# **DNSSEC Bootstrapping**

IETF 114 - Hackathon

23-24 July 2022

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

## Hackathon Plan

- Draft: <u>draft-ietf-dnsop-dnssec-bootstrapping</u>
- Requires co-publishing the target zone's CDS/CDNSKEY records at a subdomain of the nameserver's hostname
- Example: Bootstrapping example.co.uk via ns1.desec.io requires:

```
_dsboot.example.co.uk._signal.ns1.desec.io. IN CDS ...
```

No automation so far.

- <u>Hackathon plan</u>: Automatically generate these records, either via
  - period cronjob, or
  - dynamic synthesis (by nameserver when queried)

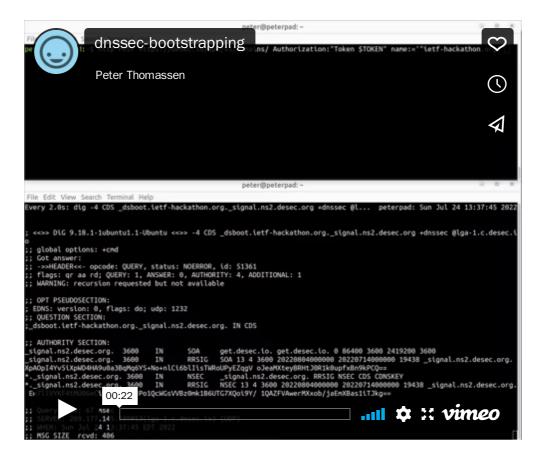
# What got done

- Agreement: Expose only minimal configuration to admin
  - Tagging a zone as "bootstrapping zone" enables synthesis for all managed zones
- Code (deployed):
  - deployed:
    - saltant.net: cronjob (catalog zone → bootstrap zone) (<u>Gitlab repo</u>)
    - at deSEC: PowerDNS record synthesis (deSEC PR #46)
  - in the works:
    - Knot DNS module
- Techniques:
  - cronjob: Python script
  - PowerDNS: LUA records
  - Knot DNS: native C module

## What we learned

- Pretty straightforward, plan worked overall
- Learned some things about LUA good to have an expert at the table :-)
- <u>Unexpected insight</u>: bootstrap zones also have 2 NS records
  - → need to have them on two secondaries
    - e.g. \_signal.ns1.desec.io is hosted on ns1 and ns2
- Protocol seems workable in practice

## Video demo



# Wrap up

#### **Team members:**

### Cronjob:

• John O'Brien

### PowerDNS synthesis:

- Jerry Lundström
- Nils Wisiol

### Knot DNS synthesis:

• Peter Thomassen

#### First timers @ IETF/Hackathon:

- John O'Brien
- Nils Wisiol