

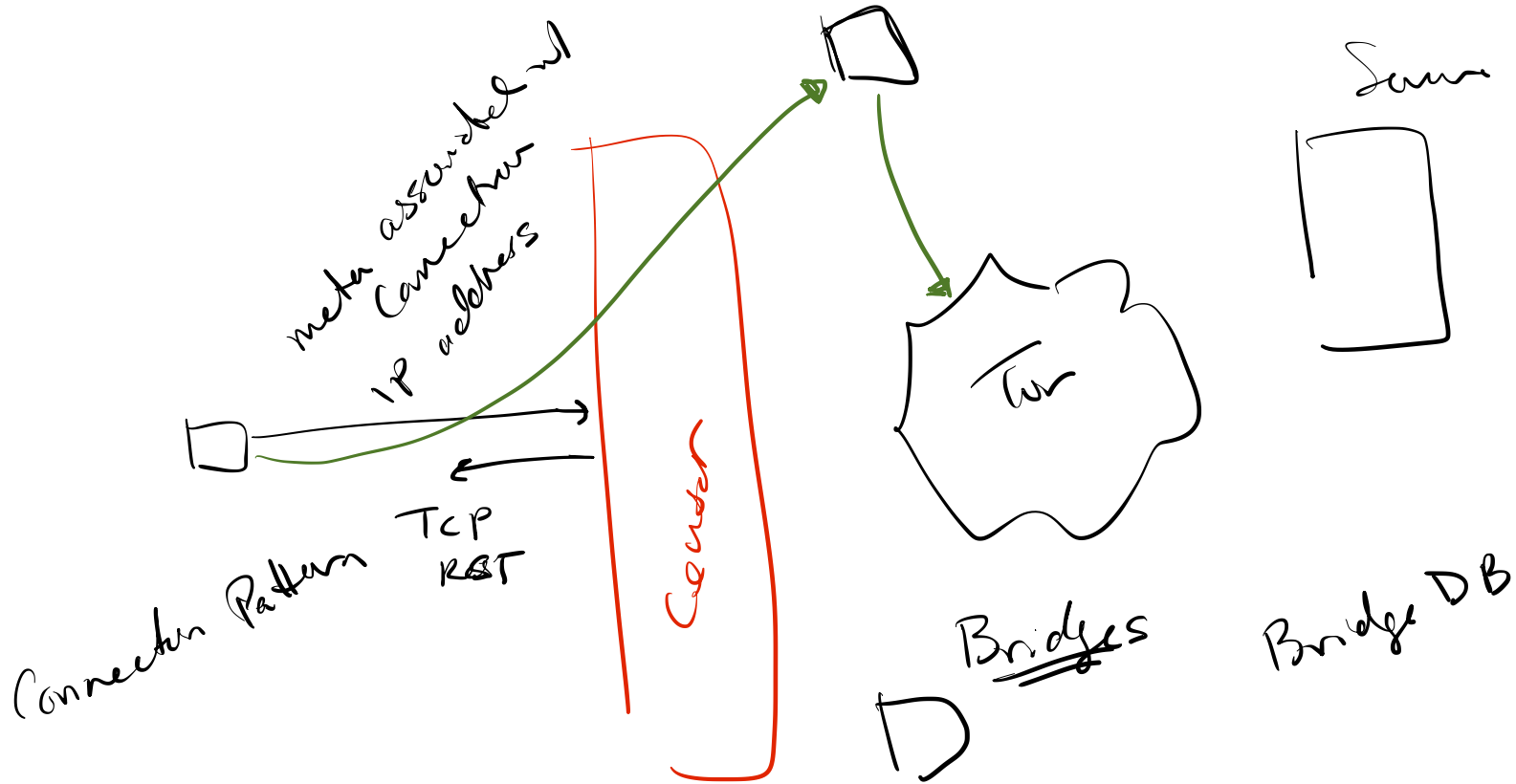
CS558 Network Security

hello world

Lecture 20: Censorship Circumvention pt 2

Review: Internet Censorship

Tor gave Censorship resistance



