# Package 'enrichplot'

September 15, 2022

Title Visualization of Functional Enrichment Result

**Version** 1.16.2

**Description** The 'enrichplot' package implements several visualization methods for interpreting functional enrichment results obtained from ORA or GSEA analysis. It is mainly designed to work with the 'clusterProfiler' package suite. All the visualization methods are developed based on 'ggplot2' graphics.

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

**Imports** aplot, DOSE (>= 3.16.0), ggplot2, ggraph, graphics, grid, igraph, methods, plyr, purrr, RColorBrewer, reshape2, stats, utils, scatterpie, shadowtext, GOSemSim, magrittr, ggtree, yulab.utils (>= 0.0.4)

Suggests clusterProfiler, dplyr, europepmc, ggupset, knitr, rmarkdown, org.Hs.eg.db, prettydoc, tibble, tidyr, ggforce, AnnotationDbi, ggplotify, ggridges, grDevices, gridExtra, ggnewscale, ggrepel (>= 0.9.0), ggstar, treeio, scales, tidytree, rlang, ggtreeExtra, tidydr

Remotes YuLab-SMU/tidydr

VignetteBuilder knitr License Artistic-2.0

URL https://yulab-smu.top/biomedical-knowledge-mining-book/

BugReports https://github.com/GuangchuangYu/enrichplot/issues

**biocViews** Annotation, GeneSetEnrichment, GO, KEGG, Pathways, Software, Visualization

**Encoding UTF-8** 

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```
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barplot.enrichResult barplot

#### **Description**

barplot of enrichResult

```
## S3 method for class 'enrichResult'
barplot(
  height,
  x = "Count",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 8,
```

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```
font.size = 12,
title = "",
label_format = 30,
...
)
```

#### Arguments

height enrichResult object

x one of 'Count' and 'GeneRatio'

color one of 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' and 'qvalue'

showCategory number of categories to show

font.size font size title plot title

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

... other parameter, ignored

#### Value

ggplot object

## **Examples**

cnetplot

cnetplot

#### **Description**

Gene-Concept Network

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#### Usage

```
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
cnetplot.enrichResult(
  Χ,
  showCategory = 5,
  foldChange = NULL,
  layout = "kk",
  colorEdge = FALSE,
  circular = FALSE,
  node_label = "all",
  cex_category = 1,
  cex\_gene = 1,
  cex_label_category = 1,
  cex_label_gene = 1,
  color_category = "#E5C494",
  color_gene = "#B3B3B3",
  shadowtext = "all",
)
```

#### **Arguments**

x	Enrichment result.
showCategory	A number or a vector of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be displayed. If it is a vector of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.
foldChange	Fold Change of nodes, the default value is NULL. If the user provides the Fold Change value of the nodes, it can be used to set the color of the gene node.
layout	Layout of the map, e.g. 'star', 'circle', 'gem', 'dh', 'graphopt', 'grid', 'mds', 'randomly', 'fr', 'kk', 'drl' or 'lgl'.
	Additional parameters
colorEdge	Logical, whether coloring edge by enriched terms, the default value is FALSE.
circular	Logical, whether using circular layout, the default value is FALSE.
node_label	Select which labels to be displayed. one of 'category', 'gene', 'all'(the default) and 'none'.

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cex\_category Number indicating the amount by which plotting category nodes should be scaled relative to the default, the default value is 1.

cex\_gene Number indicating the amount by which plotting gene nodes should be scaled relative to the default, the default value is 1.

cex\_label\_category Scale of category node label size, the default value is 1.

cex\_label\_gene Scale of gene node label size, the default value is 1.

color\_category Color of category node.

color\_gene Color of gene node.

shadowtext select which node labels to use shadow font, one of 'category', 'gene', 'all' and 'none', default is 'all'.

#### **Details**

plot linkages of genes and enriched concepts (e.g. GO categories, KEGG pathways)

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   de <- names(geneList)[1:100]</pre>
   x <- enrichDO(de)</pre>
   x2 <- pairwise_termsim(x)</pre>
   cnetplot(x2)
    # use `layout` to change the layout of map
    cnetplot(x2, layout = "star")
  # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    cnetplot(x2, showCategory = 10)
   categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
   cnetplot(x2, showCategory = categorys)
    # 'compareClusterResult' object is also supported.
   data(gcSample)
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(DOSE)
    library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   data(gcSample)
   xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")</pre>
   xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
   cnetplot(xx2)
## End(Not run)
```

