

ANDROID UI



Outline

- Android UI History
- Mobile UX
- Layout Fundamentals
- Pimp my App (Styles)
- Navigation
- Building Blocks
- Lists and Grids
- UI Tools and Tricks





ANDROID UI CHANGES OVER TIME





Android UI Time Pockets

<4.0: “The Good ‘ol Mess” (~7%)

- Use support and compatibility libraries

4.0-4.X: “The Current Experience” (~88%)

- Unification of Phones and Tablets
- No more hardware buttons
- No menu or search button
- “Back”, “Home”, Recents”
- New rules and patterns

5.0: “New Material” (~5%)

- Material Design
- New rules and patterns
- Wearables and other platforms





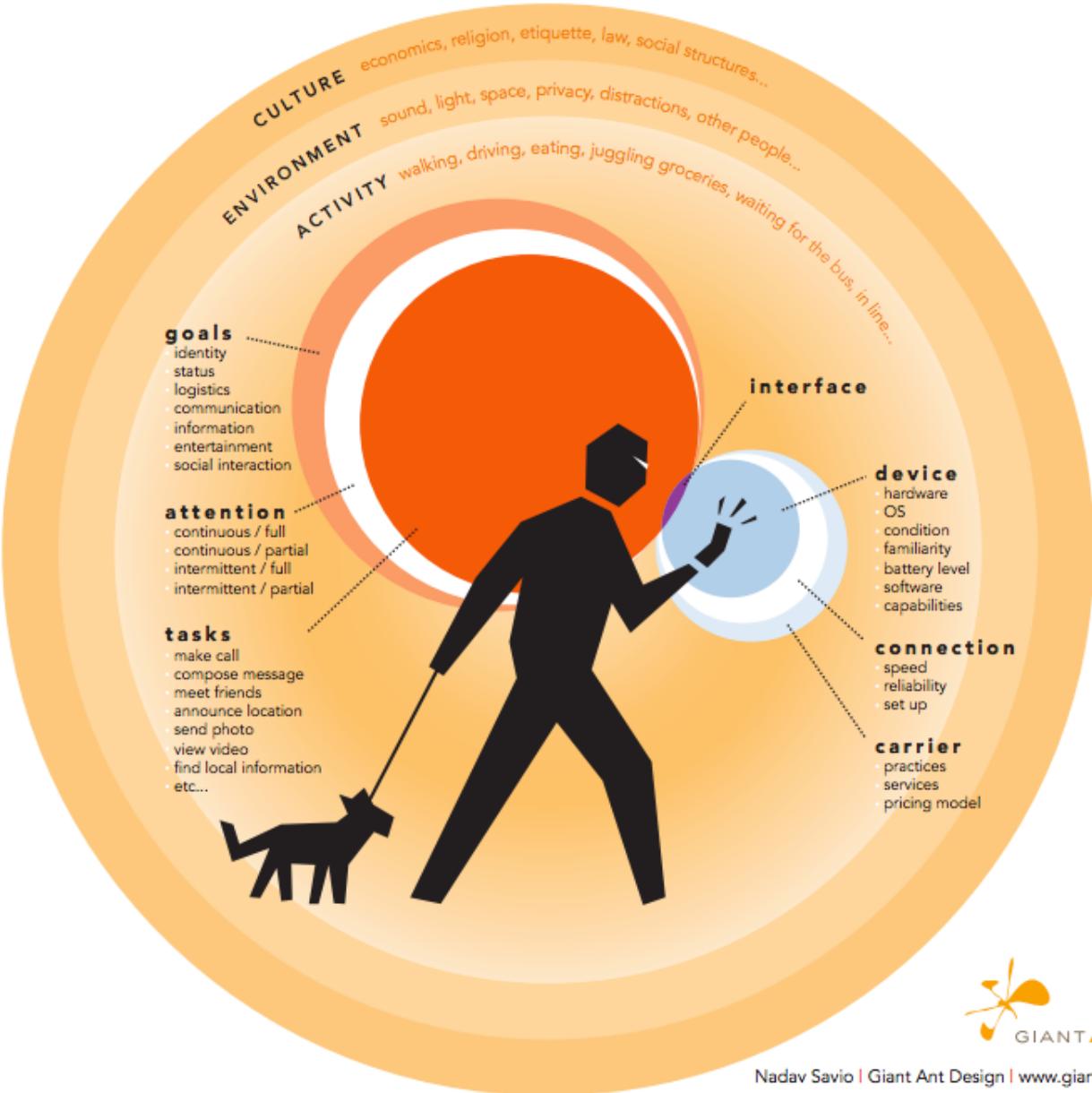
ANDROID MOBILE UX



Android Creative Vision

- Enchant me
- Simplify my life
- Make me Amazing





Nadav Savio | Giant Ant Design | www.giantant.com



Platform Guidelines

- Follow the Android UI design guidelines that fit with your target users and devices
 - Consistency is key!
- Leverage the platform and don't be afraid of using “standard” elements
- Remember: Android is NOT iOS
 - Don't copy patterns
 - Don't force visuals to look like iOS



Be Quick or Be Dead!

