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October 30, 2019

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- 3.2.3.2 System Accounts

Laws, Regulations, and Standards

Abstract: This chapter provides information about the externally defined environment in which Identity and Access management professionals operate. The laws are documents that define duties and consequences in legal jurisdictions, such as countries. Regulations are more specific and detailed requirements. Standards may also be mandatory; government entities often require compliance with standards produced by certain standards bodies. We also include *de facto* standards and recommended practices here.

4.1 Framework to Understand Legal Environment

Abstract: Identity systems and its participants are governed by a myriad and complex set of laws, regulations, and contractual requirements, and the obligations they impose are not always clear. This article focuses on the legal environment that governs identity systems. The emphasis is on United States, but references are made to other countries' laws and efforts to coordinate rules underway in the UN Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) regarding identity management legislation.

4.2 Highlights of Selected Laws

Abstract: This section is organized by jurisdiction. It is intended to provide at a minimum a reference to known laws and regulations in jurisdictions likely to be encountered by our membership. At present this includes Europe, United States, and Canada will likely also include Australia in the short term.

4.2.1 Europe

4.2.1.1 Introduction to GDPR

Abstract: This article provides a basic understanding of how the *General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)* applies when processing 'any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person'.

4.2.1.2 IAM Implications of GDPR

Abstract: This article examines the implications of the General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") on IAM process and system design and introduces organisational and technical good practices which will help in ensuring demonstrable compliance with the regulation in ways which improve user experience and customer trust. These approaches will by extension also help in complying with data protection legislation in other geographies including (for example) the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA").

4.2.2 United States

Abstract: This article explains how identity and access management supports the requirements of prominent U.S. laws.

- 4.2.2.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404
- 4.2.2.2 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- **4.2.2.3** Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (HITECH)
- 4.2.2.4 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA)
- 4.2.2.5 Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA)
- 4.2.2.6 Fair and Accurate Credit Transaction Act (FACTA)

4.2.3 Canada

Abstract: This article explains how identity and access management support the requirements of prominent Canadian laws.

4.2.3.1 Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPED Act, or PIPEDA)

4.3 Regulations

Abstract: This article explains how identity and access management supports the requirements of prominent regulations.

4.4 Standards

Abstract: There are many standards. Standards may be mandatory such as when government entities require compliance with standards produced by certain standards bodies. We also include *de facto* standards and recommended practices here. This is a curated set of standards that have been deemed to be useful to identity professionals. They are organized topically, not by their source. Standards that span more than one topic are possible. In this case cross references may be used.

4.4.1 Architecture

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning architecture for identity systems.

4.4.1.1 ISO/IEC 24760-2:2015 Information technology -- Security techniques -- A framework for identity management -- Part 2: Reference architecture and requirements

4.4.2 Assurance

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning risk and assurance for identity systems.

4.4.2.1 Directive on Identity Management - Appendix A: Standard on Identity and Credential Assurance

[Canada] Government of Canada July 2019 https://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/pol/doc-eng.aspx?id=32612

4.4.2.2 Digital Identity Guidelines

[SP 800-63-3] NIST Special Publication 800-63-3 June 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63-3

4.4.2.3 Guide for Applying the Risk Management Framework to Federal Information Systems: A Security Life Cycle Approach

[SP-800-37] NIST Special Publication 800-37r1 June 2014 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-37r1

4.4.3 Authentication

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning methods of authenticating principals.

4.4.3.1 Digital Identity Guidelines: Authentication and Lifecycle Management

[SP 800-63B] NIST Special Publication 800-63C December 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63b

4.4.3.2 Introduction to Public Key Technology and the Federal PKI Infrastructure

[SP 800-32] NIST Special Publication 800-32 February 2001. https://tsapps.nist.gov/publication/get_p

4.4.3.3 Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP): Technical Specification Road Map

[IETF RFC 4510] RFC 4510 June 2006 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4510

4.4.3.4 OpenID Connect Core 1.0 incorporating errata set 1

[OIDC] Sakimura, N., Bradley, B., Jones, M., de Medeiros, B., and C. Mortimore November 2014 https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1 0.html.

4.4.3.5 Personal Identity Verification (PIV) of Federal Employees and Contractors

[FIPS 201-2] NIST FIPS Publication 201-2 September 2013 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.201-2

4.4.3.6 Biometric Data Specification for Personal Identity Verification

[SP 800-76-2] NIST Special Publication 800-76-2 July 2013 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-76-2

4.4.4 Authorization

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning methods of access control. These standards involve protecting resources. This is sometimes called authorization.

4.4.4.1 The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework

[IETF RFC 6749] RFC 6749 October 2012 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749

4.4.4.2 User-Managed Access (UMA) Profile of OAuth 2.0

Abstract: The weaknesses of many notice-and-consent paradigms of data privacy are clear. This article notes the social, legal and regulatory drivers and examines some approaches to satisfy them.

[KI UMA] Kantara Initiative UMA Recommendation December 2015 https://docs.kantarainitiative.uma-core.html

4.4.5 Federation

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning methods of allowing authentication from one domain to be honored in another.

4.4.5.1 OpenID Connect Core 1.0 incorporating errata set 1

[OIDC] Sakimura, N., Bradley, B., Jones, M., de Medeiros, B., and C. Mortimore November 2014 https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1_0.html.

4.4.5.2 Assertions and Protocols for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Lanquage (SAML) V2.0

[OASIS SAML 2] SAML 2.0 March 2005 http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-core-2.0-os.pdf

4.4.5.3 Digital Identity Guidelines: Federation and Assertions

[SP 800-63C] NIST Special Publication 800-63C December 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63c

4.4.6 Lifecycle

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning the creation and registration of identities and subsequent changes to the characteristics of those identities and the eventual removal of the same.

