Non-degenerate Eruptive Variables

TVS subgroup









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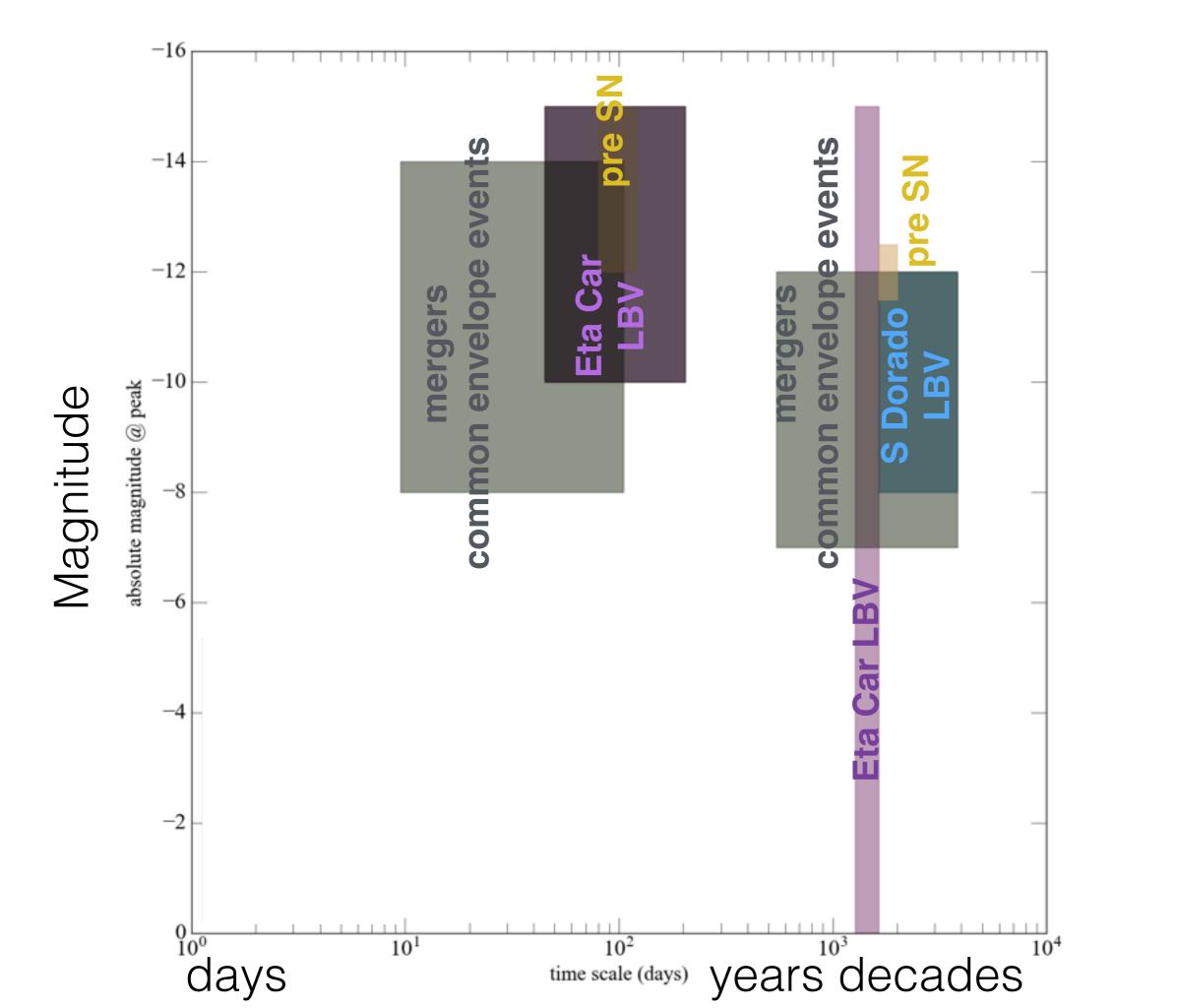
Knox Long Alexandre Roman Alistair Walker Przemek Wozniak

