## **LDPC**

## **Soft Decision Decoding**

```
%%Getting information about the preloaded matrix H
%% or enter the H matrix here
H = [1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0;
 100110000010;
0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0;
 001001000011;
 001000110001;
 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0;
 100100100100;
 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0;
 001100001001];
%columns
col = length(H);
%rows
row = height(H);
%degree of checknodes
dc = getdc(H);
%degree of variable nodes
dv = getdv(H);
%connections of the checknodes
map_of_CN = getCNmap(dc,H);
%connections of the variable nodes
map_of_VN = getVNmap(dv,H);
```

map\_of\_CN is matrix with dimensions -  $dc^*row$ . It stores the information of each checknode columnwise. For example, map of CN(2,3) = 6 depicts that checknode 3 is connected with variable node 6.

map\_of\_VN is matrix with dimensions -  $dv^*col$ . It stores the information of each variablenode columnwise. For example, map\_of\_VN(1,6) = 3 depicts that variablenode 6 is connected with check node 3.

```
%transmitted message
transmit_msg = zeros(1,col);

%number of simulations
Nsim = 10000;

%number of iterations
max_it = 50;
no_of_it = 1:1:max_it;
```

```
%probability of successful decoding for different values of p
pbec = 0:0.1:1;
successProb = zeros(size(pbec));
index=1;
```

**Aim**:- For different values of bit erasure probability(p) we are estimating the probability of successful decoding.

**Procedure**: - -For each value of bit erasure probability we are repeating the same experiment for Nsim times(Monte-Carlo Simulation).

## **Experiment:-**

- 1. For given transmitted message and p, we add noise to the received message.
- 2. Perform LDPC Decoding with max it iterations.
- 3. Check if the message has correctly been decoded.

Keep count of the number of times message was successfully decoded out of Nsim experiments.

- The probability of successful decoding for given *p* will be Success count/Nsim.
- -Repeat this for different values of p.

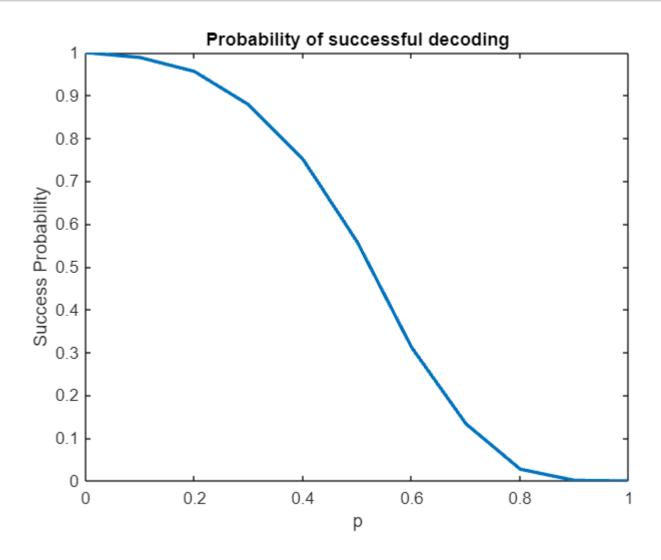
```
for p = pbec
    count_success = 0;
        for L = 1:1:Nsim
            received_msg = get_off_bec(transmit_msg,p,col); %----- 1.
           % Defining maps
            currMsg = received_msg;
            sentfromCN = zeros(size(map_of_CN));
           %2 1) Contains information that each CN is sending to each VN in a particular itera
            receivedtoVN = zeros(size(map_of_VN));
           %2_2) Contains the same information of 2_1 but stored in different format--
                   contains what each VN received.
             %
             %
                   For example: - sentfromCN(2,3)= -1 <=> receivedtoVN(1,6)= -1
             %
                                 {assuming map_of_CN(2,3) = 6; map_of_VN(1,6)=3}
            sentfromVN = zeros(size(map of VN));
            %2_3) Contains information that each VN is senfing to each CN in a particular itera
            receivedtoCN = zeros(size(map_of_CN));
            %2_4) Contains the same information of 3_1 but stored in a different format--
```

```
%
      contains what each CN received.
      For example:- sentfromVN(1,6)= \emptyset \iff receivedtoCN(2,3)= \emptyset
%
                     {assuming map of CN(2,3) = 6; map of VN(1,6)=3}
%---2. LDPC Decoding
for it = 1:1:max_it
    prevMsg = currMsg;
    if it==1
        sentfromCN = spc0(received_msg,map_of_CN);
    else
        sentfromVN = repititioncode(receivedtoVN, received_msg,map_of_VN);
        receivedtoCN = CNreceival(sentfromVN,map of VN,map of CN);
        sentfromCN = spc(receivedtoCN, map_of_CN);
    end
    receivedtoVN = VNreceival(sentfromCN, map_of_CN, map_of_VN);
    currMsg = repetitioncodeforcurrmsg(receivedtoVN, received msg);
    if(prevMsg==currMsg)
        break;
    end
end
```

The original message sent is assumed to be an all 0 message. Hence, the currMsg will be vector of 0s and -1(erasures) its sum its sum will be 0 only when all the elements are 0.