4.4.6.1 Standard on Identity and Credential Assurance

[Canada] Government of Canada July 2019 https://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/pol/doc-eng.aspx?id=32612

4.4.6.2 Digital Identity Guidelines: Enrollment and Identity Proofing Requirements

[SP 800-63A] NIST Special Publication 800-63A December 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63a

4.4.6.3 Digital Identity Guidelines: Authentication and Lifecycle Management

[SP 800-63B] NIST Special Publication 800-63C December 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63b

4.4.6.4 System for Cross-domain Identity Management: Protocol

[IETF RFC 7644] RFC 7644 September 2015 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7644

4.4.6.5 System for Cross-domain Identity Management: Core Schema

[IETF RFC 7643] RFC 7643 September 2015 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7643

4.4.7 Operations

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards concerning the operation of identity systems.

4.4.7.1 Information technology -- Security techniques -- A framework for identity management -- Part 3: Practice

[ISO 24760-3] ISO/IEC 24760-3:2016 2016 https://webstore.ansi.org/Standards/ISO/ISOIEC2476020

4.4.8 Terminology

Abstract: This article surveys the known standards for the purpose of collating and contrasting terminology defined.

4.4.8.1 Digital Identity Guidelines

[SP 800-63-3] NIST Special Publication 800-63-3 June 2017 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-63-3

4.4.8.2 An Ontology of Identity Credentials Part I: Background and Formulation

[SP 800-103] NIST Special Publication 800-103 (Draft) October 2006. https://tsapps.nist.gov/publicati

[ISO 24760-1] ISO/IEC 24760-1:2019 IT 2019 https://webstore.ansi.org/Standards/ISO/ISOIEC247602

4.4.8.3 Security and Privacy -- A Framework For Identity Management -- Part 1: Terminology And Concepts

4.4.8.4 ISO/IEC 24760-1:2019 IT Security and Privacy -- A Framework For Identity Management -- Part 1: Terminology And Concepts

Workforce IAM / Internal IAM

- **5.1 IAM Processes**
- 5.1.1 Joiner-Mover-Leaver
- 5.1.2 HR Ownership
- **5.1.3 Provisioning (On-boarding and Off-boarding)**
- **5.1.4 Role Management**
- 5.1.5 Re-certification
- 5.2 Compliance
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- 5.4 Handling Business Partners' People

Consumer/Citizen IAM

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- **6.1.1 Registration of Consumers**
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- 7.2.1.1 Home Automation
- 7.2.1.2 Personal (wearables)
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- **7.2.1.9 Utilities**
- 7.3 RPA / robotics
- 7.4 Security requirements

IAM Architecture and Solutions

8.1 Business	Sy	/stem
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- 8.1.1 Business Processes
- 8.1.1.1 Recertification of accounts
- 8.2 Information/Data Architecture

8.3 Application Portfolio

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- 8.3.1.1 HTTP
- 8.3.1.2 S/LDAP
- 8.3.1.3 RACF
- 8.3.1.4 XACML

8.4 Technical

- 8.4.1 Repositories
- 8.4.1.1 Relational Database

Query optimization

Replication limitations

8.4.1.2 Directories

Historical note - X.500

SLAPD and its descendants

8.4.1.3 NoSQL databases

Graph Databases

8.4.1.4 Identity Provider (IdP) Trends

Distributed Ledger (Blockchain)

8.4.2 Identity Provider Services

8.4.3 Protocols

8.4.3.1 Kerberos

8.4.3.2 Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)

8.4.3.3 SCIM

8.4.3.4 SAML

SP Initiated vs IDP Initiated

Bindings

8.4.3.5 OIDC

Authentications Flows

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- 8.4.3.7 WS-Fed
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- 8.4.4 Enterprise control of "Cloud"
- 8.4.4.1 Public Cloud vs Private Cloud
- 8.4.4.2 Local Connectors and Gateways
- 8.4.4.3 IPSec VPN
- 8.5 Recommended Practices
- 8.5.1 Design for security
- 8.6 Governance and Administration
- 8.6.1 Audit
- 8.6.2 Monitoring

Operational Considerations

- 9.1 Account recovery
- 9.2 Call centers
- 9.3 Engagement of user for their own security
- 9.4 Security events and operations

Project Management

Many Identity and Access Management (IAM) projects proceed without a project manager. In these cases the IT group in charge of identity management are left to deploy the required solution in the absence of any overarching management. While this is sometimes seen as the most expedient way to get a system installed or updated, it is short-sighted and likely to cost the organisation more money in the longer term. An IAM solution touches so many systems within an organisation and is dependent on the current and planned condition of so many applications that to deploy a solution without properly considering the impact, managing the required resources and keeping management advised of progress, will result in a substandard deployment.

Here we look at two ways to manage a project – "Classic", sometimes called Waterfall, and "Agile, a way to manage projects that accommodates changes that inevitably arise during the course of a project.

Reference is made to the Project Management Institute (PMI) Framework. This document in no way seeks to replicate the PMI's methodology or replace the project management training that the PMI provides. The reader is referred to the PMI Body of Knowledge for further information.

- 10.1 Project Management Institute Framework
- 10.2 New Implementation Projects
- **10.3 Migration Projects**
- **10.4 Project Management Office Issues**

IAM Knowledge Sharing

- 11.1 Independent Organizations
- 11.2 Standards Bodies
- **11.3** Analyst Organizations
- 11.4 Conferences

Advanced Topics – Parking Lot

- 12.1 Digital Legacy handling deceased persons' digital ID (Advanced Topic)
- 12.2 Self-Sovereign Identity
- 12.2.1 Blockchain ID