030
                      -0.1039
                               -2.0020
                                          -1.0030
                                                    -0.1039
                                                             -2.0020
                                                                       -1.0030
                                                                                 -0.1039
   -2.2000
            -1.3000
                      -0.4900
                                -2.2000
                                          -1.3000
                                                    -0.4900
                                                             -2.2000
                                                                       -1.3000
                                                                                 -0.4900
   -2.6000
            -1.9000
                      -1.2700
                                -2.6000
                                          -1.9000
                                                    -1.2700
                                                             -2.6000
                                                                       -1.9000
                                                                                 -1.2700
                                         -3.1000
                                                   -2.8300
                                                                       -3.1000
   -3.4000
            -3.1000
                     -2.8300
                               -3.4000
                                                             -3.4000
                                                                                 -2.8300
   -3.8000
           -3.7000
                      -3.6100
                               -3.8000
                                         -3.7000
                                                   -3.6100
                                                             -3.8000
                                                                       -3.7000
                                                                                 -3.6100
   -3.9980
           -3.9970
                      -3.9961
                               -3.9980
                                         -3.9970
                                                   -3.9961
                                                             -3.9980
                                                                       -3.9970
                                                                                 -3.9961
mt_a = mt_a
mt_a = 6x9
            -1.0030
                      -0.1039
                                -2.0020
                                          -1.0030
                                                    -0.1039
                                                             -2.0020
   -2.0020
                                                                       -1.0030
                                                                                 -0.1039
   -2.2000
            -1.3000
                      -0.4900
                                -2.2000
                                          -1.3000
                                                    -0.4900
                                                             -2.2000
                                                                       -1.3000
                                                                                 -0.4900
   -2.6000
            -1.9000
                      -1.2700
                                -2.6000
                                          -1.9000
                                                    -1.2700
                                                             -2.6000
                                                                       -1.9000
                                                                                 -1.2700
   -3.4000
            -3.1000
                      -2.8300
                                -3.4000
                                          -3.1000
                                                    -2.8300
                                                             -3.4000
                                                                       -3.1000
                                                                                 -2.8300
   -3.8000
            -3.7000
                      -3.6100
                                -3.8000
                                          -3.7000
                                                    -3.6100
                                                             -3.8000
                                                                       -3.7000
                                                                                 -3.6100
```

```
-3.9980
          -3.9970 -3.9961 -3.9980
                                      -3.9970
                                                -3.9961
                                                          -3.9980
                                                                   -3.9970
                                                                            -3.9961
% bridge loan component of borrowing
ar_brdige_a = (ar_coh_bridge_perc'*ar_w_level)'
ar_brdige_a = 3x3
           -1.0000
                    -1.9980
        0
           -0.5000
                    -0.9990
          -0.0500 -0.0999
ar_brdige_a = ar_brdige_a(:)'
ar_brdige_a = 1x9
                              -1.0000
                                       -0.5000
        0
                          0
                                                -0.0500
                                                          -1.9980
                                                                   -0.9990
                                                                            -0.0999
% borrowing choices excluding bridge loan
mt_a_nobridge = mt_a - ar_brdige_a
mt_a_nobridge = 6x9
  -2.0020
          -1.0030
                    -0.1039
                             -1.0020
                                       -0.5030
                                                -0.0539
                                                         -0.0040
                                                                   -0.0040
                                                                            -0.0040
           -1.3000
  -2.2000
                    -0.4900
                             -1.2000
                                       -0.8000
                                                -0.4400
                                                          -0.2020
                                                                   -0.3010
                                                                            -0.3901
  -2.6000
           -1.9000 -1.2700
                             -1.6000 -1.4000
                                                -1.2200
                                                          -0.6020
                                                                   -0.9010
                                                                            -1.1701
                                                -2.7800
  -3.4000 -3.1000 -2.8300
                             -2.4000 -2.6000
                                                         -1.4020
                                                                  -2.1010
                                                                            -2.7301
  -3.8000 -3.7000 -3.6100 -2.8000 -3.2000
                                                -3.5600 -1.8020
                                                                  -2.7010
                                                                            -3.5101
  -3.9980
           -3.9970 -3.9961 -2.9980
                                       -3.4970
                                                -3.9461 -2.0000
                                                                   -2.9980
                                                                            -3.8962
```

1.1.3 Array Draw Random Index and Find Combinations or Permuations

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.1.3.1 Matlab Draw Random with and without Replacement

```
%Generate a matrix named foo, with limited numbers
rng(1234);
foo = unique((round((randn(5,1)+1)*100)));
disp(foo);
    5
   78
   154
   219
   232
% draw 10 random samples without replacement
index = randsample(1:length(foo), 4);
bar_rand_noreplace = foo(index,:);
% draw 1000 random samples with replacement
index = randsample(1:length(foo), 4, true);
bar_rand_replace = foo(index,:);
% Display
disp(table(bar_rand_noreplace, bar_rand_replace));
   bar_rand_noreplace
                          bar_rand_replace
```

5	78
78	154
154	219
232	219

1.1.3.2 Matrix Meshgrid to Loop Permutated Vectors

Meshgrid to generate all permutations of arrays.

k = linspace(1,10,10); kp = linspace(1,10,10); z = linspace(0,1,10);

```
[kM kpM zM] = meshgrid(k,kp,z);
kMVec = kM(:);
kMpVec = kpM(:);
zMVec = zM(:);
outputVec = zeros(size(zMVec));
for a=1:length(zMVec)
     outputVec(a) = kMVec(a)+kMpVec(a)+zMVec(a);
end
outputTens = reshape(outputVec,size(kM));
disp(outputTens);
(:,:,1) =
     2
            3
                         5
                               6
                                      7
                                            8
                                                   9
                                                        10
                                                               11
                  4
     3
            4
                  5
                         6
                               7
                                      8
                                            9
                                                  10
                                                        11
                                                               12
     4
                         7
            5
                  6
                               8
                                      9
                                           10
                                                  11
                                                        12
                                                               13
     5
            6
                  7
                         8
                               9
                                     10
                                           11
                                                  12
                                                        13
                                                               14
     6
           7
                  8
                        9
                              10
                                                  13
                                     11
                                           12
                                                        14
                                                               15
     7
           8
                  9
                        10
                                     12
                                                  14
                                                        15
                                                               16
                              11
                                           13
     8
                 10
           9
                              12
                                     13
                                           14
                                                  15
                                                        16
                                                               17
                        11
     9
          10
                 11
                        12
                              13
                                     14
                                           15
                                                  16
                                                        17
                                                               18
    10
          11
                 12
                        13
                              14
                                     15
                                           16
                                                  17
                                                        18
                                                               19
    11
          12
                 13
                        14
                              15
                                     16
                                           17
                                                  18
                                                        19
                                                               20
(:,:,2) =
    2.1111
               3.1111
                          4.1111
                                     5.1111
                                                6.1111
                                                           7.1111
                                                                      8.1111
                                                                                 9.1111
                                                                                          10.1111
                                                                                                     11.1111
    3.1111
               4.1111
                          5.1111
                                     6.1111
                                                7.1111
                                                           8.1111
                                                                      9.1111
                                                                               10.1111
                                                                                           11.1111
                                                                                                     12.1111
    4.1111
               5.1111
                          6.1111
                                     7.1111
                                                8.1111
                                                           9.1111
                                                                    10.1111
                                                                               11.1111
                                                                                          12.1111
                                                                                                     13.1111
    5.1111
               6.1111
                          7.1111
                                     8.1111
                                                9.1111
                                                          10.1111
                                                                    11.1111
                                                                               12.1111
                                                                                          13.1111
                                                                                                     14.1111
    6.1111
               7.1111
                          8.1111
                                     9.1111
                                               10.1111
                                                          11.1111
                                                                    12.1111
                                                                               13.1111
                                                                                          14.1111
                                                                                                     15.1111
                          9.1111
                                                                    13.1111
                                                                                                     16.1111
    7.1111
               8.1111
                                    10.1111
                                               11.1111
                                                          12.1111
                                                                               14.1111
                                                                                           15.1111
               9.1111
                         10.1111
                                                                    14.1111
                                                                                                     17.1111
    8.1111
                                    11.1111
                                              12.1111
                                                          13.1111
                                                                               15.1111
                                                                                          16.1111
                                    12.1111
                                                                    15.1111
                                                                                           17.1111
                                                                                                     18.1111
    9.1111
              10.1111
                         11.1111
                                              13.1111
                                                          14.1111
                                                                               16.1111
   10.1111
              11.1111
                         12.1111
                                    13.1111
                                               14.1111
                                                          15.1111
                                                                     16.1111
                                                                                17.1111
                                                                                           18.1111
                                                                                                      19.1111
   11.1111
              12.1111
                         13.1111
                                    14.1111
                                              15.1111
                                                          16.1111
                                                                     17.1111
                                                                               18.1111
                                                                                           19.1111
                                                                                                     20.1111
(:,:,3) =
               3.2222
                          4.2222
                                     5.2222
                                                6.2222
                                                           7.2222
                                                                      8.2222
                                                                                 9.2222
                                                                                          10.2222
                                                                                                     11.2222
    2.2222
```

3.2222	4.2222	5.2222	6.2222	7.2222	8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222
4.2222	5.2222	6.2222	7.2222	8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222
5.2222	6.2222	7.2222	8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222
6.2222	7.2222	8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222
7.2222	8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222	16.2222
8.2222	9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222	16.2222	17.2222
9.2222	10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222	16.2222	17.2222	18.2222
10.2222	11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222	16.2222	17.2222	18.2222	19.2222
11.2222	12.2222	13.2222	14.2222	15.2222	16.2222	17.2222	18.2222	19.2222	20.2222
(:,:,4) =									
(.,.,4) -									
2.3333	3.3333	4.3333	5.3333	6.3333	7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333
3.3333	4.3333	5.3333	6.3333	7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333
4.3333	5.3333	6.3333	7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333
5.3333	6.3333	7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333
6.3333	7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333
7.3333	8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333	16.3333
8.3333	9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333	16.3333	17.3333
9.3333	10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333	16.3333	17.3333	18.3333
10.3333	11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333	16.3333	17.3333	18.3333	19.3333
11.3333	12.3333	13.3333	14.3333	15.3333	16.3333	17.3333	18.3333	19.3333	20.3333
(:,:,5) =									
. , , .									
2.4444	3.4444	4.4444	5.4444	6.4444	7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444
3.4444	4.4444	5.4444	6.4444	7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444
4.4444	5.4444	6.4444	7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444
5.4444	6.4444	7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444
6.4444	7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444
7.4444	8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444	16.4444
8.4444	9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444	16.4444	17.4444
9.4444	10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444	16.4444	17.4444	18.4444
10.4444	11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444	16.4444	17.4444	18.4444	19.4444
11.4444	12.4444	13.4444	14.4444	15.4444	16.4444	17.4444	18.4444	19.4444	20.4444
(:,:,6) =									
2.5556	3.5556	4.5556	5.5556	6.5556	7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556
3.5556	4.5556	5.5556	6.5556	7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556
4.5556	5.5556	6.5556	7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556
5.5556	6.5556	7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556
6.5556	7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556
7.5556	8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556	16.5556
8.5556	9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556	16.5556	17.5556
9.5556	10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556	16.5556	17.5556	18.5556
10.5556	11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556	16.5556	17.5556	18.5556	19.5556
11.5556	12.5556	13.5556	14.5556	15.5556	16.5556	17.5556	18.5556	19.5556	20.5556
(:,:,7) =									
0 000	0 0007	4 0007	F 000F	0.0007	7 0007	0.0007	0.0007	10 0007	11 000
2.6667	3.6667	4.6667	5.6667	6.6667	7.6667	8.6667	9.6667	10.6667	11.6667
3.6667	4.6667	5.6667	6.6667	7.6667	8.6667	9.6667	10.6667	11.6667	12.6667
4.6667	5.6667	6.6667	7.6667	8.6667	9.6667	10.6667	11.6667	12.6667	13.6667

	5.666	7	6.6667	7.	6667	8.666	7	9.6667	10	6667	11.6667	12.6667	13.6667	14.6667
	6.666	7	7.6667	8.	6667	9.666	7	10.6667	11	6667	12.6667	13.6667	14.6667	15.6667
	7.666	7	8.6667	9.	6667	10.666	7	11.6667	12	6667	13.6667	14.6667	15.6667	16.6667
	8.666	7	9.6667	10.	6667	11.666	7	12.6667	13	6667	14.6667	15.6667	16.6667	17.6667
	9.666	7	10.6667	11.	6667	12.666	7	13.6667	14	6667	15.6667	16.6667	17.6667	18.6667
	10.666	7	11.6667	12.	6667	13.666	7	14.6667	15	6667	16.6667	17.6667	18.6667	19.6667
	11.666	7	12.6667	13.	6667	14.666	7	15.6667	16	6667	17.6667	18.6667	19.6667	20.6667
(:	,:,8) =													
	2.777	8	3.7778	4	7778	5.777	8	6.7778	7	7778	8.7778	9.7778	10.7778	11.7778
	3.777		4.7778		7778	6.777		7.7778		7778	9.7778	10.7778	11.7778	12.7778
	4.777		5.7778		7778	7.777		8.7778		7778	10.7778	11.7778	12.7778	13.7778
	5.777		6.7778		7778	8.777		9.7778		7778	11.7778	12.7778	13.7778	14.7778
	6.777		7.7778		7778	9.777		10.7778		7778	12.7778	13.7778	14.7778	15.7778
	7.777		8.7778		7778	10.777		11.7778		7778	13.7778	14.7778	15.7778	16.7778
	8.777		9.7778		7778	11.777		12.7778		7778	14.7778	15.7778	16.7778	17.7778
	9.777		10.7778		7778	12.777		13.7778		7778	15.7778	16.7778	17.7778	18.7778
	10.777		11.7778		7778	13.777		14.7778		7778	16.7778	17.7778	18.7778	19.7778
	11.777		12.7778		7778	14.777		15.7778		7778	17.7778	18.7778	19.7778	20.7778
(:	,:,9) =													
	2.888	9	3.8889	4.	8889	5.888	9	6.8889	7	8889	8.8889	9.8889	10.8889	11.8889
	3.888	9	4.8889	5.	8889	6.888	9	7.8889	8	8889	9.8889	10.8889	11.8889	12.8889
	4.888	9	5.8889	6.	8889	7.888	9	8.8889	9	8889	10.8889	11.8889	12.8889	13.8889
	5.888	9	6.8889	7.	8889	8.888	9	9.8889	10	8889	11.8889	12.8889	13.8889	14.8889
	6.888	9	7.8889	8.	8889	9.888	9	10.8889	11	8889	12.8889	13.8889	14.8889	15.8889
	7.888	9	8.8889	9.	8889	10.888	9	11.8889	12	8889	13.8889	14.8889	15.8889	16.8889
	8.888	9	9.8889	10.	8889	11.888	9	12.8889	13	8889	14.8889	15.8889	16.8889	17.8889
	9.888	9	10.8889	11.	8889	12.888	9	13.8889		8889	15.8889	16.8889	17.8889	18.8889
	10.888	9	11.8889	12.	8889	13.888	9	14.8889	15	8889	16.8889	17.8889	18.8889	19.8889
	11.888	9	12.8889	13.	8889	14.888	9	15.8889	16	8889	17.8889	18.8889	19.8889	20.8889
(:	,:,10)	=												
	•	А	-	0	7	0	^	40	4.4	40				
	3	4 5	5 6	6 7	7 8	8 9	9		11 12	12				
	4 5	6	7	<i>1</i> 8	9		10		13	13				
	5 6	6 7	<i>7</i> 8	9		10	11		13 14	14 15				
	6 7	8	8 9		10 11	11	12 13		14 15	15 16				
	8	9	9 10	10 11	12	12 13	13		15 16	16 17				
	9	10	10	12	13	13 14	15		17					
	9	10	11	12	13	14	10	10	11	18				

1.1.3.3 Given integer arrays, all possible combinations

given any sizes arrays, N of them, create all possible combinations