Censorship Circumvention is Active Research

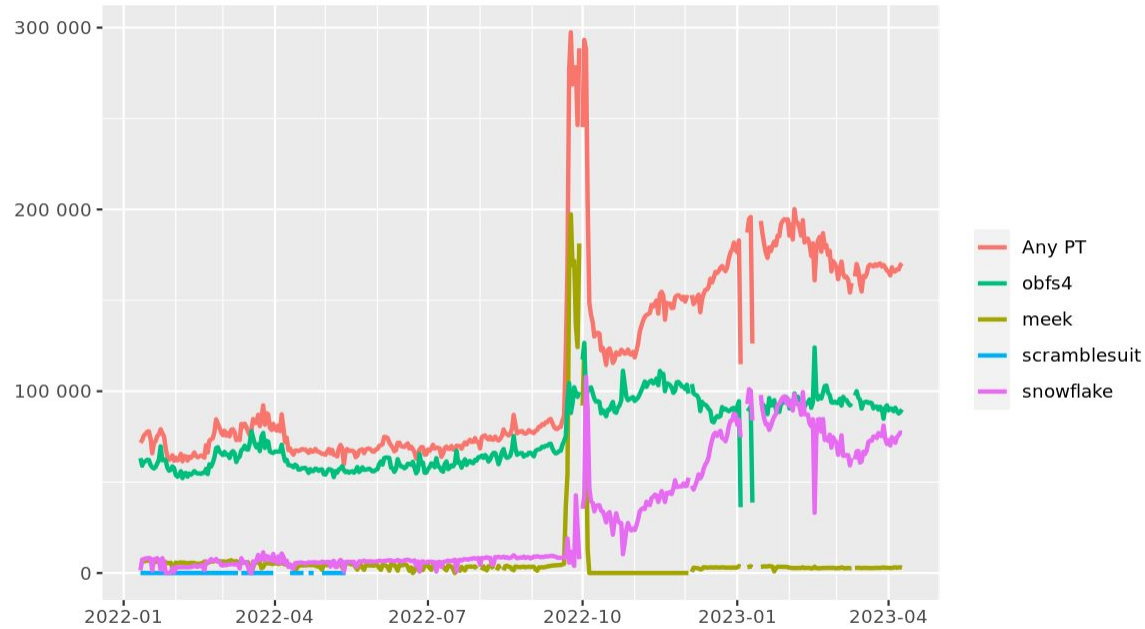
Active Pluggable Transport

- Obfs4 → *Randomization*
- Meek → *Domain fronting*
- Format-Transforming Encryption
- ScrambleSuit
- Snowflake

