Thumbnail Generation

VM Sequential Processing

- Sequentially generate
 Thumbnails
- 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 images

VM Multiprocessing

- Generate Thumbnails with the Python Multiprocessing Library
- 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 images

Lithops Processing

- Generate Thumbnails with the Lithops API
- Supports spawning of hundreds of instances on Cloud Code Engine
- 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 images

625

Lithops

2985

VSI

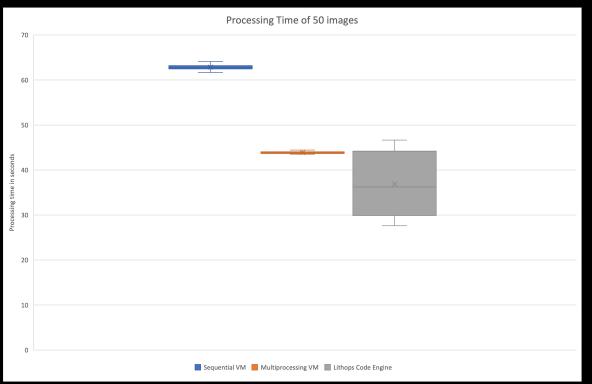
Processing time of 50 images compared

VM

- Significantly higher processing time when generating the images sequentially
- Low variance

Lithops

- Slightly low processing time compared to the VM
- High variance due to slow spawning instances



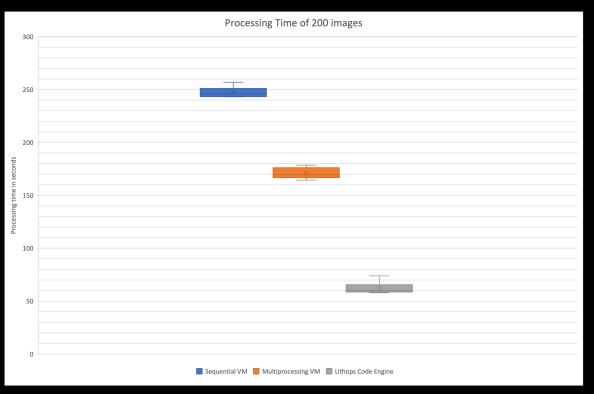
Processing time of 200 images compared

VM

 Significantly higher processing time when generating the images sequentially

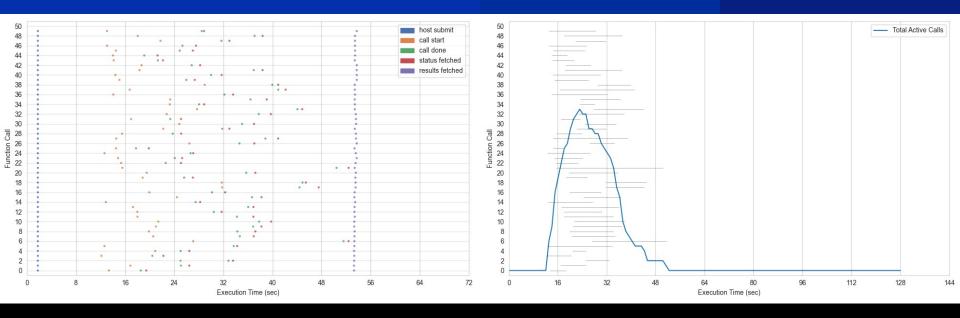
Lithops

- Significantly lower processing time compared to the VM
- Slightly lower variance



Example Lithops batch job invocation for 50 images

 Processing time depends on the slowest instance - Large gap after host submission to cloud code engine



Scalability compared

VM

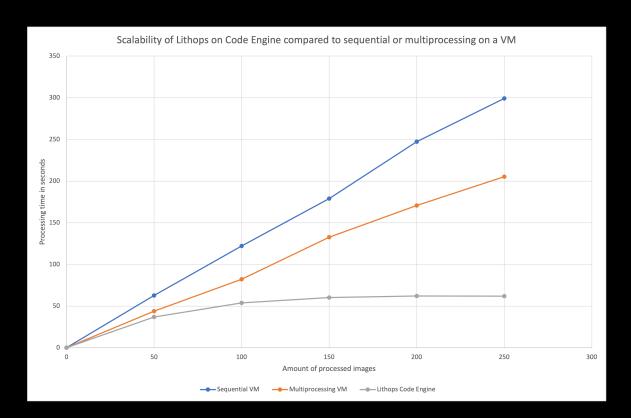
- Linear growth of execution time

Lithops

- Logarithmic time complexity
- Asymptotically approaching **62** seconds with:

f(x) describes the time needed to generate x thumbnails in seconds

$$\lim_{x\to\infty}f(x)\approx 62$$



Conclusion — What have we learned

CCE performs better at handling compute intensive API requests compared to VSI with same configuration

CCE handles the network load better without needing prior configuration compared to VSI

Using the Lithops API drastically reduces the learning curve of running compute intensive tasks as a serverless batch job

Running compute intensive batch jobs on CCE results in logarithmic growth of processing time per processed item