```
ar_it_a = 1:3;
ar_it_b = 1:2;
ar_it_c = 2:4;
ar_it_d = -1:-1:-2;
ar_it_e = 0.1;
```

```
cl_ar_all = {ar_it_a, ar_it_b, ar_it_c, ar_it_d, ar_it_e};
cl_mt_all = cl_ar_all;
[cl_mt_all{:}] = ndgrid(cl_ar_all{:});
mt_it_allcombo = cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) m(:), cl_mt_all, 'uni', 0));
disp(mt_it_allcombo)
    1.0000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              2.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
              2.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -1.0000
    3.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              1.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
                         3.0000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              2.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              2.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
    1.0000
              1.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
    2.0000
              2.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              2.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -1.0000
                                              0.1000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              2.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              2.0000
                         2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              1.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
                         3.0000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
                         3.0000
                                  -2.0000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                                              0.1000
              2.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -2.0000
    2.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              2.0000
                         3.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              1.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    2.0000
              1.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    3.0000
              1.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
    1.0000
              2.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
                         4.0000
    2.0000
              2.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
              2.0000
    3.0000
                         4.0000
                                  -2.0000
                                              0.1000
```

1.1.4 Check Imaginary Numbers

back to Fan's Reusable Matlab Repository or Dynamic Asset Repository.

1.1.4.1 Basic Examples

```
rng(123);
% Imaginary array
ar_img = rand([1,7]) + 1i*rand([1,7]);
% Regular Array
ar_real = rand([1,10]);
```

% Combine arrays

```
ar_full = [ar_real ar_img];
ar_full = ar_full(randperm(length(ar_full)));
disp(ar_full);
  Columns 1 through 7
   0.6344 + 0.0000i
                      0.1755 + 0.0000i
                                          0.5316 + 0.0000i
                                                             0.2861 + 0.4809i
                                                                                 0.7380 + 0.0000i
  Columns 8 through 14
   0.2269 + 0.3921i
                      0.7245 + 0.0000i
                                          0.8494 + 0.0000i
                                                             0.6110 + 0.0000i
                                                                                 0.4231 + 0.4386i
  Columns 15 through 17
   0.3980 + 0.0000i
                      0.5513 + 0.3432i
                                          0.7195 + 0.7290i
% real index
disp(~imag(ar_full));
                           0
                                              0
                                                    0
               0
                               0
                                   1
                                       1
                                            1
                                                        1
                                                            1
                       1
\% Get Real and not real Components
disp(ar_full(imag(ar_full) == 0));
    0.6344
              0.1755
                        0.5316
                                  0.7380
                                             0.1825
                                                       0.7245
                                                                 0.8494
                                                                           0.6110
                                                                                      0.5318
                                                                                                0.3980
disp(ar_full(imag(ar_full) ~= 0));
   0.2861 + 0.4809i
                      0.6965 + 0.6848i
                                          0.2269 + 0.3921i
                                                             0.4231 + 0.4386i
                                                                                0.9808 + 0.0597i
                                                                                                    0.
```

1.1.5 Array Reshape, Repeat and Expand Examples

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.1.5.1 Basic Examples of Reshape

```
a = [1,2,3,4,5,6]';
b = reshape(a, [3,2])
b = 3x2
           4
     1
     2
           5
     3
            6
b(:)
ans = 6x1
     1
     2
     3
     4
     5
     6
a = [1,2,3;4,5,6;7,8,9;10,11,12]
```

```
a = 3x4
            4
                  7
                        10
     1
     2
            5
                  8
                        11
            6
                        12
b = reshape(a, [6,2])
b = 6x2
     1
            7
     2
            8
     3
           9
     4
          10
     5
          11
          12
     6
```

1.1.5.2 Stack Two Matrix of Equal Column Count Together

```
a = [1,2;3,4];
a_stacked = [a;a;a];
disp(a_stacked);

1    2
3    4
1    2
3    4
1    2
3    4
1    2
3    4
1    2
3    4
```

1.1.5.3 Repeat/Duplicate Matrix Downwards

There is a 2 by 3 matrix, to be repeated 4 times, downwards. This is useful for replicating data matrix for say counterfactual purposes.

Below, we have two ways of repeating a matrix downwards. Copy as whole, or copy row by row.

```
row_count = 2;
col_count = 3;
repeat_mat_count = 2;
data_vec = 1:(row_count*col_count);
searchMatrix = reshape(data_vec,row_count,col_count);
% To repeat matrix downwards
rep_rows_idx = [1:row_count]'*ones(1,repeat_mat_count);
rep_rows_idx = rep_rows_idx(:);
rep_cols_idx = [1:col_count];
rep_cols_idx = rep_cols_idx(:);
searchMatrixRep_stack = searchMatrix(rep_rows_idx, rep_cols_idx);
% To insert repeated rows following original rows
rep_rows_idx = ([1:row_count]'*ones(1,repeat_mat_count))';
rep_rows_idx = rep_rows_idx(:);
searchMatrixRep_dup = searchMatrix(rep_rows_idx, rep_cols_idx);
disp(searchMatrix)
```

```
3
                   5
     1
     2
             4
                    6
disp(searchMatrixRep_stack)
     1
            3
                   5
     2
             4
                    6
     1
             3
                    5
             4
                    6
disp(searchMatrixRep_dup)
                   5
     1
            3
     1
            3
                    5
     2
                    6
             4
     2
             4
                    6
```

1.1.5.4 Index Dimension Transform

```
it_inner_fin = 5; it_outter_fin = 3;
it\_inner\_cur = it\_outter\_fin\ it\_outter\_cur = it\_inner\_fin
ar\_it\_cols\_idx = 1:1: (it\_inner\_fin*it\_outter\_fin) \ ar\_it\_cols\_inner\_dim = repmat(1:it\_inner\_cur, ar\_it\_inner\_cur, ar\_it\_cols\_inner\_dim = repmat(1:it\_inner\_cur, ar\_it\_inner\_cur, ar
                                                                                                                                                                                   it\_outter\_cur, 1
) ar_it_cols_inner_dim(:)'
mt_it_cols_idx = reshape(ar_it_cols_idx,
                                                                                                                                                        it\_inner\_cur, it\_outter\_cur
)' mt_it_cols_idx(:)'
it_inner_fin = 5;
it_outter_fin = 3;
ar_it_cols_idx = 1:1:(it_inner_fin*it_outter_fin)
ar_it_cols_idx = 1x15
                                                                                                                                               5
                                                                                                                                                                                                           7
                                                                                                                                                                             6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      14
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    15
                        1
mt_it_cols_idx = reshape(ar_it_cols_idx, [it_outter_fin, it_inner_fin])'
mt_it_cols_idx = 5x3
                        1
                                                      2
                         4
                                                      5
                                                                                     6
                        7
                                                      8
                                                                                    9
                     10
                                                  11
                                                                               12
                     13
mt_it_cols_idx(:)'
ans = 1x15
                         1
                                                                                    7
                                                                                                             10
                                                                                                                                           13
                                                                                                                                                                             2
                                                                                                                                                                                                           5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               14
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    15
```

1.1.6 Array Index Slicing and Subsetting to Replace and Expand

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.1.6.1 Matlab Index based Replacement of Subset of Matrix Values

```
clear all;
close all;
rng(123);
randMatZ = rand(3,6)+1
randMatZ = 3x6
   1.6965
        1.5513 1.9808 1.3921 1.4386
                                         1.7380
   1.2861
         1.4231 1.4809 1.7290 1.3980
   1.2269
                                         1.1755
randMat = rand(3,6)-0.5
randMat = 3x6
   -0.0742
          0.1110 -0.1382
   0.1344
                         0.1310 -0.0691
                                        -0.1877
output = max(-randMat,0)
output = 3x6
                  0 0.2717
      0
              0
                                0.4079
                                         0.0063
      0
              0
                  0.1770
                          0.2063 0.0663
                                         0.0742
                         0
      0
              0
                  0.1382
                                 0.0691
                                         0.1877
randMatZ(output==0) = 999
randMatZ = 3x6
 999.0000 999.0000 999.0000 1.3921
                                 1.4386
                                         1.7380
 999.0000 999.0000 1.6848
                        1.3432
                                 1.0597
                                         1.1825
 999.0000 999.0000
                  1.4809 999.0000
                                  1.3980
                                         1.1755
min(randMatZ,[],2)
ans = 3x1
  1.3921
   1.0597
   1.1755
randMatZ((max(-randMat,0))==0) = 999
randMatZ = 3x6
 999.0000 999.0000 999.0000
                        1.3921
                                 1.4386
                                         1.7380
 999.0000 999.0000 1.6848
                        1.3432
                                 1.0597
                                         1.1825
 999.0000 999.0000 1.4809 999.0000
                                  1.3980
                                         1.1755
min(randMatZ,[],2)
ans = 3x1
  1.3921
   1.0597
   1.1755
```

% of columns.

1.1.6.2 Matlab Matrix Index Based Matrix Expansion (Manual)

In the example below, we start with a 4 by 2 matrix, than we expand specific rows and columns of the matrix. Specifically, we expand the matrix such that the result matrix repeats the 1st, 2nd, 1st, 2nd, then 3rd, than 1st, 1st, and 1st rows. And repeats column 1, then 2nd, then 2nd, then 2nd, and finally the first column.

```
% Original Matrix
Z = 2;
N = 2;
Q = 2;
base_mat = reshape(1:(Z*N*Q),Z*N,Q);
disp(base_mat);
     1
            5
     2
            6
     3
            7
     4
            8
% Expanded Matrix
base_expand = base_mat([1,2,1,2,3,1,1,1],[1,2,2,2,1]);
disp(base_expand);
     1
            5
                  5
                         5
                                1
     2
            6
                  6
                         6
                               2
     1
            5
                  5
                         5
     2
            6
                  6
                         6
                               2
     3
            7
                  7
                         7
                               3
     1
            5
                  5
                         5
                               1
     1
            5
                  5
                         5
                                1
     1
            5
                  5
                         5
                                1
```

1.1.6.3 Duplicate Matrix Downwards N times Using Index

The example here has the same idea, but we do the operations above in a more automated way. This could be done using alternative methods.

```
% Original Matrix
Z = 2;
N = 2;
Q = 2;
base_mat = reshape(1:(Z*N*Q),Z*N,Q);
disp(base_mat);
     1
           5
     2
           6
           7
     3
% Generate row Index many times automatically depending on how many times
% to replicate
vmat_repeat_count = 3;
vmat_reindex_rows_repeat = [1:(Z*N)]'* ones(1,vmat_repeat_count);
vmat_reindex_rows_repeat = vmat_reindex_rows_repeat(:);
disp(vmat_reindex_rows_repeat');
                 3
                       4
                             1
                                    2
                                          3
                                                4
                                                      1
                                                            2
                                                                   3
                                                                         4
% Duplicate Matrix by the Rows specified above, and using the same number
```

1.0000

2.1000

```
mat_repdown = base_mat(vmat_reindex_rows_repeat(:), 1:Q);
disp(mat_repdown');
     1
           2
                 3
                                          3
                                                                   3
                                                                          4
     5
                                                                          8
```

1.1.6.4 Max of Matrix column by Column Linear to 2d Index

```
Finding max of matrix column by column, then obtain the linear index associated with the max values.
randMat = rand(5,3);
disp(randMat);
    0.4264
              0.1156
                        0.4830
    0.8934
              0.3173
                        0.9856
    0.9442
              0.4148
                        0.5195
    0.5018
              0.8663
                        0.6129
    0.6240
              0.2505
                         0.1206
[maxVal maxIndex] = max(randMat);
linearIndex = sub2ind(size(randMat),maxIndex,(1:1:size(randMat,2)))
linearIndex = 1x3
     3
          9
randMat(linearIndex)
ans = 1x3
    0.9442
              0.8663
                        0.9856
t_pV = [1,2;3,4;5,6];
t_pV_Ind = [1,1;0,0;1,1];
[maxVal maxIndex] = max(t_pV(t_pV_Ind==1))
maxVal = 6
maxIndex = 4
1.1.6.5 Given Array of size M, Select N somewhat equi-distance elements
% Subset count
it_n = 5;
% Example 1, long array
ar_fl_a = 1:1.1:100;
ar_{it\_subset\_idx} = unique(round(((0:1:(it_n-1))/(it_n-1))*(length(ar_fl_a)-1)+1));
ar_fl_a_subset = ar_fl_a(ar_it_subset_idx);
disp(ar_fl_a_subset);
    1.0000
             26.3000
                       50.5000 75.8000 100.0000
% Example 2, Short Array
ar_fl_a = 1:1.1:3;
 ar_{it\_subset\_idx} = unique(round(((0:1:(it_n-1))/(it_n-1))*(length(ar_fl_a)-1)+1)); 
ar_fl_a_subset = ar_fl_a(ar_it_subset_idx);
disp(ar_fl_a_subset);
```

```
% Write As function
f_subset = @(it_subset_n, it_ar_n) unique(round(((0:1:(it_subset_n-1))/(it_subset_n-1))*(it_ar_n-1)+
% Select 5 out of 10
disp(f_subset(5, 10));
                 6
                       8
                            10
% Select 10 out of 5
disp(f_subset(10, 5));
     1
           2
                 3
                       4
                             5
% Select 5 out of 5
disp(f_subset(5, 5));
                 3
                             5
```

1.1.7 Grid States, Choices and Optimal Choices Example

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.1.7.1 Generate State Grid

There many multiple individuals, each individual's value for each state space variable is different. We duplicate that by shockCount and choicecount:

```
stateCount = 2;
shockCount = 3;
choiceCount = 4;
state1 = rand(1,stateCount)
state1 = 1x2
    0.0571
              0.6694
states1ShkDup = state1(ones(shockCount*choiceCount,1),:)
states1ShkDup = 12x2
    0.0571
              0.6694
    0.0571
              0.6694
    0.0571
              0.6694
              0.6694
    0.0571
    0.0571
              0.6694
    0.0571
              0.6694
    0.0571
              0.6694
    0.0571
              0.6694
              0.6694
    0.0571
    0.0571
              0.6694
states1ShkDup(:)
ans = 24x1
    0.0571
    0.0571
```

```
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
0.0571
```

1.1.7.2 Generate Choices

Generate Choice Grid, Example: Each individual has minimal protein and maximal protein they can get Generate a evenly set grid of choices for each individual from min to max. Individual min and max choice is a function of some component of their state-space, such as wealth/income level, and choice is the quantity of good to purchase.