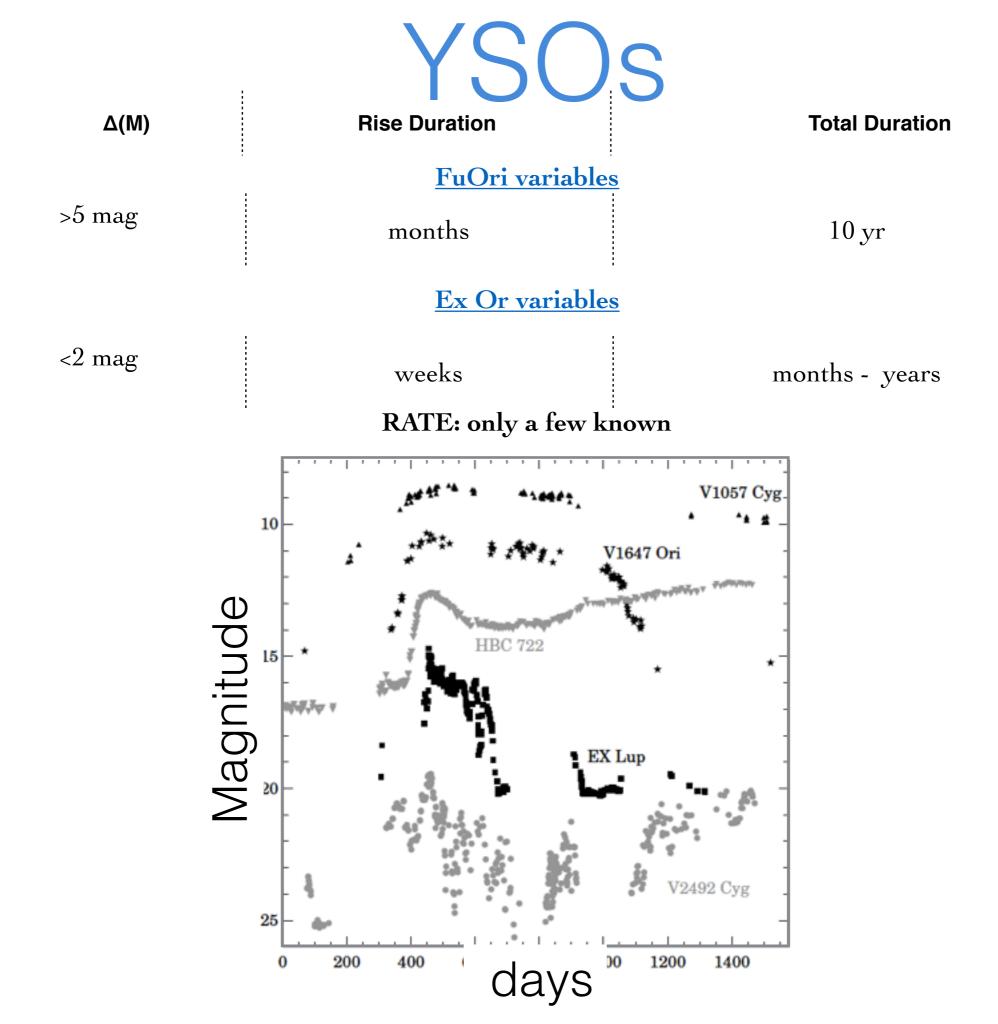
what are they?

