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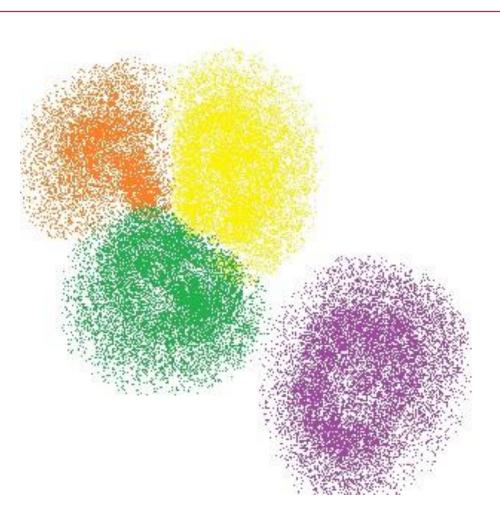
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### **Overview of Talk**

- Description
- Algorithm
- Notes
- openCV documentation
- Coding an example

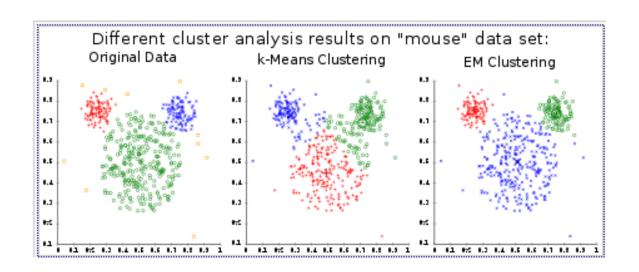




Method of cluster analysis, also known as Lloyd's Algorithm

The goal of *k-means* clustering are:

 Partition n observations into k clusters in which each observation belongs to the cluster with the nearest mean





Given a set of observations  $(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$  where each observation is a d-dimensional real vector

Then parition the *n* observations into *k* sets ( k<=n ),  $\mathbf{S} = \{S_1, S_2, ..., S_k\}$  so as to minimize the within cluster sum of squares

$$\underset{S}{\operatorname{arg\,min}} \sum_{x=1}^{k} \sum_{x_j \in S_i} \|x_j - \mu_j\|^2, \text{ where } \mu_i \text{ is the mean of points in } S_i$$



The most common algorithms use an iterative refinement technique

Step #1: Assign each observation (x) to the cluster with the closest mean

$$S_i^{(t)} = \left\{ x_j : \left\| x_j - m_i^{(t)} \right\| \le \left\| x_j - m_{i^*}^{(t)} \right\| \text{ for all } i^* = 1, ..., k \right\}$$

Step #2: Calculate the new means to be the centroid of the observations in the cluster

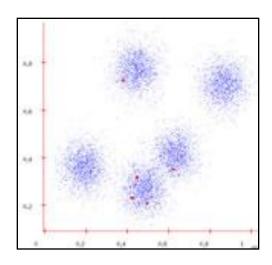
$$m_i^{(t+1)} = \frac{1}{|S_i^{(t)}|} \sum_{x_j \in S_i^{(t)}} x_j$$

The algorithm converges when the assignments no longer change



Step 1:

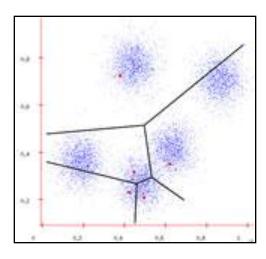
k initial means, k = 5 randomly selected *means* from the data set



#### Step 2:

k clusters are created by associating every observation(x) with the nearest mean

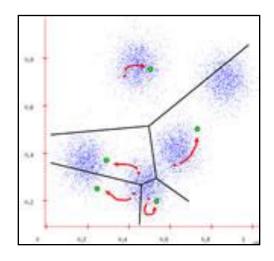
Each datapoint checks to see which center it is closest to





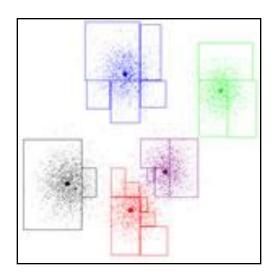
#### Step 3:

The center uses each of the points it "owns" to calculate a new center, then it shifts to that new center



#### **Step 4...:**

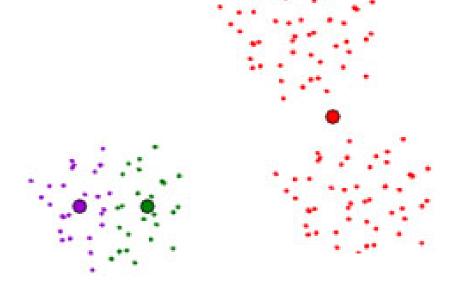
Steps 2 and 3 are repeated until the algorithm converges





Some notes about using *k-means* 

The number of clusters is typically an input parameter, the wrong parameter will yield poor results



The cluster model is based on spherical clusters, clusters are expected to be of similar size

It is often used as a preprocessing step for other algorithms



### cv::kmeans Function Documentation

Finds the centers of clusters and groups the input samples around the clusters <a href="http://opencv.willowgarage.com/documentation/cpp/clustering\_and\_search\_in\_multi-dimensional\_spaces.html">http://opencv.willowgarage.com/documentation/cpp/clustering\_and\_search\_in\_multi-dimensional\_spaces.html</a>

double kmeans( const Mat& samples, int clusterCount, Mat& labels, TermCriteria termcrit, int attempts, int flags, Mat\* centers)

The function kmeans implements a k-means algorithm that finds the centers of *clusterCount* clusters and groups the input *samples* around the clusters.



## cv::Canny Function Documentation

Finds the centers of clusters and groups the input samples around the clusters <a href="http://opencv.willowgarage.com/documentation/cpp/clustering\_and\_search\_in\_multi-dimensional\_spaces.html">http://opencv.willowgarage.com/documentation/cpp/clustering\_and\_search\_in\_multi-dimensional\_spaces.html</a>

double kmeans( const Mat& samples, int clusterCount, Mat& labels, TermCriteria termcrit, int attempts, int flags, Mat\* centers)

#### Parameters:

samples – Floating-point matrix of input samples, one row per sample
clusterCount – The number of clusters to split the set by
labels – The input/output integer array that will store the cluster indices per sample
termcrit – Specifies the maximum number of iterations
attempts – The number of times that the algorithm is executing using different initial labelings

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double kmeans (const Mat& samples, int clusterCount, Mat& labels, TermCriteria termcrit, int attempts, int flags, Mat\* centers)

#### Parameters:

flags -

KMEANS\_RANDOM\_CENTERS – use random centers for each attempt KMEANS\_PP\_CENTERS – use kmeans++ center initialization KMEANS\_USE\_INITIAL\_LABELS – use user supplied initial labels

centers— The output matrix of the cluster centers, one row per cluster center

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double kmeans( const Mat& samples, int clusterCount, Mat& labels, TermCriteria termcrit, int attempts, int flags, Mat\* centers)

There is an OpenCV kmeans example in ..\Day02\codigo\opencv\_samples\samples\kmeans.c

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### **Questions?**

# k-means Clustering

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