```
stateCount = 2;
shockCount = 3;
choiceCount = 4;
\% 1. Min and Max Choices for each state
minprot_n = floor(rand(1,stateCount)*10)
minprot_n = 1x2
    7
         7
maxprot_n = minprot_n + floor(rand(1,stateCount)*10)
maxprot_n = 1x2
    14
          12
\% 2. Choice Ratios, ratios of max-min difference
protChoiceGrid = linspace(0,1,choiceCount)
protChoiceGrid = 1x4
         0
             0.3333
                        0.6667
                                  1.0000
% 3. Each column is a different state.
searchMatrix = (protChoiceGrid'*(maxprot_n-minprot_n)+minprot_n(ones(choiceCount,1),:))
searchMatrix = 4x2
   7.0000
           7.0000
    9.3333
             8.6667
   11.6667
             10.3333
   14.0000
             12.0000
```

% 4. Each column is a different state, each set of rows is a different shock% for the state. In this searchMatrix = searchMatrix([1:choiceCount]'* ones(1,shockCount), [1:stateCount]' * ones(1,1))

```
searchMatrix = 12x2
   7.0000
             7.0000
             8.6667
   9.3333
   11.6667
            10.3333
   14.0000
            12.0000
   7.0000
             7.0000
   9.3333
             8.6667
   11.6667
            10.3333
   14.0000
            12.0000
   7.0000
             7.0000
```

```
9.3333 8.6667

searchMatrix(:)

ans = 24x1
7.0000
9.3333
11.6667
14.0000
7.0000
9.3333
11.6667
14.0000
7.0000
9.3333
```

1.1.7.3 Average Utility over Shocks

Average of Shocks, E(value) For each STATE and CHOICE, x number of shocks. Need to average over shocks; The raw value output is: STATES * SHOCKS * CHOICES; Code below turn into various things, see MATLAB CODE STRUCTURE in oneNOTE GCC working notes

```
shockCount = 2;
choiceCount = 3;
stateCount = 4;
```

% 1. VALUE vector (STATES * SHOCKS * CHOICES by 1), this is generated by utility% evaluation functio valuesOri = sort(rand(choiceCount*shockCount*stateCount,1))

```
valuesOri = 24x1

0.0296

0.1141

0.1472

0.1514

0.1826

0.1936

0.2526

0.2911

0.3257

0.3352
```

% 2. CHOICES by STATES * SHOCKS (ST1 SK1, ST1 SK2; ST2 SK1, etc), each% column are values for differ values = reshape(valuesOri,[choiceCount,shockCount*stateCount])

```
values = 3x8
    0.0296
              0.1514
                         0.2526
                                    0.3352
                                              0.5939
                                                         0.7065
                                                                   0.8791
                                                                              0.9204
    0.1141
              0.1826
                         0.2911
                                    0.3480
                                              0.5992
                                                         0.7267
                                                                   0.9001
                                                                              0.9508
                         0.3257
    0.1472
              0.1936
                                    0.4578
                                              0.6576
                                                         0.7792
                                                                   0.9018
                                                                              0.9658
```

% 3. SHOCKS by CHOICES * STATES (CH1 ST1, CH1 ST2; CH2 ST1, etc), each% column are two shocks for eavalues = reshape(values',[shockCount, choiceCount*stateCount])

```
values = 2x12
    0.0296
              0.2526
                         0.5939
                                   0.8791
                                              0.1141
                                                        0.2911
                                                                   0.5992
                                                                             0.9001
                                                                                        0.1472
                                                                                                  0.3257
    0.1514
              0.3352
                         0.7065
                                   0.9204
                                              0.1826
                                                        0.3480
                                                                   0.7267
                                                                             0.9508
                                                                                        0.1936
                                                                                                  0.4578
```

% 4. AVG: 1 by CHOICES * STATES (CH1 ST1, CH1 ST2; CH2 ST1, etc), take% average over shocks for each valuesMn = mean(values,1)

1.2. CELLS 27

0.6629

0.9254

0.1704

0.3918

```
valuesMn = 1x12
                                                       0.3196
    0.0905
              0.2939
                        0.6502
                                  0.8997
                                            0.1483
% 5. AVG: CHOICES * STATES. From this matrix, one can now pick maximum% utility, and match that to t
valuesMn = reshape(valuesMn, [stateCount, choiceCount])'
valuesMn = 3x4
    0.0905
             0.2939
                        0.6502
                                  0.8997
    0.1483
              0.3196
                        0.6629
                                  0.9254
    0.1704
              0.3918
                        0.7184
                                  0.9338
1.1.7.4 Pick Optimal Choice
choiceCount = 3;
stateCount = 4;
% 1. Matrix, each column is a state, each row is a choice
randMat = rand(choiceCount,stateCount)
randMat = 3x4
    0.0733
             0.5905
                                  0.1795
                        0.1731
    0.0550
              0.8539
                        0.1340
                                  0.3175
    0.3232
              0.2871
                        0.9947
                                  0.5683
% 2. Maximum Value and Maximum Index
[maxVal maxIndex] = max(randMat)
maxVal = 1x4
                        0.9947
    0.3232
              0.8539
                                  0.5683
maxIndex = 1x4
     3
           2
                 3
                       3
% 3. Linear index
linearIdx = maxIndex + ((1:stateCount)-1)*choiceCount
linearIdx = 1x4
     3
          5
                      12
% 4. Optimal Choices
randMat(linearIdx)
ans = 1x4
    0.3232
                        0.9947
                                  0.5683
              0.8539
```

1.2 Cells

1.2.1 List Comprehension with Cells

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.2.1.1 Find Index of Elements of String Cells in a larger String Cells

the function below returns the position of cl_st_param_keys in ls_st_param_key should only include in cl_st_param_keys strings that also exist in ls_st_param_key.

```
ls_st_param_key = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta', ...
                   'fl_w', 'fl_r_save', ...
```

```
'fl_a_max', 'it_z_n', 'it_a_n'};
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_w', 'fl_beta', 'it_z_n'};
cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) find(strcmp(ls_st_param_key, m)), ...
                 cl_st_param_keys, 'UniformOutput', false))
ans = 1x3
     3
       2
1.2.1.2 Given Container of Arrays, Find Total Length of All Arrays for Selected Keys
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta'};
param_tstar_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
it_simu_vec_len = 5;
param_tstar_map('fl_crra') = linspace(1, 2, 5);
param_tstar_map('fl_beta') = linspace(0.94, 0.98, 10);
param_tstar_map('w') = linspace(1.1, 1.4, it_simu_vec_len);
param_tstar_map('r') = linspace(0.01, 0.04, it_simu_vec_len);
ar_it_array_len = cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) length(param_tstar_map(m)), ...
                           cl_st_param_keys, 'UniformOutput', false));
it_total_length = sum(ar_it_array_len);
disp(['ar_it_array_len: ' num2str(ar_it_array_len)])
ar_it_array_len: 5 10
disp(['it_total_length: ' num2str(it_total_length)])
it_total_length: 15
1.2.1.3 Given Container of Arrays, Find Min and Max of Each and Draw Random N sets
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta'};
param_tstar_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
it_simu_vec_len = 5;
param_tstar_map('fl_crra') = linspace(1, 2, 5);
param_tstar_map('fl_beta') = linspace(0.94, 0.98, 10);
param_tstar_map('w') = linspace(1.1, 1.4, it_simu_vec_len);
param_tstar_map('r') = linspace(0.01, 0.04, it_simu_vec_len);
rng(123);
it_simu_length = 20;
mt_param_rand = cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) ...
                           rand([it_simu_length,1]).*(max(param_tstar_map(m)) - min(param_tstar_map(
                           + min(param_tstar_map(m)), ...
                           cl_st_param_keys, 'UniformOutput', false));
tb_rand_draws = array2table(mt_param_rand, 'VariableNames', cl_st_param_keys);
disp(tb_rand_draws);
    fl crra fl beta
    -----
              _____
```

1.2. CELLS 29

```
1.6965
          0.96538
1.2861
         0.97398
1.2269
         0.96898
1.5513
         0.96444
          0.9689
1.7195
1.4231
          0.95292
1.9808
          0.95447
1.6848
          0.94913
1.4809
          0.95175
1.3921
          0.96524
          0.94368
1.3432
1.729
          0.95735
          0.95723
1.4386
1.0597
          0.95975
1.398
          0.95703
1.738
          0.95249
1.1825
          0.95705
1.1755
          0.97574
1.5316
          0.97777
1.5318
          0.96007
```

1.2.2 All Possible Combinations of Multiple Arrays

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.2.2.1 Given Several Arrays of Possibly different Length in Container, all Possible combinations

```
param_tstar_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_tstar_map('a') = linspace(1, 5, 5);
param_tstar_map('b') = linspace(0.87, 0.97, 6);
param_tstar_map('c') = linspace(0, 0.5, 10);
cl_st_param_keys = {'a','c'};
cl_ar_param_subset_values = values(param_tstar_map, {'a','c'});
cl_mt_all = cl_ar_param_subset_values;
[cl_mt_all{:}] = ndgrid(cl_ar_param_subset_values{:});
mt_param_vals_combi = cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) m(:), cl_mt_all, 'uni', 0));
tb_all_combi = array2table(mt_param_vals_combi, 'VariableNames', cl_st_param_keys);
disp(tb_all_combi);
   а
           С
                0
   1
    2
                0
   3
                0
    4
                0
   5
                0
   1
        0.055556
   2
        0.055556
   3
        0.055556
   4
        0.055556
   5
        0.055556
```

```
0.11111
1
2
      0.11111
3
      0.11111
4
      0.11111
      0.11111
5
1
      0.16667
2
      0.16667
3
      0.16667
4
      0.16667
5
      0.16667
1
      0.22222
2
      0.22222
3
      0.22222
4
      0.22222
5
      0.22222
1
      0.27778
2
      0.27778
3
      0.27778
4
      0.27778
5
      0.27778
1
      0.33333
2
      0.33333
3
      0.33333
4
      0.33333
5
      0.33333
1
      0.38889
2
      0.38889
3
      0.38889
      0.38889
4
5
      0.38889
1
      0.44444
2
      0.44444
3
      0.44444
4
      0.44444
5
      0.44444
1
          0.5
2
          0.5
3
          0.5
4
          0.5
5
          0.5
```

1.2.3 Combine Cells Together

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.2.3.1 String Combine with string cell

```
{'asdjfl'} {'fl_crra'} {'fl_beta'} {'fl_w'} {'fl_r_save'} {'fl_a_max'} {'it_z_
```

1.2.4 Nested Cells

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.2.4.1 Nested Cells and access

```
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta'};
it_simu_vec_len = 3;
clns_parm_tstar = cell([4,1]);
clns_parm_tstar{1} = {'fl_crra', 'CRRA', linspace(1, 2, it_simu_vec_len)};
clns_parm_tstar{2} = {'fl_beta', 'Discount', linspace(0.94, 0.98, it_simu_vec_len)};
clns_parm_tstar{3} = {'w', 'Wage', linspace(1.1, 1.4, it_simu_vec_len)};
clns_parm_tstar{4} = {'r', 'Save Interest', linspace(0.01, 0.04, it_simu_vec_len)};
disp(clns_parm_tstar(1));
    {1x3 cell}
disp(clns_parm_tstar{1}{1})
fl_crra
disp(clns_parm_tstar{1}{2});
CRRA
disp(clns_parm_tstar{1}{3});
    1.0000
              1.5000
                        2.0000
```

1.3 Characters and Strings

1.3.1 Basic String Operations

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.3.1.1 Combine Char with Numeric Value

Compose a string with words and numerical values

```
st_title = strcat("Figure Title ", ...
    "(", ...
    "threedeci=%.3f,", ...
    "twodeci=%.2f,", ...
    "int=%.0f", ...
    ")");
ar_params = 123.4567 + zeros(1,3);
st_combo = compose(st_title, ar_params);
disp(st_combo);
Figure Title (threedeci=123.457,twodeci=123.46,int=123)
1.3.1.2 Change File Name MLX to M
st_file_name_mlx = 'continuous_differentiable.mlx';
```

```
at_st_split_file_name = split(st_file_name_mlx, ".");
st_file_name_m = strcat(at_st_split_file_name{1}, '_m.m');
disp(st_file_name_m);
continuous_differentiable_m.m
```

1.3.2 String Manipulations with Arrays

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

```
1.3.2.1 String Array
Three title lines, with double quotes:
ar_st_titles = ["Title1","Title2","Title3"]';
disp(ar_st_titles);
    "Title1"
    "Title2"
    "Title3"
Three words, joined together, now single quotes, this creates one string, rather than a string array:
st_titles = ['Title1','Title2','Title3'];
disp(st_titles);
Title1Title2Title3
1.3.2.2 String Cell Array
ar_st_titles = {'Title1','Title2','Title3'};
disp(ar_st_titles);
    'Title1'
                 'Title2'
                              'Title3'
1.3.2.3 Duplicate String
it_duplicate_n = 10;
disp(repmat({'String'}, [1, it_duplicate_n]));
    'String'
                 'String'
                              'String'
                                           'String'
                                                        'String'
                                                                     'String'
                                                                                  'String'
                                                                                               'String'
```

1.3.2.4 String Join to form Single Element

```
using char() is safe
st_var_name = "abc"
st_var_name = "abc"
st_var_name = [st_var_name ' percentile values']
st_var_name = 1x2 string array
"abc" " percentile values"
strjoin(st_var_name)
ans = "abc percentile values"
```

```
st_var_name = "abc"
st_var_name = "abc"
st_var_name = [char(st_var_name) ' percentile values']
st_var_name = 'abc percentile values'
st_var_name = 'abc'
st_var_name = 'abc'
st_var_name = [char(st_var_name) ' percentile values']
st_var_name = 'abc percentile values'
1.3.2.5 String Join dash (Paste)
This is similar to R's paste function:
st_var_name = "abc";
st_var_name = "abc"
st_var_name = [st_var_name, 'efg', 'mqo'];
st_var_name = 1x3 string array
"abc"
             "efg"
                          "mqo"
disp(strjoin(st_var_name, "_"));
ans = "abc_efg_mqo"
disp(strjoin(st_var_name, ","));
1.3.2.6 Numeric Array to String without Space
String replace
ar_it_test_grp = [3, 8, 9];
strrep(num2str(ar_it_test_grp), ' ', '_')
ans = '3_8_9'
1.3.2.7 Substring replace in Cell Array
ar_st_cells = {'shock=0.35','shock=0.40','shock=0.46'};
ar_st_updated_cells = strrep(ar_st_cells, 'shock', '$\epsilon$');
disp(ar_st_updated_cells);
                          '$\epsilon$=0.40'
                                                \space{1.00} '$\epsilon$=0.46'
    '$\epsilon$=0.35'
1.3.2.8 Find position of String in String Cell
ls_st_param_key = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta', ...
                   'fl_w', 'fl_r_save', ...
                    'fl_a_max', 'it_z_n', 'it_a_n'};
st_param_key = 'fl_a_max';
find(strcmp(ls_st_param_key, st_param_key))
```

ans = 5

1.3.2.9 Find the positions of String Cells in Full String Cells

```
ls_st_param_key = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta', ...
                   'fl_w', 'fl_r_save', ...
                   'fl_a_max', 'it_z_n', 'it_a_n'};
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_w', 'fl_beta', 'it_z_n'};
cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) find(strcmp(ls_st_param_key, m)), ...
                 cl_st_param_keys, 'UniformOutput', false))
ans = 1x3
     3
           2
                 6
find(strcmp(ls_st_param_key, st_param_key))
ans = 5
1.3.2.10 Cell to string Paste and Replace dash
cl_st_param_keys = {'fl_crra', 'fl_beta'};
display(strrep(strjoin(cl_st_param_keys, '-'), '_', '\_'));
fl\_crra-fl\_beta
```

1.3.3 Concatenate Strings Arrays with Numbers and Number Arrays with Strings

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.3.3.1 Combine A String Array with A Numeric Array using Compose

String array and numeric array, combine together using the compose function, and test different formatting functions. Formating with leading empty spaces, leading zeros, and convert to integer or not.