Non-active Pluggable Transport

- StegoTorus
- Skypemorph
- Dust

Bridge users by transport

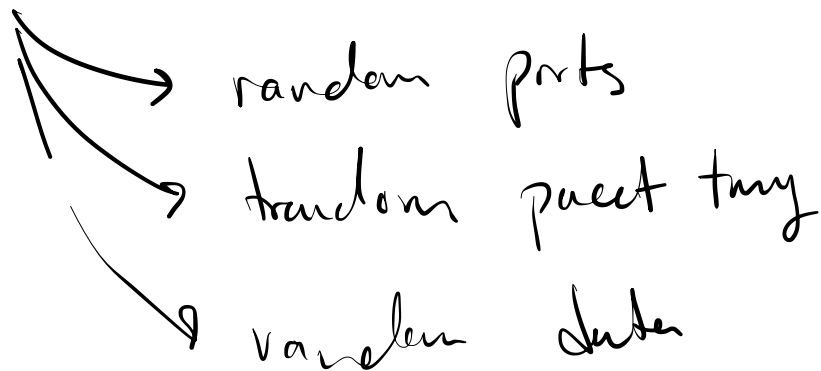


The Tor Project - <https://metrics.torproject.org/>

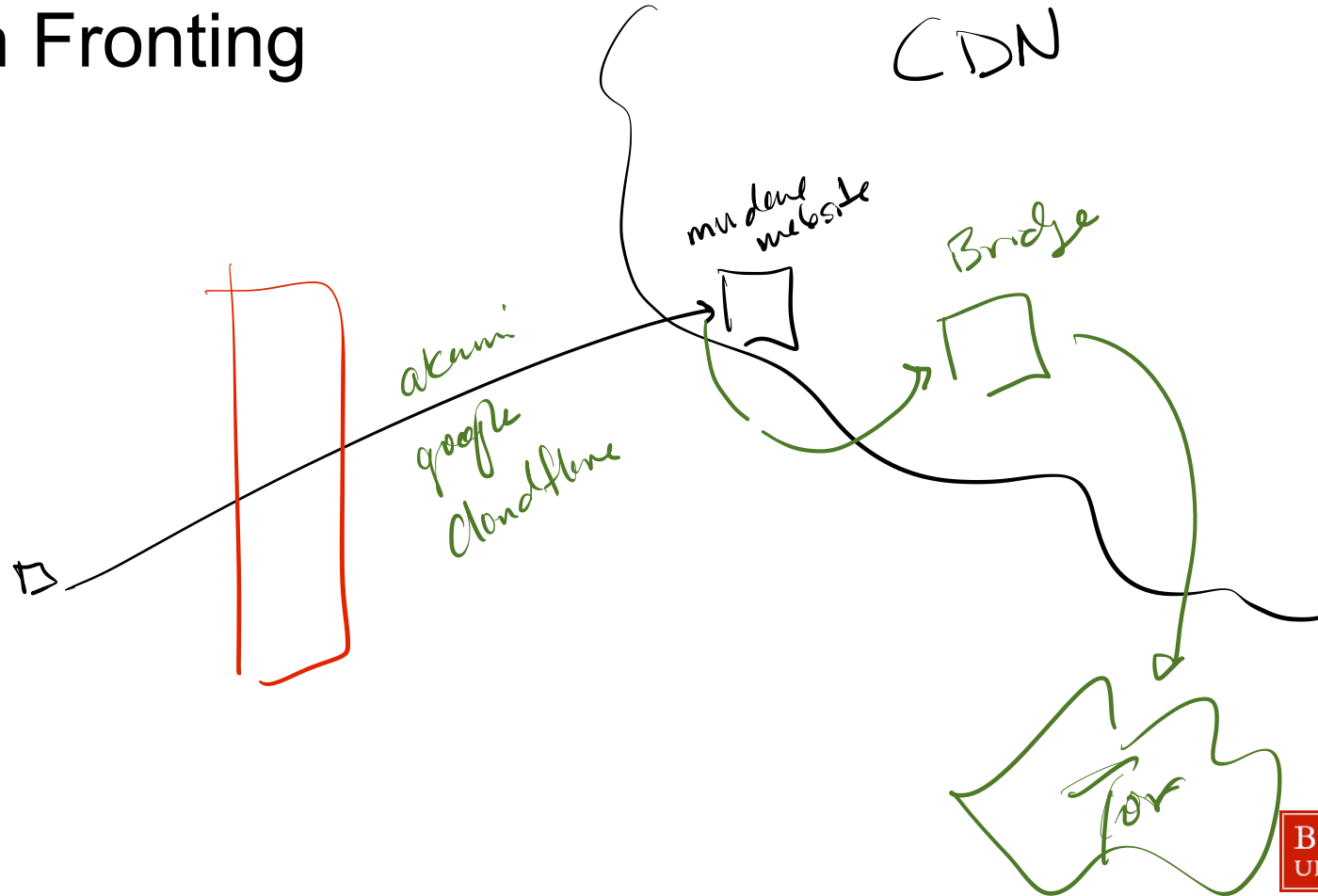
Pluggable Transport (Protocol Obfuscation)