- Users have zero tolerance for lag
- Never block the UI thread
- Only access UI elements from UI thread
- Speed limit enforced!

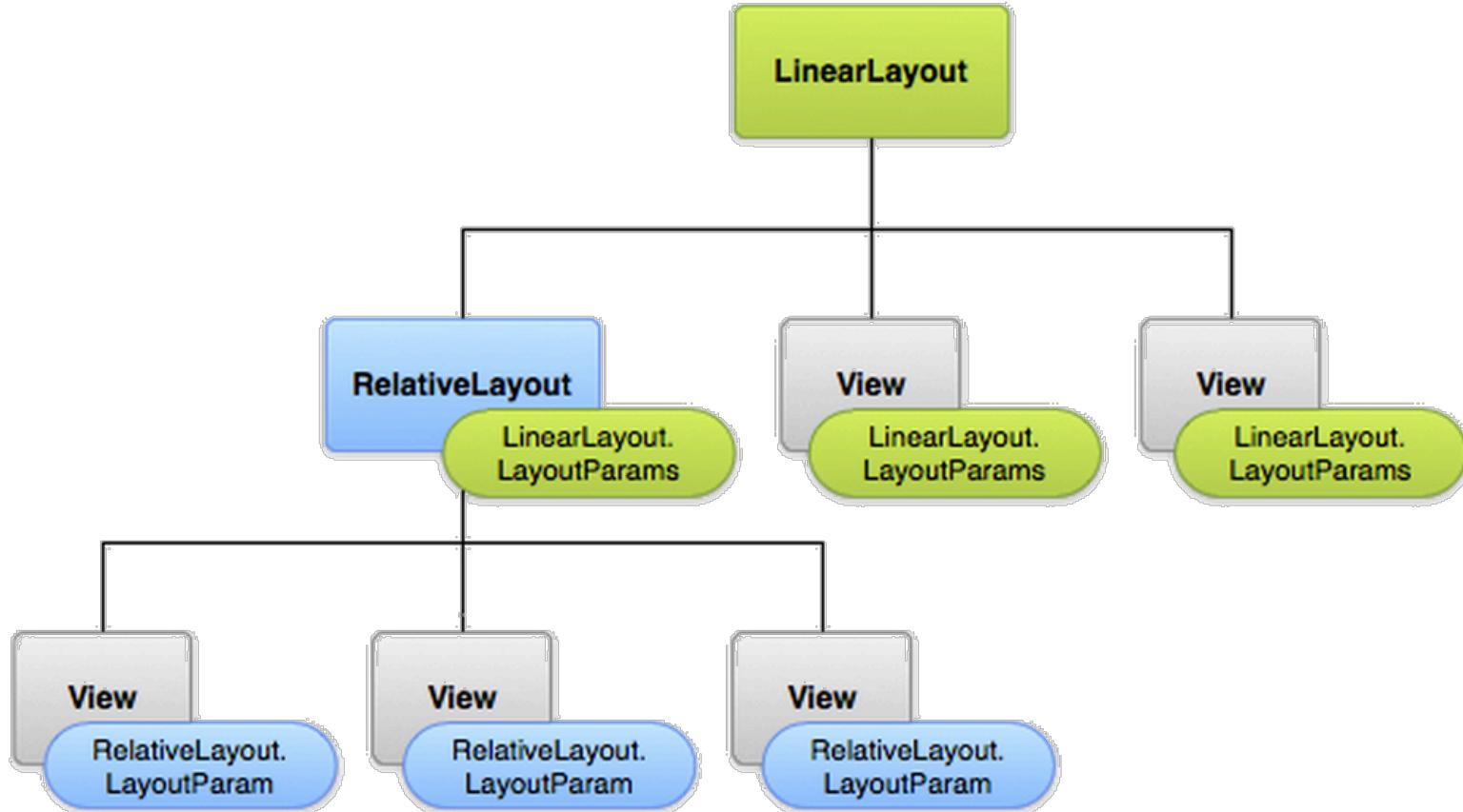




LAYOUTS



Layouts and LayoutParams



<http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/ui/declaring-layout.html>



Common Layouts

- **LinearLayout**
 - Horizontal or vertical
- **RelativeLayout**
 - Each view in specific relation to other defined views and/or parent
- **FrameLayout**
 - Designed to layout one item but can be used for overlays etc.