```
st titles = ["%.3f"],
                       "%.1f",
                                 "%.Of";...
             "%6.3f", "%6.1f",
                                 "%6.0f";...
             "%06.3f", "%06.1f", "%06.0f"];
ar_params = 123.4567890 + zeros(3,3);
st_combo = compose(st_titles, ar_params);
disp(st_combo);
    "123.457"
                 "123.5"
                             "123"
                             " 123"
    "123.457"
                 " 123.5"
    "123.457"
                 "0123.5"
                             "000123"
```

1.3.3.2 Title from an Array of Values

There is a vector of parameter values and a vector of names for these parameter values, I want to include these in the title of a figure with the same decimal formating.

```
% Inputs
rng(123);
ar_params = rand(1,3);
ar_st_parms_names = ["param1", "param2", "param3"];
```

disp(cl_col_names_append);

```
st_rounding = '.2f';
st_title_main = "this is the figure title";
% Rounding and combining
ar_st_params = strcat(ar_st_parms_names, compose(strcat("=%", st_rounding), ar_params));
% Generate a Single String that is comma separated:
st_param_pasted = strjoin(ar_st_params, ', ');
% Generate title with parameters
st_title_wth_params = strcat(st_title_main, ' (', st_param_pasted, ')');
% Display:
disp(st_title_wth_params);
this is the figure title (param1=0.70, param2=0.29, param3=0.23)
1.3.3.3 Combine String with Numeric Array
Example 1:
ar_fl_abc1 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.25 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
disp([num2str(ar_fl_abc1', 'zw=%3.2f;'), num2str(ar_fl_abc1', 'zr=%3.2f')]);
Example 2:
close all;
rng(123);
ar_z_r_borr_mesh_wage = rand([1,5]);
ar_z_wage_mesh_r_borr = rand([1,5]);
ar_it_rows = round(rand([1,5])*10);
cl_st_full_rowscols = cellstr([num2str(ar_z_r_borr_mesh_wage', 'zr=%3.2f;'), ...
                               num2str(ar_z_wage_mesh_r_borr', 'zw=%3.2f')]);
cl_col_names = strcat('zi=', num2str(ar_it_rows([1,3,5])'), ':', cl_st_full_rowscols([1,3,5]));
disp(ar_z_r_borr_mesh_wage);
    0.6965
              0.2861
                        0.2269
                                  0.5513
                                             0.7195
disp(ar z wage mesh r borr);
    0.4231
              0.9808
                        0.6848
                                  0.4809
                                             0.3921
disp(cl_st_full_rowscols);
    'zr=0.70;zw=0.42'
    'zr=0.29;zw=0.98'
    'zr=0.23;zw=0.68'
    'zr=0.55;zw=0.48'
    'zr=0.72;zw=0.39'
disp(cl_col_names);
    'zi=3:zr=0.70;zw=0.42'
    'zi=4:zr=0.23;zw=0.68'
    'zi=4:zr=0.72;zw=0.39'
1.3.3.4 Combine Number with String Cell Array
We have a string cell array we created from the previous section, now append numbers to it
% Append Common Numbers
```

cl_col_names_append = strcat(cl_col_names, '-String-Cell-With-Numeric-', num2str(123));

```
'zi=3:zr=0.70;zw=0.42-String-Cell-With-Numeric-123'
'zi=4:zr=0.23;zw=0.68-String-Cell-With-Numeric-123'
'zi=4:zr=0.72;zw=0.39-String-Cell-With-Numeric-123'
```

1.3.3.5 Combine Numeric Array with String Cell Array

Append an array of numeric values

```
% Append Common Numbers
cl_col_names_append = strcat(cl_col_names, '-String-Cell-With-Numeric-Array-', ...
    num2str(transpose(1:length(cl_col_names))));
disp(cl_col_names_append);

    'zi=3:zr=0.70;zw=0.42-String-Cell-With-Numeric-Array-1'
    'zi=4:zr=0.23;zw=0.68-String-Cell-With-Numeric-Array-2'
    'zi=4:zr=0.72;zw=0.39-String-Cell-With-Numeric-Array-3'
```

1.3.3.6 Convert Numeric Array to String, Apeend Prefix to all elements.

```
ar_fl_abc1 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.25 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
ar_st_wth_prefix = strcat('row=', string(ar_fl_abc1));
disp(ar_st_wth_prefix);
% Does Array Exist in Longer Array as Subset
ar abc1 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.25 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
ar_abc2 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.2 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
ar_efg = [0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4];
st_abc1 = strjoin(string(num2str(ar_abc1)));
st_abc2 = strjoin(string(num2str(ar_abc2)));
st_efg = strjoin(string(num2str(ar_efg)));
contains(st_efg, st_abc1)
contains(st_efg, st_abc2)
% Display Convert to String
fprintf('Display string [%s]', num2str([1,2,3]));
fprintf('Display string [%s]', num2str(1.1));
fprintf('Display string [%s]', 'abc');
```

1.4 Map Containers

1.4.1 Container Map Basics

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.4.1.1 If key is in container

```
param_map_a = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map_a('fl_b_bd') = -3;
param_map_a('fl_w_max') = 50;
param_map_a('fl_kp_min') = 0;
param_map_a('it_w_i') = 100;

disp(isKey(param_map_a, 'it_w_i'));

1
disp(isKey(param_map_a, 'it_w_i1'));
```

0

1.4.1.2 Container Key Loop

```
Generate new container key within loop dynamically
param_map_a = containers.Map('KeyType', 'char', 'ValueType','any');
rng(123);
for st_cur = ["abc", "efg", "qqq"]
    if (strcmp(st_cur, "abc"))
       data = rand([1,1]);
    elseif (strcmp(st_cur, "efg"))
       data = 123.123;
    elseif (strcmp(st_cur, "qqq"))
       data = -123;
    end
   % common function
   fl_sh_0p1pc_j = data*2 + 1;
   fl_sh_5pc_j = data/2 - 1;
   % generate map keys
    st_key_sh_0p1pc_j = strjoin([st_cur, 'sh_0p1pc_j'], "_");
    st_key_sh_5pc_j = strjoin([st_cur, 'sh_5pc_j'], "_");
   % store
   param_map_a(st_key_sh_0p1pc_j) = fl_sh_0p1pc_j;
   param_map_a(st_key_sh_5pc_j) = fl_sh_5pc_j;
end
disp(param_map_a.keys);
    'abc_sh_0p1pc_j'
                       'abc sh 5pc j'
                                         'efg_sh_0p1pc_j' 'efg_sh_5pc_j'
                                                                                 'qqq_sh_0p1pc_j'
disp(param_map_a.values);
    [2.3929]
                [-0.6518]
                             [247.2460]
                                            [60.5615]
                                                                   [-62.5000]
                                                         [-245]
```

1.4.2 Container Map Display Map Keys and Values

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.4.2.1 Print Keys and Values

```
Define container
```

```
% Define Container
param_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map('share_unbanked_j') = 12;
param_map('equi_r_j') = 2;
param_map('equi_w_j') = 'abc';
param_map('equi_P_j') = 1.2;
Print
param_map_keys = keys(param_map);
param_map_vals = values(param_map);
```

```
for i = 1:length(param_map)
    st_display = strjoin(['pos =' num2str(i) '; key =' string(param_map_keys{i}) '; val =' string(param_string)
    disp(st_display);
end

pos = 1 ; key = equi_P_j ; val = 1.2
pos = 2 ; key = equi_r_j ; val = 2
pos = 3 ; key = equi_w_j ; val = abc
```

1.4.3 Genereate Container Maps

pos = 4 ; key = share_unbanked_j ; val = 12

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.4.3.1 Generate a Container map with any time of data

```
Create a container map with float, int, string, and matrix
```

```
close all;
clear all;
\mbox{\%} Create A Map with String Keys and any values
param_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map('share_unbanked_j') = 12;
param_map('equi_r_j') = 2;
param_map('equi_w_j') = 'abc';
param_map('equi_P_j') = zeros(2,3);
param_map.keys
ans =
                    {'equi_r_j'}
                                    {'equi_w_j'}
    {'equi_P_j'}
                                                   {'share_unbanked_j'}
param_map.values
ans =
    {2x3 double}
                     {[2]}
                              {'abc'}
                                         {[12]}
```

1.4.3.2 Access Multiple Values of a container map

```
Values been accessed need to be of the same type
```

1.4.4 Container Map Example Overriding

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

1.4.4.1 Update Container Map

There is one map with values, Container Map A. There is another container Map, Container Map B. Container Maps A and B share keys. For keys that exist in B and A, B Key value supercede values for the same keys in A. For new keys in B, they superced keys in A.

```
param_map_a = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map_a('fl_b_bd') = -3;
param_map_a('fl_w_max') = 50;
param_map_a('fl_kp_min') = 0;
param_map_a('it_w_i') = 100;
param_map_b = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map_b('fl_w_max') = 77;
param_map_b('fl_kp_min') = -231;
param_map_b('it_z_n') = 5;
param_map_b('fl_z_mu') = 0;
param_map_c = [param_map_a; param_map_b];
param_map_c.keys
ans =
                  {'fl_kp_min'}
                                  {'fl_w_max'}
                                                {'fl_b_bd'}
                                                                              {'it_z_n'}
param_map_c.values
ans =
   {[-3]}
             {[-231]}
                         {[77]}
                                  {[0]}
                                           {[100]}
                                                      {[5]}
```

Chapter 2

Functions

2.1 varargin Default Parameters

2.1.1 varargin as a Function Parameter

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

2.1.1.1 Call Function with Two Parameters and Defaults

```
Call function below without overriding
```

ValueType: any

```
ff_varargin(1.1, 2)
fl_a = 1.1000
it_b = 2
mt_data = 3x4
    0.6965
             0.5513
                        0.9808
                                  0.3921
    0.2861
              0.7195
                        0.6848
                                  0.3432
    0.2269
             0.4231
                        0.4809
                                  0.7290
ar_st_colnames = 1x4 string array
"col1"
            "co12"
                                       "col4"
                          "co13"
ar_st_rownames = 1x4 string array
"row1"
             "row2"
                                       "row4"
st_table_name = "Table Name"
it_table_ctr = 1021
2.1.1.2 Override Subset of Varargin
rng(789);
mt_data_ext = rand(5,2);
ar_st_colnames = ["col1", "col2"];
ar_st_rownames = ["row1", "row2", "row3", "row4", "row5"];
ff_varargin(param_map, support_map, mt_data_ext, ar_st_colnames, ar_st_rownames);
fla =
  Map with properties:
        Count: 2
      KeyType: char
```

```
it_b =
  Map with properties:
       Count: 1
     KeyType: char
    ValueType: any
mt_data = 5x2
   0.3233 0.7589
    0.2302 0.0106
    0.7938 0.0247
    0.6244 0.1110
    0.9754
           0.5381
ar_st_colnames = 1x2 string array
"col1"
            "co12"
ar_st_rownames = 1x5 string array
            "row2"
                                       "row4"
                                                   "row5"
st_table_name = "Table Name"
it_table_ctr = 1021
2.1.1.3 Function with varargin as Inputs
Basic default structure with varargin.
function ff_varargin(fl_a, it_b, varargin)
% This is an example of how to use varargin:
% 1. includes array matrix
% 2. includes array
% 3. includes scalar
% 4. includes string
% 5. includes cell array
%% Catch Error
cl_params_len = length(varargin);
if cl_params_len > 5
    error('ff_mat2tab:TooManyOptionalParameters', ...
          'allows at most 5 optional parameters');
end
%% Default Folder Parameters
% by default all go to Sandbox folder with sub folders by dates
rng(123);
mt_data = rand(3,4);
% String array requires double quotes
ar_st_colnames = ["col1", "col2", "col3", "col4"];
ar_st_rownames = ["row1", "row2", "row3", "row4"];
% Others
st_table_name = "Table Name";
it_table_ctr = 1021;
cl_params = {mt_data ar_st_colnames ar_st_rownames ...
                   st_table_name it_table_ctr};
%% Parse Parameters
% numvarargs is the number of varagin inputted
[cl_params{1:cl_params_len}] = varargin{:};
```

```
% cell2mat(cl_params(1)) works with array
mt_data = cell2mat(cl_params(1));
% The structure below works with cell array
ar_st_colnames = cl_params{2};
ar_st_rownames = cl_params{3};
% Others
st_table_name = cl_params{4};
it_table_ctr = cl_params{5};
% Build Basic Matlab Table
% Suppose we want to store matrix results in a table,
\% there are Q columns and N rows, The Q columns each is a different variable.
fl_a
it_b
mt_data
ar_st_colnames
ar_st_rownames
st_table_name
it_table_ctr
```

end

2.1.2 Map Based Default Parameter Structure with varargin

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

2.1.2.1 Call Function with Default Parameters

Call function below without overriding

```
ff_defaultmap()
```

```
'c_gap' 'c_max' 'c_min' 'c_min_for_util' 'fl_crra' 'it_rown' 'st_single_double [1.0000e-03] [60] [1.0000e-03] [1.5000] [100] 'double'
```

Elapsed time is 0.000896 seconds.

2.1.2.2 Call Function overriding some Parameters

```
param_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
param_map('fl_w_max') = 1.11;
param_map('it_w_i') = 2.22;
support_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
support_map('bl_display') = true;
ff_defaultmap(param_map, support_map)
    'c_gap'
                'c_max'
                           'c_min'
                                       'c_min_for_util'
                                                            'fl_crra'
                                                                         'fl_w_max'
                                                                                        'it_rown'
                                                                                                      'it
    [1.0000e-03]
                             [1.0000e-03]
                                              [1.0000e-03]
                                                               [1.5000]
                                                                           [1.1100]
                                                                                        [100]
                                                                                                  [2.2200
                     [60]
```

Elapsed time is 0.000667 seconds.

2.1.2.3 Function with Map Defaults and Overriding

This default parameter style is fairly succinct, allows for program testability, and easy adjust-ments/addition of additional parameters to models.

