

# Analytic calculation of an effective lattice theory

# Our Group

- Me: Started August 2013
- Group leader: Owe Philipsen
- Collaborator: Mathias Neuman



1 Introduction

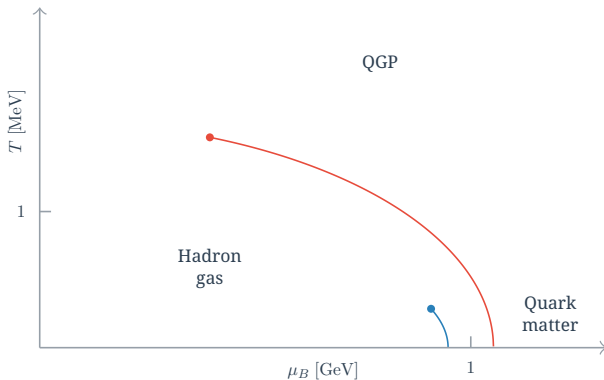
2 The Effective Theory

3 Results

4 Conclusion

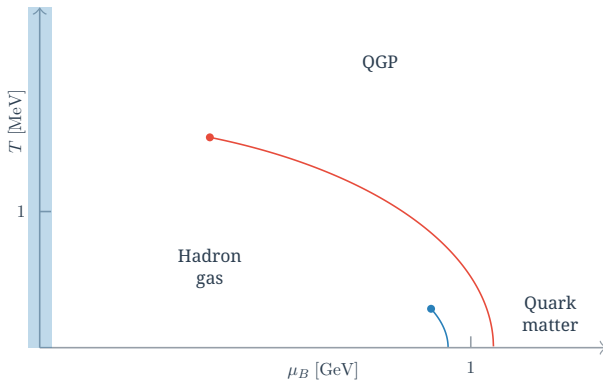
# Introduction

# The QCD Phase Diagram



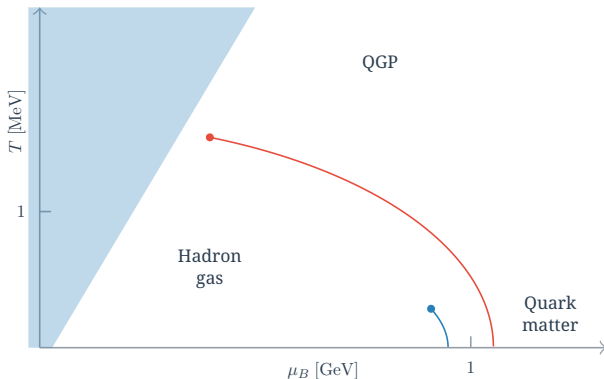
- Different approaches can access different regions

# The QCD Phase Diagram



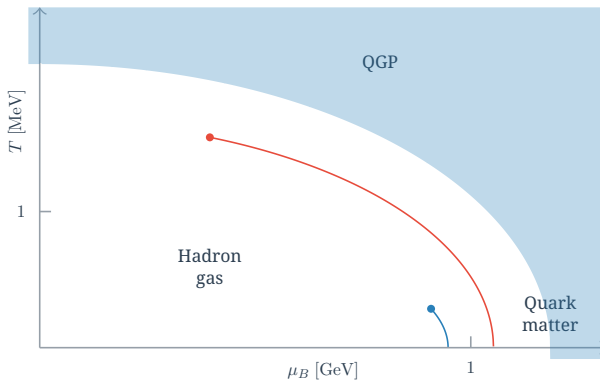
- Naive reach of Lattice QCD

# The QCD Phase Diagram



- Lattice QCD with additional methods (analytic continuation, reweighting,...)