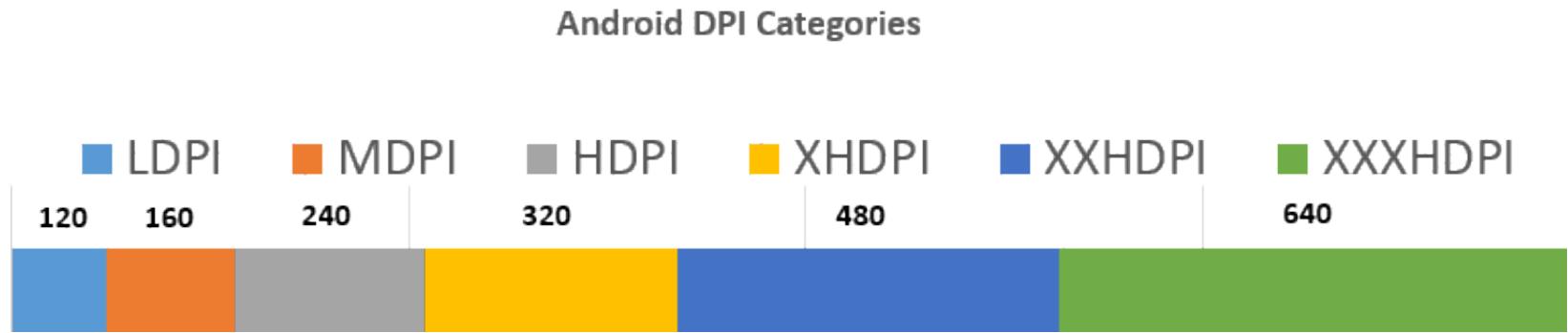


Size

- Specified through parameters
 - `layout_width`
 - `layout_height`
- Use
 - `wrap_content`
 - `match_parent`
 - Density independent pixels (dp)