```
function ff_defaultmap(varargin)
% Parameters
params_len = length(varargin);
if params_len > 3
    error('ff_defaultmap:Can only have 3 container map parameters');
end
bl input override = 0;
if (params_len == 3)
    bl_input_override = varargin{3};
end
% Defaults
if (bl_input_override)
    % this relies on externally generated parameters, defaults do not have to be generated
    % if this file has to be invoked many times, then this saves time by avoiding
    % regenerating defaults over and over again
    [param_map, support_map, ~] = varargin{:};
else
   param_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
   param_map('fl_crra') = 1.5;
   param_map('c_min') = 0.001;
   param_map('c_min_for_util') = 0.001;
   param_map('c_gap') = 10^-3;
   param_map('c_max') = 60;
   param_map('it_rown') = 100;
   param_map('st_single_double') = 'double';
    support_map = containers.Map('KeyType','char', 'ValueType','any');
    support_map('bl_display') = true;
    support_map('bl_graph') = true;
    support_map('bl_graph_onebyones') = true;
    support_map('bl_time') = true;
    support_map('bl_profile') = false;
    support_map('st_profile_path') = [pwd '/profile'];
    default_maps = {param_map, support_map};
end
% Parse Parameters
% see: C:\Users\fan\M4Econ\support\dtype\map_override.m
[default_maps{1:params_len}] = varargin{:};
param_map = [param_map; default_maps{1}];
support_map = [support_map; default_maps{2}];
params_group = values(param_map, {'fl_crra', 'c_min', 'c_min_for_util', 'c_gap', 'c_max'});
[fl_crra, c_min, c_min_for_util, c_gap, c_max] = params_group{:};
params_group = values(param_map, {'it_rown'});
[it_rown] = params_group{:};
params_group = values(param_map, {'st_single_double'});
[st_single_double] = params_group{:};
% support
params_group = values(support_map, {'bl_display', 'bl_graph', 'bl_graph_onebyones'});
[bl_display, bl_graph, bl_graph_onebyones] = params_group{:};
params_group = values(support_map, {'bl_time', 'bl_profile', 'st_profile_path'});
[bl_time, bl_profile, st_profile_path] = params_group{:};
% Tic toc starts
```

```
if (bl_time); tic; end
% Print Parameters
if (bl_display)
    disp(param_map.keys);
    disp(param_map.values);
end
% Profile On
if (bl_profile)
    close all;
    profile off;
    profile on;
\quad \text{end} \quad
%% Profiling
if (bl_profile)
    profile off
    profile viewer
    profsave(profile('info'), st_profile_path);
end
if (bl_time); toc; end
end
```

Chapter 3

Graphs

3.1 Figure Components

3.1.1 Matlab Graph Safe Colors for Web, Presentation and Publications Examples

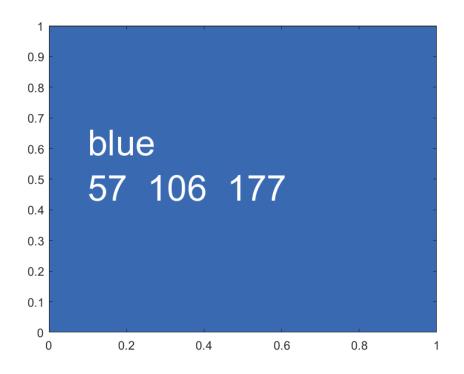
Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

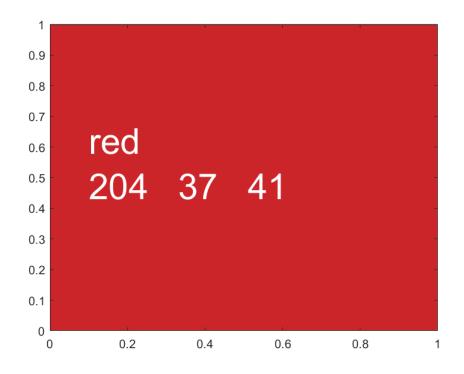
3.1.1.1 Good Colors to Use Darker

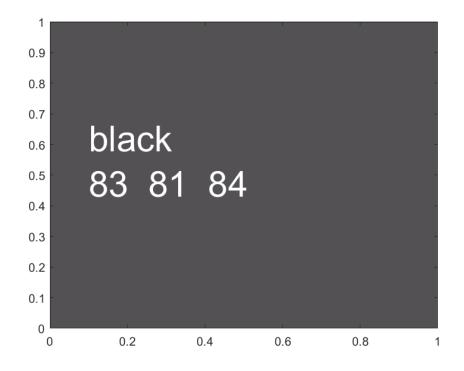
Nice darker light colors to use in matlab.

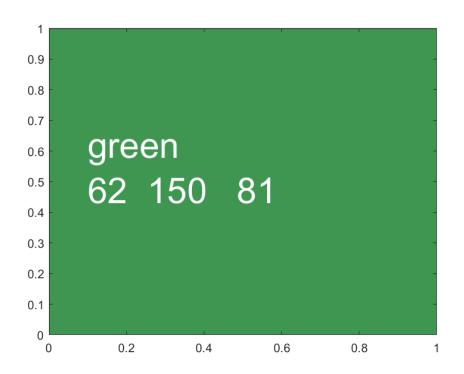
```
close all
blue = [57 106 177]./255;
red = [204 \ 37 \ 41]./255;
black = [83 81 84]./255;
green = [62 150 81]./255;
brown = [146 36 40]./255;
purple = [107 76 154]./255;
cl colors = {blue, red, black, ...
             green, brown, purple};
cl_str_clr_names = ["blue", "red", "black", "green", "brown", "purple"];
for it_color=1:length(cl_colors)
    figure();
    x = [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0];
    y = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1];
    fill(x, y, cl_colors{it_color});
    st_text = [cl_str_clr_names(it_color) num2str(round(cl_colors{it_color}*255))];
    hText = text(.10,.55, st text);
    hText.Color = 'white';
    hText.FontSize = 30;
    snapnow;
```

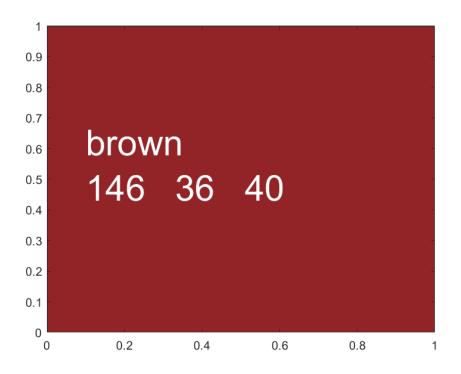
end

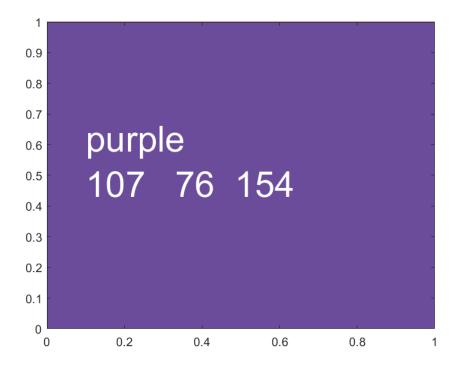












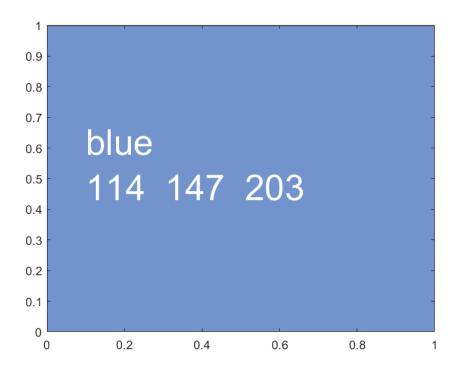
3.1.1.2 Good Colors to Use Lighter

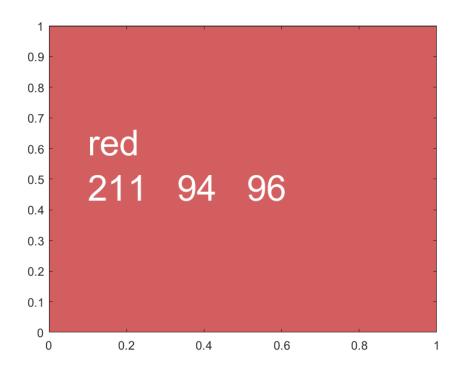
Nice ligher colors to use in matlab.

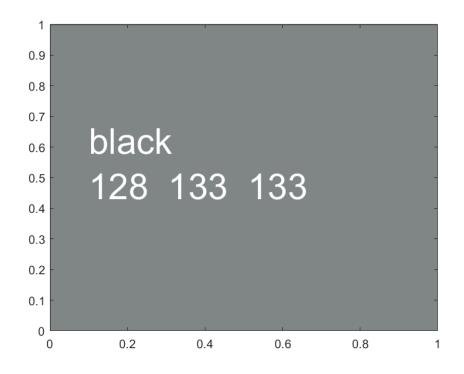
close all

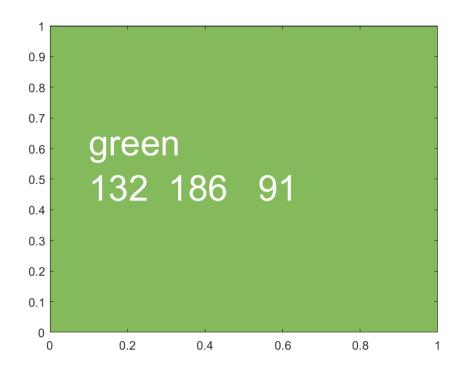
```
blue = [114 147 203]./255;
red = [211 94 96]./255;
black = [128 133 133]./255;
green = [132 186 91]./255;
```

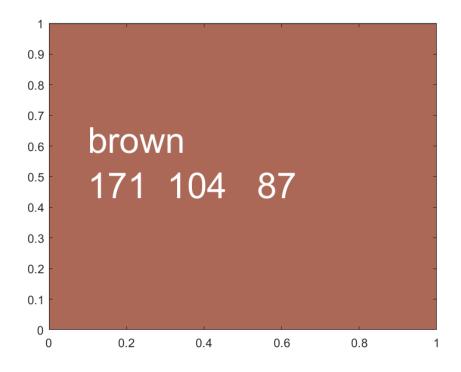
end

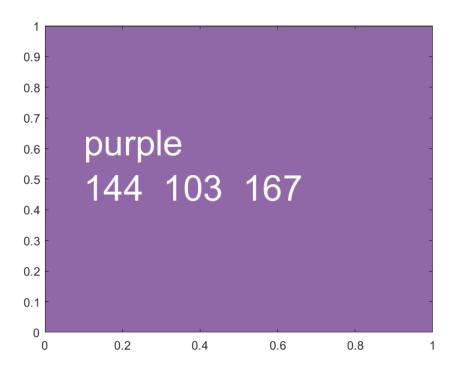












3.1.1.3 Matlab has a graphical tool for picking color

Enter uisetcolor pick color from new window and color values will appear uisetcolor

```
% Color Pickers
% uisetcolor

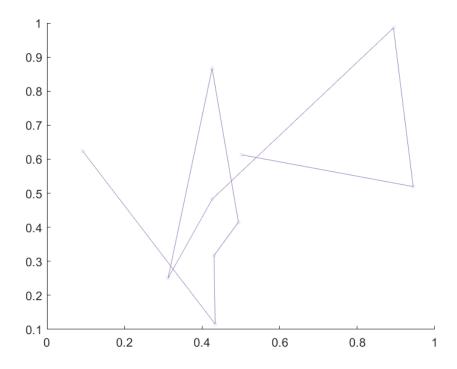
Picked Color use

figure();
hold on;

x = rand([10,1]);
y = rand([10,1]);

% Then can use for plot
plot(x,y,'Color',[.61 .51 .74]);

% Can use for Scatter
scatter(x, y, 10, ...
    'MarkerEdgeColor', [.61 .51 .74], 'MarkerFaceAlpha', 0.1, ...
    'MarkerFaceColor', [.61 .51 .74], 'MarkerEdgeAlpha', 0.1);
```

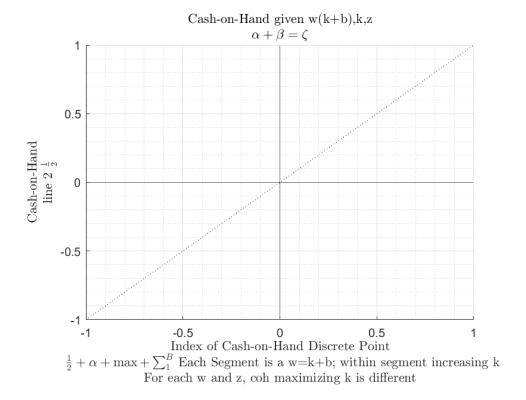


3.1.2 Matlab Graph Titling, Labels and Legends Examples

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

3.1.2.1 Draw A figure Label Title, X and Y Axises with Latex Equations

```
clear all;
close all;
figure();
% draw some lines
xline0 = xline(0);
xlineO.HandleVisibility = 'off';
yline0 = yline(0);
ylineO.HandleVisibility = 'off';
hline = refline([1 0]);
hline.Color = 'k';
hline.LineStyle = ':';
hline.HandleVisibility = 'off';
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}} Titling with multiple lines
title({'Cash-on-Hand given w(k+b),k,z' '$\alpha + \beta = \zeta$'},'Interpreter','latex');
ylabel({'Cash-on-Hand' 'line 2 $\frac{1}{2}$'}, 'Interpreter', 'latex');
xlabel({'Index of Cash-on-Hand Discrete Point'...
        ' \frac{1}{2} + \alpha + \sum_{1^{B}} Each Segment is a w=k+b; within segment increas
        'For each w and z, coh maximizing k is different'},'Interpreter','latex');
grid on;
grid minor;
```

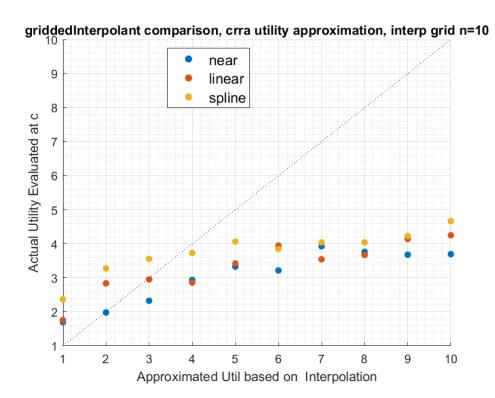


3.1.2.2 Matlab Graph Specify Legends Manually

Specify labels manually, note we can use HandleVisibility to control what part of figure show up in legends.