<u>Note:</u> In BEC, a variable node has only the correct value or an erasure i.e, 0 in transmitted message will never be interpreted as 1 in BEC.

```
figure;
plot(pbec, successProb, LineWidth=2);
xlabel('p');
ylabel('Success Probability');
title('Probability of successful decoding');
```



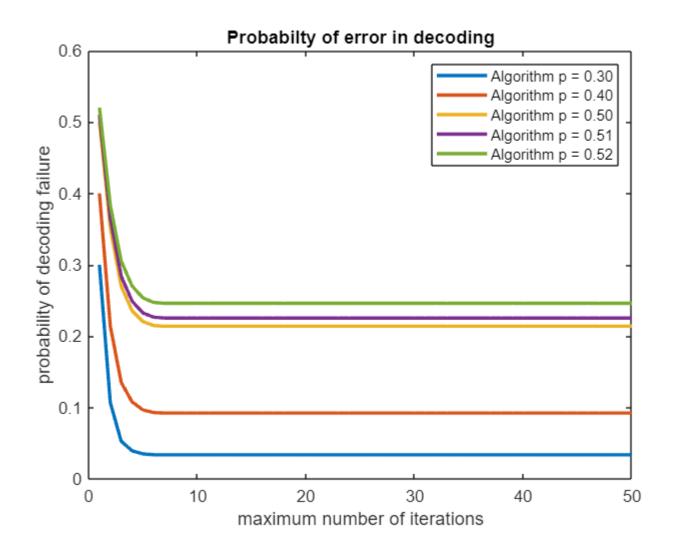
```
%Probability of error in decoding with respect to iterations
ps = [0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.51, 0.52];

for p = ps
    error = zeros(1,max_it);

    count = 0;
    count_error = 0;
    for L = 1:1:Nsim

    received_msg = get_off_bec(transmit_msg,p,col);
    currMsg = received_msg;
```

```
sentfromCN = zeros(size(map of CN));
        receivedtoVN = zeros(size(map_of_VN));
        sentfromVN = zeros(size(map of VN));
        receivedtoCN = zeros(size(map_of_CN));
        error(1)=p*Nsim;
        for it = 1:1:max_it
            prevMsg = currMsg;
            if it==1
                sentfromCN = spc0(received_msg,map_of_CN);
            else
                sentfromVN = repititioncode(receivedtoVN, received_msg,map_of_VN);
                receivedtoCN = CNreceival(sentfromVN, map of VN, map of CN);
                sentfromCN = spc(receivedtoCN, map_of_CN);
            end
            receivedtoVN = VNreceival(sentfromCN,map of CN,map of VN);
            currMsg = repetitioncodeforcurrmsg(receivedtoVN, received msg);
            decoded = zeros(1,length(received_msg));
            erasure=0;
            for i=1:length(currMsg)
                if (currMsg(i)~=0 && received_msg(i)==1)
                    erasure=erasure+1;
                end
            end
            if it==max it
                break;
            end
            error(it+1) = error(it+1) + ((erasure)/length(currMsg));
        end
    end
    error = error./Nsim;
    plot(no_of_it,error,'DisplayName',sprintf('Algorithm p = %.2f',p),LineWidth=2);
    hold on;
end
legend('show');
title('Probabilty of error in decoding');
xlabel('maximum number of iterations');
ylabel('probability of decoding failure');
```



```
function dc = getdc(H)
    dc = 0;
    row = height(H);
    col = length(H);
    for i = 1:row
        tmp = 0;
        for j = 1:col
            if H(i,j) == 1
                 tmp = tmp+1;
            end
        end
        if dc<tmp</pre>
             dc = tmp;
        end
    end
end
function dv = getdv(H)
    row = height(H);
```

```
col = length(H);
    dv = 0;
    for i = 1:col
        tmp = 0;
        for j = 1:row
            if H(j,i) == 1
                tmp = tmp+1;
            end
        end
        if dv<tmp</pre>
            dv = tmp;
        end
    end
end
%cn1 --> vn1, vn2...
                          map\_of\_CN(2,3) = 4 \Rightarrow CN 3 is connected to VN 4
function map_of_CN = getCNmap(dc,H)
    row = height(H);
    col = length(H);
    map_of_CN = zeros(dc,row);
    for i = 1:row
        new_i = 1;
        for j=1:col
            if H(i,j) == 1
                map_of_CN(new_i,i) = j;
                new_i = new_i + 1;
            end
        end
    end
end
%vn1 --> cn1, cn2, ... map_of_VN(2,4) = 3 => VN 4 is connected to CN 3
function map_of_VN = getVNmap(dv,H)
    row = height(H);
    col = length(H);
    map_of_VN = zeros(dv,col);
    for i = 1:col
        new_i = 1;
        for j=1:row
            if H(j,i) == 1
                map_of_VN(new_i,i) = j;
                new_i = new_i + 1;
            end
        end
    end
end
function received_msg = get_off_bec(transmit_msg,p,col)
    received_msg = zeros(1,col);
```

```
becNoise = rand(1,col)<p;</pre>
    %making the random message with bec error p
    for i = 1:col
        if becNoise(i) == 1
            received_msg(i) = 1;
          elseif transmit_msg(i) == 1
%
              received_msg(i) = 99;
%
        elseif transmit_msg(i) == 0
            received_msg(i) = 0;
        end
    end
end
%{
function check = checkerasure(msg)
    len = length(msg);
    check = 0;
    for i = 1:len
        if msg(i) == -1
            check = 1;
            break;
        end
    end
end
%}
function ansu = spc0(received_msg,map_of_CN)
    ansu = zeros(size(map_of_CN));
    [row, col] = size(map_of_CN);
    for i =1:1:col
        for j = 1:1:row