Protocol looks random

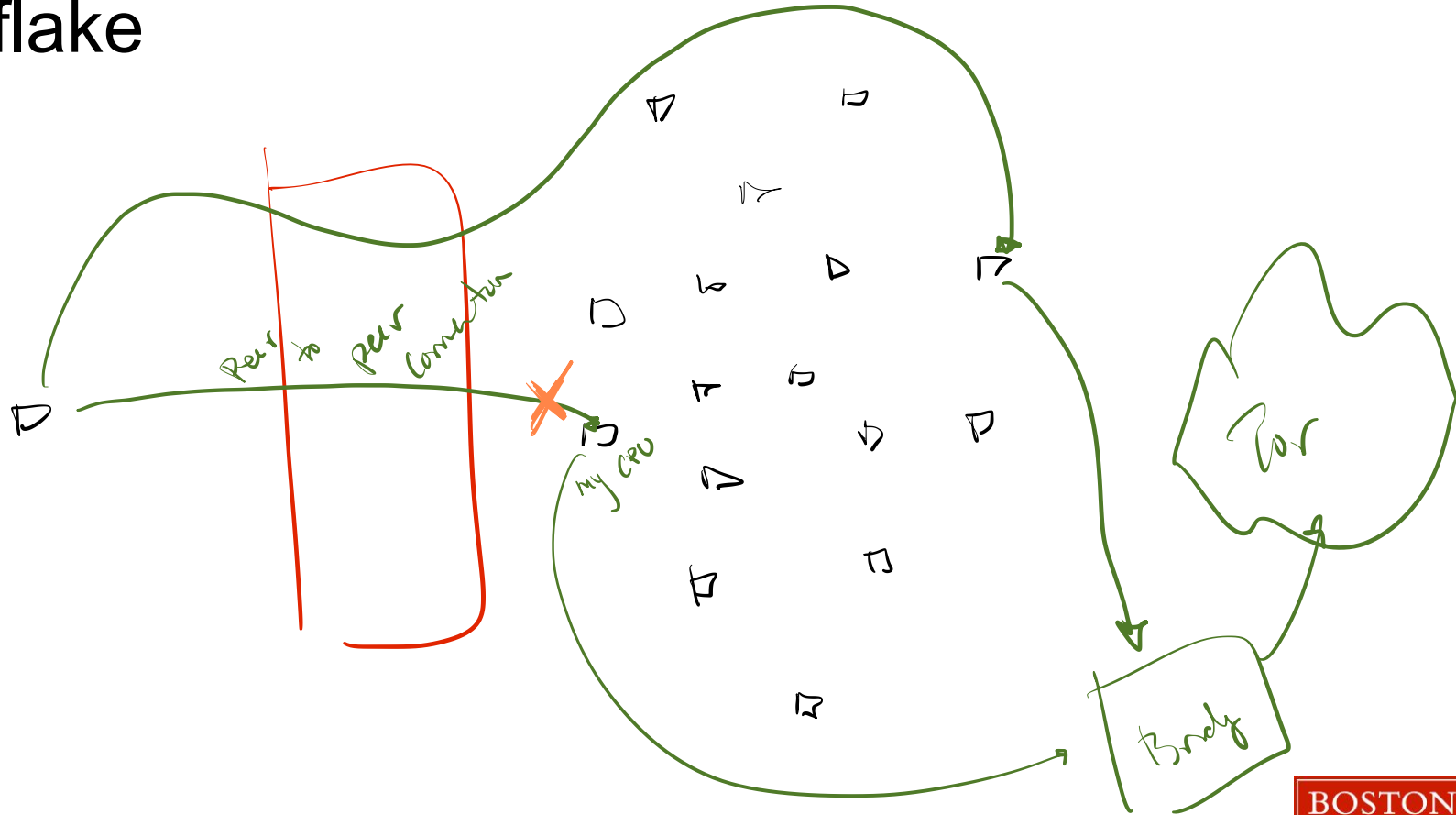
Censor should
"fail open"