Pixel Density / DPI



<http://pixplicity.com/dp-px-converter/>





PIMP MY APP



Kasper Løvborg Jensen
Leafcastle Labs

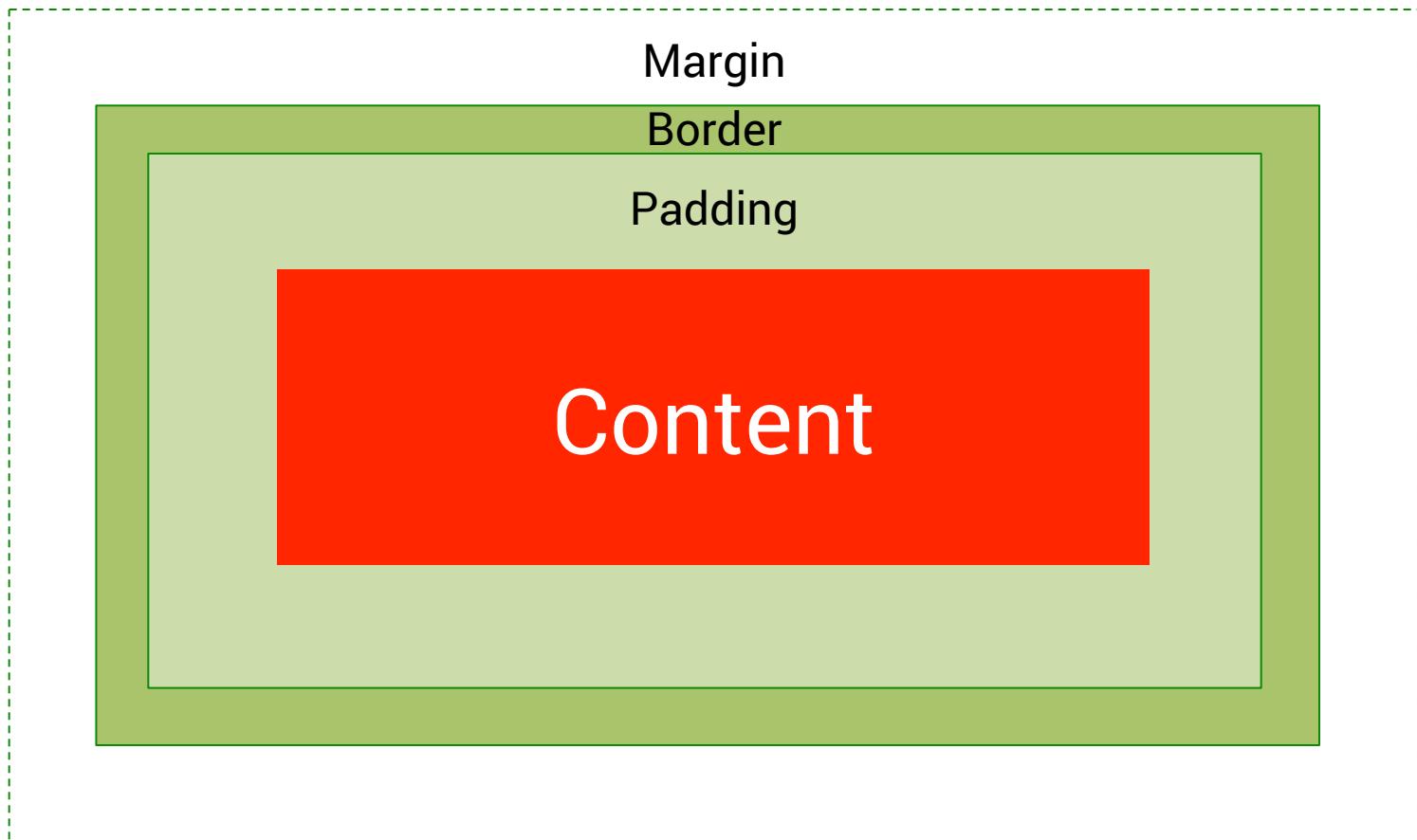
| ITSMAP Q4 2015
Aarhus University

Themes and Styles

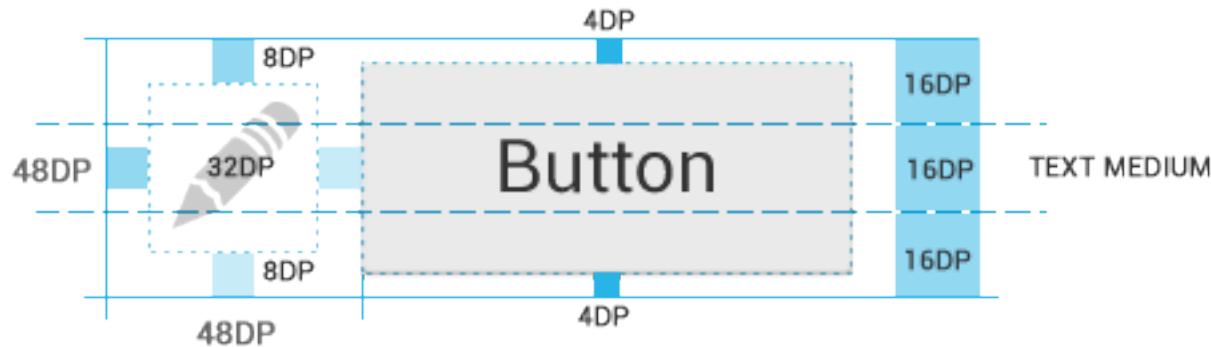
- “Themes are Android’s mechanism for applying a **consistent style** to an app or activity”
- Themes can be set for the whole app or activities
- Styles can be applied to elements at all levels
- Use Android 4.0 standard themes as a starting point and override
 - Holo Light
 - Holo Dark



Margin, Border and Padding



The Android 48dp “Flow”



<http://developer.android.com/design/style/metrics-grids.html>



Text and Fonts

- Scale-independent Pixels (sp)

