

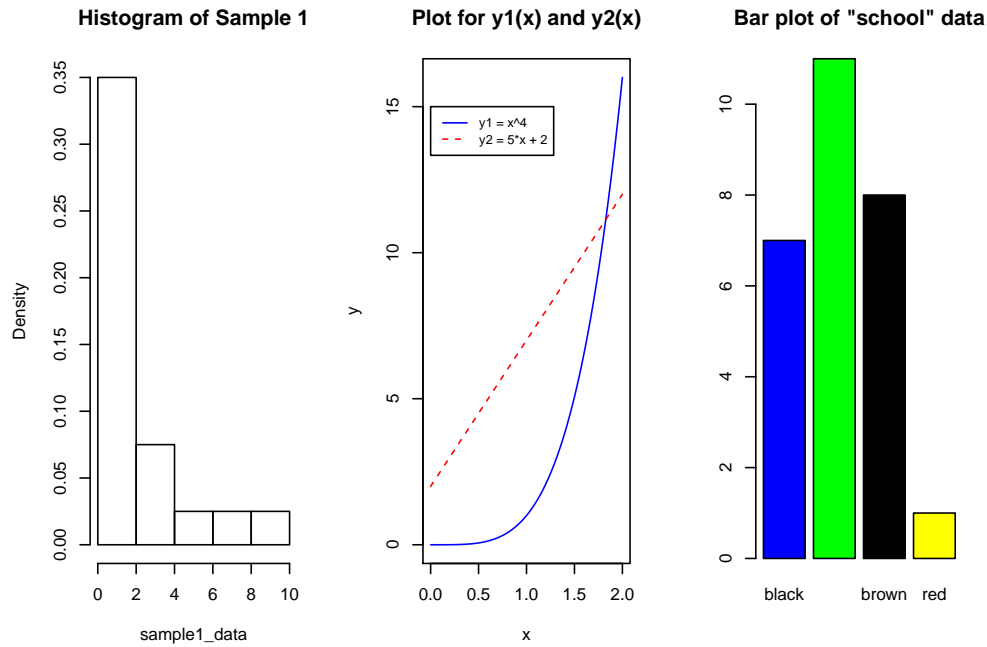
# Assignment 0

Hongyu He (2632195) & Bruno Hoevelaken (2645065)

Group CS 6

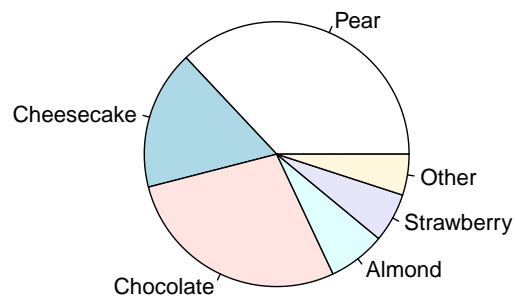
## Exercise 0.6

### 1. Plots for (a), (b), (c)



### 2. Plot for (d)

Sales proportions of pie flavours



## Exercise 0.7

```
// (a)
a07 = function(x){
  (x - 2)^2
}
// (b)
b07 = function(x){
  sample(x, 50, TRUE)
  red = sum(x<=30) / 50
  white = sum(x>30) / 50
}
// (c)
c07 = function(x, n){
  sample(x, n, TRUE)
  fraction = c(sum(x<=mr) / n, sum(x>wr) / n)
  fraction
}
// (d)
d07 = function(){
  u = length(200)
  for(i in 1:200) {
    u[i] = median(sample(1:90, 40, TRUE))
  }
}
```

## Appendix

Exercise 0.6 (a), (b), (c), (b)

```
// (a)
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
sample1_data=as.matrix(read.table("sample1.txt"))
dimnames(sample1_data) <- list(list("a","b","c", "d"), list("I", "II", "III", "IV", "V"))
hist(sample1_data, probability = T, breaks = 5,main = "Histogram of Sample 1")
// (b)
x = seq(0, 2, 0.001)
y1 = x^4
y2 = 5*x + 2
plot(x, y1, col = "blue", type = "l",main = "Plot for y1(x) and y2(x)",xlab = "x",ylab = "y")
lines(x, y2, col="red", type = "l", lty = 2)
legend(0, 15,legend=c("y1 = x^4", "y2 = 5*x + 2"),col=c("blue", "red"), lty=1:2, cex=0.8)
// (c)
load("Ass0.RData")
barplot(table(school), col = c("blue","green","black","yellow"),main = "Bar plot of \"school\" data")
// (d)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
proportions <- c(0.37,0.17,0.28,0.07,0.06,0.05)
food_labels <- c("Pear", "Cheesecake", "Chocolate", "Almond", "Strawberry", "Other")
pie(proportions,labels = food_labels,main="Sales proportions of pie flavours")
```