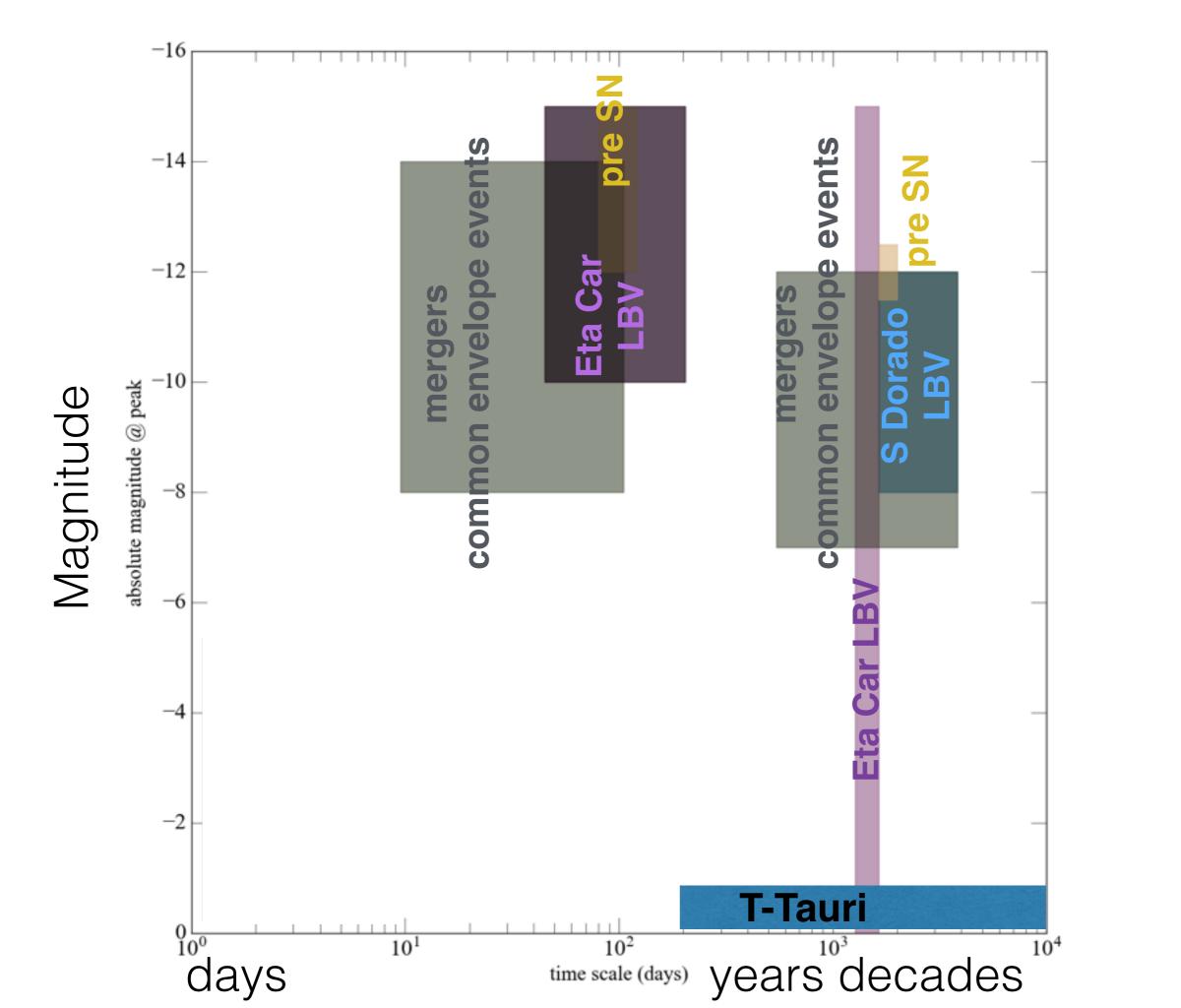
	LBVs - normal S Dor eruptions:	
MASSIVE STARS	<u>LBVs - giant eruptions like</u> <u>Eta Car</u>	
	<u>ILOTs</u>	
	mergers and violent common envelope events	
	<u>Chaotic eruptions</u>	
T-Tauri STARS	<u>Fu Ori variables</u>	
	<u>Ex Or variables</u>	
SYMBIOTIC STARS	<u>Symbiotic Stars</u> (M+WD)	

