You've started a new movie-rating website, and you've been collecting data on reviewers' ratings of various movies. Here's the schema:

Movie (mID, title, year, director)

English: There is a movie with ID number mID, a title, a release year, and a director.

Reviewer (rID, name)

English: The reviewer with ID number rID has a certain name.

Rating (rID, mID, stars, ratingDate)

English: The reviewer *rID* gave the movie *mID* a number of *stars* rating (1-5) on a certain *ratingDate*.

In addition to the base tables, you've created three views:

View **LateRating** contains movie ratings after January 20, 2011. The view contains the movie ID, movie title, number of stars, and rating date.

create view LateRating as
select distinct R.mID, title, stars, ratingDate
from Rating R, Movie M
where R.mID = M.mID
and ratingDate > '2011-01-20'

View **HighlyRated** contains movies with at least one rating above 3 stars. The view contains the movie ID and movie title.

create view HighlyRated as select mID, title from Movie where mID in (select mID from Rating where stars > 3) View **NoRating** contains movies with no ratings in the database. The view contains the movie ID and movie title.

create view NoRating as select mID, title from Movie where mID not in (select mID from Rating)

Your exercises will run over a small data set conforming to the schema, with the views predefined. View the database. (You can also download the schema and data.)

Instructions: Each of the problems asks you to enable a certain type of modification to one of the views by writing an "instead-of" trigger. Our back-end creates your trigger using SQLite on the original state of the sample database. It then issues a modification statement on the view, which should activate your trigger to modify the base tables accordingly. Our back-end checks the trigger's base-table modifications, then restores the database to its original state. When you're satisfied with your solution for a given problem, click the "Submit" button to check your answer.

Important Notes:

- Our backend system is SQLite, so you must conform to the instead-of view modification trigger constructs supported by SQLite. A guide to SQLite triggers is here, although you may find it easier to start from the examples in the "View modifications using triggers" video demonstrations.
- You are to translate the English into a trigger that performs the desired actions for all possible databases and view modifications. All we actually check is that the verification query gets the right answer on the small sample database. Thus, even if your solution is marked as correct, it is possible that your solution does not correctly reflect the problem at hand. Circumventing the system in this fashion will get you a high score on the exercises, but it won't help you learn about view-modifications. On the other hand, an incorrect attempt at a general solution is unlikely to behave correctly, so you shouldn't be led astray by our checking system.

You may perform these exercises as many times as you like, so we strongly encourage you to keep working with them until you complete the exercises with full credit.

problem

0 points possible (ungraded)

We're providing a "sandbox" for experimenting with the data used in this set of exercises.

• Enter any number of queries or modifications (**select**, **insert**, **delete**, or **update** commands) separated by semicolons (;). Your SQL queries and modifications will be executed using SQLite, in order, starting on the initial state of the database. The results will be displayed, then the database restored to its initial state. There are no points awarded for this "problem"; it is provided for your testing purposes only.



Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Unanswered

Submit

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables updates to the title attribute of view LateRating.

Policy: Updates to attribute title in LateRating should update Movie.title for the corresponding movie. (You may assume attribute mID is a key for table Movie.) Make sure the mID attribute of view LateRating has not also been updated -- if it has been updated, don't make any changes. Don't worry about updates to stars or ratingDate.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of update of title on LateRating
3 for each row
4 when new.mID = old.mID
5 begin
6    update Movie
7    set title = new.title
8    where mID = old.mID;
9 end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): $update\ LateRating\ set\ title = 'Late\ Favorite'\ where\ stars > 2$; $update\ LateRating\ set\ mID = 100$, $title = 'Don't\ change'$.

