



General Condition for using plot:

Forest plot selection:

→ Condition: domain_forest = 1 and is_forest_plot=1

Non forest plot selection:

→ Condition: domain_forest <> 1 or is_forest_plot<>1

First deliverable: forest plot distribution

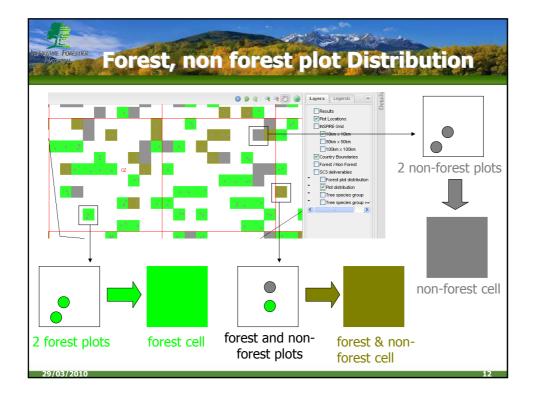
• If a cell contains at least **one forest plot**, then the cell is considered as **forest cell**.

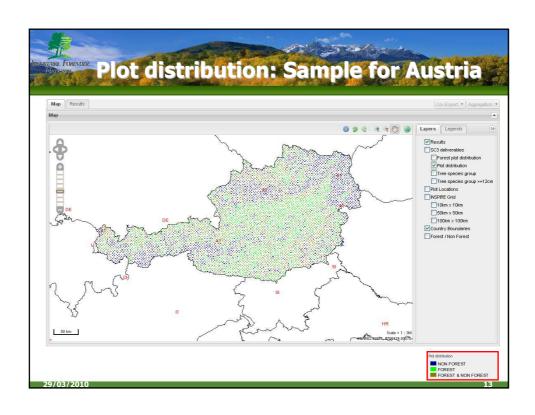
Second deliverable: forest, non forest plot distribution

- If a cell contains **only forest** plots then the cell is considered as a **forest cell**,
- If a cell contains **only non forest plots** then the cell is considered as a **non forest cell**
- If a cell contains forest plots and non forest plots, the cell is considered as a forest & non forest cell

(Note: thus, the forest category is some the same between the 2 deliverables !...)

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General conditions for Tree Species plots selection:

To identify if a cell has a majority of conifers or broadleaves, the basal area is used.

This operation is carried out only on forest plots.

 \rightarrow Condition: domain_forest = 1 and is_forest_plot =1 and domain_basal_area = 1

Third deliverable: Tree Species group

For all the plots contained in a cell, $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ if there is no species

then the cell is considered as a \boldsymbol{not} $\boldsymbol{defined}$ (clear cut for example)

else For all the plots contained in a cell, if the sum of (basal_area*statistical_weight) for broadleaves >= the sum of (basal_area*statistical_weight) for conifers

then the cell is considered as a **broadleaves**

else the cell is considered as $\boldsymbol{conifers}$

 $\underline{\text{Note:}} \text{ The basal area used for this calculation takes into account the two DBH_CLASS (1 and 2)}$

Fourth deliverable: Tree Species group dbh>12cm

Same rule with a restriction on the basal area dbh class: $DBH_CLASS = 2$

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