

$$a) \text{ convolution} := \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$h(t-\tau) = e^{2t-2\tau} u(1+\tau-t)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{convolution} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{2t-2\tau} u(1-t+\tau) (u(\tau) - 2u(\tau-2) + u(\tau-5)) d\tau$$

$$x(\tau) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq \tau < 2 \\ -1 & 2 \leq \tau < 5 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}, u(1-t+\tau) = \begin{cases} 1 & \tau > t-1 \\ 0 & \tau < t-1 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{convolution} = e^{2t} \left(\int_0^2 e^{-2\tau} u(1-t+\tau) d\tau - \int_2^5 e^{-2\tau} u(1-t+\tau) d\tau \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{convolution} = e^{2t} \left(\int_0^2 e^{-2\tau} d\tau - \int_2^5 e^{-2\tau} d\tau \right) =$$

$$e^{2t} \left(\left. \frac{1}{2} e^{-2\tau} \right|_0^2 - \left. \frac{1}{2} e^{-2\tau} \right|_2^5 \right) =$$

$$\frac{e^{2t}}{2} (1 - 2e^{-4} + e^{-10})$$

$$\tau \in [0, 5] \rightarrow \text{convolution} = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{2t}}{2} (1 - 2e^{-4} + e^{-10}) & t \in [1, 6] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$b \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] h[n-k], \quad h[n-k] = 4^{n-k} u[2-n+k]$$

$$\rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k u[k-4] \right) \left(4^{n-k} u[2-n+k] \right) =$$

$$\rightarrow y[n] = 4^n \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{2^{-k} \cdot 4^{-2k}}_{2^{-3k}} u[k-4] u[2-n+k]$$

$$\rightarrow u[k-4] u[2-n+k] = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{o.w} \\ 0 & k \geq \max(4, n-2) \end{cases}$$

$$+ \quad n \leq 6 \rightarrow 4^n \sum_{k=4}^{\infty} 2^{-3k} = 4^n \left(\frac{1}{1-2^{-3}} \right) = \frac{8}{7} 4^n \quad n \geq 4$$

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$$n \geq 6 \rightarrow 4^n \sum_{k=n-2}^{\infty} 2^{-3k} = \frac{8}{7} 4^n$$

$$\rightarrow y[n] = \begin{cases} \frac{8}{7} 4^n & n \geq 4 \\ 0 & n \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

$$c \rightarrow h(t-\tau) \rightarrow \text{convolution} = \int_t^{t+\tau} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$h(\tau) = 1-\tau \rightarrow h(-\tau) = 1+\tau \rightarrow h(t-\tau) = 1-t+\tau$$

$$\rightarrow \int_T^{T+1} x(\tau) (h(t-\tau)) d\tau = \int_T^{T+1/4} (\tau+1-t) d\tau + \int_{T+1/4}^{T+3/4} (t-\tau-1) d\tau$$

+ $\int_{T+3/4}^{T+1} (\tau+1-t) d\tau$

فرمیتز 981.48

$$= \int_{-T}^{T+1/4} (1-t) \tau + \frac{\tau^2}{2} \Big|_{\tau}^{T+1/4} + \int_{T-3/4}^{T+1} (1-t) \tau + \frac{\tau^2}{2} \Big|_{\tau}^{T+1} + \int_{T+1/4}^{T+3/4} (t+1) \tau - \frac{\tau^2}{2} \Big|_{\tau}^{T+3/4}$$

در هر دو طرف با این صورت است (طول مرتب و 2 واحد، 1 واحد)

$$S = \frac{1}{2} T^2 + 2(1-t)T + \frac{1}{2} (T+1)^2$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} t^2 + t - t^2 + \frac{1}{2} (t^2 + 2t + 4) + t - t^2 - 2t + 2 \quad \leftarrow \text{دارم}$$

$$\rightarrow y(t) = t + 4 - t^2$$

$$d \rightarrow x[n] = +^{-n+K}, h[n] = \delta[n+2] + \delta[n+1] + \delta[n]$$

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & n = (-2) \text{ or } (-1) \text{ or } 0 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}, \text{convolution: } \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n-k)h(k)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{convolution} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} +^{-n+K} h[k] = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+1} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n$$