massive stars

peak M	Duration			Cadence	
LBVs - normal S Dor eruptions:					
-8 to -12 mag	5-10 yr		repeat irregularly 10-20yr		
LBVs - giant eruptions like eta car:					
-10 to -15 mag,	100 days		repeat irregularly on timescales of		
up to - 15 mag	10 yr		centuries to millennia (maybe??)		
ILOTs (intermediate luminosity optical transients): -10 to -15 mag,					
100 days		Like 1st LBV peak, no longer time scales			
\mergers (?) and violent common envelope events (?):					
-8 to -14 mag,	10-100 da	ys		no recurrence but	
-7 to -12	2-10 yr		ir	regular peak variation, very red	
pre-SN eruptions:					
-12 to -15 mag,	100 days	5	time	before SN is 10 days to 10 years	
-12	5 yr		can	be multiple and repeating, or not	







Symbiotic Stars

M (G,K) type + WD binary

>6 mag

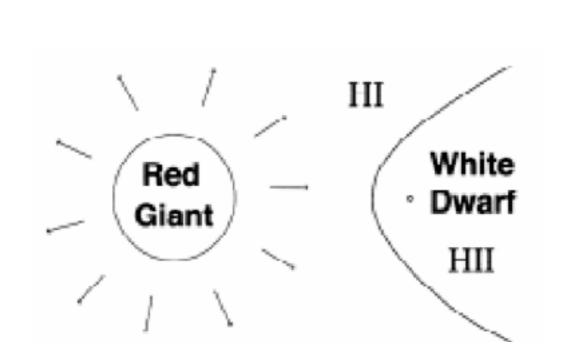
months

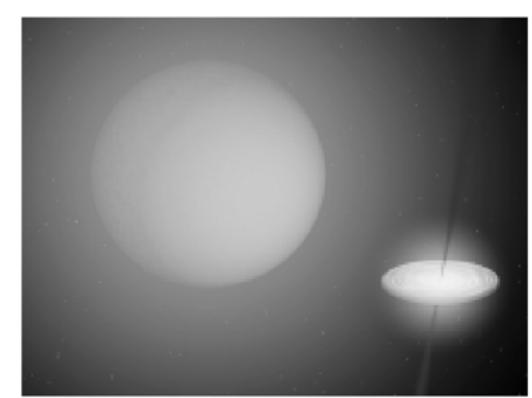
1-5 mag

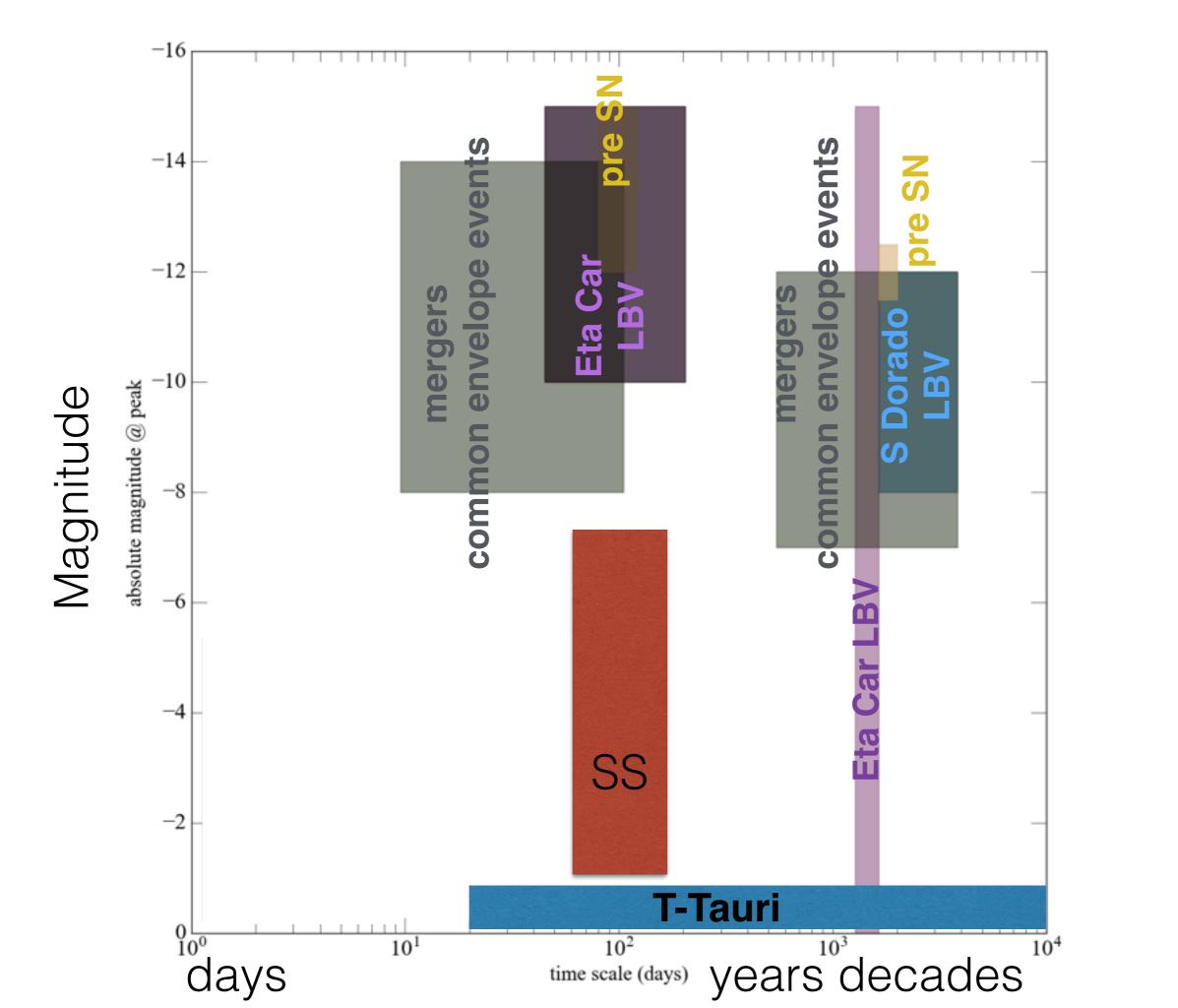
RATE: 330 known, 1/2outbursting
associated wit jets

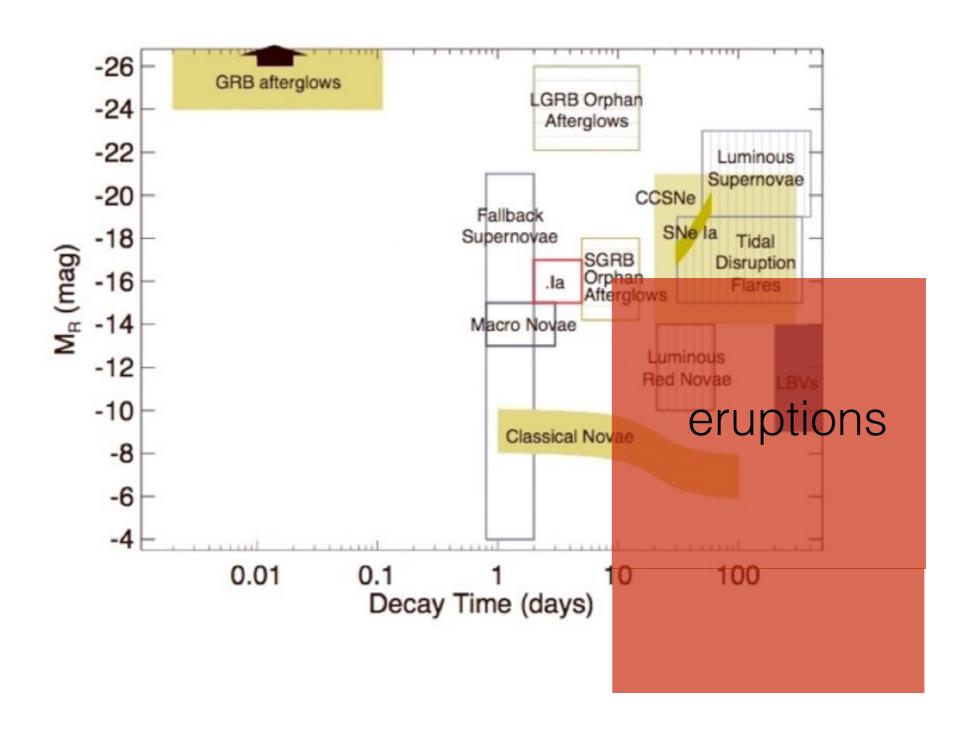
- 1) reveal systems in outburst;
- 2) enable TOO observations (X-ray to radio)
- 3) determine the fraction of symbiotic stars that have outbursts;
- 4) determine basic outburst statistics
- 5) generally characterize symbiotic-star long-term optical variability