Text Size Micro

12sp

Text Size Small

14sp

Text Size Medium

18sp

Text Size Large

22sp

Roboto Thin
Roboto Light
Roboto Regular
Roboto Medium
Roboto Bold
Roboto Black

Roboto Condensed Light
Roboto Condensed
Roboto Condensed Bold

<http://developer.android.com/design/style/typography.html>





NAVIGATION & BUILDING BLOCKS

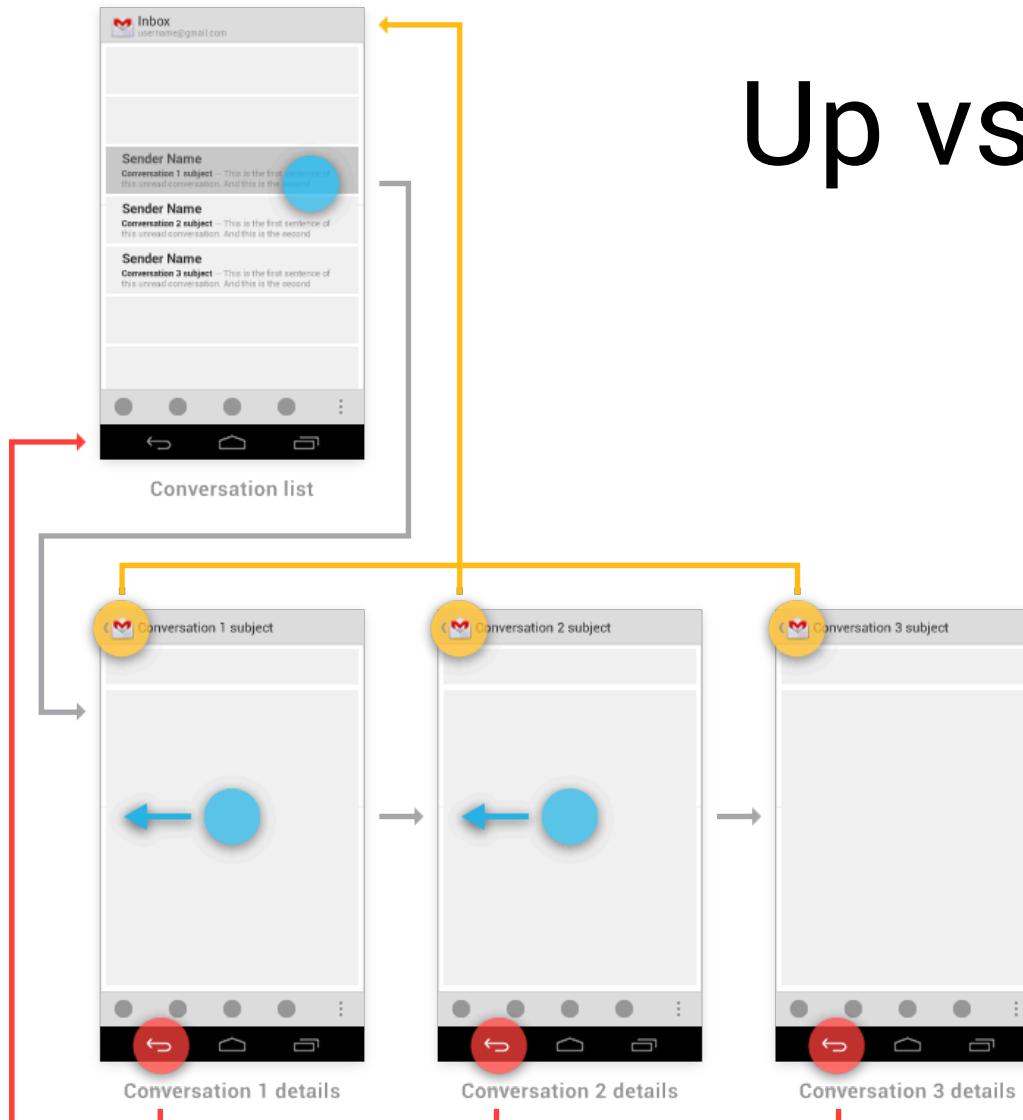


Back vs. Up

- Can have big consequences depending on complexity of your app
- Follow the official guidelines to insure consistency on platform
- Generally
 - Up is “hierarchical”
 - Back is “chronological”



Up vs. Back



<https://developer.android.com/design/patterns/navigation.html>



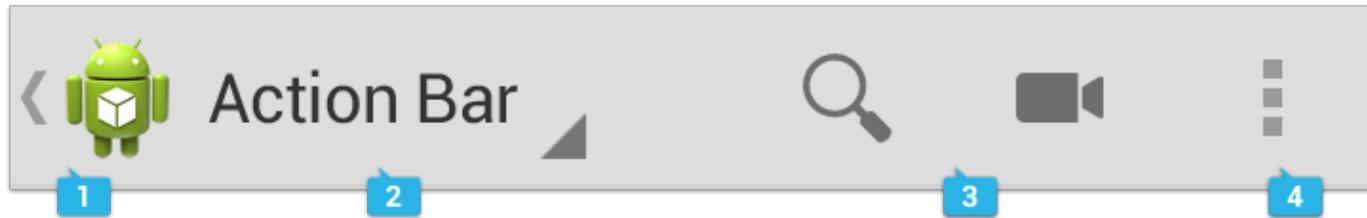
Action Bar

- “The *action bar* is a **dedicated piece of real estate** at the top of each screen that is generally **persistent throughout the app**”
 - “Makes **important actions prominent** and accessible in a predictable way (such as *New* or *Search*)”
 - “Supports **consistent navigation** and view switching within apps”
 - “**Reduces clutter** by providing an action overflow for rarely used actions”
 - “Provides a dedicated space for giving your app an **identity**”