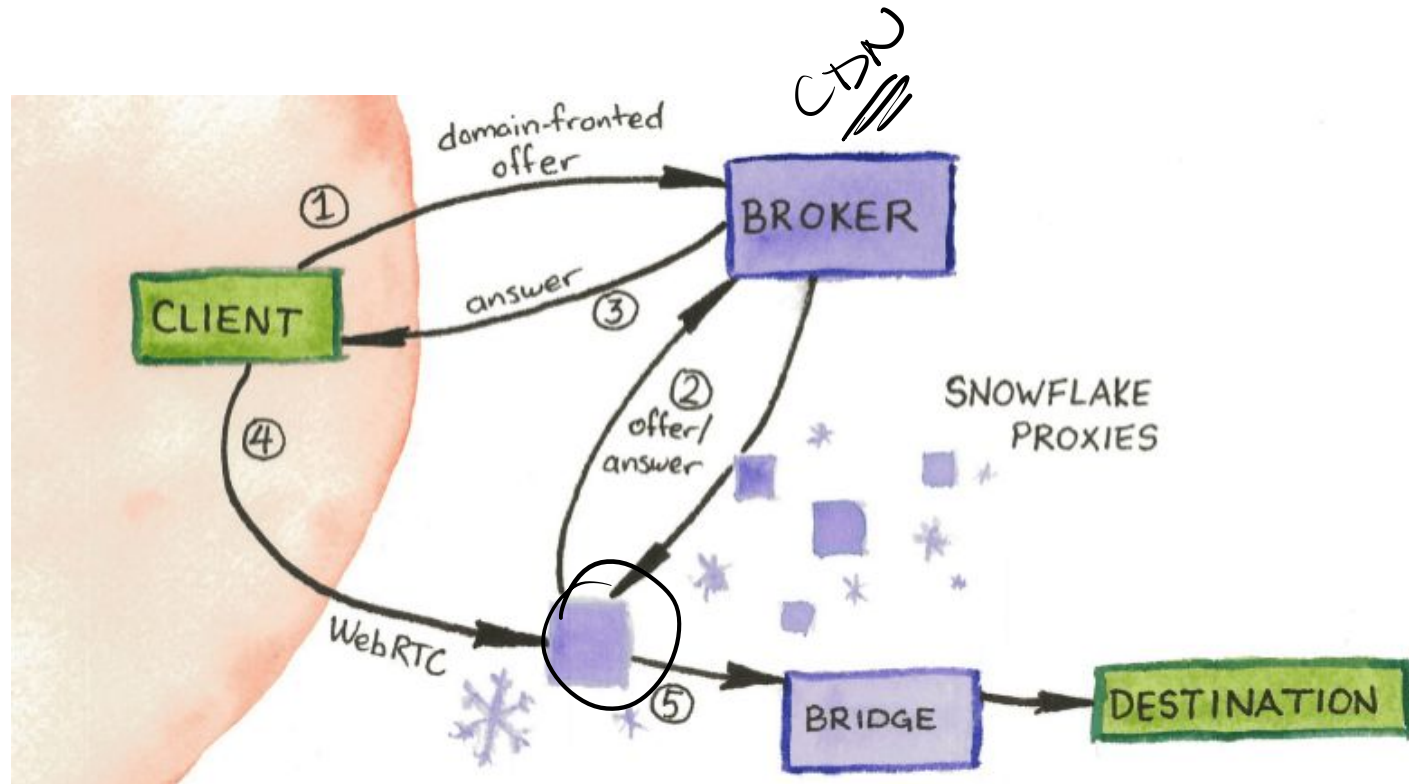


Domain Fronting

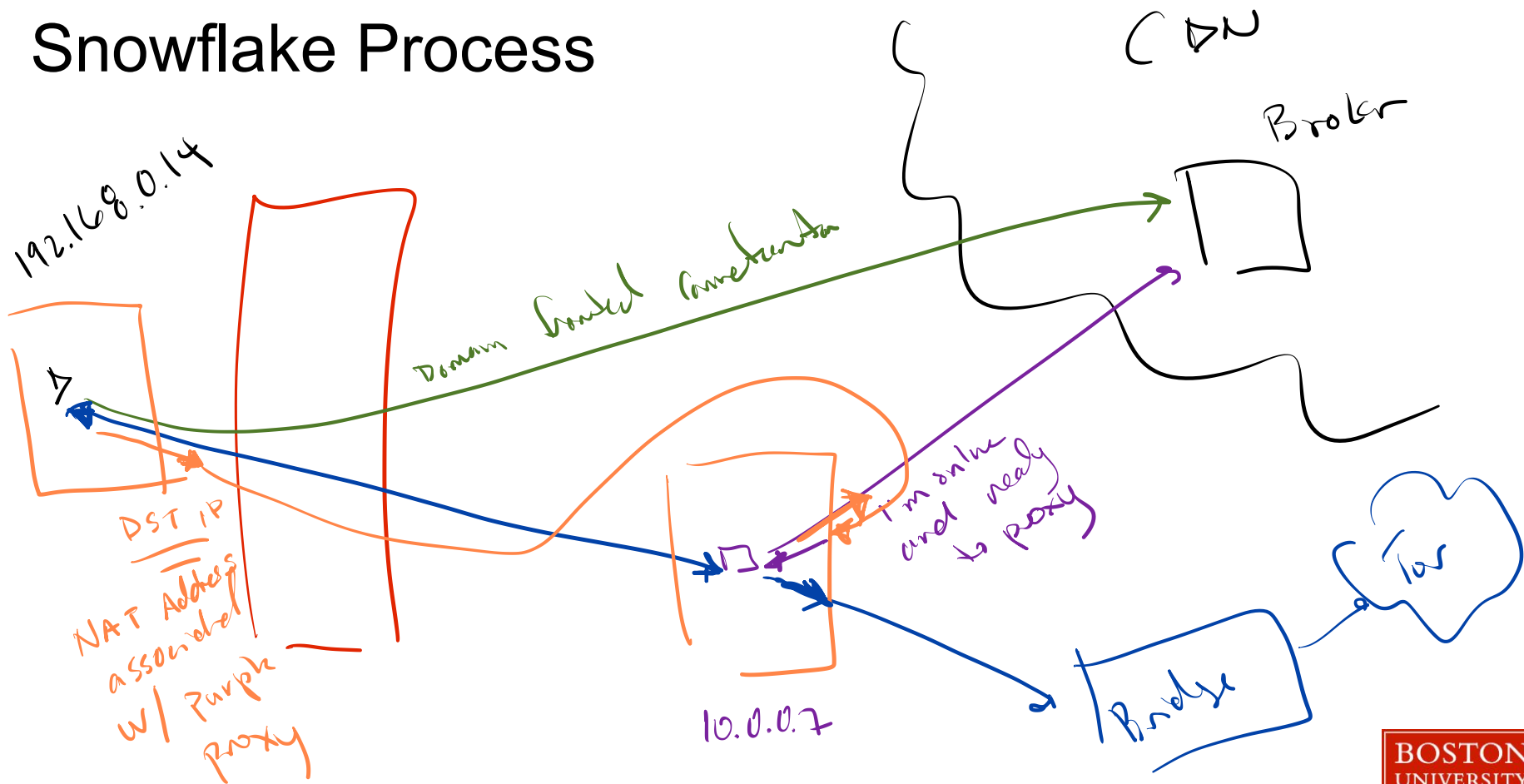


Snowflake





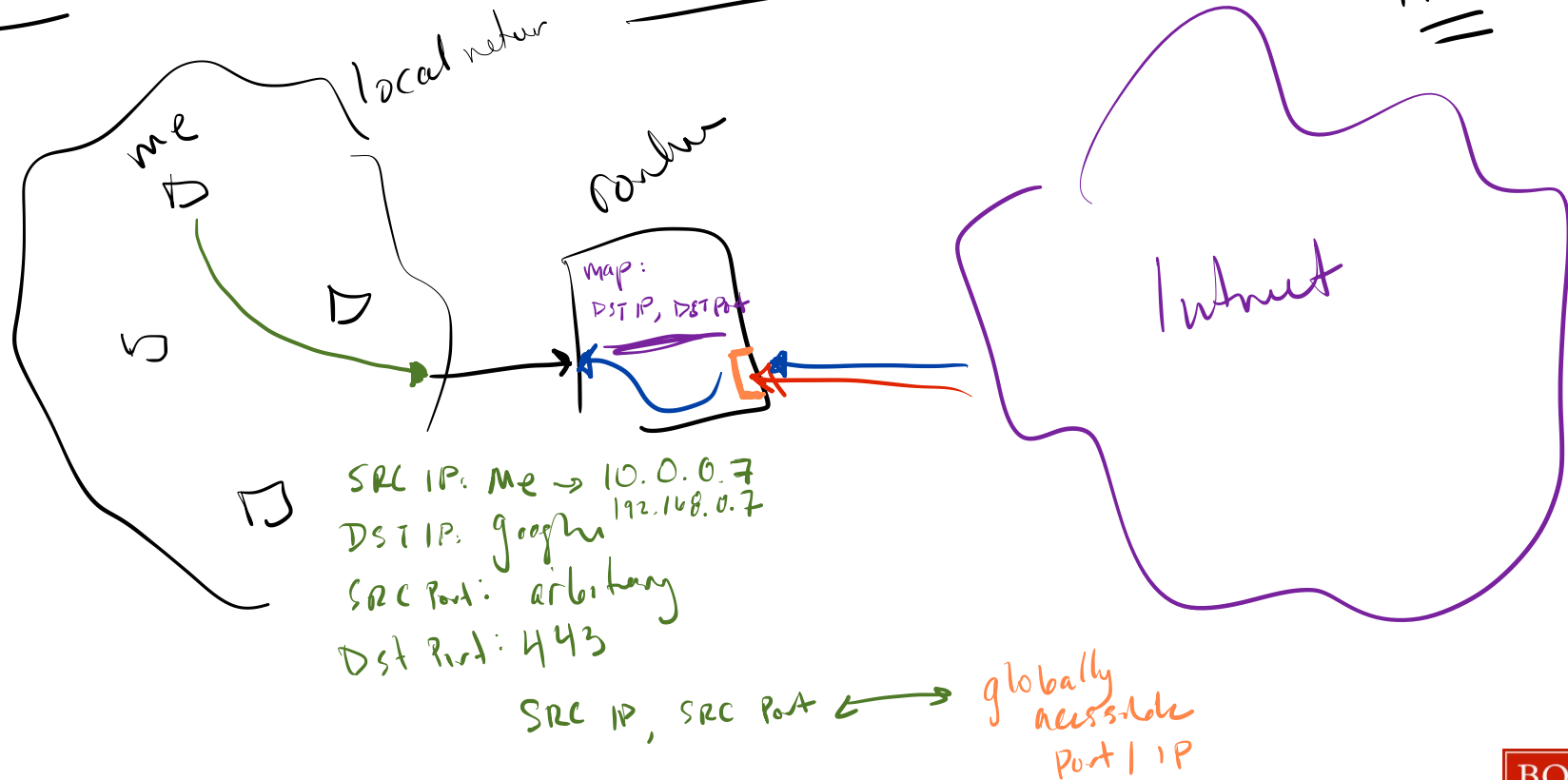
Snowflake Process



NAT Reminder

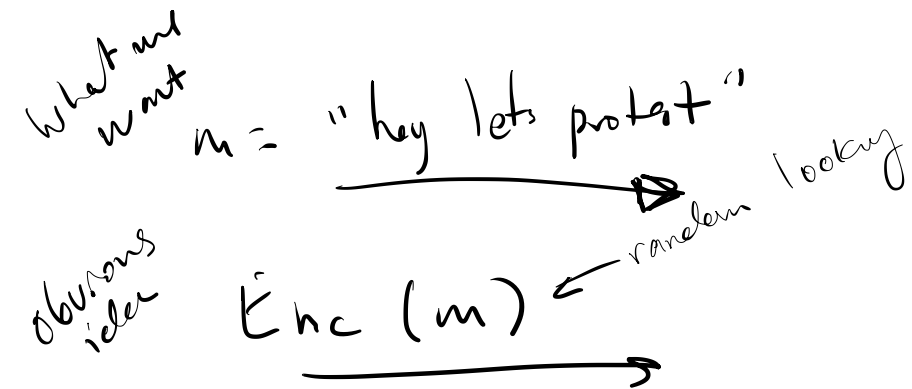