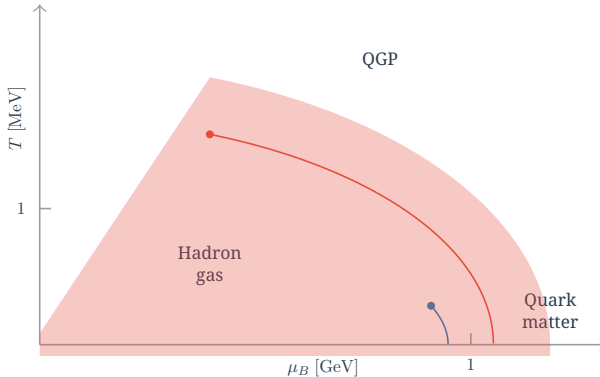
# The QCD Phase Diagram



- Perturbation theory of QCD



# The QCD Phase Diagram



- Region currently not accessible from first principles with traditional methods

# Lattice QCD: Basics 1

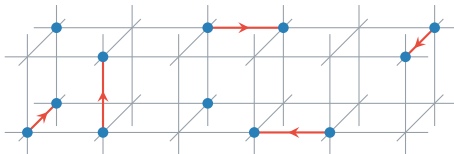
Discretise space and time

Quarks

$$\mathcal{L}_F = \bar{\psi}(x)(i\gamma_\mu\partial^\mu + \gamma_\mu A^\mu)\psi(x) + m_q\bar{\psi}(x)\psi(x)$$

$$\downarrow x \rightarrow an$$

$$L_F \sim \sum_{\mu} \bar{\psi}(n)U_{\mu}(n)\psi(n+\mu) + m_q\bar{\psi}(n)\psi(n)$$



# Lattice QCD: Basics 2

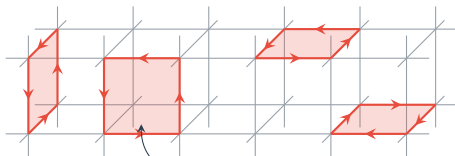
Discretise space and time

Gluons

$$\mathcal{L}_G = \frac{1}{4} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}(x) F^{\mu\nu}(x)$$

$\downarrow x \rightarrow an$

$$L_G \sim \beta \sum_{\mu, \nu} \text{tr} U_\mu(n) U_\nu(n + \mu) U_\mu^\dagger(n + \nu) U_\nu^\dagger(n)$$



plaquette

# Lattice QCD: Basics 3

Partition function

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{Z} &= \int DU_\mu D\bar{\psi} D\psi \exp \left\{ -\bar{\psi} Q_{\text{uark}} \psi - S_{\text{gluon}} \right\} \\ &= \int DU_\mu \det Q_{\text{uark}} \exp \left\{ -S_{\text{gluon}} \right\}\end{aligned}$$

Measure observables by running a Monte Carlo simulation using

Monte Carlo weight

$$\det Q_{\text{uark}} \exp \left\{ -S_{\text{gluon}} \right\}$$

# Lattice QCD: Challenges

## Simulation cost

Counting the degrees of freedom of the system gives a staggering number

$$N = N_t \times N_x \times N_y \times N_z \times N_\gamma \times N_f \times N_c$$

Every simulation point must evaluate  $\det Q_{\text{quark}}$ ,  
which is a (sparse)  $N \times N$  matrix

# Lattice QCD: Challenges

## The sign problem 1

Lattice QCD relies on Monte Carlo integration for the integral over link variables

$$Z = \int DU_{\mu} \det Q_{\text{quark}} e^{-S_{\text{gluon}}}$$

It only makes sense to use  $\det Q_{\text{quark}} e^{-S_{\text{gluon}}}$  as a Monte Carlo weight if it is real

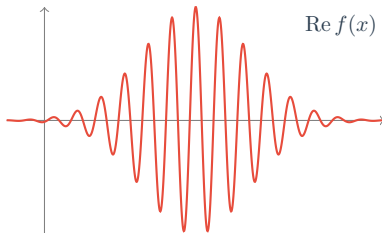
# Lattice QCD: Challenges

## The sign problem 2

The link integral also suffer from exponential cancellations

Example

$$f(x) = e^{-x^2 + i\theta x}$$



# The Effective Theory



# The Effective Lattice Theory

Our goal

- Integrate out all spatial gauge links

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{Z} &= \int DU_\mu \exp \{ -S_{\text{action}} \} \\ &= \int DU_0 \exp \{ -S_{\text{effective action}} \}\end{aligned}$$