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow h(t-\tau) = e^{2(t-\tau)} u(\tau, t)$$

$$\rightarrow y(n) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_{-1}^{\infty} e^{2t-3\tau} u(\tau, t) d\tau$$

$$y(n) = e^{2t} \int_{-1-t}^{\infty} e^{-3y} u(y) dy$$

تغییر متغیر $y = \tau - t$ ضمیمه است

$$u(y) = \begin{cases} 1 & y \geq 0 \\ 0 & y < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \int e^{-3y} u(y) dy = \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{-3y}}{3} \Big|_0^{\infty} & y \geq 0 \\ 0 & y < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow y(n) = \begin{cases} e^{-t} \left(\frac{e^{-3y}}{3} \Big|_{-1-t}^{\infty} \right) & -1-t \geq 0 \rightarrow -1 \geq t \\ = e^{-t} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{3t+3}{3}}}{3} \right) = \frac{e^{2t+3}}{3} & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

فرستاده شد 9/10/14

$$f \rightarrow x[n] = 3^n u[-n-1] + \frac{1}{3}^n u[n], h[n] = 4^{-n} u[n+3], y[n] = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] h[n-k]$$

$$\rightarrow y[n] = 4^{-n} \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} 12^k u[n+3-k] u[-n-1] + 4^{-n} \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^k u[n+3-k] u[n]$$

$$\rightarrow y[n] = 4^{-n} \left(\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} 12^k + \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^k \right)$$

$$g \rightarrow x(t) = e^{-t} u(t), h(t) = \delta(t) + \frac{1}{2} \delta(t-1) + \delta(t-2)$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\tau} u(t-\tau) h(\tau) d\tau$$

$$u(t-\tau) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \geq \tau \\ 0 & \text{o.w} \end{cases} \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-\tau} h(\tau) d\tau$$

$$= e^{-t} \left(e^0 + \frac{e^{-1}}{2} + 3e^{-2} \right)$$



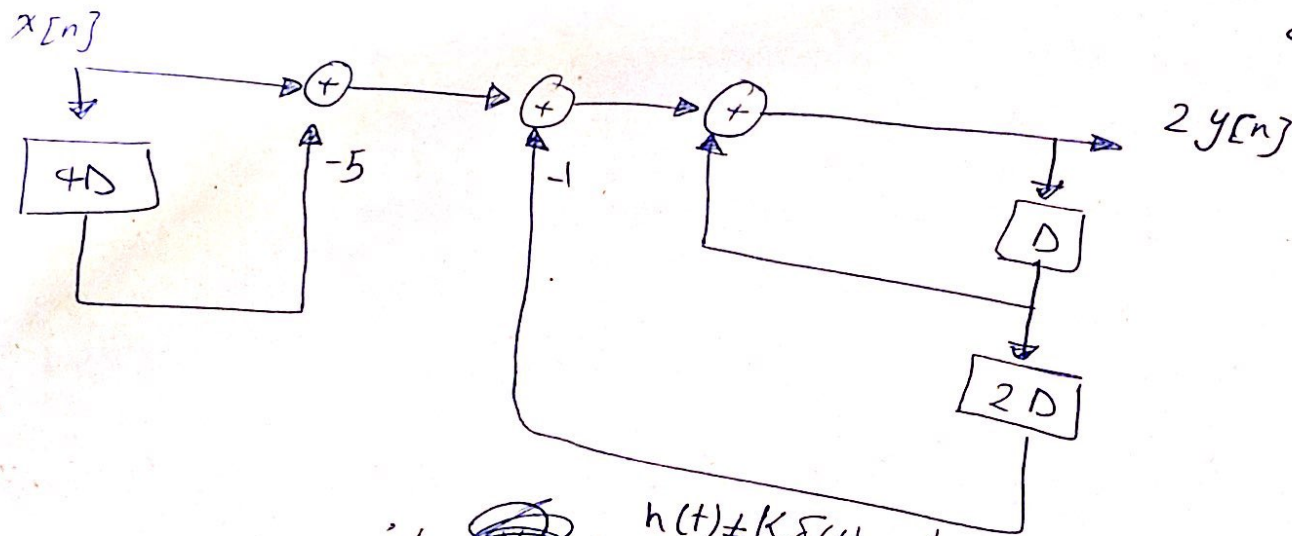
فرستاده شد

$$x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau = u(t+2) - u(t-6)$$

$$x_E(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2} \rightarrow x_E * h = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(-\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (u(t+2) - u(t-6) + u(2-t) - u(6-t))$$