<http://developer.android.com/design/patterns/actionbar.html>



Action Bar



1. App icon
2. View Control
3. Action Buttons
4. Action Overflow



<http://developer.android.com/design/patterns/actionbar.html>



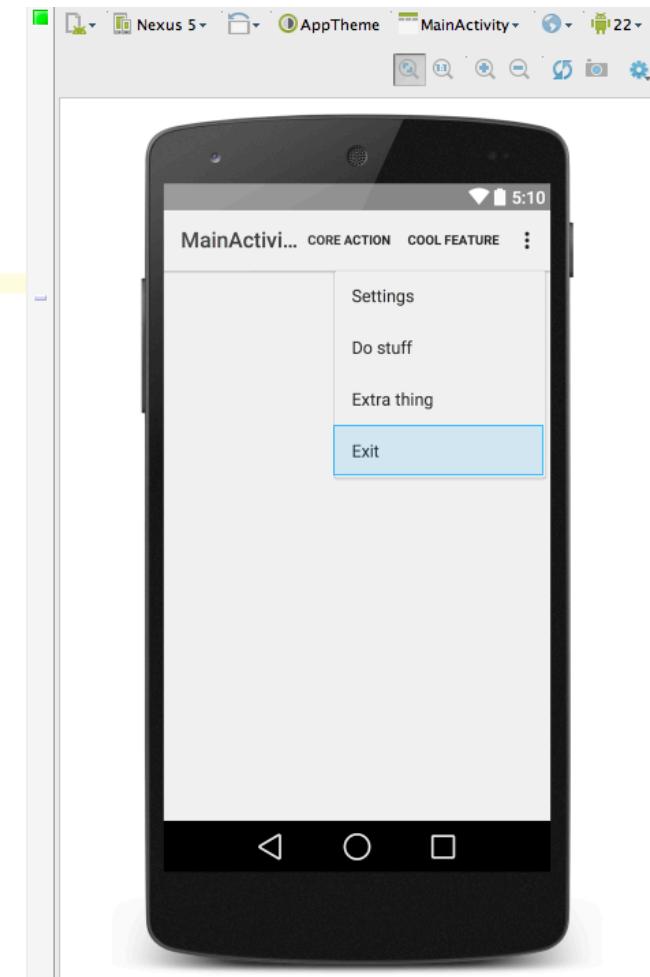
Action Buttons

- Decide which actions are FIT for your app:
 - F = Frequent
 - I = Important
 - T = Typical
- Only show available actions fitting the given state/context of the app



Define in XML

```
1 <menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
2     xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
3     tools:context=".MainActivity">
4     <item android:id="@+id/action_main_thing" android:title="@string/action_core"
5         android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="always" />
6     <item android:id="@+id/action_cool_feature" android:title="@string/action_cool_feature"
7         android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="ifRoom" />
8     <item android:id="@+id/action_settings" android:title="@string/action_settings"
9         android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="never" />
10    <item android:id="@+id/action_do_stuff" android:title="@string/action_do_stuff"
11        android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="never" />
12    <item android:id="@+id/action_extra_thing" android:title="@string/action_extra_thing"
13        android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="never" />
14    <item android:id="@+id/action_exit" android:title="@string/action_exit"
15        android:orderInCategory="100" android:showAsAction="never" />
16 </menu>
```



Implementing Action Bar

```
@Override  
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {  
    getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.menu_main, menu);  
    return true;  
}  
  
@Override  
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {  
  
    int id = item.getItemId();  
    boolean overrideDefaultHandling = false;  
    switch(id){  
        case R.id.action_exit:  
            overrideDefaultHandling = true;  
            finish();  
            break;  
        case R.id.action_settings:  
            overrideDefaultHandling = true;  
            break;  
    }  
    if(overrideDefaultHandling){  
        return true;  
    } else {  
        return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item);  
    }  
}
```



Contextual Action Bar

- Activate on long press
 - Standard for selection of an item
 - Present specific options
 - allow for more items to be selected
- Overrides normal Action Bar
- Great for multi-select and “bulk actions”



Navigation Drawer

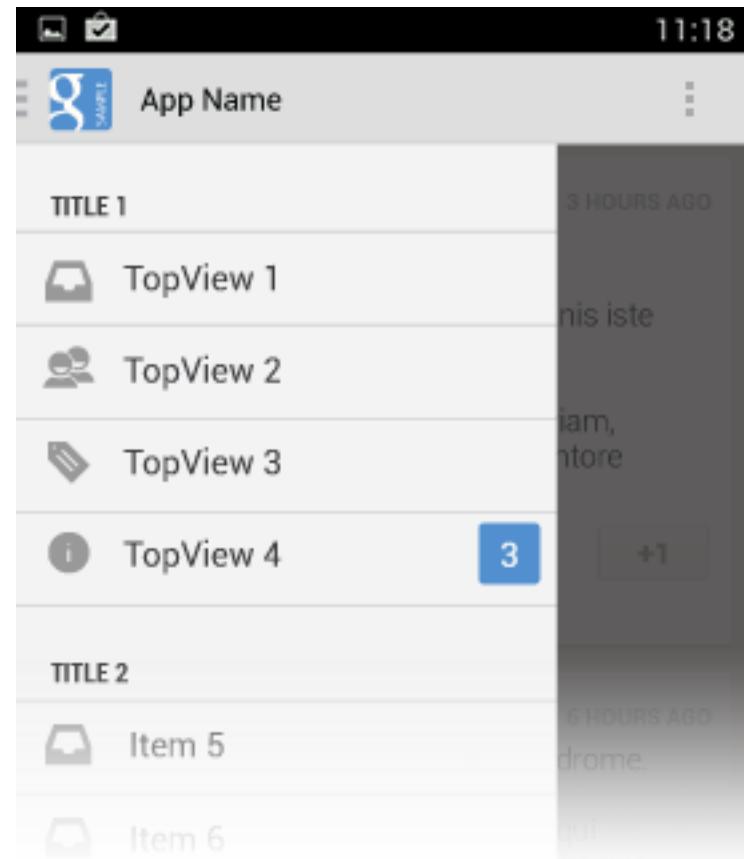


<https://developer.android.com/design/patterns/navigation-drawer.html>



Navigation Drawer

- Only if your app “needs” it
- Titles, icons (and counters)
- Clean up Action Bar on use
 - Only show icon, menu and actions with global scope

