

The ijsra-class, Version 0.1a - 2016/07/28

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This is a documentation of the class ijsra which is used for the International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology. Read this documentation carefully. When you start editing do it according to the structure shown in liste 1.9.

Preserved article starts with a lettrine as the first letter. This bigger letter functions as an eye catcher to make clear where the article starts. It effects the whole word: The first letter reaches down to the third line, the other letters of the word are capitalised. In liste 1.3 you see the code how this is achieved.

starting

```
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article ...
```

Example 1.1: Starting letter

If you have a letter which is rather slanted you can define the slope. Let's have a look at the letter >A<.

```
\lettrine[slope=4pt,findent=-3pt,lines=3]{A}{rchaeologists} ...
```

Example 1.2: Starting letter >A<

And it changes of course if we start the article with a >W<.

```
\lettrine[slope=-4pt, nindent=-4pt, lines=3] \{W} \{hen} ...
```

Example 1.3: Starting letter >W<

* * *

Each article contains several information about the author, title, etc. This is done with some definitions. You have to fill in the information in the curly brackets.

^{*} The coding of this documentclass is done at https://github.com/LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra

```
1 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase} %<---- 'dont change this!
2 \def\shorttitle{} %<---- this is for the short title
3 \def\maintitle{} %<---- full title
4 \def\shortauthor{} %<---- full name of the author
5 \def\authormail{} %<--- email address name@email.com
6 \def\affiliation{} %<--- university or institution
7 \def\thanknote{} %<--- further information regarding the author
8 \def\keywords{} %<---- keywords describing the article
9 %\def\keywordname{} %<---- name of keywords in an other language</pre>
```

Example 1.4: *Information about the article*

* * *

After the definitions there is the block regarding the bibliographical entries. Those are written in the section

```
1 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib} %<--- 'dont change this</pre>
3 @Incollection {Orengo 2015,
    author
                 = \{Orengo, H.\},
    title
                 = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
     Archaeology},
                = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
    Archaeological Practice},
   pages
                = \{64 - -82\},
                 = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
    editor
   booktitle
              = {Open Source Archaeology},
   booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
10
   publisher = {deGruyter Open},
11
                = \{Warsaw\},
12
   location
                 = \{2015\},
13
    year
14 }
15
0 @Article { Pikirayi 2015,
author = \{Pikirayi, I.\},
                 = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
   title
   journaltitle = {Antiquity},
19
   volume = \{89\},
20
                = \{531 - 541\},
   pages
21
   year
                = \{2015\},
22
23
    issue
                 = \{345\},
24 }
25
26 @Article{Bossert - ijsra ,
    author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
             = {\rijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
     International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
   subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
              = {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
30
   keywords = \{latex\},\
31
             = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
   note
owner = {Lukas C. Bossert},
```

```
timestamp = {2016-07-04},

timestamp = {2016-07-04},

end{filecontents}
```

Example 1.5: *Bibliographical information*

After that we have completed the preamble and get to main part of the document. Here we define the layout of the headline.

```
\IJSRAopening %<---- 'dont change or forget this

{\Large\scshape

shortauthor}%

footnote\thanknote%

\[[lem]

email\\
    \affiliation

IJSRAmid %<---- 'dont change or forget this</pre>
```

Example 1.6: Headline layout

If there is no thanknote you only have to comment line no. 4 and there will be no footnote.

* * *

After that we come to the abstract. The abstract is set in the environment IJSRAabstract:

```
1 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
2 Abstract
3 \end{IJSRAabstract}
```

Example 1.7: IJSRAabstract

* * *

Then you can copy/paste the text of the article and make further editing. At the very end you have to insert

\IJSRAclosing

Example 1.8: IJSRAclosing

Following there is a minimal template how the plain document should look like when you begin to edit.

```
1 \documentclass{ijsra}
2 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
3 \def\shorttitle{}
4 \def\maintitle{}
5 \def\shortauthor{}
6 \def\authormail{}
7 \def \affiliation {}
8 \def\thanknote{}
9 \def\keywords{}
10 %\def\keywordname{}
11 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
12 Bibliography - files
13 \end{filecontents}
14
15 \begin{document}
16 \IJSRAopening
17
   {\Large\scshape
18
   \shortauthor}%
   \footnote\thanknote%
19
   \\[1em]
20
    \email\\
21
    \affiliation
22
23 \IJSRAmid
24
25 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
26 Abstract
27 \end{IJSRAabstract}
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{M}{ain} text ...
32 \IJSRAclosing
33 \end{document}
```

Example 1.9: Plain document

Let's have a look how to do certain editing.