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color\_palette

color\_palette

## Description

create color palette for continuous data

## Usage

```
color_palette(colors)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
colors colors of length >=2
```

## Value

color vector

#### Author(s)

guangchuang yu

## **Examples**

```
color_palette(c("red", "yellow", "green"))
```

dotplot

dotplot

## Description

dotplot for enrichment result

```
dotplot(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
dotplot(
  object,
  x = "GeneRatio",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
```

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```
font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 orderBy = "x",
 label_format = 30,
)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
dotplot(
 object,
 x = "GeneRatio",
 color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 orderBy = "x",
 label_format = 30,
)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
dotplot(
 object,
 x = "Cluster",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 5,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 by = "geneRatio",
  size = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE,
 label_format = 30,
)
dotplot.enrichResult(
 object,
 x = "geneRatio",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
  orderBy = "x",
```

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```
label_format = 30,
  decreasing = TRUE
)
dotplot.compareClusterResult(
  object,
  x = "Cluster",
  colorBy = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 5,
  by = "geneRatio",
  size = "geneRatio",
  split = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
  label_format = 30,
  group = FALSE,
  shape = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

object compareClusterResult object

additional parameters

variable for x-axis, one of 'GeneRatio' and 'Count' Χ

variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue' color A number or a list of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be displayed. showCategory

If it is a list of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.

size variable that used to scale the sizes of categories, one of "geneRatio", "Percent-

age" and "count"

ONTOLOGY or NULL split

font.size font size title figure title

orderBy The order of the Y-axis

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

by one of "geneRatio", "Percentage" and "count"

includeAll logical

decreasing logical. Should the orderBy order be increasing or decreasing?

variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue' colorBy a logical value, whether to connect the nodes of the same group with wires. group

shape a logical value, whether to use nodes of different shapes to distinguish the group

it belongs to

drag\_network 9

#### Value

plot

#### Author(s)

guangchuang yu

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   de <- names(geneList)[1:100]</pre>
   x <- enrichDO(de)</pre>
    dotplot(x)
   # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    dotplot(x, showCategory = 10)
    categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
   dotplot(x, showCategory = categorys)
    # It can also graph compareClusterResult
    data(gcSample)
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(DOSE)
    library(org.Hs.eg.db)
    data(gcSample)
    xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")</pre>
    xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
   library(ggstar)
    dotplot(xx2)
    dotplot(xx2, shape = TRUE)
    dotplot(xx2, group = TRUE)
    dotplot(xx2, x = "GeneRatio", group = TRUE, size = "count")
## End(Not run)
```

drag\_network

Drag the nodes of a network to update the layout of the network

#### **Description**

Drag the nodes of a network to update the layout of the network

```
drag_network(p, g = NULL)
```

## Arguments

- p the network diagram as a ggplot/gg/ggraph object.
- g an corresponding igraph object. Default is to extract from the 'ggraph' attribute.

#### Value

an updated ggplot/gg/ggraph object

#### **Examples**

emapplot

emapplot

#### **Description**

Enrichment Map for enrichment result of over-representation test or gene set enrichment analysis

```
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)

emapplot.enrichResult(
    x,
    showCategory = 30,
    layout = NULL,
    coords = NULL,
```

```
color = "p.adjust",
 min\_edge = 0.2,
  cex_label_category = 1,
  cex_category = 1,
  cex_line = 1,
  shadowtext = TRUE,
  label_style = "shadowtext",
  repel = FALSE,
  node_label = "category",
 with_edge = TRUE,
 group_category = FALSE,
  group_legend = FALSE,
  cex_label_group = 1,
  nWords = 4,
  label_format = 30,
  clusterFunction = stats::kmeans,
 nCluster = NULL,
)
emapplot.compareClusterResult(
  showCategory = 30,
  layout = NULL,
  coords = NULL,
  split = NULL,
 pie = "equal",
  legend_n = 5,
  cex_category = 1,
  cex_line = 1,
 min_edge = 0.2,
  cex_label_category = 1,
  shadowtext = TRUE,
 with_edge = TRUE,
  group_category = FALSE,
  label_format = 30,
  group_legend = FALSE,
  node_label = "category",
  label_style = "shadowtext",
  repel = FALSE,
  cex_label_group = 1,
  nWords = 4,
  clusterFunction = stats::kmeans,
  nCluster = NULL,
 cex_pie2axis = 1,
)
```

