Advanced Micro Devices

Advanced Media Framework - Display Capture

Programming Gu	iide	

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1 Introduction

The AMD Advanced Media Framework (AMF) includes functionality for display capture to facilitate various streaming solutions in remote display, network game streaming and other applications. The display capture function is designed to

work in conjunction with other AMF components, such as H.264, H.265 and AV1 encoders and color space converter.

AMF currently offers two components to perform display capture. One legacy component is using the Microsoft DXGI Desktop Duplication API (DD), while the new component utilizes an AMD's proprietary API to perform screen capture. The new display capture API is not available in legacy drivers, however it provides a more efficient way to perform display capture with lower latency and lower impact on the CPU and GPU performance. It is therefore recommended to use the new API for solutions where compatibility with legacy drivers is not required.

Functionally both methods are equivalent and implement the same API. The legacy DD component is available in the source code form as a sample.

Note: The Display Capture API requires root or super user privileges when running on Linux systems.

2 Display Capture Programming Model

AMF provides a standard component implementing the AMFComponent interface to perform display capture. For more information about the AMFComponent interface please refer to Section 2.6.1 of the AMF API Reference.

The Display Capture component is a source and does not take any input.

2.1 Creating the Display Capture Component

To create an instance of the Display Capture component, call the AMFFactory::CreateComponent() method passing AMFDisplayCapture as parameter. Include the public/include/components/DisplayCapture.h header.

The open source legacy Display Capture component based on the Microsoft DXGI Desktop Duplication API is included in the AMF samples in form of source code. It can be created by calling the AMFCreateComponentDisplayCapture function defined in public/src/components/DisplayCapture/DisplayCaptureImpl.cpp. Refer to the public DVR sample for details.

2.2 Initializing the Display Capture Component

The Display Capture component is initialized by calling the AMFComponent::Init method. Prior to calling AMFComponent::Init a number of properties must

be set on the component object using the AMFPropertyStorage::SetProperty method:

Name	Type
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MONITOR_INDEX AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAMERATE	amf_int64 AMFRate

Table 1. Properties of the SetProperty method

Name: AMF DISPLAYCAPTURE MONITOR INDEX

Values: IDXGIFactory::EnumAdapters for Windows, index on libdrm display

enumeration on Linux

Default Value: 0

Description: A monitor index to capture, determined by calling

IDXGIFactory::EnumAdapters, 0 specifies the default monitor.

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAMERATE

Values: Desired capture output framerate for FRAMERATE mode

Default Value: (0,1)

Description: Frame rate to perform the capture at. Setting the numerator to 0 causes the capture to be performed at the rate defined by either the application's flip frequency (for full-screen applications) or by DWM (for windows applications).

You can implement custom control of timestamps on each captured frame by providing a custom implementation of the AMFCurrentTime interface defined in public/include/core/CurrentTime.h and assigning it to the AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_CURRENT_TIME_INTERFACE property. By default, when the AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_CURRENT_TIME_INTERFACE property is not set, timestamps are assigned the value returned by amf_high_precision_clock()

function at the time when a frame is captured.

Once the properties are set, call the AMFComponent::Init method. Pass AMF_SURFACE_UNKNOWN for format and zeros for width and height.

Once successfully initialized, the Display Capture component can be queried for output.

Upon initialization, the following properties can be read using the AMFPropertyStorage::GetProperty method:

Name	Type
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FORMAT AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_RESOLUTION AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_ROTATION	amf_int64 AMFSize AMF ROTATION ENUM

Table 2. Properties of GetProperty method

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FORMAT

Values: AMF_SURFACE_FORMAT

Default Value: N/A

Description: Capture format (AMF_SURFACE_FORMAT).

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_RESOLUTION

Values: A valid size.

Default Value: N/A or (0,0)

Description: Captured image resolution; An output parameter representing

actual screen/display size.

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_ROTATION

Values: AMF_ROTATION_ENUM: AMF_ROTATION_NONE, AMF_ROTATION_90,

AMF_ROTATION_180, AMF_ROTATION_270

Default Value: AMF_ROTATION_NONE

Description: Rotation of monitor being captured, AMF_ROTATION_NONE by

 ${\it default.}$

2.3 Querying for Output

The output of the Display Capture component can be obtained by calling the AMFComponent::QueryOutput method in a loop. The loop needs to run fast enough to sustain the frame rate set during initialization using the AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAMERATE property. When a frame is available, AMFComponent::QueryOutput places a pointer to the AMFSurface object at the location pointed to by the ppData parameter. When no new frame is

available yet, ppData is set to NULL and AMFComponent::QueryOutput returns AMF_REPEAT.

As with any other AMF component, it is recommended to run the polling loop in a separate thread. Whenever AMFComponent::QueryOutput returns AMF_REPEAT, the polling thread should be put to sleep for at least 1 ms to avoid high CPU utilization.

The AMFSurface object containing a captured frame that was obtained from AMFComponent::QueryOutput can be used as input for the next component in the pipeline.

The capture contained in the returned AMFSurface can also be modified with the following properties:

AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_DUPLICATEOUTPUT, of type amf_bool, false by default. If set, the frame returned in the AMFSurface object will be a copy the last captured output.

AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_ENABLE_DIRTY_RECTS, of type amf_bool, false by default. If set, dirty rectangles indicating changed areas in frame since last output are attached to the returned AMFSurface as the property AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_DIRTY_RECTS (See Section 2.5).

AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_DRAW_DIRTY_RECTS, of type amf_bool, false by default. If set, the captured output in the AMFSurface will have the dirty rectangles drawn in red. For debugging purposes only.

2.4 Shutting Down Display Capture

To stop display capture, call AMFComponent::Drain. You can exit the polling loop and terminate the polling thread once AMFComponent::QueryOutput returns AMF_EOF.

Call AMFComponent::Terminate and release the pointer to the Display Capture component.

2.5 Capture modes

Application can select three capture modes by setting AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE into one of three modes:

Name	Type
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_KEEP_FRAMERATE	AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_WAIT_FOR_PRESENT	AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_GET_CURRENT_SURFACE	AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE

Table 3. AMF Capture modes

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_KEEP_FRAMERATE

Value: 0

Description: Component will keep requested framerate, repeating frame if new

present didn't happen

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Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_WAIT_FOR_PRESENT

Value: 1

Description: Component returns captured frame with presentation rate: DWM

or full screen app.

 $\mathbf{Name:} \ \mathtt{AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_MODE_GET_CURRENT_SURFACE}$

Value: 2

Description: Component returns current frame immediately.

If available, the output surface will have the following properties:

Name	Type
AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAME_INDEX AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAME_FLIP_TIMESTAMP AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_DIRTY_RECTS	amf_int64 amf_int64 AMFBufferPtr

Table 4. Output surface properties

Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAME_INDEX

Values: <=0

Default Value: 0

Description: Index of present call for the current captured frame starting from

beginning of capture.

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Name: AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_FRAME_FLIP_TIMESTAMP

Values: <=0

Default Value: 0

 ${\bf Description:} \quad \hbox{Flip time stamp of the presented frame acquired by }$

QueryPerformanceCounter().

 $\mathbf{Name:} \ \mathtt{AMF_DISPLAYCAPTURE_DIRTY_RECTS}$

Values: AMFBufferPtr Default Value: N/A

Description: Array of AMFRect objects indicating changed areas on the captured surface since the last capture. The structure of AMFRect can be found in

public/include/core/Platform.h.

Name: AMF_DISPLAY_CAPTURE_DCC

Values: true or false
Default Value: N/A

Description: Set to true when DCC compression is enabled on the output

surface.