How to do quotes: Quotes are inserted between the environment IJSRAquote. Let me quotes give you an example:

```
begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
which is the essence and charm of grace.
| end{IJSRAquote}
```

Example 1.10: Quote

It will be displayed as this:

Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty; for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion which is the essence and charm of grace.

-Johann Joachim Winckelmann

Of course you can also use \cite[page]{bibtex-key} for the author of the quote.

* * *

You can insert a separation mark between some paragraphs, as it is inserted automatically just before the bibliography. For that we edited a special form a separation mark. You can use it with \IJSRAseparator.

separator

* * *

When suitable we try to insert figures as a wrapefigure into the text. Otherwise we insert them into the figure-environment.

caption

If you have a table which is saved as a figure, you have to make a change to the caption. I show you how to do that.

```
\captionof{table}{Put the caption here.}
```

Example 1.11: Modify the caption

* * *

Modifying e.g. the caption is important for referencing in the text. We use the special macro \cref{label} to reference to a figure, a table or anything else. It makes it easier because we can omit to write >fig.< or >table< before the number of the figure or the

references

table. The correct form (>fig.< etc.) will be inserted automatically by Lage. If you like to have the first letter capitalised you can use \Cref instead.

Furthermore you can insert several label into a \cref by \cref{label1,label2,label3}.

* * *

numbers & units

If you have a number or a number with an unit, please use the macros which are provided my \SI. Let me show you some examples.

* * *

Different abstracts

We have the abstract of the article in english in the beginning, just as shown in the template in listes 1.7 et 1.9. If there is another abstract in a different language we put that at the end of the article. For that we need also to redefine the keywords and usually the name *keywords* according to the language of the abstract.

I give you an example how to edit a second abstract.

```
1 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
2 \def\keywords{keywords in French, \LaTeX , IJSRA, journal}
3 \foreignlanguage{french}{%
4 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
5 Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the
    abstract in the different language here!
6 \end{IJSRAabstract}
7 }
```

Example 1.12: Different abstract

Mots clés: keywords in French, LTEX, IJSRA, journal

Abstract in French: Copy and paste the abstract in the different language here!

Abstract (French)

Do not forget to add the language in the options of the documentclass

```
1 \documentclass[
2 french,%<--- add the language if not English
3 ]{ijsra}</pre>
```

Example 1.13: Add the language of the abstract into the preamble

* * *

Some general information:

- Be aware of different brackets, e.g. [] {}; These are part of Language, every opening bracket needs a closing one.
- Replace e.g. 19 % with \SI{19}{\percent} otherwise everything after % will be omitted by LaTeX;
- Replace & with \&;
- Replace the citation of authors (e.g Blesser \& Salter 2006) with \cite{Blesser2006};
 if you have a page-range write: \cite[23--45]{Blesser2006};
- To compile with bibliography-references; use 1 \times XeFTeX, then 1 \times compiler \rightarrow biber<, then 1 \times XeFTeX.
- If you want to know how to cite properly please have a look at the documentation of biblatex-ijsra.¹

* * *

References

Bossert, Lukas C. 2016: <code>>ijsra<-biblingX-style</code> which is used for the *International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology*. Version: 0.1. https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatexijsra. url: http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra.

Orengo, H. 2015: Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in Archaeology. Towards Their Integration into Everyday Archaeological Practice, in Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B. (eds.), *Open Source Archaeology. Ethics and Practice. Ethics and Practice.* Warsaw: deGruyter Open: 64–82.