#### **Arguments**

x Enrichment result.

showCategory A number or a vector of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be dis-

played. If it is a vector of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.

... additional parameters

additional parameters can refer the following parameters.

• force Force of repulsion between overlapping text labels. Defaults to 1.

- nudge\_x, nudge\_y Horizontal and vertical adjustments to nudge the starting position of each text label.
- direction "both", "x", or "y" direction in which to adjust position of labels.
- ellipse\_style style of ellipse, one of "ggforce" an "polygon".
- ellipse\_pro numeric indicating confidence value for the ellipses, it can be used only when ellipse\_style = "polygon".
- alpha the transparency of ellipse fill.
- type The type of ellipse. The default "t" assumes a multivariate t-distribution, and "norm" assumes a multivariate normal distribution. "euclid" draws a circle with the radius equal to level, representing the euclidean distance from the center.

layout Layout of the map, e.g. 'star', 'circle', 'gem', 'dh', 'graphopt', 'grid', 'mds',

'randomly', 'fr', 'kk', 'drl' or 'lgl'.

coords a data.frame with two columns: 'x' for X-axis coordinate and 'y' for Y-axis

coordinate.

color Variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue'.

min\_edge The minimum similarity threshold for whether two nodes are connected, should

between 0 and 1, default value is 0.2.

cex\_label\_category

Scale of category node label size.

cex\_category Number indicating the amount by which plotting category nodes should be

scaled relative to the default.

cex\_line Scale of line width

shadowtext a logical value, whether to use shadow font.

label\_style style of group label, one of "shadowtext" and "ggforce".

repel whether to correct the position of the label. Defaults to FALSE.

node\_label Select which labels to be displayed, one of 'category', 'group', 'all' and 'none'.

with\_edge Logical, if TRUE (the default), draw the edges of the network diagram.

group\_category a logical, if TRUE(the default), group the category.

group\_legend Logical, if TRUE, the grouping legend will be displayed. The default is FALSE.

cex\_label\_group

Numeric, scale of group labels size, the default value is 1.

nWords Numeric, the number of words in the cluster tags, the default value is 4.

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels.

clusterFunction

function of Clustering method, such as stats::kmeans(the default), cluster::clara,

cluster::fanny or cluster::pam.

nCluster Numeric, the number of clusters, the default value is square root of the number

of nodes.

split separate result by 'category' variable

pie proportion of clusters in the pie chart, one of 'equal' (default) and 'Count'

legend\_n number of circle in legend

default value is 1.

#### **Details**

This function visualizes gene sets as a network (i.e. enrichment map). Mutually overlapping gene sets tend to cluster together, making it easier for interpretation. When the similarity between terms meets a certain threshold (default is 0.2, adjusted by parameter 'min\_edge'), there will be edges between terms. The stronger the similarity, the shorter and thicker the edges. The similarity between terms is obtained by function 'pairwise\_termsim', the details of similarity calculation can be found in its documentation: pairwise\_termsim.

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

## Examples

```
## Not run:
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   de <- names(geneList)[1:100]</pre>
   x <- enrichDO(de)</pre>
    x2 <- pairwise_termsim(x)</pre>
   emapplot(x2)
   # use `layout` to change the layout of map
   emapplot(x2, layout = "star")
  # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    emapplot(x2, showCategory = 10)
    categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
    emapplot(x2, showCategory = categorys)
    # It can also graph compareClusterResult
   data(gcSample)
```

```
library(clusterProfiler)
library(DOSE)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
data(gcSample)
xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")
xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)
emapplot(xx2)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

 $emapplot\_cluster$ 

Functional grouping network diagram for enrichment result of overrepresentation test or gene set enrichment analysis

## Description

This function has been replaced by 'emapplot'.

## Usage

```
emapplot_cluster(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x enrichment result... additional parameters. Please refer to: emapplot.

