

# Polymorphic Variants in OCaml

FPSyd Meetup

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# Introduction

## About me

I'm Carlos.

I like FP.

This is my lightning talk on Polymorphic Variants.

# What is a Polymorphic Variant?

 *Typical* Variant

```
type auth =  
  | NoAuth  
  | Jwt of string  
  | UserInfo of string * string  
  
let auth_debug = function  
  | NoAuth -> print_endline @@ "No auth"  
  | Jwt str -> print_endline @@ "Jwt auth: " ^ str  
  | UserInfo (user, _pwd) ->  
    print_endline @@ "UserAuth user: " ^ user  
  
val auth_debug : auth -> unit = <fun>
```

Here `auth` is what we call *refined*.

# What is a Polymorphic Variant?

## Polymorphic Variants

```
let auth_debug = function
  | 'NoAuth -> print_endline @@ "No auth"
  | 'Jwt str -> print_endline @@ "Jwt auth: " ^ str
  | 'UserInfo (user, _pwd) ->
    print_endline @@ "Saw user auth: " ^ user
```

```
val auth_debug :
  [< 'Jwt of string | 'NoAuth | 'UserInfo of string * 'a ] -> unit = <fun>
```

Notice:

- The backtick in the name.
- No type defined beforehand.
- The type signature may still be refined.

# What is a Polymorphic Variant?

Note that if we wanted, we could still assign polymorphic variants to a type alias:

```
type auth =  
  [  
    | 'NoAuth  
    | 'Jwt of string  
    | 'UserInfo of string * string  
  ]  
  
let auth_debug = function  
  | 'NoAuth -> print_endline @@ "No auth"  
  | 'Jwt str -> print_endline @@ "Jwt auth: " ^ str  
  | 'UserInfo (user, _pwd) ->  
    print_endline @@ "Saw user auth: " ^ user
```

It would be similar to a *typical* definition.

# What is a Polymorphic Variant?

We can *coerce* (`:``>`) polymorphic variants, provided some conditions are met:

```
type jwt_auth = [ `Jwt of string ]

let debug_jwt : jwt_auth -> unit = function
| `Jwt str as jwt ->
  print_endline str;
  auth_debug (jwt :> auth)
```

The compiler can tell if the coercion is valid.

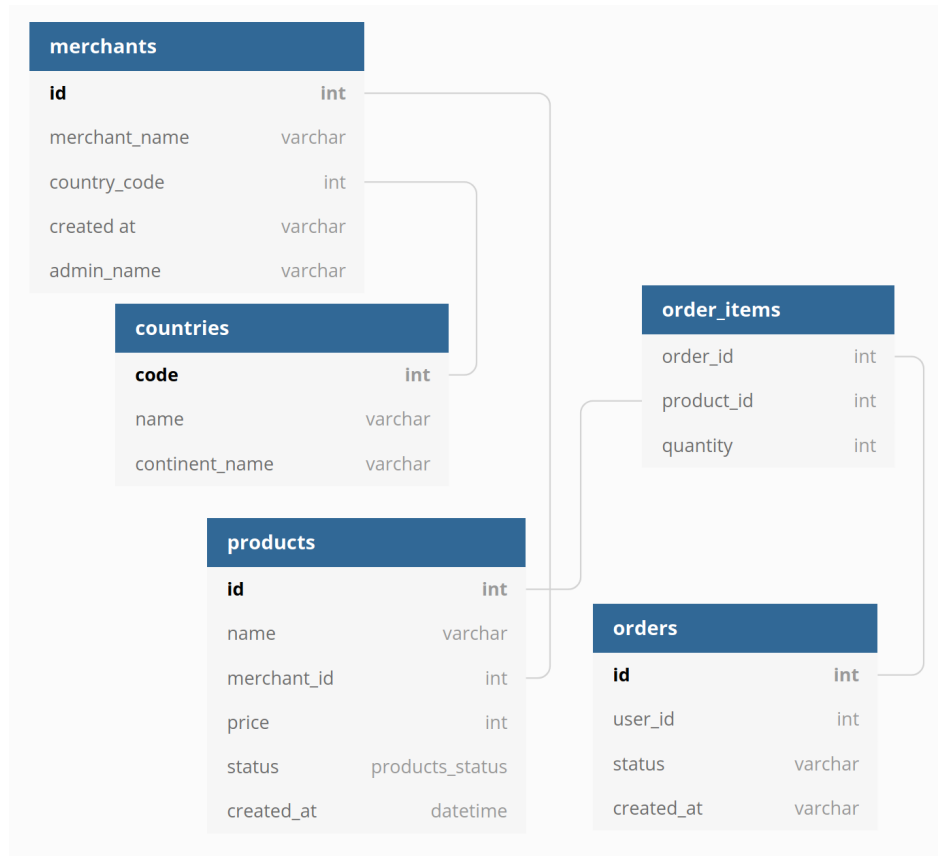
# Example



<http://postgrest.org/>

# PostgREST turns your DB into a REST API

*Turns this*





# PostgREST turns your DB into a REST API

*Into this*

## Create

```
POST /merchants
```

## Read

```
GET /merchants?id=eq.5
```

## Update

```
PATCH /merchants?id=eq.5
```

## Delete

```
DELETE /merchants?id=eq.5
```

# PostgREST turns your DB into a REST API

But more interestingly

## Querying

```
GET /merchant?id=lt.10
```

```
GET /merchant?id=in.(1, 2, 3)
```

```
GET /merchant?and=(id.gte.5, id.lte.10)
```

```
GET /merchant?select=merchant_name
```

Many more operators are available:

1. Numeric: `eq`, `gt`, `gte`, `lt`, `lte`, `neq`, `in`
2. Strings: `like`, `ilike`
3. Numeric or Strings: `in`
4. Many more, such as full text search

# Demo

I want to generate these queries

So let's look at some of my code

<https://github.com/carlosdagos/ocaml-postgrest>

# Reading Material

- *Ocaml Manual* - Polymorphic Variants
- *Ocaml Manual* - Inheritance and Coercions
- *Real World OCaml* - Polymorphic Variants
- *PostgREST documentation*

## Advanced Material

- *OCaml Manual* - Extensible Variants