```
% Generate Random Data
rng(123);
it_x_n = 10;
it_x_groups_n = 3;
mat_y = rand([it_x_n, it_x_groups_n]);
mat_y = mat_y + sqrt(1:it_x_groups_n);
mat_y = mat_y + log(1:it_x_n)';
ar_x = 1:1:it_x_n;
% Start Figure
figure('PaperPosition', [0 0 10 10]);
hold on;
g1 = scatter(ar_x, mat_y(:,1), 30, 'filled');
g2 = scatter(ar_x, mat_y(:,2), 30, 'filled');
g3 = scatter(ar_x, mat_y(:,3), 30, 'filled');
legend([g1, g2, g3], {'near', 'linear', 'spline'}, 'Location', 'best',...
        'NumColumns',1,'FontSize',12,'TextColor','black');
% PLot this line, but this line will not show up in legend
hline = refline([1 0]);
hline.Color = 'k';
hline.LineStyle = ':';
% not to show up in legend
hline.HandleVisibility = 'off';
grid on;
grid minor;
```

title(sprintf('griddedInterpolant comparison, crra utility approximation, interp grid n=%d', it_x_n)
ylabel('Actual Utility Evaluated at c')
xlabel('Approximated Util based on Interpolation')

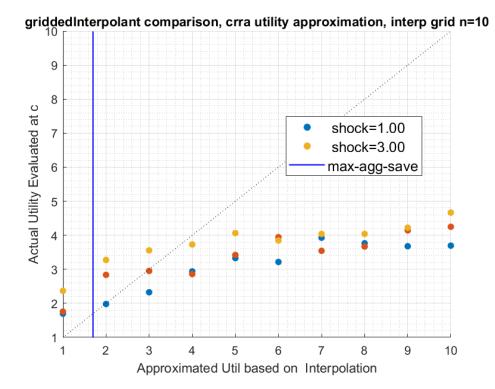


snapnow;

3.1.2.3 Given Graph, Graph Subset of Lines and Add Extra Line with Legend

Same plot as before, except we plot only 2 of the three lines and add another line with associated legend entry.

```
legendCell = cellstr(num2str(ar_x', 'shock=%3.2f'));
xlinemax = xline(min(mat_y, [], 'all'));
xlinemax.Color = 'b';
xlinemax.LineWidth = 1.5;
legendCell{length(legendCell) + 1} = 'max-agg-save';
legend([g1, g3, xlinemax], legendCell([1,3,length(legendCell)]), 'Location', 'best');
```



snapnow;

3.1.3 Matlab Graph Matrix with Jet Spectrum Color, Label a Subset Examples

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

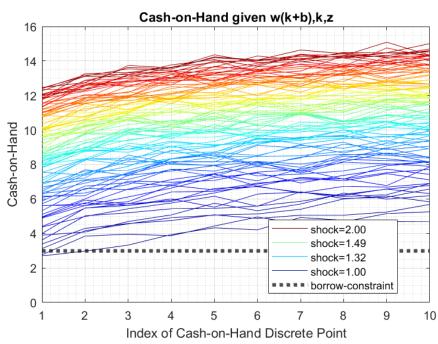
3.1.3.1 Plot a Subset of Data Matrix with Appropriate Legends

Sometimes we solve a model across many states, but we can only plot at a subset of states, or perhaps we plot at all states, but only show legends/labels for a subset.

In the example below, many lines are plotted, however, only a subset of lines are labeled in the legend.

```
clear all;
close all;
% Generate Random Data
rng(123);
it_x_n = 10;
it_y_groups_n = 100;
ar_y = linspace(1,2,it_y_groups_n);
mat_y = rand([it_x_n, it_y_groups_n]);
mat_y = mat_y + sqrt(1:it_y_groups_n);
mat_y = mat_y + log(1:it_x_n)' + ar_y;
ar_x = 1:1:it_x_n;
% Jet color Graph All
figure('PaperPosition', [0 0 7 4]);
chart = plot(mat_y);
clr = jet(numel(chart));
for m = 1:numel(chart)
    set(chart(m), 'Color', clr(m,:))
end
```

```
% zero lines
xline(0);
yline(0);
% invalid points separating lines
yline_borrbound = yline(3);
yline_borrbound.HandleVisibility = 'on';
yline_borrbound.LineStyle = ':';
yline_borrbound.Color = 'black';
yline_borrbound.LineWidth = 3;
% Titling
title('Cash-on-Hand given w(k+b),k,z');
ylabel('Cash-on-Hand');
xlabel({'Index of Cash-on-Hand Discrete Point'...
    'Each Segment is a w=k+b; within segment increasing k'...
    'For each w and z, coh maximizing k is different'});
% Xlim controls
xlim([min(ar_x), max(ar_x)]);
% Grid ons
grid on;
grid minor;
% Legends
legend2plot = fliplr([1 round(numel(chart)/3) round((2*numel(chart))/4) numel(chart)]);
legendCell = cellstr(num2str(ar_y', 'shock=%3.2f'));
legendCell{length(legendCell) + 1} = 'borrow-constraint';
chart(length(chart)+1) = yline_borrbound;
legend(chart([legend2plot length(legendCell)]), ...
       legendCell([legend2plot length(legendCell)]), ...
       'Location', 'best');
```



Each Segment is a w=k+b; within segment increasing k For each w and z, coh maximizing k is different

3.2 Basic Figure Types

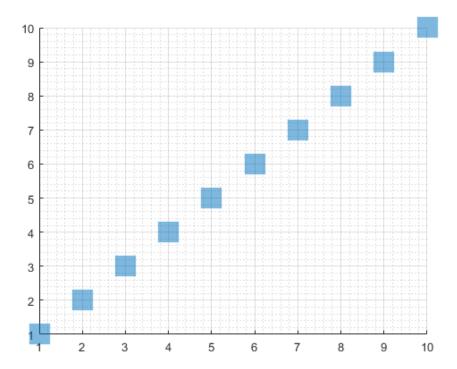
3.2.1 Matlab Graph Scatter Plot Examples

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

3.2.1.1 Scatter Plot Example

The plot below as square scatter points, each one with think border. Can set transparency of border/edge and inside separately.

```
close all;
figure();
size = 100;
s = scatter(1:10,1:10,size);
s.Marker = 's';
% color picked by using: uisetcolor
s.MarkerEdgeColor = [0     0.4471     0.7412];
s.MarkerEdgeAlpha = 0.5;
s.MarkerFaceColor = [.61 .51 .74];
s.MarkerFaceAlpha = 1.0;
s.LineWidth = 10;
grid on;
grid minor;
```



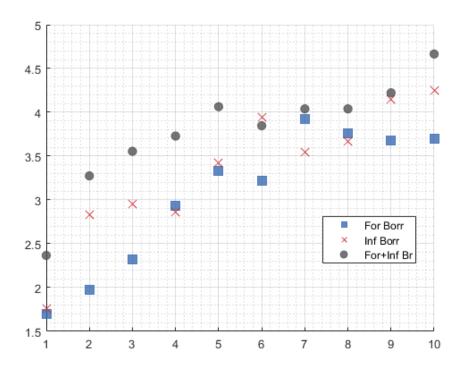
```
% 'o'
        Circle
% '+'
        Plus sign
% '*'
        Asterisk
% '.'
        Point
% 'x'
        Cross
% 'square' or 's'
                    Square
% 'diamond' or 'd'
                    Diamond
% 1^1
        Upward-pointing triangle
% 'v'
        Downward-pointing triangle
```

```
% '>' Right-pointing triangle
% '<' Left-pointing triangle
% 'pentagram' or 'p' Five-pointed star (pentagram)
% 'hexagram' or 'h' Six-pointed star (hexagram)
% 'none' No markers</pre>
```

3.2.1.2 Scatter with Edge and Face Color and Transparency

Here is another way to Set Scatter Edge and Fac Colors and Transparencies.

```
% Generate Data
rng(123);
it_x_n = 10;
it_x_groups_n = 3;
mat_y = rand([it_x_n, it_x_groups_n]);
mat_y = mat_y + sqrt(1:it_x_groups_n);
mat_y = mat_y + log(1:it_x_n)';
ar_x = 1:1:it_x_n;
% Colors
blue = [57 106 177]./255;
red = [204 \ 37 \ 41]./255;
black = [83 81 84]./255;
green = [62 150 81]./255;
brown = [146 36 40]./255;
purple = [107 76 154]./255;
cl_colors = {blue, red, black, ...
             green, brown, purple};
% Scatter Shapes
cl_scatter_shapes = {'s','x','o','d','p','*'};
% Scatter Sizes
cl_scatter_sizes = {100,100,50,50,50,50};
% Legend Keys
cl_legend = {'For Borr', 'Inf Borr', 'For+Inf Br'};
% Plot
figure();
hold on;
for it_m = 1:it_x_groups_n
    scatter(ar_x, mat_y(:,it_m), cl_scatter_sizes{it_m}, ...
        'Marker', cl_scatter_shapes{it_m}, ...
        'MarkerEdgeColor', cl_colors{it_m}, 'MarkerFaceAlpha', 0.8, ...
        'MarkerFaceColor', cl_colors{it_m}, 'MarkerEdgeAlpha', 0.8);
    cl_legend{it_m} = cl_legend{it_m};
end
legend(cl_legend, 'Location', 'best');
grid on;
grid minor;
```



3.2.2 Matlab Line and Scatter Plot with Multiple Lines and Axis Lines

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

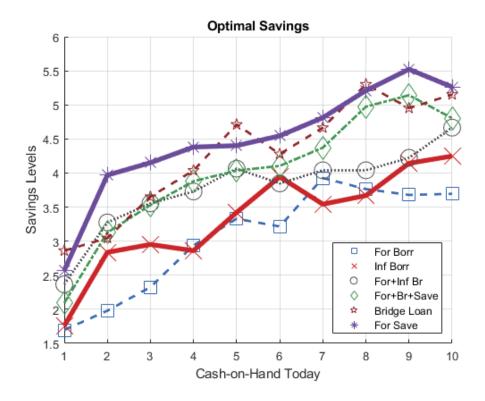
3.2.2.1 Six lines Plot

% Generate Random Data

Colors from optimal colors. Generate A line plot with multiple lines using safe colors, with differening shapes. Figures include lines as well as scatter overlayed jointly.

```
close all
figure();
hold on;
blue = [57 106 177]./255;
red = [204 \ 37 \ 41]./255;
black = [83 81 84]./255;
green = [62 150 81]./255;
brown = [146 36 40]./255;
purple = [107 76 154]./255;
cl_colors = {blue, red, black, ...
             green, brown, purple};
cl_legend = {'For Borr', 'Inf Borr', 'For+Inf Br', 'For+Br+Save', 'Bridge Loan', 'For Save'};
cl_scatter_shapes = {'s','x','o','d','p','*'};
cl_linestyle = {'--','-',':','-.','--','-'};
it_sca_bs = 20;
cl_scatter_csizes = {10*it_sca_bs, 20*it_sca_bs, 10*it_sca_bs, 10*it_sca_bs, 5*it_sca_bs, 8*it_sca_b
it_line_bs = 2;
cl_line_csizes = {1*it_line_bs, 2*it_line_bs, 1*it_line_bs, 1*it_line_bs, 1*it_line_bs, 2*it_line_bs
it_x_groups_n = length(cl_scatter_csizes);
it_x_n = 10;
```

```
rng(123);
mat_y = rand([it_x_n, it_x_groups_n]);
mat_y = mat_y + sqrt(1:it_x_groups_n);
mat_y = mat_y + log(1:it_x_n)';
ar_x = 1:1:it_x_n;
ar_it_graphs_run = 1:6;
it_graph_counter = 0;
ls_chart = [];
for it_fig = ar_it_graphs_run
    % Counter
    it_graph_counter = it_graph_counter + 1;
    % Y Outcome
    ar_y = mat_y(:, it_fig)';
    \% Color and Size etc
    it_csize = cl_scatter_csizes{it_fig};
    ar_color = cl_colors{it_fig};
    st_shape = cl_scatter_shapes{it_fig};
    st_lnsty = cl_linestyle{it_fig};
    st_lnwth = cl_line_csizes{it_fig};
    \% plot scatter and include in legend
    ls_chart(it_graph_counter) = scatter(ar_x, ar_y, it_csize, ar_color, st_shape);
    \% plot line do not include in legend
    line = plot(ar_x, ar_y);
    line.HandleVisibility = 'off';
    line.Color = ar_color;
    line.LineStyle = st_lnsty;
    line.HandleVisibility = 'off';
    line.LineWidth = st_lnwth;
    % Legend to include
    cl_legend{it_graph_counter} = cl_legend{it_fig};
end
% Legend
legend(ls_chart, cl_legend, 'Location', 'southeast');
% labeling
title('Optimal Savings');
ylabel('Savings Levels');
xlabel('Cash-on-Hand Today');
grid on;
```



snapnow;

3.2.2.2 Horizontal and Vertical Lines and 45 Degree

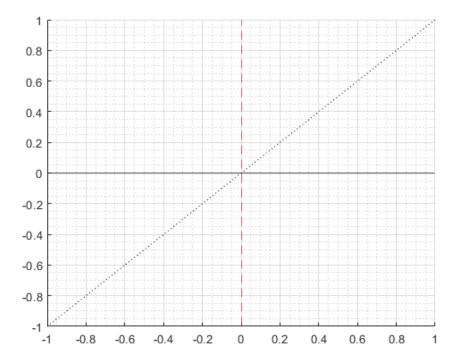
Draw x and y axis, and draw a 45 degree line.