← 5



~~h(t) = K\delta(t)~~ $h(t) \neq K\delta(t)$

6. یک سیستم برای اینکه حقیقتاً داینامیک باشد
- a) $h(t) = e^{3t} u(1-t) \neq K\delta(t)$ — حقیقتاً داینامیک
 - b) $h(t) = \sin(\omega\pi t) u(t) \neq K\delta(t)$ — حقیقتاً داینامیک
 - c) $h(t) = \cos(n\pi) u[n+5] \neq K\delta(t)$ — حقیقتاً داینامیک

$$a) h(t) = \delta(t-5) + \delta(t) \xrightarrow{x(t)=u(t)} s(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t-\tau) h(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\xrightarrow{t > \tau} s(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau-5) + \delta(\tau) d\tau = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 5 \\ 1 & 5 \leq t < 5.5 \\ 2 & t \geq 5.5 \end{cases}$$

$$b) h(t) = e^{-t}, x(t) = u(t), x * h = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t-\tau) h(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\xrightarrow{s(t)} s(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-\tau} d\tau = \begin{cases} \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-\tau} d\tau & t > 0 \\ \int_{-\infty}^t e^{\tau} d\tau & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\xrightarrow{s(t)} s(t) = \begin{cases} e^t / -1 + (e^{-t}) / -1 & t > 0 \\ e^t & t < 0 \end{cases} = 2 - e^{-t} \quad t > 0$$

$$y_1(t) = h_1(t)$$

$$y_3(t) = h_2(t) * h_3(t)$$

$$h_2(t) = w(t)$$

$$y_4(t) = h_4(t) * h_2(t)$$

$$\xrightarrow{x(t) = \delta(t)} x(t) = \delta(t) \quad (الف - 8)$$

$$\xrightarrow{y(t) = h(t) * \delta(t)} y(t) = h(t)$$

$$h_{eq} = h_1(t) + h_2(t) * h_3(t) + h_2(t) * h_4(t) = e^{-t} u(t) + (u(t) - u(t-1)) * (u(t) - u(t-1)) + (u(t) - u(t-1)) * \delta(t-1)$$

$$h_{eq} = e^{-t} u(t) + t(u(t)) + (t-2)u(t-2) - 2(t-1)(u(t-1)) + u(t-1)u(t-2)$$

$$\xrightarrow{h_{eq}} h_{eq} = e^{-t} u(t) + t u(t) + (t-3)u(t-2) + (2t-3)u(t-1)$$

$$y_1(t) = (u(t)) * (e^{-t} u(t)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t-\tau) e^{-\tau} u(\tau) d\tau = \int_t^{\infty} e^{-\tau} d\tau e^{-t} \quad (t \geq 0)$$

$$y_3(t) = (1-t) * (u(t) - u(t-1)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (1-t+\tau) (u(\tau) - u(\tau-1)) d\tau = \int_0^1 (1-t+\tau) d\tau$$

$$= (1-t)\tau + \frac{\tau^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = 2-t \quad (0 \leq t \leq 1)$$

$$y_4(t) = h_4(t) * w(t) = (t-1)u(t-1) - (t-2)u(t-2)$$

$$w(t) = u(t) * (u(t) - u(t-1)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t-\tau) (u(\tau) - u(\tau-1)) d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^1 u(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_t^{t+1} d\tau = 1-t \quad (0 \leq t \leq 1)$$

$$= t u(t) - (t-1) u(t-1)$$

$$a) h[n] = (-2)^{-n} u[n] + (1, 0, 1)^n u[1-n]$$

$$\text{پایدار} \rightarrow \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] \rightarrow \underbrace{\sum_{-\infty}^{-1} (1, 0, 1)^k}_{\text{حد این حدیث موجودات منفی است}} + \underbrace{\sum_0^{\infty} (-2)^k}_{\text{حد این حدیث موجودات مثبت است}} \rightarrow \text{پایدار است}$$

$$\text{علی بودن} \rightarrow h[n] = (1, 0, 1)^n u[1-n] \quad | \quad n < 0 \rightarrow (1, 0, 1)^n \quad n < 0 \rightarrow \text{علی نیست}$$

$$b) h[n] = n \cdot 3^{-n} u[n-1]$$

$$\text{پایدار} \rightarrow \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} k \cdot 3^{-k} \rightarrow \text{پایدار است}$$