#### Value

```
ggplot2 object
```

```
for tify. {\tt compareClusterResult} \\ \textit{for tify}
```

## Description

convert compareClusterResult to a data.frame that ready for plot convert enrichResult object for ggplot2

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'compareClusterResult'
fortify(
 model,
 data,
  showCategory = 5,
 by = "geneRatio",
  split = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE
)
## S3 method for class 'enrichResult'
fortify(
 model,
  data,
  showCategory = 5,
 by = "Count",
 order = FALSE,
 drop = FALSE,
  split = NULL,
)
```

## Arguments

```
'enrichResult' or 'compareClusterResult' object
model
data
                  not use here
showCategory
                  Category numbers to show
by
                  one of Count and GeneRatio
split
                  separate result by 'split' variable
includeAll
                  logical
                  logical
order
                  logical
drop
                  additional parameter
. . .
```

## Value

data.frame data.frame

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

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ggtable

ggtable

## Description

plot table

## Usage

```
ggtable(d, p = NULL)
```

## Arguments

d data frame

p ggplot object to extract color to color rownames(d), optional

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

guangchuang yu

goplot

goplot

## Description

plot induced GO DAG of significant terms

```
goplot(
    x,
    showCategory = 10,
    color = "p.adjust",
    layout = "sugiyama",
    geom = "text",
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
goplot(
    x,
```

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```
showCategory = 10,
  color = "p.adjust",
  layout = "sugiyama",
 geom = "text",
)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
goplot(
  Х,
  showCategory = 10,
 color = "p.adjust",
 layout = "sugiyama",
 geom = "text",
)
goplot.enrichResult(
 Х,
  showCategory = 10,
 color = "p.adjust",
 layout = "sugiyama",
 geom = "text",
)
```

## Arguments

x enrichment result.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display

color variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. pvalue, p.adjust or qvalue

layout layout of the map

geom label geom, one of 'label' or 'text'

... additional parameter

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(clusterProfiler)
  data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
```

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```
de <- names(geneList)[1:100]
yy <- enrichGO(de, 'org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP", pvalueCutoff=0.01)
    goplot(yy)
    goplot(yy, showCategory = 5)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

gseadist

gseadist

## Description

plot logFC distribution of selected gene sets

## Usage

```
gseadist(x, IDs, type = "density")
```

## Arguments

x GSEA resultIDs gene set IDs

type one of 'density' or 'boxplot'

#### Value

distribution plot

## Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

gseaplot

gseaplot

## Description

visualize analyzing result of GSEA

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## Usage

```
gseaplot(x, geneSetID, by = "all", title = "", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
gseaplot(
  Х,
  geneSetID,
 by = "all"
  title = "",
  color = "black",
  color.line = "green",
  color.vline = "#FA5860",
)
gseaplot.gseaResult(
  geneSetID,
  by = "all",
  title = "",
  color = "black",
  color.line = "green",
  color.vline = "#FA5860",
)
```

## Arguments

```
object of gsea result
Χ
geneSetID
                  geneSet ID
                  one of "runningScore" or "position"
by
title
                  plot title
. . .
                  additional parameters
                  color of line segments
color
color.line
                  color of running enrichment score line
color.vline
                  color of vertical line which indicating the maximum/minimal running enrich-
                  ment score
```

#### **Details**

plotting function for gseaResult

#### Value

```
ggplot2 object ggplot2 object
```

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#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

#### **Examples**

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
x <- gseDO(geneList)
gseaplot(x, geneSetID=1)</pre>
```

gseaplot2

gseaplot2

#### **Description**

GSEA plot that mimic the plot generated by broad institute's GSEA software

#### Usage

```
gseaplot2(
    X,
    geneSetID,
    title = "",
    color = "green",
    base_size = 11,
    rel_heights = c(1.5, 0.5, 1),
    subplots = 1:3,
    pvalue_table = FALSE,
    ES_geom = "line"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gseaResult object
Χ
geneSetID
                  gene set ID
title
                  plot title
color
                  color of running enrichment score line
base_size
                  base font size
rel_heights
                  relative heights of subplots
subplots
                  which subplots to be displayed
                  whether add pvalue table
pvalue_table
                  geom for plotting running enrichment score, one of 'line' or 'dot'
ES_geom
```