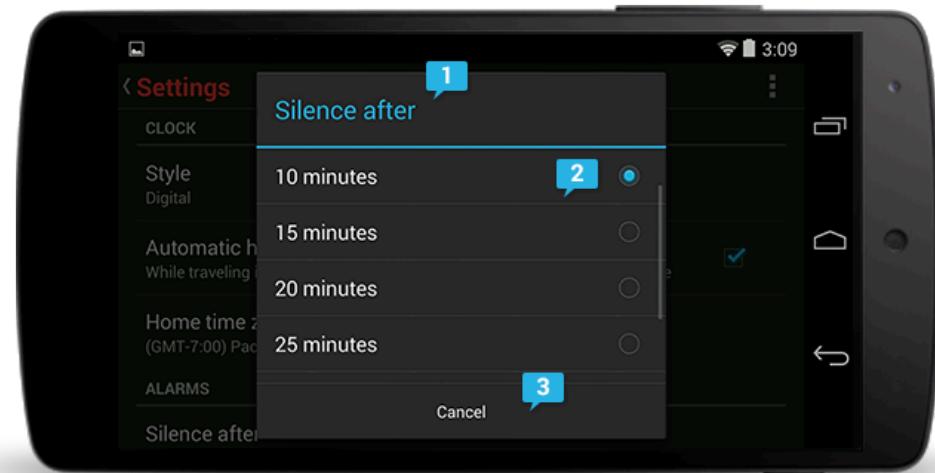


<https://developer.android.com/design/patterns/navigation-drawer.html>



Dialogs

- Generally use **AlertDialog**
- Uses Builder pattern
 1. Header
 2. Content
 3. Action Buttons
- Special subtypes
 - Alerts
 - Popups



<http://developer.android.com/design/building-blocks/dialogs.html>



Notifications

- Uses Builder pattern
- Requires
 - Icon
 - Title
 - Content Text
- Can contain
 - `PendingIntent`, e.g. start a particular Activity
 - Priority
 - Custom layout/style (introduced in 4.1)





LISTS AND GRIDS



Lists and Grids

- Scrollable views with a bunch of similar items (Views)
- Uses Adapters to generate UI elements dynamically at runtime using predefined layouts
- Can handle very large datasets efficiently by “recycling” views



activity_main.xml

The screenshot shows the Android Studio interface with the XML code for `activity_main.xml` on the left and a preview of the resulting UI on the right.

XML Code:

```
1 <RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
2     xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools" android:layout_width="match_parent"
3     android:layout_height="match_parent" android:paddingLeft="64dp"
4     android:paddingRight="64dp"
5     android:paddingTop="16dp"
6     android:paddingBottom="16dp"
7     tools:context="com.leafcastlelabs.demoui.MainActivity">
8
9     <TextView
10        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
11        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
12        android:textAppearance="?android:attr/textAppearanceLarge"
13        android:text="UI Demos"
14        android:id="@+id/txtMainHeading"
15        android:layout_alignParentTop="true"
16        android:layout_centerHorizontal="true" />
17
18     <ListView
19        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
20        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
21        android:id="@+id/listView"
22        android:layout_below="@+id/txtMainHeading"
23        android:layout_centerHorizontal="true" />
24
25 </RelativeLayout>
```

UI Preview:

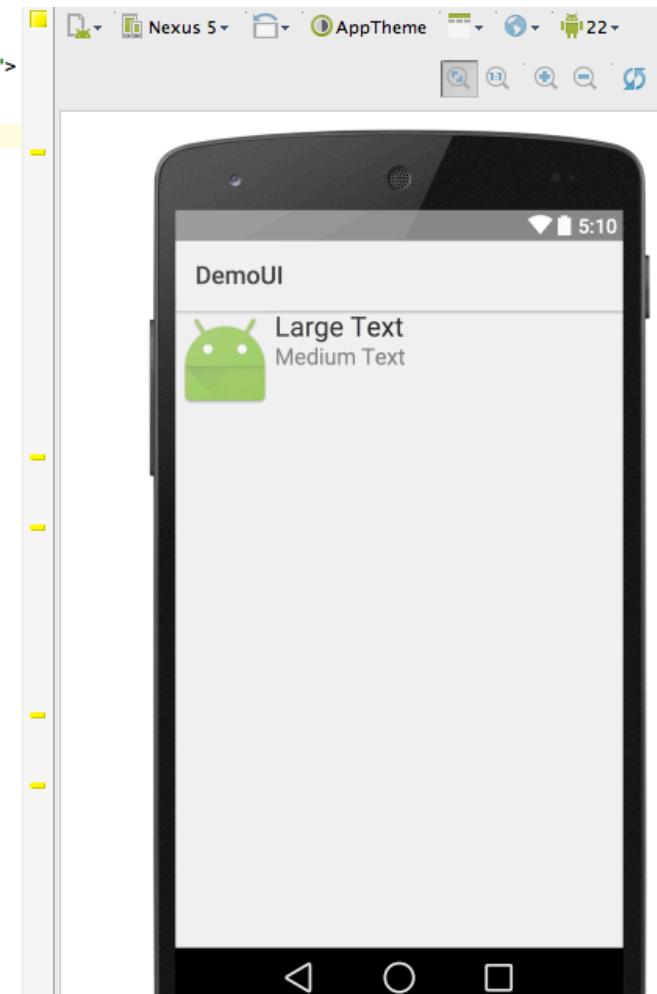
The preview shows a smartphone screen with the title "MainActivity". Below the title is a section labeled "UI Demos". A list view displays seven items, each consisting of a main item and a sub-item:

- Item 1
Sub Item 1
- Item 2
Sub Item 2
- Item 3
Sub Item 3
- Item 4
Sub Item 4
- Item 5
Sub Item 5
- Item 6
Sub Item 6
- Item 7
Sub Item 7



demo_list_item.xml

```
1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2  <RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
3      android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent">
4
5      <ImageView
6          android:layout_width="80dp"
7          android:layout_height="80dp"
8          android:id="@+id/imgDemoIcon"
9          android:layout_alignParentTop="true"
10         android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
11         android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
12         android:src="@mipmap/ic_launcher" />
13
14     <TextView
15         android:layout_width="wrap_content"
16         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
17         android:textAppearance="?android:attr/textAppearanceLarge"
18         android:text="Large Text"
19         android:id="@+id/txtDemoTitle"
20         android:layout_alignParentTop="true"
21         android:layout_toRightOf="@+id/imgDemoIcon"
22         android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
23         android:layout_alignParentEnd="true" />
24
25     <TextView
26         android:layout_width="wrap_content"
27         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
28         android:textAppearance="?android:attr/textAppearanceMedium"
29         android:text="Medium Text"
30         android:id="@+id/txtDemoDescription"
31         android:layout_below="@+id/txtDemoTitle"
32         android:layout_toRightOf="@+id/imgDemoIcon"
33         android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
34         android:layout_alignParentEnd="true" />
35
36 </RelativeLayout>
```



Demo.java

```
6  public class Demo {  
7  
8      private String name;  
9      private String description;  
10     private String intentAction;  
11     private int resultCode;  
12  
13     public Demo(String demoName, String demodescription){  
14         this(demoName, demodescription, null, 0);  
15     }  
16  
17     public Demo(String demoName, String demodescription, String demoAction, int demoResultCode){  
18         this.name = demoName;  
19         this.description = demodescription;  
20         this.intentAction = demoAction;  
21         this.resultCode = demoResultCode;  
22     }  
23  
24     public String getName() { return name; }  
25  
26     public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }  
27  
28     public String getDescription() { return description; }  
29  
30     public void setDescription(String description) { this.description = description; }  
31  
32     public String getIntentAction() { return intentAction; }  
33  
34     public void setIntentAction(String intentAction) { this.intentAction = intentAction; }  
35  
36     public int getResultCode() { return resultCode; }  
37  
38     public void setResultCode(int resultCode) { this.resultCode = resultCode; }  
39  
40 }
```



DemoAdaptor.java

```
20 public class DemoAdaptor extends BaseAdapter {  
21  
22     Context context;  
23     ArrayList<Demo> demos;  
24     Demo demo;  
25  
26     public DemoAdaptor(Context c, ArrayList<Demo> demoList){  
27         this.context = c;  
28         this.demos = demoList;  
29     }  
30  
31     @Override  
32     public int getCount() {...}  
33  
34     @Override  
35     public Object getItem(int position) {...}  
36  
37     @Override  
38     public long getItemId(int position) { return position; }  
39  
40     @Override  
41     public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {  
42  
43         if (convertView == null) {  
44             LayoutInflator demoInflater = (LayoutInflator) this.context  
45                 .getSystemService(Context.LAYOUT_INFLATER_SERVICE);  
46             convertView = demoInflater.inflate(R.layout.demo_list_item, null);  
47         }  
48  
49         demo = demos.get(position);  
50         if(demo!=null){  
51             TextView txtTitle = (TextView) convertView.findViewById(R.id.txtDemoTitle);  
52             txtTitle.setText(demo.getName());  
53  
54             TextView txtDescription = (TextView) convertView.findViewById(R.id.txtDemoDescription);  
55             txtDescription.setText(demo.getDescription());  
56         }  
57         return convertView;  
58     }  
59 }  
60 }
```



MainActivity.java

```
45 demoAdaptor = new DemoAdaptor(this, demoList);
46 demoListView = (ListView) findViewById(R.id.listView);
47 demoListView.setAdapter(demoAdaptor);
48 demoListView.setOnItemClickListener(new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
49     @Override
50     public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
51
52         Intent startDemoIntent = new Intent();
53         startDemoIntent.putExtra("position", position);
54         String action = demoList.get(position).getIntentAction();
55         int demoResultCode = demoList.get(position).getResultCode();
56         if(action != null && !action.equals("")){
57             startDemoIntent.setAction(action);
58             startActivityForResult(startDemoIntent, demoResultCode);
59         }
60     }
61 });
--
```



UI Tools and Tricks



EXERCISES