Pikirayi, I. 2015: The Future of Archaeology in Africa. Antiquity 89 (345): 531-541.

```
1 see Bossert, 2016;
```

 $\label{limit} http://mirrors.ctan.org//macros/latex/contrib/biblatex-contrib/biblatex-ijsra/biblatex-ijsra.pdf$

You find the code using to write this documentation below.

```
1 \documentclass[
_{2} % year=2016,
3 % month=October,
4 % number=1,
5 % volume=2,
6 french,
   ]{ijsra}
8 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
10
\IJSRAversiondate}
12 \def\maintitle{The \texttt{ijsra}-class, Version \IJSRAversion\ --
      \IJSRAversiondate}
13 \def\shortauthor{Lukas C. Bossert}
14 \def\authormail{lukas@digitales - altertum . de}
15 \def \affiliation {Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin | Excellence-Cluster
     Topoi}
16 \def\thanknote{The coding of this documentclass is done at \href{https
      ://github.com/LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra}{https://github.com
      /LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra} }
17 %\def\keywordname{}
18 \def\keywords{documentclass, \LaTeX, IJSRA}
22 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
QIncollection {Orengo 2015,
  author = \{Orengo, H.\},
   title
                = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
25
     Archaeology},
   subtitle = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
26
     Archaeological Practice},
   pages = \{64--82\},
27
    editor
                = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
28
    booktitle
                = {Open Source Archaeology},
29
    booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
31
    publisher = {deGruyter Open},
               = \{Warsaw\},
   location
               = \{2015\},
33
    year
34 }
35
36 @Article{Pikirayi2015,
   author = \{Pikirayi, I.\},
37
   title
               = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
38
   journaltitle = {Antiquity},
39
               = \{89\},
   volume
40
               = \{531 - 541\},
41
  pages
               = \{2015\},
   year
    issue
               = \{345\},
43
44 }
45
46 @Article{Bossert-ijsra,
author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
```

```
= {\rijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
      International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
    subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
              = {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
    keywords = \{latex\},
51
    year = {2016},
            = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
              = {Lukas C. Bossert},
    timestamp = \{2016-07-04\},
55
56
57
58 \end{filecontents}
59
60 \begin{document}
61 \lstMakeShortInline[style=code] |
62 \IJSRAopening
    {\Large\scshape
    \shortauthor}%
65
    \footnote\thanknote%
    \\[1em]
    \email\\
    \affiliation
71 \IJSRAmid
73 \begin{IJSRAabstract}%
74 This is a documentation of the class \texttt{ijsra} which is used for
  \emph{International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}.
Read this documentation carefully.
77 When you start editing do it according to the structure shown in \cref
      {document}.
78 \end{IJSRAabstract}
80 %\IJSRAseparator
82 \lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article\marginnote{starting}
      starts with a lettrine as the first letter.
83 This bigger letter functions as an eye catcher to make clear where the
      article starts.
84 It effects the whole word: The first letter reaches down to the third
     line, the other letters of the word are capitalised.
85 In \cref{lettrine} you see the code how this is achieved.
87 \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter}]
88 \lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article ...
89 \end{lstlisting}
90 If you have a letter which is rather slanted you can define the slope.'
91 Lets have a look at the letter A.
92 \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter >(A}]
% \lettrine [slope=4pt, findent=-3pt, lines=3] {A}{rchaeologists} ...
94 \end{lstlisting}
95 And it changes of course if we start the article with a \rangle \delta W.
% \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter →₩}]
97 \lettrine[slope=-4pt, nindent=-4pt, lines=3] {W} {hen} ...
```

```
98 \end{lstlisting}
100 \IJSRAseparator
_{101} Each article contains several information about the author, title, etc.
102 This is done with some definitions.
_{103} You have to fill in the information in the curly brackets.
104 \begin{lstlisting} [label=information, caption={Information about the
      article } ]
105 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase} %<---- 'dont change this!
106 \def\shorttitle{} %<---- this is for the short title</pre>
107 \def\maintitle{} %<---- full title
108 \def\shortauthor{} %<---- full name of the author</pre>
109 \def\authormail{} %<--- email address name@email.com</pre>
110 \def\affiliation{} %<--- university or institution
111 \def\thanknote{} %<--- further information regarding the author</pre>
112 \def\keywords{} %<---- keywords describing the article