#### Value

plot

gsearank 21

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

gsearank

gsearank

## Description

plot ranked list of genes with running enrichment score as bar height

## Usage

```
gsearank(x, geneSetID, title = "")
```

## **Arguments**

x gseaResult object

geneSetID gene set ID title plot title

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

gsInfo

gsInfo

## Description

extract gsea result of selected geneSet

## Usage

```
gsInfo(object, geneSetID)
```

## Arguments

object gseaResult object geneSetID gene set ID 22 heatplot

#### Value

data.frame

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

heatplot

heatplot

#### **Description**

heatmap like plot for functional classification

#### Usage

```
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL, label_format = 30)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL)
heatplot.enrichResult(
    x,
    showCategory = 30,
    foldChange = NULL,
    label_format = 30
)
```

#### **Arguments**

x enrichment result.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display

foldChange fold Change.

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

#### Value

ggplot object

## Author(s)

```
guangchuang yu
Guangchuang Yu
```

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#### **Examples**

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
de <- names(geneList)[1:100]
x <- enrichDO(de)
heatplot(x)</pre>
```

pairwise\_termsim

pairwise\_termsim

#### **Description**

Get the similarity matrix

#### Usage

```
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
pairwise_termsim.enrichResult(
  Х,
 method = "JC",
  semData = NULL,
  showCategory = 200
)
pairwise_termsim.compareClusterResult(
  х,
 method = "JC",
  semData = NULL,
  showCategory = 200
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x enrichment result.
```

method method of calculating the similarity between nodes, one of "Resnik", "Lin", "Rel", "Jiang", "Wang" and "JC"(Jaccard similarity coefficient) methods.

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semData GOSemSimDATA object, can be obtained through godata function in GOSem-

Sim package.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display, default value is 200.

#### **Details**

This function add similarity matrix to the termsim slot of enrichment result. Users can use the 'method' parameter to select the method of calculating similarity. The Jaccard correlation coefficient(JC) is used by default, and it applies to all situations. When users want to calculate the correlation between GO terms or DO terms, they can also choose "Resnik", "Lin", "Rel" or "Jiang" (they are semantic similarity calculation methods from GOSemSim packages), and at this time, the user needs to provide 'semData' parameter, which can be obtained through godata function in GOSemSim package.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   library(enrichplot)
   library(GOSemSim)
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   gene <- names(geneList)[abs(geneList) > 2]
   ego <- enrichGO(gene = gene,
                     = names(geneList),
       universe
       OrgDb
                      = org.Hs.eg.db,
       ont
                      = "BP",
       pAdjustMethod = "BH"
       pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
       qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
       readable
                     = TRUE)
   d <- godata('org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP")</pre>
   ego2 <- pairwise_termsim(ego, method="Wang", semData = d)
   emapplot(ego2)
   emapplot_cluster(ego2)
## End(Not run)
```

plotting.clusterProfile

plotting-clusterProfile

#### Description

Internal plot function for plotting compareClusterResult

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#### Usage

```
plotting.clusterProfile(
  clProf.reshape.df,
  x = ~Cluster,
  type = "dot",
  colorBy = "p.adjust",
  by = "geneRatio",
  title = "",
  font.size = 12
)
```

#### **Arguments**

clProf.reshape.df

data frame of compareCluster result

x x variable

type one of dot and bar

colorBy one of pvalue or p.adjust by one of percentage and count

title graph title font.size graph font size

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu https://guangchuangyu.github.io

pmcplot pmcplot

#### **Description**

PubMed Central Trend plot

#### Usage

```
pmcplot(query, period, proportion = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

query query terms

period period of query in the unit of year

proportion If TRUE, use query\_hits/all\_hits, otherwise use query\_hits

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#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

guangchuang yu

ridgeplot

ridgeplot

## Description

ridgeline plot for GSEA result