# Strong Coupling Expansion

Expansion around  $\beta = \frac{2N_c}{g^2} = 0$

Recap

$$L_G \sim \beta \sum_{\mu, \nu} \text{tr } U_\mu(n) U_\nu(n + \mu) U_\mu^\dagger(n + \nu) U_\nu^\dagger(n)$$

This is an expansion in the number of plaquettes on the lattice

# Hopping Parameter Expansion

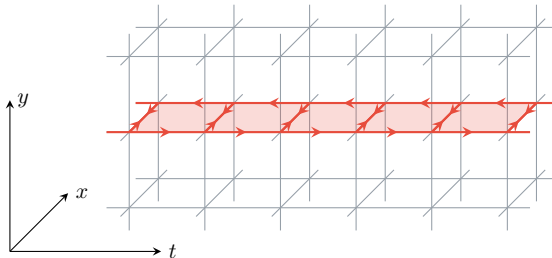
One can rewrite the fermion matrix  $Q_{\text{uark}}$  as

$$\det Q_{\text{uark}} = \exp \left\{ - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \kappa^n \text{tr} H_{\text{op}}^n \right\}$$

where  $H_{\text{op}}$  translates the quark one lattice spacing and  $\kappa \sim 1/m_q$

# The Effective Lattice Theory

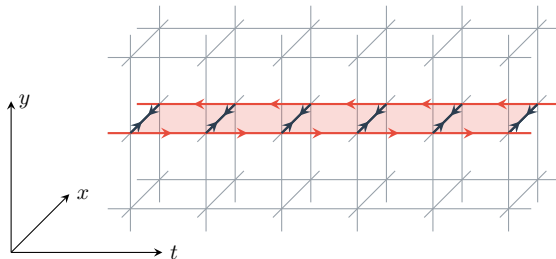
## Pure gluon contributions



Put a line of plaquettes in the time direction

# The Effective Lattice Theory

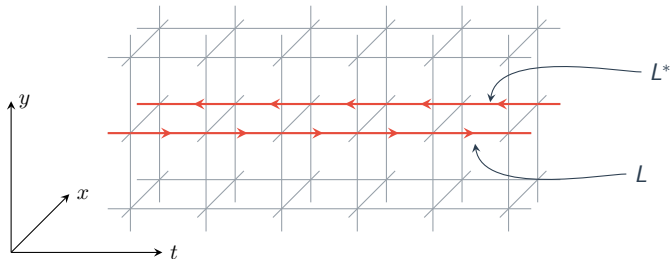
## Pure gluon contributions



Integrate over all spatial gauge links

# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Pure gluon contributions



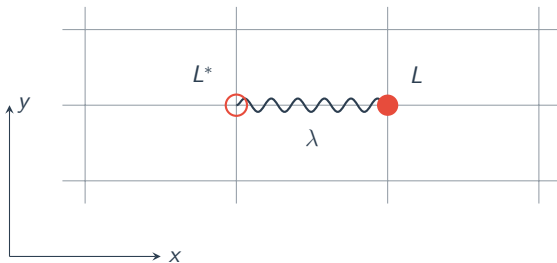
What remains is an interaction between Polyakov Loops

# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Pure gluon contributions

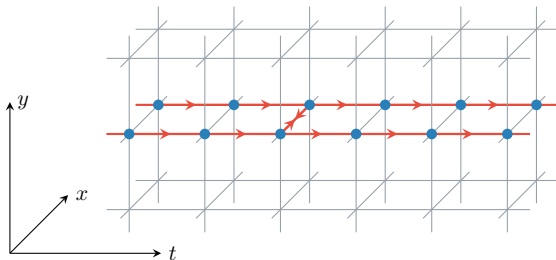
### Effective Gluon Interactions

$$S_{\text{eff gluon}} \sim \lambda \sum_{\langle x,y \rangle} L(x) L^*(y)$$



# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Pure quark contributions

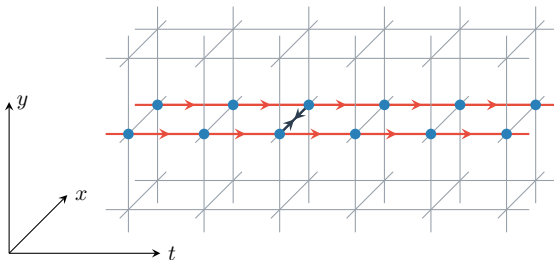


Can produce a closed quark loop with multiple temporal windings



# The Effective Lattice Theory

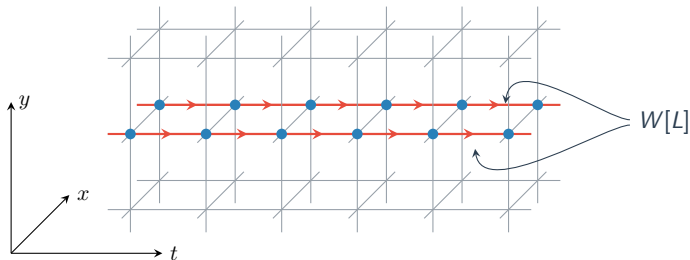
## Pure quark contributions



Once again integrate out spatial links

# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Pure quark contributions



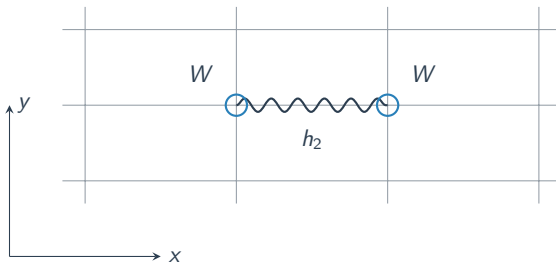
Producing an interaction between the  $W$  objects

# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Pure quark contributions

### Effective Gluon Interactions

$$S_{\text{eff quarks}} \sim h_2 \sum_{\langle x,y \rangle} W(x)W(y)$$



# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Final form

### The Effective Action

$$\mathcal{Z} = \int \prod_x dL(x) \exp \{ -S_{\text{eff action}} \}$$

$$S_{\text{eff action}} \sim \lambda \sum_{\langle x,y \rangle} L(x)L^*(y) + h_2 \sum_{\langle x,y \rangle} W(x)W(y)$$

Two options to proceed from here

- 1 Simulate the effective action
- 2 Analytically calculate it with a linked cluster expansion

# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Final form

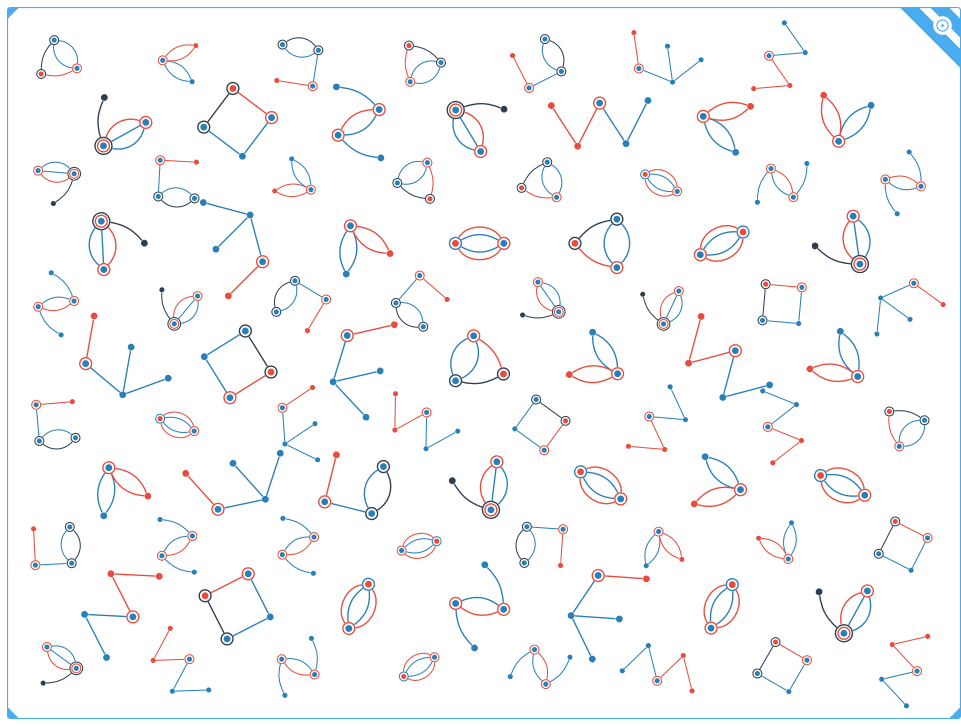
### The Effective Action

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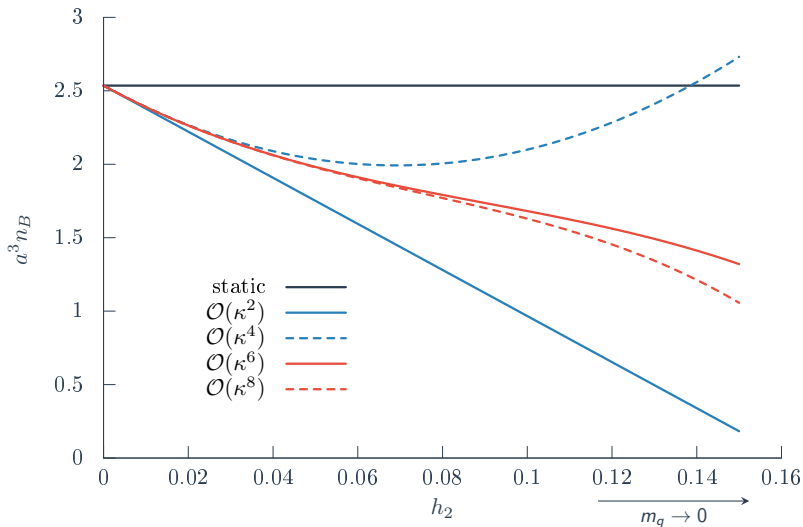
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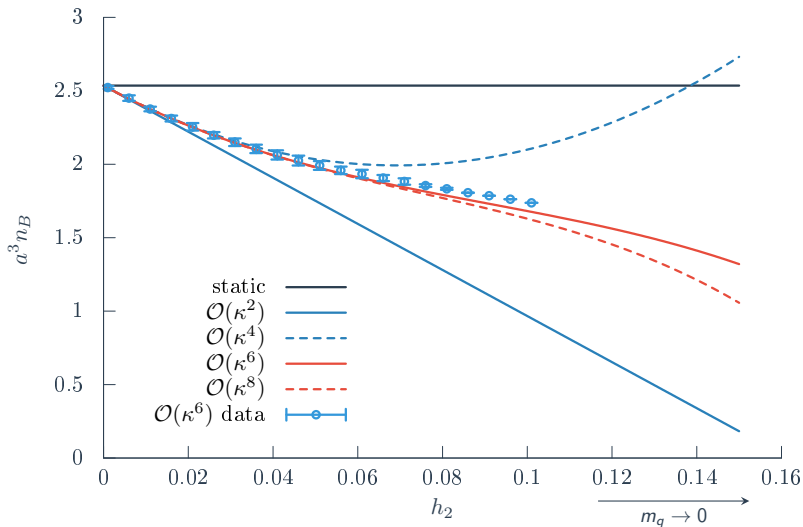
# Results