We then queried the view: *select * from LateRating* View Result:

| 101 | Late Favorite | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|------------|
| 101 | Late Favorite | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 103 | Late Favorite | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 104 | E.T. | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 | 2011-01-30 |

We then ran the following query: select * from Movie order by mID Your Query Result:

| 101 | Late Favorite | 1939 | Victor Fleming |
|-----|-------------------------|------|------------------|
| 102 | Star Wars | 1977 | George Lucas |
| 103 | Late Favorite | 1965 | Robert Wise |
| 104 | E.T. | 1982 | Steven Spielberg |
| 105 | Titanic | 1997 | James Cameron |
| 106 | Snow White | 1937 | <null></null> |
| 107 | Avatar | 2009 | James Cameron |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 1981 | Steven Spielberg |

| 101 | Late Favorite | 1939 | Victor Fleming |
|-----|---------------|------|------------------|
| 102 | Star Wars | 1977 | George Lucas |
| 103 | Late Favorite | 1965 | Robert Wise |
| 104 | E.T. | 1982 | Steven Spielberg |
| 105 | Titanic | 1997 | James Cameron |
| 106 | Snow White | 1937 | <null></null> |
| 107 | Avatar | 2009 | James Cameron |
| | -9 | • | , |

Correct (1/1 point)

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables updates to the stars attribute of view LateRating.

Policy: Updates to attribute stars in LateRating should update Rating.stars for the corresponding movie rating. (You may assume attributes [mID,ratingDate] together are a key for table Rating.) Make sure the mID and ratingDate attributes of view LateRating have not also been updated -- if either one has been updated, don't make any changes. Don't worry about updates to title.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
create trigger myTrigger
instead of update of stars on LateRating
for each row
when new.mID = old.mID and new.ratingDate = old.ratingDate
begin
update Rating
set stars = new.stars
where mID = old.mID
and ratingDate = old.ratingDate;
end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): $update\ LateRating\ set\ stars = stars - 2\ where\ stars > 2$; $update\ LateRating\ set\ mID = 100$, stars = stars + 2; $update\ LateRating\ set\ ratingDate = null$, stars = stars + 2.

We then queried the view: *select * from LateRating* View Result:

| 101 | Gone with the Wind | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|------------|
| 101 | Gone with the Wind | 2 | 2011-01-27 |
| 103 | The Sound of Music | 1 | 2011-01-27 |
| 104 | E.T. | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 | 2011-01-30 |

We then ran the following query: select *from Rating order by mID, stars Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 1 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| | | | |

| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
|-----|-----|---|------------|
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Expected Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 1 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Submit

Write an instead-of trigger that enables updates to the mID attribute of view LateRating.

Policy: Updates to attribute mID in LateRating should update Movie.mID and Rating.mID for the corresponding movie. Update all Rating tuples with the old mID, not just the ones contributing to the view. Don't worry about updates to title, stars, or ratingDate.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of update of mID on LateRating
3 for each row
4 when new.mID <> old.mID
5 begin
6    update Movie set mID = new.mID where title = old.title;
7    update Rating set mID = new.mID where mid = old.mid;
8 end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): $update\ LateRating\ set\ mID = mID + 50\ where\ stars = 2$.

We then queried the view: *select * from LateRating* View Result:

| 103 | The Sound of Music | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
|-----|--------------------|---|------------|
| 151 | Gone with the Wind | 2 | 2011-01-22 |

| 151 | Gone with the Wind | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|------------|
| 154 | E.T. | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 158 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 | 2011-01-30 |

We then ran the following query: $select\ M.mID$, title, $stars\ from\ Movie\ M$, $Rating\ R$ where $M.mID = R.mID\ order\ by\ M.mID$, $stars\ Your\ Query\ Result$:

| The Sound of Music | 2 |
|-------------------------|--|
| The Sound of Music | 3 |
| Snow White | 4 |
| Snow White | 5 |
| Avatar | 3 |
| Avatar | 5 |
| Gone with the Wind | 2 |
| Gone with the Wind | 3 |
| Gone with the Wind | 4 |
| E.T. | 2 |
| E.T. | 3 |
| Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 |
| Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| | The Sound of Music Snow White Snow White Avatar Avatar Gone with the Wind Gone with the Wind E.T. E.T. Raiders of the Lost Ark Raiders of the Lost Ark |

| 103 | The Sound of Music | 2 |
|-----|--------------------|---|
| 103 | The Sound of Music | 3 |
| 106 | Snow White | 4 |
| | | |

| 106 | Snow White | 5 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 107 | Avatar | 3 |
| 107 | Avatar | 5 |
| 151 | Gone with the Wind | 2 |
| 151 | Gone with the Wind | 3 |
| 151 | Gone with the Wind | 4 |
| 154 | E.T. | 2 |
| 154 | E.T. | 3 |
| 158 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 |
| 158 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| 158 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |

