

deeplearning.ai

Basics of Neural Network Programming

Logistic Regression Gradient descent

Logistic regression recap

$$\Rightarrow z = w^{T}x + b$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{y} = a = \sigma(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}(a, y) = -(y \log(a) + (1 - y) \log(1 - a))$$

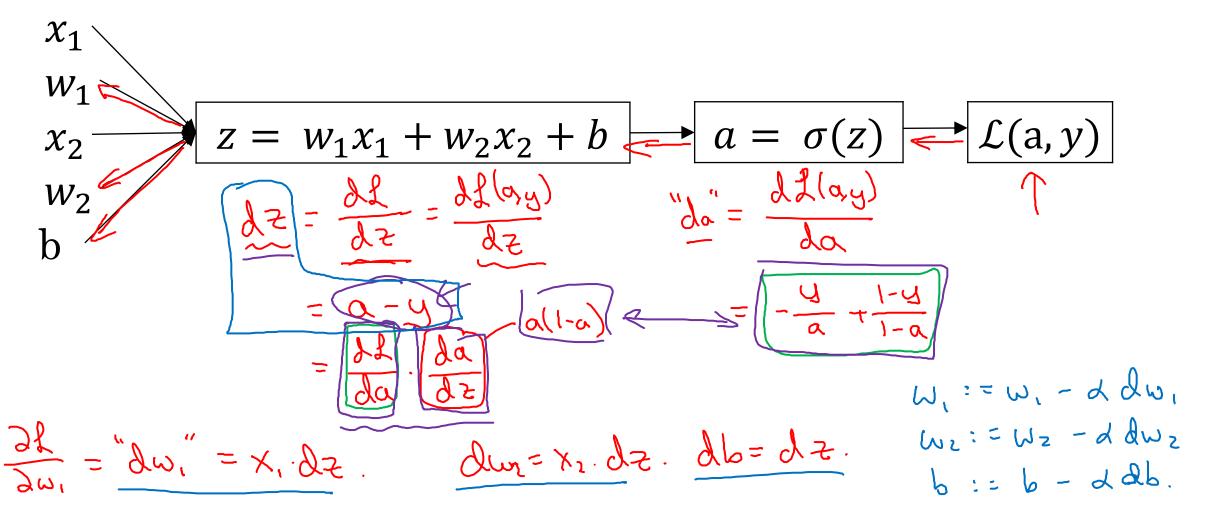
$$\begin{cases} \lambda_{1} \\ \lambda_{2} \\ \lambda_{3} \\ \lambda_{4} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_{1} \\ \lambda_{2} \\ \lambda_{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_{1} \\ \lambda_{2} \\ \lambda_{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_{2} \\ \lambda_{3} \\ \lambda_{4} \end{cases}$$

Logistic regression derivatives





Basics of Neural Network Programming

Gradient descent on *m* examples

deeplearning.ai

Logistic regression on m examples

$$\frac{J(\omega,b)}{J(\omega,b)} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} f(\alpha^{(i)}, y^{(i)})$$

$$\frac{J(\omega,b)}{J(\omega^{(i)})} = G(z^{(i)}) = G(\omega^{T} x^{(i)} + b)$$

$$\frac{J(\omega,b)}{J(\omega,b)} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{J(\alpha^{(i)}, y^{(i)})}{J(\alpha^{(i)}, y^{(i)})}$$

Logistic regression on m examples

$$J=0$$
; $d\omega_{i}=0$; $d\omega_{2}=0$; $d\omega_{5}=0$

For $i=1$ to $i=1$ explicit for loops in your code make your algorithm run less efficiency without these for loop will help you to scale to much bigger data sets

$$\frac{z^{(i)}}{z^{(i)}} = \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T}$$

$$\frac{z^{(i)}}{z^{(i)}} = \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T}$$

$$\frac{dz^{(i)}}{z^{(i)}} = \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T} x^{(i)}$$

$$\frac{dz^{(i)}}{dz^{(i)}} = \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T} x^{(i)}$$

$$\frac{dz^{(i)}}{dz^{(i)}} = \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T} x^{(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \omega^{T} x^{(i)$$

$$d\omega_1 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_1}$$