# Comparison with Simulation

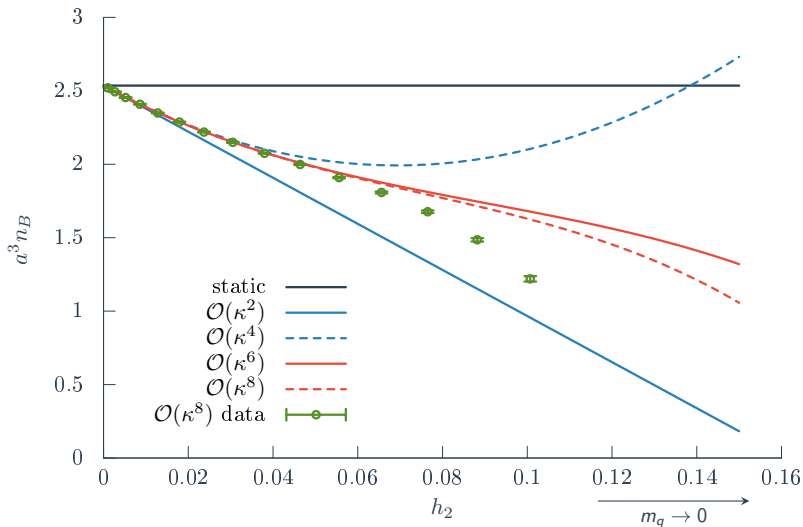




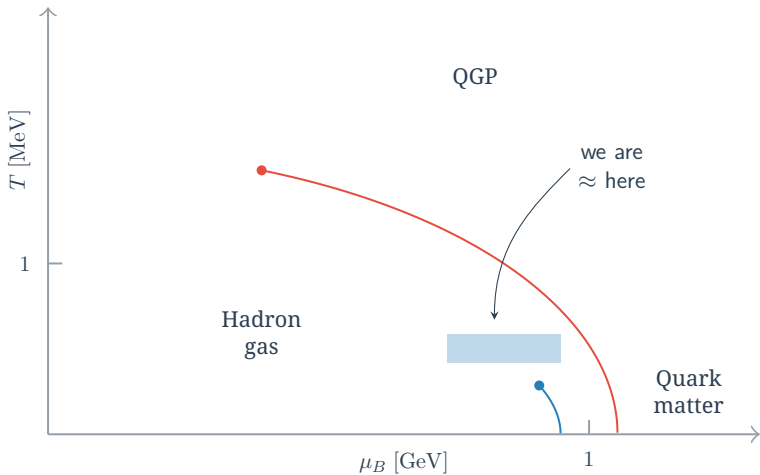
# Comparison with Simulation



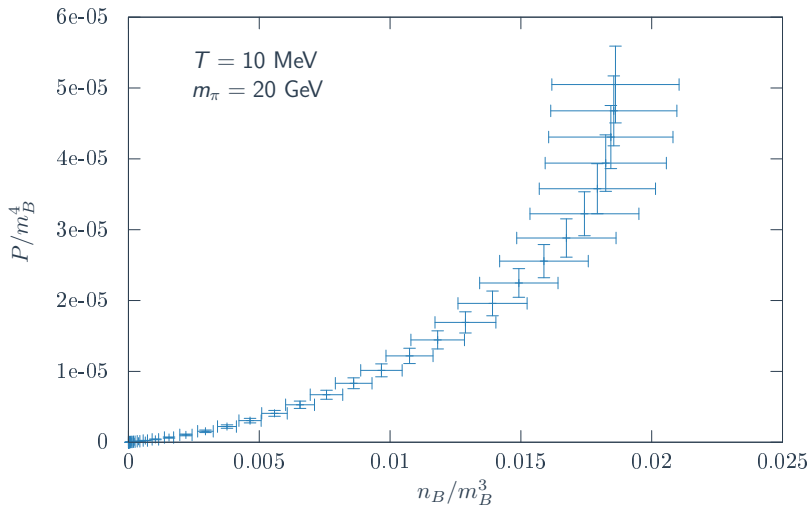
# Comparison with Simulation



# Equation of State



# Equation of State



# Conclusion

# Summary & Outlook

## Summary

- Introduced two expansions for the lattice action
  - Strong coupling expansion
  - Hopping expansion
- Created a dimensionally reduced effective lattice theory

# Summary & Outlook

## Outlook

- Look for resummations to help convergence
- Calculate higher order mixing terms
- Move more in the direction of the simulations

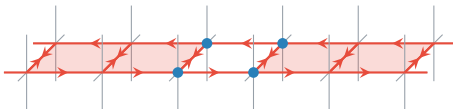
Backup slides



# The Effective Lattice Theory

## Mixed contributions

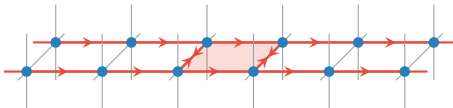
### Correction to $\lambda$



- Rescales  $\lambda$

- $\lambda \rightarrow \lambda(\kappa)$

### Correction to $h_2$



- Rescales  $h_2$

- $h_2 \rightarrow h_2(\beta)$

# EoS in lattice units

