



# Stakeholder Requirement Viewpoint

Domain: Operational Aspect: Requirement

## Example

#	Id	Name	Imposing Stakeholder	Text	Refining Operational Story	Satisfied By
1		☐ Capability [CEO FFDS Vendor]				
2	CPBLTY-11	🔦 Fire Detection	👤 CEO FFDS Vendor	The system shall have the ability to detect fire areas.	👁 Fire Detection and Notification	
3	CPBLTY-12	☐ 🔦 Fire Monitoring	👤 CEO FFDS Vendor	The system shall have the ability to monitor fire areas	👁 Fire Detection and Notification	
4	CPBLTY-12.1	🔦 Area of Interest Monitoring	👤 CEO FFDS Vendor	In the event of a forest fire the system shall have the ability to monitor a specific area of interest.	👁 Fire Detection and Notification	
5	CPBLTY-14	🔦 Data Collection	👤 CEO FFDS Vendor	The system shall have the ability to provide collected data for further analysis.	👁 Fire Detection and Notification	
6	CPBLTY-15	🔦 Data Storage	👤 CEO FFDS Vendor	The system shall have the ability to store the collected data.		
7		☐ Forest Authority Expert				
8		☐ Capability				
9	CPBLTY-16	🕒 24/7 Availability	👤 Forest Authority Expert	The system shall be available 24/7. Rational: A forest fire could occur anytime.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
10		☐ Quality				
11	STK-REQ-QLT-21	🔦 Forest Size	👤 Forest Authority Expert	The system shall be scalable for forest up to the size of 500 million hectare.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
12	STK-REQ-QLT-22	🔦 False Alarm (false negative)	👤 Forest Authority Expert	The probability of false alarms must be lower than 5 %. Rational: A forest fire alarm triggers a lot of expensive actions.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
13	STK-REQ-QLT-23	🔦 Size of Fire	👤 Forest Authority Expert	The system shall be able to detect fire areas of at least 50 square meter initiating reactive actions to cope the fire.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
14		☐ Fire Operations Expert				
15		☐ Capability				
16	CPBLTY-17	🔦 Propagation Estimation Capability	👤 Fire Operations Expert	The system shall have the ability to predict the fire spread.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
17		☐ Quality				
18	STK-REQ-QLT-24	🔦 Geolocation	👤 Fire Operations Expert	The system shall be able to locate fires with an accuracy of 100 meter.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
19	STK-REQ-QLT-25	🔦 Fire Alert Notification Time	👤 Fire Operations Expert	The system shall be able to report a verified fire within 5 seconds. Rational: Every second counts when fighting a forest fire.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
20		☐ Capability [Nepalese Official]				
21	CPBLTY-18	🔦 Forest Fire Detecting and Monitoring Capability	👤 Nepalese Official	The system shall have the ability to detect and monitor forest fires.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
22	CPBLTY-19	🔦 Forest Fire Pattern Research Capability	👤 Nepalese Official	The system shall have the ability to research forest fire pattern(s) in order to trace the origin and development of a fire.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire
23	CPBLTY-20	🔦 Burnt Forest Area Damage Assessment Capability	👤 Nepalese Official	The system shall have the ability to assess damage in burnt areas in order to base post-fire assessment and management decisions on this information.		👉 Detect and Notify Fire

## Purpose

The Stakeholder Requirement Viewpoint specifies all properties that the intended solution shall possess or expose from the perspective of the stakeholders. The Stakeholder Requirement Viewpoint determines capability(s), function(s), non-functional property(s), and constraint(s).

## Applicability

The Stakeholder Requirement Viewpoint supports the "Stakeholder Needs and Requirements Definition Process" activities of the INCOSE SYSTEMS ENGINEERING HANDBOOK 2015 [§ 4.2] and contributes to the identification of solution constraint(s). Note:

## Stakeholder

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- [Acquirer](#)
- [Customer](#)
- [IV&V Engineer](#)
- [Regulation Authority](#)
- [Supplier](#)
- [System Architect](#)

## Concern

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- What defines a valid solution towards the customer?
- What are the normal and extreme environmental conditions for normal operation, for not operational, for storage and for transport?
- What are the requirements that a Stakeholder imposes to the system?
- What are the Requirements of environmental conditions imposed on the system?
- What is the range of acceptable system performance, i.e. the critical, top-level Performance Requirements derived from the Operational Needs?

## Presentation

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Stakeholder Requirement(s) are structured in a way that the Stakeholder behind a requirement is identifiable. As appropriate, the identified Stakeholder Requirement(s) are receiving a Derivation Link from the justifying model artefact(s), namely Operational Performer, Operational Activity, and Operational Exchange. Note 1: "One requirement package for each Stakeholder" is a best-practice modeling rule. A package contains the requirement(s) specific for one Stakeholder. Note 2: Even if different Stakeholder may have intersecting interests and / or concern(s) resulting in a similar set of requirements, each Stakeholder shall have its own set managed in a dedicated requirement package. Requirement(s) shall not be shared because of their different life cycles. Resolving duplications and conflicts is subject of the requirements analysis resulting in an agreed set of system requirement(s).

## Profile Model Reference

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- Package [UML\_Standard\_Profile]
- [SAF\\_SOV06a\\_View](#)
- [SAF\\_Stakeholder](#)
- [SAF\\_StakeholderRequirement](#)
- [SAF\\_StakeholderRequirementImposition](#)
- [SAF\\_StakeholderRequirementRefinement](#)
- [SAF\\_StakeholderRequirementRefinement](#)
- [SAF\\_SystemOfInterestConcern](#)

## Input from other Viewpoints

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## Required Viewpoints

- [Stakeholder Identification Viewpoint](#)

## Recommended Viewpoints

- [Operational Story Viewpoint](#)
- [Operational Performer Viewpoint](#)