Polars cheat sheet

Open in Colab

General

Install

```
pip install polars
```

Import

```
import polars as pl
```

Creating/reading DataFrames

Create DataFrame

nrs	names	random	groups
1	"foo"	0.3	"A"
2	"ham"	0.7	"A"
3	"spam"	0.1	"B"
null	"egg"	0.9	"C"
5	null	0.6	"B"

```
df = pl.DataFrame(
  {
    "nrs": [1, 2, 3, None, 5],
    "names": ["foo", "ham", "spam", "egg", None
    "random": [0.3, 0.7, 0.1, 0.9, 0.6],
    "groups": ["A", "A", "B", "C", "B"],
  }
)
```

Read CSV

```
df = pl.read_csv("https://j.mp/iriscsv",
                 has_header=True)
```

Read parquet

```
df = pl.read_parquet("path.parquet")
```

Expressions

Polars expressions can be performed in sequence. This improves readability of code.

```
df \
  .filter(pl.col("nrs") < 4) \
  .groupby("groups") \
  .agg(pl.all().sum())
```

Subset Observations - rows

```
# Filter: Extract rows that meet logical crite
df.filter(pl.col("random") > 0.5)
df.filter(
  (pl.col("groups") == "B")
  & (pl.col("random") > 0.5)
)


# Sample
# Randomly select fraction of rows.
df.sample(frac=0.5)

# Randomly select n rows.
df.sample(n=2)


# Select first n rows
df.head(n=2)

# Select last n rows.
df.tail(n=2)
```

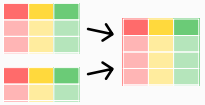
Subset Variables - columns

```
# Select multiple columns with specific names.
df.select(["nrs", "names"])


# Select columns whose name matches regex.
df.select(pl.col("^n.*$"))
```

Subsets - rows and columns

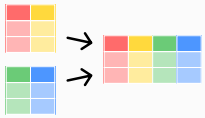
```
# Select rows 2-4.
df[2:4, :]

# Select columns in positions 1 and 3
# (first column is 0).
df[:, [1, 3]]

# Select rows meeting logical condition,
# and only the specific columns.
df[df["random"] > 0.5, ["names", "groups"]]
```

Reshaping Data – Change layout, sorting, renaming



Append rows of DataFrames

```
pl.concat([df, df2])
```



Append columns of DataFrames

```
pl.concat([df, df3], how="horizontal")
```

```
# Gather columns into rows.
df.melt(
  id_vars=["nrs", "names"],
  value_vars=["random", "groups"]
)

# Spread rows into columns.
df.pivot(values="nrs", index="groups",
         columns="names")

# Order rows by values of a column (low to hig
df.sort("random")

# Order rows by values of a column (high to lo
df.sort("random", reverse=True)

# Rename the columns of a DataFrame.
df.rename({"nrs": "idx"})

# Drop columns from DataFrame.
df.drop(["names", "random"])
```

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