```
ridgeplot(
  Х,
  showCategory = 30,
 fill = "p.adjust",
  core_enrichment = TRUE,
  label_format = 30,
)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
ridgeplot(
 Х,
 showCategory = 30,
 fill = "p.adjust",
 core_enrichment = TRUE,
 label_format = 30,
)
ridgeplot.gseaResult(
  х,
  showCategory = 30,
  fill = "p.adjust",
  core_enrichment = TRUE,
  label_format = 30,
 orderBy = "NES",
 decreasing = FALSE
)
```

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## Arguments

x gseaResult object

showCategory number of categories for plotting fill one of "pvalue", "p.adjust", "qvalue"

core\_enrichment

whether only using core\_enriched genes

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels.

... additional parameters by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

orderBy The order of the Y-axis

decreasing logical. Should the orderBy order be increasing or decreasing?

#### Value

ggplot object

#### Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

#### **Examples**

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
x <- gseDO(geneList)
ridgeplot(x)</pre>
```

ssplot

ssplot

#### **Description**

Similarity space plot of enrichment analysis results.

```
ssplot(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
ssplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
ssplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
```

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```
ssplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
ssplot.enrichResult(
  showCategory = 30,
 nCluster = NULL,
 drfun = NULL,
 with_edge = FALSE,
 dr.params = list(),
)
ssplot.compareClusterResult(
  showCategory = 30,
  split = NULL,
 pie = "equal",
 nCluster = NULL,
 drfun = NULL,
 with_edge = FALSE,
  cex_pie2axis = 0.0125,
 dr.params = list(),
)
```

## Arguments

enrichment result.
additional parameters
additional parameters can refer the emapplot function: emapplot.
number of enriched terms to display
Numeric, the number of clusters, the default value is square root of the number of nodes.
The function used for dimension reduction, e.g. stats::cmdscale (the default), vegan::metaMDS, or ape::pcoa.
Logical, if TRUE (the default), draw the edges of the network diagram.
list, the parameters of tidydr::dr.
separate result by 'category' variable
proportion of clusters in the pie chart, one of 'equal' (default) and 'Count'
It is used to adjust the relative size of the pie chart on the coordinate axis, the default value is 0.0125.

#### Value

ggplot object

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   library(enrichplot)
   library(GOSemSim)
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   gene <- names(geneList)[abs(geneList) > 2]
   ego <- enrichGO(gene = gene,
                     = names(geneList),
       universe
        OrgDb
                     = org.Hs.eg.db,
                     = "BP",
        ont
        pAdjustMethod = "BH",
        pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
        qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
        readable
                     = TRUE)
   d <- godata('org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP")</pre>
    ego2 <- pairwise_termsim(ego, method = "Wang", semData = d)</pre>
    ssplot(ego2)
## End(Not run)
```

treeplot

treeplot

#### **Description**

Functional grouping tree diagram for enrichment result of over-representation test or gene set enrichment analysis.

```
nWords = 4,
 nCluster = 5,
  cex_category = 1,
  label_format = NULL,
  label_format_cladelab = 30,
  label_format_tiplab = NULL,
  fontsize = 4,
 offset = rel(1),
 offset_tiplab = rel(1),
 hclust_method = "ward.D",
 group_color = NULL,
  extend = 0.3,
 hilight = TRUE,
 hexpand = 0.1,
  align = "both",
)
treeplot.compareClusterResult(
  showCategory = 5,
  color = "p.adjust",
  nWords = 4,
  nCluster = 5,
  cex_category = 1,
  split = NULL,
 label_format = NULL,
  label_format_cladelab = 30,
  label_format_tiplab = NULL,
  fontsize = 4,
 offset = rel(1),
  pie = "equal",
  legend_n = 3,
  offset_tiplab = rel(1),
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  group_color = NULL,
  extend = 0.3,
 hilight = TRUE,
  geneClusterPanel = "heatMap",
 hexpand = 0.1,
  align = "both",
)
```

## Arguments

```
x enrichment result.
showCategory number of enriched terms to display
```

color variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. pvalue, p.adjust or qvalue

label\_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels.

