

EM for GMM

Parameters $\theta = (\pi_1, \dots, \pi_c, \theta_1, \dots, \theta_c)$ where $\theta_c = (\mu_c, \sigma_c^2)$.

Current parameters θ^i .

Expected complete log-likelihood

$$\sum_n E_{p(z_n | x_n, \theta^i)} [\ell(\theta; z_n, x_n)]$$

$$= \sum E \left[\log \prod_c (\pi_c p(x_n | z_n=c, \theta_c))^{I(z_n=c)} \right]$$

$$= \sum E \left[\sum_c I(z_n=c) \log \pi_c + \sum_c I(z_n=c) \log p(x_n | \theta_c) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{n,c} \underbrace{E[I(z_n=c)]}_{= p(z_n=c | x_n, \theta^i) = r_{nc}} \log \pi_c + \sum_{n,c} \underbrace{E[I(z_n=c)]}_{= r_{nc}} \log p(x_n | \theta_c)$$

$$= \sum_c \underbrace{\left[\sum_n r_{nc} \right]}_{(A)} \log \pi_c + \sum_c \underbrace{\sum_n r_{nc} \log p(x_n | \theta_c)}_{(B_c)}$$

(A) and each (B_c) can be maximised separately.

(A) max. by

$$\pi_c = \sum_n r_{nc} / N = \overset{\text{def as } \sum_n r_{nc}}{r_c} / N$$

For (B_c),

$$\text{let } \alpha_c = \frac{1}{\sigma_c}$$

and

$$l_c(\mu_c, \alpha_c) = \sum_n r_{nc} \log \left[\frac{\alpha_c}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{\alpha_c^2}{2}(x_n - \mu_c)^2} \right]$$

$$= \sum_n r_{nc} \log \alpha_c - \sum_n r_{nc} \frac{\alpha_c^2}{2} (x_n - \mu_c)^2 + C$$

\nearrow some const.

$$\frac{dl}{d\mu_c} = \sum_n r_{nc} \alpha_c^2 (x_n - \mu_c) \quad \text{and}$$

$$\frac{dl}{d\mu_c} = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_n r_{nc} \cancel{\alpha_c^2} x_n = \sum_n r_{nc} \cancel{\alpha_c^2} \mu_c$$

$$\text{so} \quad \mu_c = \frac{\sum_n x_n r_{nc}}{r_c}$$

—

$$\frac{dl}{d\alpha} = \sum_n \frac{r_{nc}}{\alpha_c} - r_{nc} \alpha_c (x_n - \mu_c)^2$$

$$\frac{dl}{d\alpha} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha_c} \sum_n r_{nc} = \alpha_c \sum_n r_{nc} (x_n - \mu_c)^2$$

$$\text{so} \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{1}{\alpha^2} = \frac{\sum_n r_{nc} (x_n - \mu_c)^2}{r_c}$$

HMM

Complete data

$$D = \{ (x_{1:T}^u, z_{1:T+1}^u \mid u \in [N]) \}$$

Likelihood

$$L(A, B; D)$$

$$= \prod_{u=1}^N \prod_{t=1}^T p(x_t^u \mid z_t^u) p(z_{t+1}^u \mid z_t^u)$$

$$= \prod_u \prod_t \prod_{s,h} B_{sh}^{I(x_t^u=s, z_t^u=h)} \prod_{k,l} A_{kh}^{I(z_t^u=k, z_{t+1}^u=l)}$$

$$= \left[\prod_{s,h} B_{sh}^{M_{sh}} \right] \left[\prod_{k,l} A_{kh}^{N_{kh}} \right]$$

$$= \prod_{h,t} B_{sh}^{M_{sh}} \prod_{k,l} A_{kh}^{N_{kh}}$$

$$M_{sh} = \sum_{u,t} I(x_t^u=s, z_t^u=h)$$

$$N_{kh} = \sum_{u,t} I(z_t^u=k, z_{t+1}^u=l)$$

So MLE

$$B_{sh} = \frac{M_{sh}}{\sum_s M_{sh}} \quad \text{and} \quad A_{eh} = \frac{N_{eh}}{\sum_e N_{eh}}$$

$$\ell(A, B; D) =$$

$$\sum_{s,t} \sum_{h,k} I(x_t^h = s, z_t^h = k) \log B_{shk}$$

$$+ \sum_{h,l} \sum_{u,t} I(z_t^h = h, z_{t+1}^h = l) \log A_{lh}$$

EM for HMM

$$D = \{x_{1:T}^u : u \in [N]\}$$

EM

$$\sum_u E_{z_{1:T+1} | A^i, B^i, x^u} [\ell(A, B; z_{1:T+1}, x_{1:T}^u)]$$

$$= \sum_u E \left[\log \prod_t \prod_{s,h} B_{sh}^{I(x_t^u=s, z_t=h)} \prod_{h,e} A_{eh}^{I(z_t=h, z_{t+1}=e)} \right]$$

$$= \sum_u E \left[\sum_{s,h} \sum_t I(x_t^u=s, z_t=h) \log B_{sh} + \sum_{h,e} \sum_t I(z_t=h, z_{t+1}=e) \log A_{eh} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{s,h} \underbrace{\left[\sum_{u,t} p(x_t^u=s, z_t=h | A^i, B^i, x_{1:T}^u) \right]}_{\hat{M}_{sh}} \log B_{sh}$$

$$+ \sum_{h,e} \underbrace{\left[\sum_{u,t} p(z_t=h, z_{t+1}=e | A^i, B^i, x_{1:T}^u) \right]}_{\hat{N}_{eh}} \log A_{eh}$$

Max by

$$B_{sh} = \frac{\hat{M}_{sh}}{\sum_s \hat{M}_{sh}} \quad \text{and} \quad A_{eh} = \frac{\hat{N}_{eh}}{\sum_e \hat{N}_{eh}}$$

EM Motivation

Let

$$\mathcal{L}(q(z), \theta) = \sum_z q(z) \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{q(z)}$$

and

$$KL(q(z) \parallel p(z | x, \theta)) = \sum_z q(z) \log \frac{q(z)}{p(z | x, \theta)}$$

where θ is all parameters.

Claim

$$\log p(x | \theta) = \mathcal{L}(q(z), \theta) + KL(q(z) \parallel p(z | x, \theta))$$

Proof: RHS

$$= \sum_z q(z) \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{p(z | x, \theta)}$$

$$= \sum_z q(z) \log p(x | \theta)$$

$$= \log p(x | \theta)$$