Correct (1/1 point)

Q4

1/1 point (graded)

Finally, write a single instead-of trigger that combines all three of the previous triggers to enable simultaneous updates to attributes mID, title, and/or stars in view **LateRating**. Combine the view-update policies of the three previous problems, with the exception that mID may now be updated. Make sure the ratingDate attribute of view LateRating has not also been updated -- if it has been updated, don't make any changes.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of update on LateRating
3 for each row
4 when old.mID in (select mID from Rating where ratingDate = new.ratingDate)
5 begin
6 update Movie set title = new.title, mID = new.mID
7 where old.mID = mID;
8 update Rating set stars = new.stars
```

```
where old.mID = mID and ratingDate = old.ratingDate;
update Rating set mID = new.mID

where old.mID = mID;

end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): $update\ LateRating\ set\ mID = mID + 50$, $title = 'Worth\ seeing'$, $stars = 5\ where\ stars >= 3$; $update\ LateRating\ set\ title = 'Mediocre'$, $ratingDate = null\ where\ stars = 2$.

We then queried the view: *select * from LateRating* View Result:

| 104 | E.T. | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|------------|
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 5 | 2011-01-27 |
| 153 | Worth seeing | 5 | 2011-01-27 |

We then ran the following query: $select \ M.mID$, title, $stars \ from \ Movie \ M$, $Rating \ R$ where M.mID = R.mID order by M.mID, stars Your Query Result:

| 104 | E.T. | 2 |
|-----|------------|---|
| 104 | E.T. | 3 |
| 106 | Snow White | 4 |
| | | |

| 106 | Snow White | 5 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 107 | Avatar | 3 |
| 107 | Avatar | 5 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 2 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 3 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 5 |
| 153 | Worth seeing | 2 |
| 153 | Worth seeing | 5 |

| 104 | E.T. | 2 |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 104 | E.T. | 3 |
| 106 | Snow White | 4 |
| 106 | Snow White | 5 |
| 107 | Avatar | 3 |
| 107 | Avatar | 5 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 2 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 4 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 2 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 3 |
| 151 | Worth seeing | 5 |
| 153 | Worth seeing | 2 |

Correct (1/1 point)

Q5

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables deletions from view HighlyRated.

Policy: Deletions from view HighlyRated should delete all ratings for the corresponding movie that have stars > 3.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
create trigger myTrigger
instead of delete on HighlyRated
for each row
begin
delete from Rating
where mID = old.mID
and stars > 3;
end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): delete from HighlyRated where mID > 106.

We then queried the view: *select * from HighlyRated* View Result:

| 101 | Gone with the Wind |
|-----|--------------------|
| 106 | Snow White |

We then ran the following query: select * from Rating order by mID desc Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

| 201 101 4 2011-01-27 | 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|----------------------|-----|-----|---|------------|
| | 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |

| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Correct (1/1 point)
Q6

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables deletions from view HighlyRated.

Policy: Deletions from view HighlyRated should update all ratings for the corresponding movie that have stars > 3 so they have stars = 3.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of delete on HighlyRated
3 for each row
4 begin
5 update Rating set stars = 3
6 where mID = old.mID and stars > 3;
7 end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): delete from HighlyRated where mID > 106.

We then queried the view: *select * from HighlyRated* View Result:

| 101 | Gone with the Wind |
|-----|--------------------|
| 106 | Snow White |

We then ran the following query: select * from Rating order by mID desc Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 3 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |

| 205 | 108 | 3 | <null></null> |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Expected Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 3 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 3 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Submit

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables insertions into view HighlyRated.

Policy: An insertion should be accepted only when the (mID,title) pair already exists in the Movie table. (Otherwise, do nothing.) Insertions into view HighlyRated should add a new rating for the inserted movie with rID = 201, stars = 5, and NULL ratingDate.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of insert on HighlyRated
3 for each row
4 when new.mID in (Select mID from Movie where mID = new.mID and title = new.title)
5 begin
6 insert into Rating values (201, new.mID, 5, null);
7 end;
8
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): insert into HighlyRated values (104, 'E.T.'); insert into HighlyRated values (105, 'Titanic 2').