_{\rm 113} %\def\keywordname{} %<---- name of keywords in an other language
114 \end{lstlisting}
115 \IJSRAseparator
_{116} After the definitions there is the block regarding the bibliographical
      entries.
117 Those are written in the section
\begin{lstlisting} [label=bibliography, caption={Bibliographical
      information}]
119 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib} %<--- 'dont change this
QIncollection {Orengo 2015,
   author = {Orengo, H.},
    title
                  = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
      Archaeology},
    subtitle = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
124
     Archaeological Practice},
                 = \{64 - -82\},
125
    pages
    editor
                  = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
126
                 = {Open Source Archaeology},
    booktitle
127
    booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
128
    publisher = {deGruyter Open},
129
                 = {Warsaw},
    location
                  = \{2015\},
    year
131
132 }
133
0Article { Pikirayi 2015,
                 = \{ Pikirayi, I. \},
   author
135
                  = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
   title
136
    journaltitle = {Antiquity},
137
                = \{89\}
    volume
138
                 = \{531 - 541\},
139
    pages
                 = \{2015\},
    year
                  = \{345\},
    issue
141
142 }
143
0 Article { Bossert - ijsra,
    author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
145
              = {\rijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
146
      International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
  subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
```

```
= {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
148
    keywords = \{latex\},\
149
    note
               = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
150
    owner
               = {Lukas C. Bossert},
151
    timestamp = \{2016-07-04\},
152
153 }
154 .
155 .
156 .
157
158 \end{filecontents}
159 \end{lstlisting}
161 After that we have completed the preamble and get to main part of the
Here we define the layout of the headline.
\begin{lstlisting} [label=headline, caption={Headline layout}]
165 \IJSRAopening %<---- 'dont change or forget this
    {\Large\scshape
     \shortauthor}%
     \footnote\thanknote%
168
    \\[1em]
169
     \email\\
170
    \affiliation
172 \IJSRAmid %<---- 'dont change or forget this
173 \end{lstlisting}
174 If there is no \texttt{thanknote} you only have to comment line no. 4
       and there will be no footnote.
175 \IJSRAseparator
176 After that we come to the abstract.
The abstract is set in the environment \texttt{IJSRAabstract}:
178 \begin{lstlisting}[label=abstract,caption={IJSRAabstract}]
179 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
180 Abstract
181 \end{IJSRAabstract}
182 \end{lstlisting}
183 \IJSRAseparator
184 Then you can copy/paste the text of the article and make further
       editing.
185 At the very end you have to insert
\begin{lstlisting}[label=closing, caption={IJSRAclosing}]
187 \IJSRAclosing
188 \end{lstlisting}
190 \clearpage
191 Following there is a minimal template how the plain document should
      look like when you begin to edit.
192 \begin { lstlisting } [ label=document, caption={ Plain document } ]
193 \documentclass{ijsra}
194 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
195 \def\shorttitle{}
196 \def\maintitle{}
197 \def\shortauthor{}
198 \def\authormail{}
199 \def \affiliation {}
```

```
200 \def\thanknote{}
201 \def\keywords{}
202 %\def\keywordname{}
203 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
204 Bibliography - files
205 \end{filecontents}
207 \begin{document}
208 \IJSRAopening
   {\Large\scshape
    \shortauthor}%
210
    \footnote\thanknote%
211
    \\[1em]
213
    \email\\
     \affiliation
215 \IJSRAmid
216
217 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
218 Abstract
219 \end{IJSRAabstract}
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{M}{ain} text ...
222
223
224 \IJSRAclosing
225 \end{document}
226 \end{lstlisting}
227 \clearpage'
Lets have a look how to do certain editing.
230 How to do quotes:\marginnote{quotes}
Quotes are inserted between the environment |IJSRAquote|.
Let me give you an example:
233
234 \begin{lstlisting} [label=quote, caption={Quote}]
235 \begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
236 Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
237 for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
238 that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
which is the essence and charm of grace.
240 \end{IJSRAquote}
241 \end{lstlisting}
242 It will be displayed as this:
243
244 \begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
247 that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
248 which is the essence and charm of grace.
249 \end{IJSRAquote}
250 Of course you can also use |\cite[page]{bibtex-key}| for the author of
      the quote.
252 \IJSRAseparator