... additional parameters

nWords The number of words in the cluster tags.

nCluster The number of clusters, the default value is 5.

cex\_category Number indicating the amount by which plotting category. nodes should be

scaled relative to the default.

label\_format\_cladelab

label\_format for group labels, a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a

custom function to format axis labels.

label\_format\_tiplab

label\_format for tiplabs, a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis labels. displayed completely, the user can increase this

value.

fontsize The size of text, default is 4.

offset rel object or numeric value, distance bar and tree, offset of bar and text from the

clade, default is rel(1), meaning 1 \* 1.2 \* x\_range\_of\_tree plus distance\_between\_tree\_and\_tiplab

(1 \* (1.2 \* x\_range\_of\_tree + distance\_between\_tree\_and\_tiplab)).

offset\_tiplab tiplab offset, rel object or numeric value, the bigger the number, the farther the

distance between the node and the branch. The default is rel(1), when geneClusterPanel = "pie", meaning 1 \* max\_radius\_of\_the\_pies; when geneClusterPanel = "heatMap", meaning 1 \* 0.16 \* column\_number\_of\_heatMap \* x\_range\_of\_tree; when geneClusterPanel = "dotplot", meaning 1 \* 0.09 \* column\_number\_of\_dotplot

\* x\_range\_of\_tree.

hclust\_method Method of hclust. This should be (an unambiguous abbreviation of) one of

"ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average" (= UPGMA), "mcquitty"

(= WPGMA), "median" (= WPGMC) or "centroid" (= UPGMC).

group\_color A vector of group colors, the length of the vector should be the same as nCluster.

extend Numeric, extend the length of bar, default is 0.3.

hilight Logical value, if TRUE(default), add ggtree::geom\_hilight() layer.

hexpand expand x limits by amount of xrange \* hexpand.

align control the align direction of the edge of high light rectangular. Options is

'none', 'left', 'right', 'both (default)'.

split Separate result by 'category' variable.

pie Used only when geneClusterPanel = "pie", proportion of clusters in the pie chart,

one of 'equal' (default) and 'Count'.

legend\_n Number of circle in legend, the default value is 3.

geneClusterPanel

one of "heatMap"(default), "dotplot", "pie".

#### Details

This function visualizes gene sets as a tree. Gene sets with high similarity tend to cluster together, making it easier for interpretation.

#### Value

ggplot object

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   library(enrichplot)
   library(GOSemSim)
   library(ggplot2)
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   gene <- names(geneList)[abs(geneList) > 2]
   ego <- enrichGO(gene = gene,
       universe = names(geneList),
       OrgDb
                    = org.Hs.eg.db,
                    = "BP",
       ont
       pAdjustMethod = "BH",
       pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
       qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
                     = TRUE)
       readable
   d <- godata('org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP")</pre>
   ego2 <- pairwise_termsim(ego, method = "Wang", semData = d)</pre>
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30)
   # use `hilight = FALSE` to remove ggtree::geom_hilight() layer.
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE)
   # use `offset` parameter to adjust the distance of bar and tree.
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE, offset = rel(1.5))
   # use `offset_tiplab` parameter to adjust the distance of nodes and branches.
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE, offset_tiplab = rel(1.5))
   keep <- rownames(ego2@termsim)[c(1:10, 16:20)]
   keep
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = keep)
   treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 20,
       group_color = c("#999999", "#E69F00", "#56B4E9", "#009E73", "#F0E442"))
   # It can also graph compareClusterResult
   data(gcSample)
   xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichKEGG",</pre>
                         organism="hsa", pvalueCutoff=0.05)
   xx <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
   treeplot(xx)
   # use `geneClusterPanel` to change the gene cluster panel.
   treeplot(xx, geneClusterPanel = "dotplot")
   treeplot(xx, geneClusterPanel = "pie")
## End(Not run)
```

upsetplot 33

upsetplot

upsetplot method

## Description

```
upsetplot method generics
```

## Usage

```
upsetplot(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
upsetplot(x, n = 10, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
upsetplot(x, n = 10, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x object
```

... additional parameters

n number of categories to be plotted

### Value

plot

## Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

## **Examples**

```
require(DOSE)
data(geneList)
de=names(geneList)[1:100]
x <- enrichDO(de)
upsetplot(x, 8)</pre>
```

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