

Polars cheat sheet



General

```
Install
pip install polars

Import
import polars as pl
```

Creating/reading DataFrames

Create DataFrame

```
Read CSV

df = pl.read_csv("https://j.mp/iriscsv",

has_header=True)
```

```
Read parquet

df = pl.read_parquet("path.parquet")
```

Expressions

```
Polars expressions can be performed in sequence. This improves readability of code.

df \
    .filter(pl.col("nrs") < 4) \
    .groupby("groups") \
    .agg(
    pl \
        .all() \
        .sum()
)
```

by Franz Diebold (diebold.io)

Subset Observations - rows



```
Filter: Extract rows that meet logical criteria.

df.filter(pl.col("random") > 0.5)

df.filter(
   (pl.col("groups") == "B")
   & (pl.col("random") > 0.5)
)
```

```
Sample

# Randomly select fraction of rows.

df.sample(frac=0.5)

# Randomly select n rows.

df.sample(n=2)
```

Select first and last rows # Select first n rows df.head(n=2) # Select last n rows. df.tail(n=2)

Subset Variables - columns



```
Select multiple columns with specific names

df.select(["nrs", "names"])

Select columns whose name matches regex
```

```
Select columns whose name matches regex df.select(pl.col("^n.*$"))
```

Subsets - rows and columns



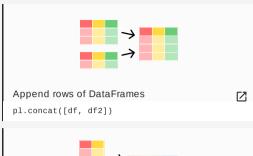
```
Select rows 2-4

df[2:4, :]

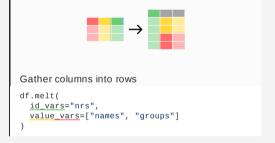
Select columns in positions 1 and 3 (first column is 0)

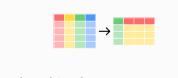
df[:, [1, 3]]
```

Reshaping Data – Change layout, sorting, renaming









```
Order rows by values of a column

# low to high
df.sort("random")

# high to low
df.sort("random", reverse=True)
```

```
Rename the columns of a DataFrame

df.rename({"nrs": "idx"})

Drop columns from DataFrame
```

df.drop(["names", "random"])

Summarize Data

df.height

```
Count number of rows with each unique value of variable

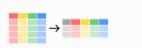
df["groups"].value_counts()

# of rows in DataFrame
len(df)
# or
```

Tuple of # of rows, # of columns in DataFrame

df.shape

of distinct values in a column
df["groups"].n_unique()



Basic descriptive and statistics for each column df.describe()

```
Aggregation functions
df.select(
      # Sum values
      pl.sum("random").alias("sum"),
      # Minimum value
      pl.min("random").alias("min"),
      # Maximum value
      pl.max("random").alias("max"),
      pl.col("random").max().alias("other_max")
      # Standard deviation
      pl.std("random").alias("std dev"),
      # Variance
      pl.var("random").alias("variance"),
      # Median
      pl.median("random").alias("median"),
      pl.mean("random").alias("mean"),
      # Quantile
      pl.quantile("random", 0.75) \
        .alias("quantile 0.75"),
      pl.col("random").quantile(0.75) \
        .alias("other_quantile_0.75"),
```