Sokoloski 03









foundamental questions

- Understanding late stages of Massive star evolution
- Connection between eruptions and SNe (CC &Ia)
- Do all T Tauri stars undergo FU Ori and Exor outburst during their formation?
- Understanding Accretion: duty cycles of outbursts of different accretion rates (T-Tauri + SS)
- Fraction of final stellar mass accreted during T-Tauri eruptive events
- also though more specultive:
- Detections of Chaotic Eruptions (Arnett+Meakin 11)
- Discovery of Extrasolar KBs after ILOTs (Bear+Soker 16)

Connection to SN explosions:

detection of pre-SN eruptions so far a few in PS1, PanSTARRs wait for SN then look for precursor on time scales days-decades before SN. Also SS for Ia

SHOULD BE DOABLE WITH ~1YEAR OF DATA

NEARLY ANY PROPOSED CADENCE WOULD DO SINCE ERUPTIONS LAST ~DAYS AT LEAST

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Connections with SN subgroup and DE SN group!

• Understanding late stages of Massive star evolution: color is a strong discriminant for ejection mechanism (winds vs hydrostatic events...) sampling at the cadence of ~week is generally sufficient as the duration is long inference is limited by the slow evolution of the transients

~1 YEAR should collect+characterize ~100 eruptions

(based on the expected SN detections compared to current surveys, without accounting for a presumibly different luminosity function though. anyone did anything better yet??)

Connections with Galactic subgroup!

• Evolutionary sequence:

looking at association of star types O, LBV, WR in (relatively) high resolution images

SHOULD BE DOABLE WITH THE FIRST

STATIC SKY RELEASE (6 month, independent of cadence)

Connections with Galactic subgroup & MW collaboration!

LSST

- T Tauri questions:
 - FU Ori and EXor extremely rare: (~dozens sources known in the entire sky Audard+ 2014). LSST will allow probing
 - 1) systems deeply embedded in their molecular clouds and envelopes and
 - 2) regions far beyond nearby molecular clouds.

Nearly any proposed cadence will do.

Longer wavelengths are preferred.

RARITY IS THE BOTTLE NECK BUT NEW DISCOVERIES SHOULD HAPPEN QUICKLY + RESULTS START WITH ~6 MONTH DATA

Connections with Interactive Binaries subgroup!

• SS

monitoring optical eruptions and connecting to jets
Nearly any proposed cadence will do.
Longer wavelengths are preferred.
MAY NEED PROMPT IDENTIFICATION
FOR FOLLOW UP

Connections with Interactive Binaries subgroup!

observing requirements

regular sampling, colors.

the time scales are long and the differences are in the recurrence rate, color, lightcurve shape (rise time) but the relevant time scales are always >days: each event can be well characterize by sampling every few days in a few bands.

observationally these events don't have strict requirements: most proposed cadences should work.

other questions and goals??

WHAT HAVE I MISSED??