```
figure();

xline0 = xline(0);
xline0.HandleVisibility = 'off';
xline0.Color = red;
xline0.LineStyle = '--';
yline0 = yline(0);
yline0.HandleVisibility = 'off';
yline0.LineWidth = 1;

hline = refline([1 0]);
hline.Color = 'k';
hline.LineStyle = ':';
hline.HandleVisibility = 'off';

snapnow;
grid on;
grid minor;
```



3.2.3 Matlab Graph Scatter and Line Spectrum with Three Variables

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

Generate k + b = w, color for each w, vectors of k and b such that k + b = w for each w

There are two N by M matrix, A and B.

Values in Matrix A correspond to the x-axis, values in Matrix B correspond to the y-axis.

The rows and columns in matrix A and B have some other meanings. In this case, we will give color to the columns.

The columns is represented by vector C, which is another variable.

- 1. Each line a different color representing variable 3
- 2. Legend labeling a subset of colors
- 3. X and Y could be asset choices, color could be utility, consumption etc.

3.2.3.1 Setting Up Data

```
close all
clear all

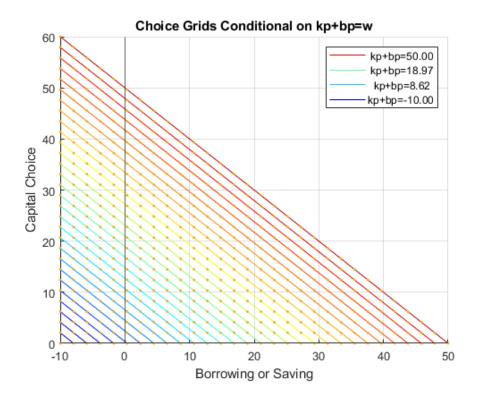
% Bounds
fl_b_bd = -10;
% Max and Mins
fl_w_max = 50;
fl_w_min = fl_b_bd;
fl_kp_max = fl_w_max - fl_b_bd;
fl_kp_min = 0;

% Grid Point Counts
it_w_i = 30;
it_kb_j = 30;
```

```
% Grids
ar_w = linspace(fl_w_min, fl_w_max, it_w_i);
ar_kp = linspace(fl_kp_min, fl_kp_max, it_kb_j);
mt_bp = ar_w - ar_kp';
mt_kp = ar_w - mt_bp;
mt_bl_constrained = (mt_bp < fl_b_bd);
mt_bp_wth_na = mt_bp;
mt_kp_wth_na = mt_kp;
mt_bp_wth_na(mt_bl_constrained) = nan;
mt_kp_wth_na(mt_bl_constrained) = nan;
% Flatten
ar_bp_mw_wth_na = mt_bp_wth_na(:);
ar_kp_mw_wth_na = mt_kp_wth_na(:);
ar_kp_mw = ar_bp_mw_wth_na(~isnan(ar_bp_mw_wth_na));
ar_kp_mw = ar_kp_mw_wth_na(~isnan(ar_kp_mw_wth_na));</pre>
```

3.2.3.2 Graphing

```
figure('PaperPosition', [0 0 7 4]);
hold on;
chart = plot(mt_bp_wth_na, mt_kp_wth_na, 'blue');
clr = jet(numel(chart));
for m = 1:numel(chart)
   set(chart(m),'Color',clr(m,:))
if (length(ar_w) \le 50)
    scatter(ar_bp_mw, ar_kp_mw, 5, 'filled');
end
xline(0);
yline(0);
title('Choice Grids Conditional on kp+bp=w')
ylabel('Capital Choice')
xlabel({'Borrowing or Saving'})
legend2plot = fliplr([1 round(numel(chart)/3) round((2*numel(chart))/4) numel(chart)]);
legendCell = cellstr(num2str(ar_w', 'kp+bp=%3.2f'));
legend(chart(legend2plot), legendCell(legend2plot), 'Location', 'northeast');
grid on;
```



3.3 Write and Read Plots

3.3.1 Matlab Graph Generate EPS postscript figures in matlab

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

3.3.1.1 Properly Save EPS with Scatter and Other Graphing Methods: Renderer = Painters

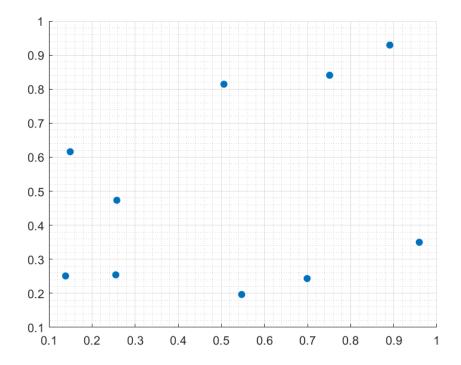
scatter plot saving as eps seems to only work when Renderer is set to Painters

```
fl_fig_wdt = 3;
fl_fig_hgt = 2.65;

figure('PaperPosition', [0 0 fl_fig_wdt fl_fig_hgt], 'Renderer', 'Painters');
x = rand([10,1]);
y = rand([10,1]);
scatter(x, y, 'filled');
grid on;
grid minor;

st_img_path = 'C:/Users/fan/M4Econ/graph/export/_img/';
st_file_name = 'fs_eps_scatter_test';

% eps figure save with tiff preview
print(strcat(st_img_path, st_file_name), '-depsc', '-tiff');
```



Chapter 4

Tables

4.1 Basic Table Generation

4.1.1 Named Tables with Random Data

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

4.1.1.1 Generate A Table with M Variables

Generate a numeric table with random varlues and a string column

```
% Numeric Matrix
it_num_cols = 4;
it_num_rows = 5;
mt_data = rand([it_num_rows, it_num_cols]);
% Generate Table
tb_test = array2table(mt_data);
% Generate Row and Column Names
cl_col_names = strcat('col_', string((1:it_num_cols)));
cl_row_names = strcat('row_', string((1:it_num_rows)));
tb_test.Properties.VariableNames = matlab.lang.makeValidName(cl_col_names);
tb_test.Properties.RowNames = matlab.lang.makeValidName(cl_row_names);
% Generate two string variable
rng(456);
cl_st_var1 = strcat('data=', string(rand([it_num_rows,1])));
cl_st_var2 = strcat('data=', string(rand([it_num_rows,1])));
tb_test = addvars(tb_test, cl_st_var1, cl_st_var2);
% Display Table
disp(tb_test);
```

	col_1	col_2	col_3	col_4	cl_st_var1	cl_st_var2
row_1	0.43568	0.4688	0.18092	0.14604	"data=0.24876"	"data=0.60411"
row_2	0.38527	0.57	0.11816	0.54272	"data=0.16307"	"data=0.8857"
row_3	0.57571	0.6457	0.24273	0.8571	"data=0.78364"	"data=0.75912"
row_4	0.14609	0.72334	0.0081834	0.20021	"data=0.80852"	"data=0.18111"
row_5	0.68659	0.68067	0.36007	0.13463	"data=0.62563"	"data=0.15017"

70 CHAPTER 4. TABLES

4.1.2 Tables Order Columns and Sort

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

4.1.2.1 Given Table, Show Some Columns First

```
% Generate Table
it_num_cols = 4;
it_num_rows = 5;
mt_data = rand([it_num_rows, it_num_cols]);
tb_test = array2table(mt_data);
cl_col_names = strcat('col_', string((1:it_num_cols)));
cl_row_names = strcat('row_', string((1:it_num_rows)));
tb_test.Properties.VariableNames = matlab.lang.makeValidName(cl_col_names);
tb_test.Properties.RowNames = matlab.lang.makeValidName(cl_row_names);
rng(123);
mean = strcat('data=', string(rand([it_num_rows,1])));
sd = strcat('data=', string(rand([it_num_rows,1])));
tb_test_ori = addvars(tb_test, mean, sd);
% Move Variable
tb_test_varmove = movevars(tb_test_ori, {'mean', 'sd'}, 'Before', 'col_1');
% Display
disp(tb_test_ori);
                                    col_3
              col_1
                         col_2
                                                col_4
                                                               mean
                                                                                  sd
             -----
                         -----
                                    -----
                                               -----
                                                          _____
                                                                            -----
                                                          "data=0.69647"
                                                                            "data=0.42311"
   row_1
             0.34318
                          0.738
                                    0.6344
                                               0.32296
             0.72905
                         0.18249
                                                          "data=0.28614"
                                                                            "data=0.98076"
   row_2
                                    0.84943
                                               0.36179
   row_3
             0.43857
                         0.17545
                                    0.72446
                                               0.22826
                                                          "data=0.22685"
                                                                            "data=0.68483"
            0.059678
                                                          "data=0.55131"
                                                                            "data=0.48093"
   row 4
                         0.53155
                                    0.61102
                                               0.29371
             0.39804
                        0.53183
                                    0.72244
                                               0.63098
                                                          "data=0.71947"
                                                                            "data=0.39212"
   row_5
disp(tb_test_varmove);
                                                                                    col_4
                                                  col_1
                                                             col_2
                                                                         col_3
                  mean
                                     sd
                                                 -----
                                                                        -----
   row_1
             "data=0.69647"
                               "data=0.42311"
                                                  0.34318
                                                               0.738
                                                                         0.6344
                                                                                   0.32296
   row_2
             "data=0.28614"
                               "data=0.98076"
                                                  0.72905
                                                             0.18249
                                                                        0.84943
                                                                                   0.36179
            "data=0.22685"
                               "data=0.68483"
   row_3
                                                  0.43857
                                                             0.17545
                                                                        0.72446
                                                                                   0.22826
            "data=0.55131"
                               "data=0.48093"
                                                 0.059678
                                                             0.53155
                                                                        0.61102
                                                                                   0.29371
   row 4
```

4.1.3 Row and Column names for Table based on Arrays

"data=0.39212"

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

0.39804

0.53183

0.72244

0.63098

4.1.3.1 Generate Table with Row and Column Names based on Multiple Numeric Array

Two numeric arrays describe the column names, combine numeric arrays together to form string array which becomes table variable/column names.

```
close all;
```

row 5

"data=0.71947"

4.2. TABLE JOINING 71

```
% Generate Table 1
ar_fl_abc1 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.25 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
ar_fl_abc2 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.2 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
number1 = '123';
number2 = '456';
mt_data_a = [ar_fl_abc1' ar_fl_abc2'];
tb_test_a = array2table(mt_data_a);
cl_col_names_a = {['col' num2str(number1)], ['col' num2str(number2)]};
cl_row_names_a = strcat('rowA=', string((1:size(mt_data_a,1))));
tb_test_a.Properties.VariableNames = cl_col_names_a;
tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames = cl_row_names_a;
disp(tb_test_a);
              col123 col456
```

	co1123	CO1456
rowA=1	0.4	0.4
rowA=2	0.1	0.1
rowA=3	0.25	0.2
rowA=4	0.3	0.3
rowA=5	0.4	0.4

4.1.3.2 Include Row Names as a Variable

```
% a and b must have the same row names
varrownames = tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames;
tb_test_a = addvars(tb_test_a, varrownames, 'Before', 1);
```

	varrownames	col123	co1456
rowA=1	{'rowA=1'}	0.4	0.4
rowA=2	{'rowA=2'}	0.1	0.1
rowA=3	{'rowA=3'}	0.25	0.2
rowA=4	{'rowA=4'}	0.3	0.3
rowA=5	{'rowA=5'}	0.4	0.4

4.2Table Joining

disp(tb_test_a);

close all;

Combining Tables and Matrixs Together

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

4.2.1.1 Generate Some Tables and Matrixes for Combination

```
% Generate Table 1
ar_fl_abc1 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.25 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
ar_fl_abc2 = [0.4 \ 0.1 \ 0.2 \ 0.3 \ 0.4];
number1 = '123';
number2 = '456';
mt_data_a = [ar_fl_abc1' ar_fl_abc2'];
```

72 CHAPTER 4. TABLES

```
tb_test_a = array2table(mt_data_a);
cl_col_names_a = {['col' num2str(number1)], ['col' num2str(number2)]};
cl_row_names_a = strcat('rowA=', string((1:size(mt_data_a,1))));

tb_test_a.Properties.VariableNames = cl_col_names_a;
tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames = cl_row_names_a;
disp(tb_test_a);
```

	col123	co1456
rowA=1	0.4	0.4
rowA=2	0.1	0.1
rowA=3	0.25	0.2
rowA=4	0.3	0.3
rowA=5	0.4	0.4

```
% Generate Table 2
rng(123);
ar_fl_abc3 = rand(size(ar_fl_abc1));
ar_fl_abc4 = rand(size(ar_fl_abc1));
ar_fl_abc5 = rand(size(ar_fl_abc1));

mt_data_b = [ar_fl_abc3' ar_fl_abc4' ar_fl_abc5'];

tb_test_b = array2table(mt_data_b);
cl_col_names_b = {['col' num2str(33)], ['col' num2str(44)], ['col' num2str(55)]};
cl_row_names_b = strcat('rowB=', string((1:size(mt_data_a,1))));

tb_test_b.Properties.VariableNames = cl_col_names_b;
tb_test_b.Properties.RowNames = cl_row_names_b;
disp(tb_test_b);
```

	co133	col44	co155
rowB=1	0.69647	0.42311	0.34318
rowB=2	0.28614	0.98076	0.72905
rowB=3	0.22685	0.68483	0.43857
rowB=4	0.55131	0.48093	0.059678
rowB=5	0.71947	0.39212	0.39804

4.2.1.2 Combine Tables Together Stack Columns

Tables with the same number of rows, add more columns with named variables

```
% a and b must have the same row names
tb_test_b_withArownames = tb_test_b;
tb_test_b_withArownames.Properties.RowNames = tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames;
tb_ab_col_stacked = [tb_test_a tb_test_b_withArownames];
disp(tb_ab_col_stacked);
```

	col123	co1456	co133	co144	col55
rowA=1 rowA=2	0.4 0.1	0.4	0.69647 0.28614	0.42311 0.98076	0.34318 0.72905

4.2. TABLE JOINING 73

rowA=3	0.25	0.2	0.22685	0.68483	0.43857
rowA=4	0.3	0.3	0.55131	0.48093	0.059678
rowA=5	0.4	0.4	0.71947	0.39212	0.39804

4.2.1.3 Combine Tables Together Stack Rows

```
Tables with the same number of columns, dd more rows variables
```

```
% Select only 2 columns to match table a column count
tb_test_b_subset = tb_test_b(:,1:2);

% Make Column Names consistent
tb_test_b_subset.Properties.VariableNames = cl_col_names_a;

% Reset Row Names, can not have identical row names
tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames = strcat('row=', string((1:size(mt_data_a,1))));
tb_test_b_subset.Properties.RowNames = ...
    strcat('row=', string(((size(mt_data_a,1)+1):(size(mt_data_a,1)+size(tb_test_b_subset,1)))));
% tb_test_b_subset.Properties.RowNames =

% Stack Rows
tb_ab_row_stacked = [tb_test_a; tb_test_b_subset];
disp(tb_ab_row_stacked);
```

	col123	co1456
row=1	0.4	0.4
row=2	0.1	0.1
row=3	0.25	0.2
row=4	0.3	0.3
row=5	0.4	0.4
row=6	0.69647	0.42311
row=7	0.28614	0.98076
row=8	0.22685	0.68483
row=9	0.55131	0.48093
row=10	0.71947	0.39212

4.2.1.4 Combine Tables Together Stack Rows

Tables with the same number of columns, dd more rows variables

```
% Select only 2 columns to match table a column count
tb_test_b_subset = tb_test_b(:,1:2);

% Make Column Names consistent
tb_test_b_subset.Properties.VariableNames = cl_col_names_a;

% Reset Row Names, can not have identical row names
tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames = strcat('row=', string((1:size(mt_data_a,1))));
tb_test_b_subset.Properties.RowNames = ...
    strcat('row=', string(((size(mt_data_a,1)+1):(size(mt_data_a,1)+size(tb_test_b_subset,1)))));
% tb_test_b_subset.Properties.RowNames =

% Stack Rows
tb_ab_row_stacked = [tb_test_a; tb_test_b_subset];
disp(tb_ab_row_stacked);
```

col123 col456

74 CHAPTER 4. TABLES

row=1	0.4	0.4
row=2	0.1	0.1
row=3	0.25	0.2
row=4	0.3	0.3
row=5	0.4	0.4
row=6	0.69647	0.42311
row=7	0.28614	0.98076
row=8	0.22685	0.68483
row=9	0.55131	0.48093
row=10	0.71947	0.39212

Chapter 5

Panel

5.1 Time Series

5.1.1 Simulate AR(1) Autoregressive Processes

Go back to fan's CodeDynaAsset Package, Matlab Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Math for Econ with Matlab Repository (bookdown site).

5.1.1.1 AR(1) Autoregressive Process Mean and Standard Deviation

A first-order autoregressive process can be written as:

• AR1:
$$X_t = \text{constant} + \text{persistence} \cdot x_{t-1} + \epsilon$$

• AR1:
$$X_t = C + \rho \cdot x_{t-1} + \epsilon$$

Assume that ϵ is mean zero

Note that, we know the mean of X:

$$\bullet \quad \mu_X = C + \rho \cdot \mu_X + 0$$

$$\bullet \ \mu_x = \frac{C}{1-\rho}$$

Note that, we also know the standard deviation of X:

•
$$\operatorname{var}(X) = \rho^2 \cdot \operatorname{var}(X) + \operatorname{var}(\epsilon)$$

$$\bullet \quad \sigma_x = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_\epsilon^2}{1-\rho^2}}$$

We will let the initial point of the time series follow the stationary distribution of the AR(1) process, then we simulate the time series over 100 periods, in the example below, we use a highly persistent shock process with $\rho = 0.98$, $\sigma_{\epsilon} = 0.02$, C = 0.02. Note that for this process:

•
$$\mu_x^{\rho=0.98,\sigma_{\epsilon}=0.02,C=0.02} = \frac{0.02}{1-0.98} = 1$$

•
$$\sigma_x^{\rho=0.98,\sigma_\epsilon=0.02,C=0.02} = \sqrt{\frac{0.02^2}{1-0.98^2}} \approx 0.10$$

5.1.1.2 Simulated one First-Order Autoregressive Time-Series

In the Example below, we simulate an individual for 1000 periods, given $\rho = 0.98$, $\sigma_{\epsilon} = 0.02$, C = 0.02. Given that the process is highly persistent, the individual stays rich or poor for dozens of periods at a time. If each period is a year, look at the results below, and suppose the simulated time series is income, what is the process saying about this person's income rise and fall. Note that we have the same person through all 1000 periods, but if you only look at 50 periods (years), you might this this person during

76 CHAPTER 5. PANEL

one span is really successful, anothe segment of 50 years, doing really bad, but actually there is nothing changing in the person's type, all that is changing is the person's luck.