حد این حدیث موجودات مثبت است
است - حد این حدیث موجودات منفی

$$\text{علی بودن} \rightarrow h[n] = \frac{0}{n < 0} \rightarrow \text{علی نیست}$$

$u[n] = 0$

$$c) h(t) = e^{-6|t|}$$

$$\text{پایدار} \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-6|t|} dt = \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{6t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-6t} dt = \frac{1}{6} e^{6t} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + \frac{1}{-6} e^{-6t} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$\text{علی} \rightarrow h(t) = e^{6t} \quad t < 0 \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{علی نیست}$$

$e^{-\infty}$ تقریباً برابر صفر است
پایدار است

$$d) h(t) = t e^{-t} u(t)$$

$$\text{پایدار} \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t e^{-t} u(t) dt = \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-t} dt = - (t+1) e^{-t} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$h(t) = 0 \quad t < 0 \rightarrow \text{علی نیست}$$

$u(t)$

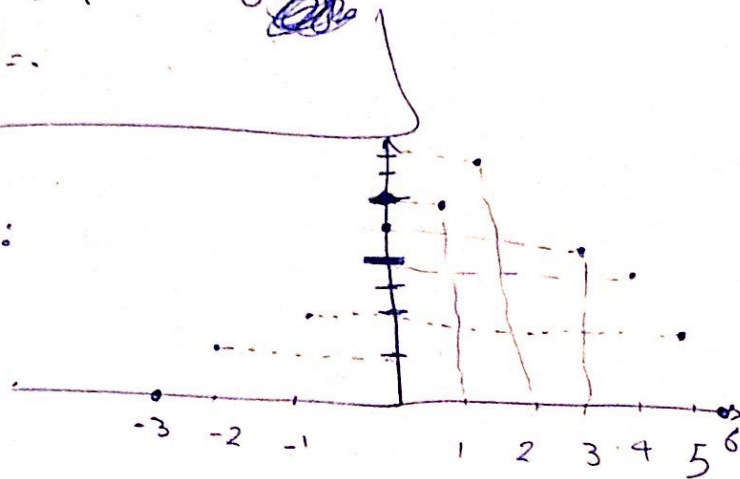
حاصل کردیم پس پایدار است

$$e) y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (t-\tau) u(t-\tau) x(\tau) d\tau \rightarrow h(t) = t u(t)$$

$$\text{پس } \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t u(t) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t dt = \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rightarrow \text{سیستم پایدار}$$

$$\text{پس } h(t) = t \cdot u(t) \quad u(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ 1 & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$z[n] = x[n] + 2x[n-2]$$



$$\rightarrow y[n] = -2y[n-1] + z[n], \quad y[n] = 0 \quad (n < -2)$$

$$n = -2 \rightarrow y[-2] = z[-2] = 1$$

$$n = -1 \rightarrow y[-1] = z[-1] + 2y[-2] = 0$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow y[0] = z[0] - 2y[-1] = 5$$

$$n = 1 \rightarrow y[1] = z[1] - 2y[0] = -4$$

$$n = 2 \rightarrow y[2] = z[2] - 2y[1] = 16$$

$$n = 3 \rightarrow y[3] = z[3] - 2y[2] = -27$$

$$n = 4 \rightarrow y[4] = z[4] - 2y[3] = 58$$

$$n = 5 \rightarrow y[5] = z[5] - 2y[4] = -114$$

$$n = 6 \rightarrow y[6] = z[6] - 2y[5] = 228, \quad y[7] = -2 \cdot 228, \dots$$

$$y[n] = -2y[n-1] \quad n \geq 6 \rightarrow y[n] = 2^n \cdot (-1)^{n-5} \cdot (-114)$$