We then queried the view: *select * from HighlyRated* View Result:

Gone with the Wind

| 104 | E.T. | | |
|-----|-------------------------|--|--|
| 106 | Snow White | | |
| 107 | Avatar | | |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | | |

We then ran the following query: select * from Rating order by stars desc, mID Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 201 | 104 | 5 | <null></null> |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

| | 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|--|-----|-----|---|------------|
|--|-----|-----|---|------------|

| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 104 | 5 | <null></null> |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |
| 208 | 104 | 3 | 2011-01-02 |

Correct (1/1 point)

Q8

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables insertions into view NoRating.

Policy: An insertion should be accepted only when the (mID,title) pair already exists in the Movie table. (Otherwise, do nothing.) Insertions into view NoRating should delete all ratings for the corresponding movie.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

- 1 create trigger myTrigger
- 2 instead of insert on NoRating

```
3 for each row
4 when new.mID in (Select mID from Movie where mID = new.mID and title = new.title)
5 begin
6 delete from Rating where mID=new.mID;
7 end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): insert into NoRating values (104, 'E.T.'); insert into NoRating values (110, 'Avatar').

We then queried the view: *select * from NoRating* View Result:

| 102 | Star Wars |
|-----|-----------|
| 104 | E.T. |
| 105 | Titanic |

We then ran the following query: *select * from Rating order by mID* Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |

| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
| 206 | 107 | 3 | 2011-01-15 |
| 207 | 107 | 5 | 2011-01-20 |

Correct (1/1 point)

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables deletions from view NoRating.

Policy: Deletions from view NoRating should delete the corresponding movie from the Movie table.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of delete on NoRating
3 for each row
4 begin
5 delete from Movie where mID=old.mID;
6 end;
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): delete from NoRating where title = 'Titanic'.

We then queried the view: *select * from NoRating* View Result:

102 Star Wars

We then ran the following query: select * from Movie order by title Your Query Result:

| 101 | Gone with the Wind | 1939 | Victor Fleming |
|-----|-------------------------|------|------------------|
| 102 | Star Wars | 1977 | George Lucas |
| 103 | The Sound of Music | 1965 | Robert Wise |
| 104 | E.T. | 1982 | Steven Spielberg |
| 106 | Snow White | 1937 | <null></null> |
| 107 | Avatar | 2009 | James Cameron |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 1981 | Steven Spielberg |

Expected Query Result:

| 101 | Gone with the Wind | 1939 | Victor Fleming |
|-----|-------------------------|------|------------------|
| 102 | Star Wars | 1977 | George Lucas |
| 103 | The Sound of Music | 1965 | Robert Wise |
| 104 | E.T. | 1982 | Steven Spielberg |
| 106 | Snow White | 1937 | <null></null> |
| 107 | Avatar | 2009 | James Cameron |
| 108 | Raiders of the Lost Ark | 1981 | Steven Spielberg |

Submit

Correct (1/1 point)

1/1 point (graded)

Write an instead-of trigger that enables deletions from view NoRating.

Policy: Deletions from view NoRating should add a new rating for the deleted movie with rID = 201, stars = 1, and NULL ratingDate.

• Remember you need to use an instead-of trigger for view modifications as supported by SQLite.

```
1 create trigger myTrigger
2 instead of delete on NoRating
3 for each row
4 begin
5 Insert into Rating Values (201,old.mID,1,null);
6 end;
7
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Correct

Trigger command was executed.

To check your trigger, we first ran the following data modification statement(s): delete from NoRating.

We then queried the view: select * from NoRating

View Result: Empty result

We then ran the following query: select * from Rating order by stars Your Query Result:

| 201 | 101 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| 201 | 101 | 4 | 2011-01-27 |
| 201 | 102 | 1 | <null></null> |
| 201 | 105 | 1 | <null></null> |
| 202 | 106 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 203 | 103 | 2 | 2011-01-20 |
| 203 | 108 | 2 | 2011-01-30 |
| 203 | 108 | 4 | 2011-01-12 |
| 204 | 101 | 3 | 2011-01-09 |
| 205 | 103 | 3 | 2011-01-27 |
| 205 | 104 | 2 | 2011-01-22 |
| 205 | 108 | 4 | <null></null> |
| 206 | 106 | 5 | 2011-01-19 |
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