time shif people 
$$\int (t+t')^{-1} = e^{i\omega t} + (\omega)$$

$$= e^{-2\omega^{2}} e^{-2\omega^{2}} + (\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}$$

$$g(4+3) = \frac{2}{i(4+3)}$$
  $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$   $\frac{2}{i(4+3)}$ 

c) 
$$S_{3}^{(+)} = S_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y e^{-y^{2}} e^{-1+-y^{2}} dy$$

$$= S_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y e^{-1+-y^{2}} e^{-1+-y^{2}} dy = \sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{y}{2}} e^{\frac{y}{2}} dy$$

$$= S_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y e^{-1+-y^{2}} e^{-\frac{y}{2}} e^{-\frac{y}{2$$

(ONVOLUTO: 
$$S_{\infty}^{\infty} f(y) g(x-y) dy = S_{\infty}^{\infty} f(x-y) g(y) dy = FT$$

$$= \frac{at^{2}}{a} \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\omega^{2}/4} A \qquad f(y) = ye^{-\omega^{2}/2} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\omega^{2}/4} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\omega^{2}/4}$$

93 Linear operator: 2/24+6 1= ally)+62(1) LHS: 2(a+6) -> (v+) ) (a+++)+1 = a++604+a+++++ RHS: a L(4)+6L(0)-> 4(a4)+ \$\overline{P}(b\overline{P})+1:a Y2+6\overline{P}2+2 Yot linear  $\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial$ Series  $J(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_n w_n \left( n w_0 t \right) + b_n \sin(m w_0 t) \right]$   $+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_n w_n \left( n w_0 t \right) + b_n \sin(m w_0 t) \right]$   $+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_n w_n \left( n w_0 t \right) + b_n \sin(m w_0 t) \right]$ c) f(4) = 5.100 - 4520 T=21, 8=-17: = 2 5 p(+) cos (nwo+) d+ Flgy]] = 50-100 dy + 5, 100 dg  $-\frac{1}{n} \left( -100 \, \text{S}_{\pi}^{n} \cos(nw_{0}t) \, dt \right)$   $+100 \, \text{S}_{\pi}^{n} \cos(nw_{0}t) \, dt \right)$   $a_{n} = \frac{100}{\pi n w_{0}} \left( \sin(-nw_{0}tt) + \sin(nw_{0}tt) \right)$ y = as x stg  $+ \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_$ y'= as (s+9) x 519-1 y"= 03 (s+q) (s+q-1) x s+q-2 = 2 7π [ 200 cos (nwoπ)] as (s+q) (s+q-1) x s+q-2 + as (s+q) x s+q+2 + d as x s+q+2 = 0 as (s+9) (s+9-1) x s+9-2 + as (s+9) x s+9+2 = - das x s+9+2 98 (s+q) (s+q-1) x s+q-2 + 48 (s+q) x s+q+2 = 4 (s+q) (s+q-1) x-2+ (s+q) x2 -4x2 not what U have to do ) \$\int (1-\chi^2) a\_s (s+1) (s+9-1) \times \text{ang-2} a) (1-x2) 22y - 2x dy + by =0 trial solut: y(x)= & q x 2+9 ( + 2 a (6+9) x 5+9 1 4a3 x 3+9 = 0 dy = & a ( 6+9 ) x s+9-1  $\frac{d_{H}^{2}}{dx^{2}} = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \alpha_{s} (s+s) (s+q-1) x^{34q-2}$ + 4a, x 5+9 ] =0 individ exto: cost lowest pur ls=0 2 x s+9-2 with s=0

$$\frac{Q6}{\delta \lambda^2} = \frac{1}{c} \frac{\delta a}{\delta +}$$