            sa = zeros(1, row-1);
            it = 1;
            for k = 1:1:row
                if k~=j
                    sa(it) = received_msg(map_of_CN(k,i))/(1+received_msg(map_of_CN(k,i)));
                    it = it + 1;
                end
            end
            if mod(row - 1,2) == 1
                p_1 = (sa(1)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))) + (sa(2)*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(3))) + ...
                     (sa(3)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(1))) + (sa(1)*(sa(2))*(sa(3)));
```

```
else
                p_1 = (sa(1)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    (sa(2)*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + \dots
                    (sa(3)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    (sa(4)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(1))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(sa(2))*(sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(sa(2))*(1 - sa(3))*(sa(4))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(1 - sa(2))*(sa(3))*(sa(4))) + ...
                    ((1 - sa(1))*(sa(2))*(sa(3))*(sa(4)));
            end
            ansu(j,i) = p_1 / (1-p_1);
        end
    end
end
function ansu = VNreceival(sentfromCN, map of CN, map of VN)
    ansu = size(map of VN);
    [row, col] = size(map_of_CN);
    iterators = ones(1,length(map_of_VN));
    for i = 1:1:col
        for j = 1:1:row
            ansu(iterators(1,map_of_CN(j,i)), map_of_CN(j,i)) = sentfromCN(j,i);
            iterators(1,map_of_CN(j,i)) = iterators(1,map_of_CN(j,i))+1;
        end
    end
end
function ansu = repetitioncodeforcurrmsg(receivedtoVN, received_msg)
    ansu = zeros(1,length(received msg));
    [row, col] = size(receivedtoVN);
   for i = 1:1:col
        value = received_msg(1,i);
```

```
for j = 1:1:row
            value = value*receivedtoVN(j,i);
        end
        ansu(1,i) = value;
    end
end
%sent from VN
function ansu = repititioncode(receivedtoVN, received_msg,map_of_VN)
    ansu = zeros(size(map_of_VN));
    [row, col] = size(ansu);
    for i = 1:col
        for j = 1:row
            ansu(j,i) = received_msg(1,i);
            for k = 1:row
                if k ~= j
                    ansu(j,i) = ansu(j,i)*receivedtoVN(k,i);
                end
            end
        end
    end
end
%received to CN calculations
function ansu = CNreceival(sentfromVN,map_of_VN,map_of_CN)
    ansu = zeros(size(map_of_CN));
    iterators = ones(1,length(map_of_CN));
    [row,col] = size(sentfromVN);
    for i=1:col
        for j = 1:row
            ansu(iterators(1,map_of_VN(j,i)),map_of_VN(j,i)) = sentfromVN(j,i);
```

```
iterators(1,map_of_VN(j,i)) = iterators(1,map_of_VN(j,i)) + 1;
        end
    end
end
%spc1
function ansu = spc(receivedtoCN, map of CN)
    ansu = zeros(size(map of CN));
    [row,col] = size(receivedtoCN);
   for i = 1:col
        for j = 1:row
            sa = zeros(1, row-1);
            it = 1;
            for k = 1:row
                if k ~= j
                    sa(1,it) = receivedtoCN(k,i)/(1+receivedtoCN(k,i));
                    it = it + 1;
                end
            end
            if mod(row - 1,2) == 1
                p_1 = (sa(1)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))) + (sa(2)*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(3))) + ...
                    (sa(3)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(1))) + (sa(1)*(sa(2))*(sa(3)));
            else
                p_1 = (sa(1)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    (sa(2)*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + \dots
                    (sa(3)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(1))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    (sa(4)*(1-sa(2))*(1-sa(3))*(1-sa(1))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(sa(2))*(sa(3))*(1-sa(4))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(sa(2))*(1 - sa(3))*(sa(4))) + ...
                    ((sa(1))*(1 - sa(2))*(sa(3))*(sa(4))) + ...
                    ((1 - sa(1))*(sa(2))*(sa(3))*(sa(4)));
            end
            ansu(j,i) = p_1/(1-p_1);
        end
    end
end
```