Network Address Translation

IPv4
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Big Picture: Steganography

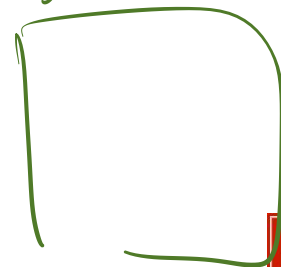
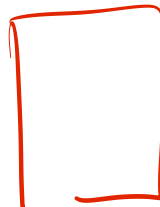
Pluggable transport
Protocol obfuscation



Decode ("hey how's your grandma?")
→ "hey lets protest"

Stego

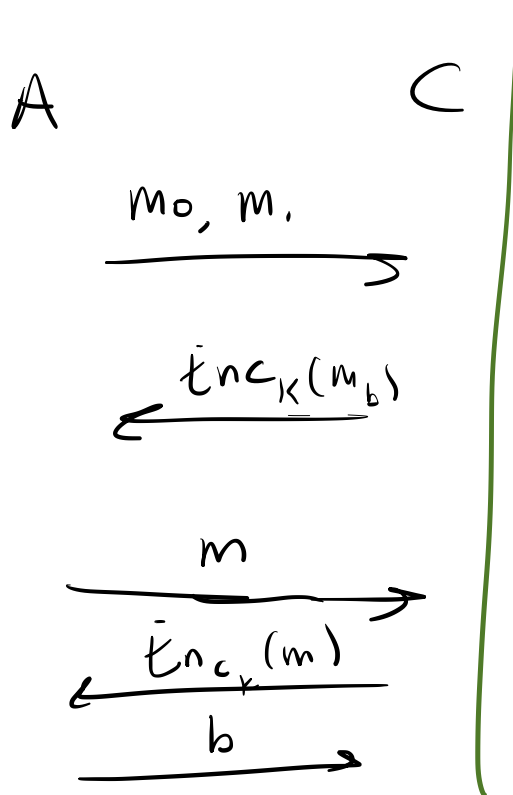
"hey how's your grandma?"



Formal-ish Sketch of Steganography

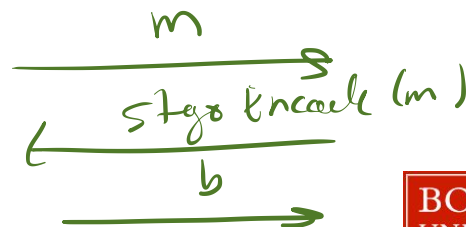
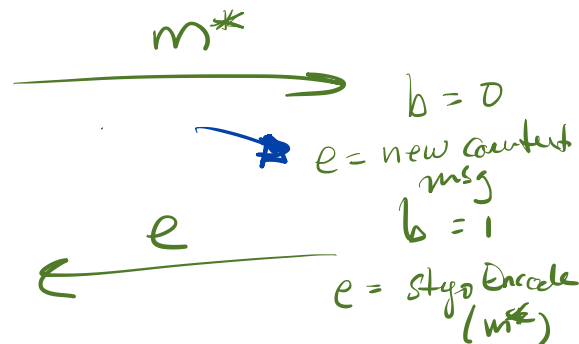
Context channel

CPIA



A

C



What do we know about achieving steganography?

① Theory

You can encode messages
into any context
distribution, as long
as the context
channel has entropy

② Practice

JPEG Stgo. heuristic Stgo
approaches

AI/ML-powered Steganography