253 You can\marginnote{separator} insert a separation mark between some
  paragraphs,
```

```
_{254} as it is inserted automatically just before the bibliography.
255 For that we edited a special form a separation mark.
You can use it with |\IJSRAseparator|.
258 \IJSRAseparator
259 When suitable \marginnote{caption} we try to insert figures as a |
       wrapefigure | into the text.
Otherwise we insert them into the | figure | -enviroment.
262 If you have a table which is saved as a figure,
you have to make a change to the caption.
264 I show you how to do that.
265 \begin{lstlisting}[label=caption, caption={Modify the caption}]
266 \captionof{table}{Put the caption here.}
267 \end{lstlisting}
269 \IJSRAseparator
270 Modifying\marginnote{references} e.g. the caption is important for
       referencing in the text.
271 We use the special macro |\cref{label}| to reference to a figure, a
      table or anything else.
272 It makes it easier because we can omit to write >fig<. or ><table before
       the number of the figure or the table.
273 The correct form >(fig <. etc.) will be inserted automatically by
      \LaTeX .
274 If you like to have the first letter capitalised you can use |\Cref|
      instead.
276 Furthermore you can insert several |label| into a |\cref| by |\cref{
      label1, label2, label3} |.
277
278 \IJSRAseparator
279 If you\marginnote{numbers \& units} have a number or a number with an
       unit,
280 please use the macros which are provided my |\SI|.
Let me show you some examples.
\begin{labeling}{range phrase (1)}
283 \item [meter] | 100 m | has to be written as |SI\{100\}\{\text{meter}\}|;
284 \item[percent] | 175 % | has to be written as | \SI{75}{\percent}|;
285 \item[range phrase (1)] |10x10 m| has to be written as |\SIrange{10}{
       10}{\meter}|;
286 \item[range phrase (2)] | 10--15 cm | has to be written as | \SIrange[
      range-phrase=--]{10}{15}{\langle centi \rangle | ;}
\lfloor 287 \rfloor [number] \lfloor 23.394 \rfloor has to be written as \lfloor num \{23394 \} \rfloor;
288 \item[angle] |56°| has to be written as |\ang{56}|;
289 \item [round precision] If you want to make a round precision of your
      numbers you can set it yourself by |\SI[round-precision=2]{23.3390}
       {\text{meter}} | which will make |23.34 m|.
290 \end{labeling}
292
294 \IJSRAseparator
295 We have\marginnote{Different abstracts} the abstract of the article in
       english in the beginning,
296 just as shown in the template in \cref{document, abstract}.
```

```
297 If there is another abstract in a different language we put that at the
       end of the article.
298 For that we need also to redefine the keywords and usually the name
      \emph{keywords} according to the language of the abstract.
_{\mbox{\scriptsize 300}} I give you an example how to edit a second abstract.
301 \begin{lstlisting}[label=abstract2,caption={Different abstract}]
302 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
303 \def\keywords {keywords in French, \LaTeX , IJSRA, journal}
304 \foreignlanguage{french}{%
305 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
306 Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the
      abstract in the different language here!
307 \end{IJSRAabstract}
309 \end{lstlisting}
310 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
\def\keywords{keywords in French, \LaTeX , IJSRA, journal}
312 \foreignlanguage{french}{%
313 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the
      abstract in the different language here!
315 \end{IJSRAabstract}
316 }
318 Do not forget to add the language in the options of the documentclass
319 \begin{lstlisting} [label=abstract2,caption={Add the language of the
      abstract into the preamble}]
320 \documentclass[
321
   french,%<--- add the language if not English
   ]{ijsra}
323 \end{lstlisting}
324
325
327 \IJSRAseparator
328 Some general information:
329 \begin{itemize}
330 \item Be aware of different brackets, e.g. |[] {}|;
331 These are part of \LaTeX -programming-language, every opening bracket
      needs a closing one.
332 \item Replace e.g. | 19 \% | with |\SI{19}{\percent}| otherwise everything
       after |%| will be omitted by \LaTeX;
333 \item Replace |&| with |\&|;
334 \item Replace the citation of authors (e.g | Blesser \& Salter 2006|)
      with |\cite{Blesser2006}|;
     if you have a page-range write: |\cite[23--45]{Blesser2006}|;
336 \item To compile with bibliography-references;
337 use 1 $\times$ Xe\LaTeX, then 1 $\times$ compiler ><biber, then 1 $
      \times$ Xe\LaTeX.
338 \item If you want to know how to cite properly
please have a look at the documentation of \texttt{biblatex-ijsra}.
      \footnote{\cite[see][]{Bossert-ijsra};\\\url{http://mirrors.ctan.
      org//macros/latex/contrib/biblatex - contrib/biblatex - ijsra/biblatex -
      ijsra.pdf}}
340 \end{itemize}
```

```
341 \nocite{*}
342 \IJSRAclosing
343

344 \clearpage
345 You find the code using to write this documentation below.
346
347 \lstinputlisting[language={[AlLaTeX]{TeX}}]{\jobname.tex}
348 \end{document}
```