Quest^o 1
$$\lambda = 1.54 \text{Å}$$

a) 37 44 65 77 82

8. 18.5 22 32.5 8.5 41

 $\sin^2 \theta$: 0.1 0.14 0.29 0.37 0.43 fee

Note: 1 1.4 2.9 3.9 4.3 becomes

 $\frac{2n^2(\theta)}{4n^2} = \frac{\lambda^2}{4\sin^2(\theta)} = \frac{\lambda^2}{4\sin^2$

 $\lambda \setminus R = 2$

(i) Calculate the resistivity of Ag?

(ii) What is the scattering time τ for Ag?

(iii) What is the drift velocity of the electrons?

[2] [1]

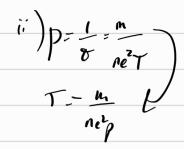
[2]

(iv) [h?] The voltage is switched off. What happens (quantitatively) to the

average electron motion.

 $[e=1.6\times 10^{-19} \text{ C}; m=9.1\times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}; n=5.85\times 10^{22}/\text{cm}^3.]$

9 - BA - 1.67 plum



r= 3.6 x 10 11

Answer

(iii) What is the drift velocity?

Use Drude equation of motion in steady state (d/dt = 0):

$$rac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = \vec{F} - rac{\vec{p}}{ au} \quad \Rightarrow \quad 0 = -e\vec{\mathcal{E}} - rac{\vec{p}}{ au} \quad \Rightarrow \quad m\vec{v}_d = -e au\vec{\mathcal{E}}$$

Voltage drop V in distance L corresponds to an electric field $\mathcal{E} = V/L = 1.06$

$$|v_d| = \left| -\frac{e\tau\mathcal{E}}{m} \right| = \frac{1.6\times 10^{-19}\times 3.6\times 10^{-14}\times 1.06\times 10^{-3}}{9.1\times 10^{-31}} = 6.7\times 10^{-6}~\text{m/s}$$

Or use
$$\vec{j} = -ne\vec{v}_d = I/A$$
, so $|v_d| = \frac{I}{neA}$. Putting in numbers,
$$|v_d| = \frac{2 \times 10^{-3}}{5.85 \times 10^{28} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times \pi \times (1 \times 10^{-4})^2} = 6.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{m/s}$$



