

Travaux dirigés

Introduction à la Compilation

2-Analyse syntaxique

Jean-Christophe Le Lann, Quentin Ducasse

Janvier 2023

Exercice 1 :

Question 1 : Observer les règles de grammaire précédentes et déterminer les lexèmes du langage et leur type.

Solution : Les lexèmes de Mini-C sont les suivants:

- **Mots-clés :** `int, bool, float, char, main, if, else, while`
- **Symboles :** `() { } [] ; || && == != < <= > >= + - * / % !`
- **Littéraires :** Identifiants, chaînes de caractères, nombres entiers et nombres flottants

Question 2 : Ecrire quelques codes en Mini-C, qui soient corrects syntaxiquement (on ne demande pas d'écrire des codes qui aient un véritable sens algorithmique. Ces codes serviront en question 4 pour tester votre parseur.

Solution : Voici deux programmes de difficulté croissante.

```
// Test operateurs
int main() {
    int val1;
    int val2;
    bool result;
    bool is_equal;
    is_equal = false;
    result1 = -2 + 3 * 4;
    result2 = 4 % 5 / 6;
    is_equal = !is_equal;
    result = val1 < val2;
}
```

Le deuxième vérifie les conditions `if`, `else` et `while`.

```
// Test conditions
int main() {
    bool test1;
    int i;
    test1 = true;
    if (test1) {
        i = 0;
    } else {
        while(i != 10) {
            i = i + 1;
        }
    }
}
```

Question 3 : Écrire le lexer de Mini-C. À partir d'un texte fourni en entrée (ou du nom du fichier contenant ce texte), le lexer doit générer un tableau de lexèmes.

Solution : Dans votre fichier `constants` fourni :

```
LEXEM_REGEXES = [  
    # Comments and whitespaces  
    (r"\\/\\.\\.*", "COMMENT"),  
    (r"[\t\n]+" , None),  
    # Keywords  
    (r"int", "TYPE_INT"),  
    (r"bool", "TYPE_BOOL"),  
    (r"float", "TYPE_FLOAT"),  
    (r"char", "TYPE_CHAR"),  
    (r"main", "KW_MAIN"),  
    (r"true", "KW_FALSE"),  
    (r>false", "KW_TRUE"),  
    (r"if", "KW_IF"),  
    (r"else", "KW_ELSE"),  
    (r"while", "KW_WHILE"),  
    # Comparisons  
    (r"\=", "EQUALITY"),  
    (r"\!=", "INEQUALITY"),  
    (r"<", "LT"),  
    (r"<=", "LTE"),  
    (r">", "GT"),  
    (r">=", "GTE"),  
    (r"||", "OR"),  
    (r"&&", "AND"),  
    # Operators  
    (r"\+", "ADDITION"),  
    (r"\-", "SUBTRACTION"),  
    (r"\*", "MULTIPLICATION"),  
    (r"/", "DIVISION"),  
    (r"%", "MODULO"),  
    (r"\!", "NOT"),  
    # Special characters  
    (r"\=", "ASSIGN"), # Put equal here to let the double operators before  
    (r";", "TERMINATOR"),  
    (r"\{", "L_CURL_BRACKET"),  
    (r"\}", "R_CURL_BRACKET"),  
    (r"\[", "L_SQ_BRACKET"),  
    (r"\]", "R_SQ_BRACKET"),  
    (r"\(", "L_PAREN"),  
    (r"\)", "R_PAREN"),  
    # Identifiers & Integers  
    (r"[a-z]\w*", "IDENTIFIER"),  
    (r"-?\d+", "INT_NUMBER"),  
    (r"-?\d+(\.\d*)?", "FLOAT_NUMBER"),  
]
```

Note: Attention, le caractère de retour à la ligne dépend des architectures et de votre système d'exploitation. Nous utilisons ici pour Linux mais Windows utilise `\r` et des vieux Mac utilisent `\r\n`.

Question 4 : Compléter le code précédent de manière à parser les codes exemples écrits à la première question

```
import logging

logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)

class ParsingException(Exception):
    pass

class Parser:
    def __init__(self, lexems):
        """
        Component in charge of syntactic analysis.
        """
        self.lexems = lexems

    # =====
    #     Helper Functions
    # =====

    def accept(self):
        """
        Pops the lexem out of the lexems list.
        """
        self.show_next()
        return self.lexems.pop(0)

    def show_next(self, n=1):
        """
        Returns the next token in the list WITHOUT popping it.
        """
        try:
            return self.lexems[n - 1]
        except IndexError:
            self.error("No more lexems left.")

    def expect(self, tag):
        """
        Pops the next token from the lexems list and tests its type through the
        ↪ tag.
        """
        next_lexem = self.show_next()
        if next_lexem.tag != tag:
```

```

        raise ParsingException(
            f"ERROR at {str(self.show_next().position)}: Expected {tag}, got
            ↪ {next_lexem.tag} instead"
        )
    return self.accept()

def remove_comments(self):
    """
    Removes the comments from the token list by testing their tags.
    """
    self.lexems = [lexem for lexem in self.lexems if lexem.tag != "COMMENT"]

# =====
#     Parsing Functions
# =====

def parse(self):
    """
    Main function: launches the parsing operation given a lexem list.
    Note that for the other parsing functions, the BNF is shown with the raw
    characters between single quotes.
    """
    try:
        self.remove_comments()
        self.parse_program()
    except ParsingException as err:
        logger.exception(err)
        raise

def parse_program(self):
    """
    int main '(' ')' '{' declaration* statement* '}'
    """
    self.expect("TYPE_INT")
    self.expect("KW_MAIN")
    self.expect("L_PAREN")
    self.expect("R_PAREN")
    self.expect("L_CURL_BRACKET")
    while self.show_next().tag != "R_CURL_BRACKET":
        if self.show_next().tag in ["TYPE_INT", "TYPE_FLOAT", "TYPE_BOOL",
            ↪ "TYPE_CHAR"]:
            self.parse_declaration()
        else:
            self.parse_statement()
    self.expect("R_CURL_BRACKET")

def parse_declaration(self):
    """
    ('int'/'float'/'bool'/'char') identifier ('[' identifier ''])? ';'
    """
    if self.show_next().tag in ["TYPE_INT", "TYPE_FLOAT", "TYPE_BOOL",
        ↪ "TYPE_CHAR"]:

```

```

        self.accept()
        self.expect("IDENTIFIER")
        if self.show_next().tag == "L_SQ_BRACKET":
            self.expect("L_SQ_BRACKET")
            self.expect("INT_NUM")
            self.expect("R_SQ_BRACKET")
            self.expect("TERMINATOR")
        else:
            self.error("No type specified.")

def parse_statement(self):
    """
    assignment / if_statement / while_statement
    """
    if self.show_next().tag == "IDENTIFIER":
        self.parse_assignment()
    elif self.show_next().tag == "KW_IF":
        self.parse_if_statement()
    elif self.show_next().tag == "KW_WHILE":
        self.parse_while_statement()
    else:
        self.error("Expecting statement (identifier, if or while)")

def parse_assignment(self):
    """
    identifier ('[' expression ']')? '=' expression ';'
    """
    self.expect("IDENTIFIER")
    if self.show_next().tag == "L_SQ_BRACKET":
        self.expect("L_SQ_BRACKET")
        self.parse_expression()
        self.expect("R_SQ_BRACKET")
    self.expect("ASSIGN")
    self.parse_expression()
    self.expect("TERMINATOR")

def parse_if_statement(self):
    """
    'if' '(' expression ')' '{' statement* '}' else_statement?
    """
    self.expect("KW_IF")
    self.expect("L_PAREN")
    self.parse_expression()
    self.expect("R_PAREN")
    self.expect("L_CURL_BRACKET")
    while self.show_next().tag != "R_CURL_BRACKET":
        self.parse_statement()
    self.expect("R_CURL_BRACKET")
    if self.show_next().tag == "KW_ELSE":
        self.parse_else_statement()

def parse_else_statement(self):

```

```

        """
        'else' '{ statement* }'
        """
        self.expect("KW_ELSE")
        self.expect("L_CURL_BRACKET")
        while self.show_next().tag != "R_CURL_BRACKET":
            self.parse_statement()
        self.expect("R_CURL_BRACKET")

def parse_while_statement(self):
    """
    'while' '(' expression ')' '{ statement* }'
    """
    self.expect("KW_WHILE")
    self.expect("L_PAREN")
    self.parse_expression()
    self.expect("R_PAREN")
    self.expect("L_CURL_BRACKET")
    while self.show_next().tag != "R_CURL_BRACKET":
        self.parse_statement()
    self.expect("R_CURL_BRACKET")

def parse_expression(self):
    """
    conjunction ('||' conjunction)*
    """
    self.parse_conjunction()
    while self.show_next().tag == "OR":
        self.accept()
        self.parse_conjunction()

def parse_conjunction(self):
    """
    equality ('&&' equality)*
    """
    self.parse_equality()
    while self.show_next().tag == "AND":
        self.accept()
        self.parse_equality()

def parse_equality(self):
    """
    relation (('=='/'!=') relation)*
    """
    self.parse_relation()
    while self.show_next().tag in ["EQUALITY", "INEQUALITY"]:
        self.accept()
        self.parse_relation()

def parse_relation(self):
    """
    addition (('</'<='/'>='/'>') addition)*

```

```

        """
        self.parse_addition()
        while self.show_next().tag in ["LT", "LTE", "GT", "GTE"]:
            self.accept()
            self.parse_addition()

def parse_addition(self):
    """
    term (('+'|'-') term)*
    """
    self.parse_term()
    while self.show_next().tag in ["ADDITION", "SUBTRACTION"]:
        self.accept()
        self.parse_factor()

def parse_term(self):
    """
    factor (('*/'|'/'|'%') factor)*
    """
    self.parse_factor()
    while self.show_next().tag in ["MULTIPLICATION", "DIVISION", "MODULO"]:
        self.accept()
        self.parse_factor()

def parse_factor(self):
    """
    ('-'|'!')? primary
    """
    if self.show_next().tag in ["SUBTRACTION", "NOT"]:
        self.accept()
        self.parse_primary()

def parse_primary(self):
    """
    identifier ('[' expression ']')? / literal / parenth
    """
    if self.show_next().tag == "IDENTIFIER":
        self.expect("IDENTIFIER")
        if self.show_next().tag == "L_SQ_BRACKET":
            self.expect("L_SQ_BRACKET")
            self.parse_expression()
            self.expect("R_SQ_BRACKET")
        elif self.show_next().tag in [
            "STRING",
            "INT_NUMBER",
            "FLOAT_NUMBER",
            "KW_TRUE",
            "KW_FALSE",
        ]:
            self.accept()
        elif self.show_next().tag == "L_PAREN":
            self.parse_parenth()

```



```
def parse_parenth(self):  
    """  
    '(' expression ')'  
    """  
    self.expect("L_PAREN")  
    self.parse_expression()  
    self.expect("R_PAREN")
```