```
First Set Parameters:
```

```
% Number of Time Periods
it T = 1000;
% Mean and SD of the Shock Process
fl_constant = 0.02;
fl_normal_sd = 0.02;
% Persistence
fl_persistence = 0.98;
% Bounds on Shocks
fl_shk_bnds = 3;
% Initialize with exo fed point or not, if false initialize at Random Point
% from the stationary distribution
bl_init = true;
fl_init = fl_constant/(1 - fl_persistence);
Second, generate a vector of normal shocks:
% Generate a normal shock vector (the first draw will be ignored)
it_draws = it_T;
rng(789);
ar_fl_shocks = normrnd(0, fl_normal_sd, 1, it_draws);
disp(ar_fl_shocks(1:20));
  Columns 1 through 13
   -0.0060
             -0.0047
                        0.0168
                                   0.0118
                                             0.0380
                                                       0.0062
                                                                 -0.0616
                                                                           -0.0485
                                                                                     -0.0192
                                                                                                 0.0023
 Columns 14 through 20
   -0.0089
              0.0160
                        0.0099
                                  -0.0200
                                            -0.0206
                                                      -0.0090
                                                                 -0.0069
Third, replace any values exceeding bounds:
% out of bounds indicators
fl_shk_bds_lower = 0 - fl_normal_sd*fl_shk_bnds;
fl_shk_bds_upper = 0 + fl_normal_sd*fl_shk_bnds;
ar_bl_outofbounds = (ar_fl_shocks <= fl_shk_bds_lower | ar_fl_shocks >= fl_shk_bds_upper);
% count out of bounds
disp(strcat('lower:', num2str(fl_shk_bds_lower), ', upper:', num2str(fl_shk_bds_upper)));
lower:-0.06, upper:0.06
disp(sum(ar_bl_outofbounds));
ar_fl_shocks(ar_fl_shocks <= fl_shk_bds_lower) = fl_shk_bds_lower;</pre>
ar_fl_shocks(ar_fl_shocks >= fl_shk_bds_upper) = fl_shk_bds_upper;
Fourth, generate the AR(1) time series:
% Initialize Output Array
ar_fl_time_series = zeros(size(ar_fl_shocks));
% Loop over time
for it_t=1:1:length(ar_fl_shocks)
    if (it_t == 1)
        % initialize using the ean of the process
        ar_fl_time_series(1) = fl_constant/(1 - fl_persistence);
```

5.1. TIME SERIES 77

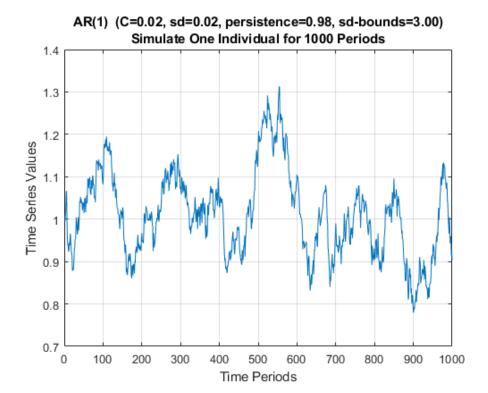
Fifth, show the mean and sd of the process (these are very close to the analytical results):

```
disp(mean(ar_fl_time_series));
    1.0104
disp(std(ar_fl_time_series));
    0.1000
```

Sixth, plot the results:

```
figure();
% x-axis
ar_it_time = 1:1:length(ar_fl_shocks);
% plot
plot(ar_it_time, ar_fl_time_series);
% Generate Title
ar_fl_params_values = [fl_constant, fl_normal_sd, fl_persistence, fl_shk_bnds];
ar_st_parms_names = ["C", "sd", "persistence", "sd-bounds"];
st_rounding = '.2f';
st_title_main = "AR(1) ";
ar_st_params = strcat(ar_st_parms_names, compose(strcat("=%", st_rounding), ar_fl_params_values));
st_param_pasted = strjoin(ar_st_params, ', ');
st_title_wth_params = strcat(st_title_main, '(', st_param_pasted, ')');
title({st_title_wth_params, 'Simulate One Individual for 1000 Periods'});
% X and Y labels
ylabel({'Time Series Values'});
xlabel('Time Periods');
grid on;
```

78 CHAPTER 5. PANEL



Appendix A

Index and Code Links

A.1 Data Structures links

A.1.1 Section 1.1 Matrices and Arrays links

- 1. Accumarray Examples: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Accumarray to sum up probabilities/values for discrete elements of arrays.
 - **m**: unique() + reshape() + accumarray()
- 2. Array Broadcasting Examples: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - broadcast means: array + array' + matrix = matrix.
- 3. Array Random Draws and Permutation: $mlx \mid m \mid pdf \mid html$
 - Draw randomly from array, permutate arrays.
 - \mathbf{m} : $ndgrid() + cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) m(:), cl_mt_all, 'uni', 0))$
- 4. Imaginary Elements of Array: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Find imaginary elements of array.
 - **m**: *imag()*
- 5. Array Reshape, Repeat and Expand: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Reshape and flatten arrays.
 - **m**: reshape()
- 6. Array Index Slicing and Subsetting to Replace and Expand: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Index based column and row expansions.
 - Anonymous function to slice array subsets.
 - \mathbf{m} : $sub2ind() + @(it_subset_n, it_ar_n) unique(round(((0:1:(it_subset_n-1))/(it_subset_n-1)) times (it_ar_n-1)+1))$
- 7. Grid States, Choices and Optimal Choices Example: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - States, choices, and find max.

A.1.2 Section 1.2 Cells links

- 1. List Comprehension with Cells: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Cell2mat, cellfun, anonymous function list comprehension over cells.
 - Find min and max of all arrays in cells.
 - Find length of all arrays in cells; find index of elements of one array in another cell array.
 - \mathbf{m} : $cell2mat() + cellfun() + strcmp() + find() + cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) find(strcmp(ls_st_param_key, m)), cl_st_param_keys, 'UniformOutput', false))$
- 2. Permutate Cells: $mlx \mid m \mid pdf \mid html$
 - Generate all possible combinations of various arrays contained in cell array.
 - \mathbf{m} : $ndgrid() + cell2mat() + array2table() + cell2mat(cellfun(@(m) m(:), cl_mt_all, 'uni', 0))$
- 3. Combine Cells: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Combine string cell arrays and string.
 - m: [{st_param}, ls_st_param_key, cl_st_param_keys]
- 4. Nested Cells: mlx | m | pdf | html

- Cell of cells with inner cell having multiple types.
- m: $linspace() + cell([4,1]) + clns_parm_tstar\{1\} = \{'fl_crra', 'CRRA', linspace(1, 2, it_simu_vec_len)\} + disp(clns_parm_tstar(1)) + disp(clns_parm_tstar\{1\}\{1\})$

A.1.3 Section 1.3 Characters and Strings links

- 1. String Basics: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Compose string and rounded numeric array.
 - Cut string suffix and append new suffix.
 - m: *compose() + str_sub = split(string, ".") + strcat(str_sub{1}, '_m.m')*
- 2. String Arrays Operations: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - String arrays and cell strings.
 - Duplicate strings, concatenate string, and paste strings jointly with separator.
 - Find string element positions, replace substrings.
 - \mathbf{m} : repmat() + num2str() + strcat() + strjoin() + fprintf() + strcmp() + strrep() + cel2mat(cellfun(@(m) find(strcmp())))
- 3. String and Numeric Array Concatenations: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Generate rounded string array matrix with leading zero, leading space, decimal round from numeric matrix.
 - Create a title string by joining rounded parameter and parameter names.
 - Concatenate multiple numeric arrays together with strings and format.
 - \mathbf{m} : compose() + cellstr() + strcat() + strjoin() + %.2<math>f

A.1.4 Section 1.4 Map Containers links

- 1. Container Map Basics: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Numeric container map, dynamically filled container map.
 - m: isKey() + strjoin() + containers.Map('KeyType', 'char', 'ValueType', 'any')
- 2. Display Container Map Keys and Values: $mlx \mid m \mid pdf \mid html$
 - Loop over map, display keys and values.
 - \mathbf{m} : strjoin() + keys(map) + values(map)
- 3. Container Map Varied Value Type: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Numeric scalar, string, matrix as values for map container.
 - Get values for multiple keys in map.
 - m: map.keys() + map.values() + values(param_map, {'share_unbanked_j', 'equi_r_j'})
- 4. Cell Override: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Override default map with externally fed map, update existing and add new keys.
 - m: param_map_updated = [param_map_old; param_map_updates_new]

A.2 Functions links

A.2.1 Section 2.1 varargin Default Parameters links

- 1. Use varargin as a Function Parameter: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Default parameters allow for maintaining code testability.
 - Use varargin for functions with limited parameters.
 - m: $varargin + cell2mat() + function [out_put] = func_name(varargin)$
- 2. Use varargin as a Function Parameter: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - The varargin structure could lead to excessive code lines. Container Map works well with large parameter structure.
 - Core model functions with potentially many parameters, possibly override default generation to save time.
 - m: $varargin + function [out_put] = func_name(varargin) + cm_defaults = \{cm_a, cm_b\} + [cm_defaults\{1:optional_params_len\}] = varargin\{:\} + cm_c = [cm_a; cm_b]$

A.3. GRAPHS LINKS 81

A.3 Graphs links

A.3.1 Section 3.1 Figure Components links

- 1. Image Pick Safe Colors: $\mathbf{mlx} \mid \mathbf{m} \mid \mathbf{pdf} \mid \mathbf{html}$
 - Display safe colors.
 - **m**: $blue = [57\ 106\ 177]./255 + fill(x, y, cl_colors{it_color})$
- 2. Figure Titling and Legend: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Multi-line titles, add legend lines.
 - Add to legend, select legend to show.
 - m: $title(\{\text{`Cash-on-Hand'}\ '\alpha + \beta = \zeta'\}, \text{`Interpreter'}, \text{`latex'}) + legend([g1, g2, g3], \{\text{`near'}, \text{`linear'}, \text{`spline'}\}, \text{`Location'}, \text{`best'}, \text{`NumColumns'}, 1, \text{`FontSize'}, 12, \text{`TextColor'}, \text{`black'});}$
- 3. Graph Many Lines Legend for Subset: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - State-space plots with color spectrum: can not show all states in legend, show subset, add additional line to plot and legend.
 - \mathbf{m} : jet() + numel() + fliplr() + jet(numel(chart)), set(chart(m), 'Color', clr(m,:))

A.3.2 Section 3.2 Basic Figure Types links

- 1. Scatter Plot Examples: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Scatter multiple lines different colors, shapes and sizes.
 - m: scatter(x, y, size) + Marker + MarkerEdgeColor + MarkerEdgeAlpha + MarkerFaceColor + MarkerFaceAlpha
- 2. Scatter Plot Examples: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Scatter and lines multiple lines different colors, shapes and sizes.
 - X axis, Y axis, and 45 degree line.
 - \mathbf{m} : $xline(0) + yline(0) + refline([1\ 0]) + plot(x,y) + HandleVisibility + Color + LineStyle + LineWidth$
- 3. Three variables Scatter and Lines with Color Spectrum: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Two dimensional matrix for x and y, a third variable with color spectrum set via loop.
 - \mathbf{m} : plot(2d, 2d) + jet + set(chart(m), 'Color', clr)

A.3.3 Section 3.3 Write and Read Plots links

- 1. Graph Generate EPS Postscript Figures: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - EPS vector graphics, avoid bitmap (jpg, png), use vector graphics.
 - m: figure('Renderer', 'Painters')

A.4 Tables links

A.4.1 Section 4.1 Basic Table Generation links

- 1. Named Tables with Random Data: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Convert a random matrix to a table with column and row names defined with arrays.
 - **m**: array2table() + strcat() + addvars() + matlab.lang.makeValidName()
- 2. Order and Sort Columns: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Convert a matrix to table with mean and sd columns. Rearrange columns.
 - m: array2table() + rng() + movevars() + matlab.lang.makeValidName() + tb.Properties.VariableNames + tb.Properties.RowNames
- 3. Array Based Row and Column Names: $\mathbf{mlx} \mid \mathbf{m} \mid \mathbf{pdf} \mid \mathbf{html}$
 - Generate a column and row named table. Convert row names to a column.
 - m: $array2table() + strcat(`rowA=', string((1:size(mt, 1)))) + tb_test_a.Properties.VariableNames + tb_test_a.Properties.RowNames + addvars(tb, rownames, `Before', 1)$

A.4.2 Section 4.2 Table Joining links

- 1. Stack Matlab Tables: mlx | m | pdf | html
 - Append columns to existing table. Stack tables vertically and horizontally.

• m: $array2table() + [tb_a \ tb_b] + [tb_a; \ tb_b] + tb.Properties.VariableNames + tb.Properties.RowNames$

A.5 Panel links

A.5.1 Section 5.1 Time Series links

- 1. Autoregressive Process AR(1): $mlx \mid m \mid pdf \mid html$
 - $\bullet\,$ The Mean and standard deviation of an AR(1) process.
 - Simulate and graph an AR(1) persistent process.
 - \mathbf{m} : $normrnd() + for it_t = 1:1:length(ar_shk) + plot(ar_t, ar_y)$

Bibliography

The MathWorks Inc (2019). MATLAB. Matlab package version 2019b.

Wang, F. (2020). MEconTools: Tools for Analyzing Matlab Data Structures and Dynamic Programming. M package version 0.0.0.9000.

Xie, Y. (2020). bookdown: Authoring Books and Technical Documents with R Markdown. R package version 0.18.