

The ijsra-class, Version 0.3 - 2016/09/01

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Keywords: documentclass, LTEX, IJSRA

This is a documentation of the class ijsra which is used for the International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology. Read this documentation carefully. When you start editing do it according to the structure shown in listing 1.9.

Preserved article starts with a lettrine as the first letter. This bigger letter functions as an eye catcher to make clear where the article starts. It effects the whole word: The first letter reaches down to the third line, the other letters of the word are capitalised. In listing 1.3 you see the code how this is achieved.

starting

```
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article ...
```

Example 1.1: Starting letter

If you have a letter which is rather slanted you can define the slope. Let's have a look at the letter >A<.

```
\lettrine[slope=4pt,findent=-3pt,lines=3]{A}{rchaeologists} ...
```

Example 1.2: Starting letter >A<

And it changes of course if we start the article with a >W<.

```
\lettrine[slope=-4pt,nindent=-4pt,lines=3]{W}{hen} ...
```

Example 1.3: Starting letter >W<

* * *

Each article contains several information about the author, title, etc. This is done with some definitions. You have to fill in the information in the curly brackets.

^{*} The coding of this documentclass is done at https://github.com/LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra

```
1 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase} %<---- 'dont change this!
2 \def\shorttitle{} %<---- this is for the short title
3 \def\maintitle{} %<---- full title
4 \def\shortauthor{} %<---- full name of the author
5 \def\authormail{} %<--- email address name@email.com
6 \def\affiliation{} %<--- university or institution
7 \def\thanknote{} %<--- further information regarding the author
8 \def\keywords{} %<---- keywords describing the article
9 %\def\keywordname{} %<---- name of keywords in an other language</pre>
```

Example 1.4: *Information about the article*

* * *

After the definitions there is the block regarding the bibliographical entries. Those are written in the section

```
1 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib} %<--- 'dont change this</pre>
3 @Incollection {Orengo 2015,
    author
                 = \{Orengo, H.\},
    title
                 = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
     Archaeology},
                = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
    Archaeological Practice},
   pages
                = \{64 - -82\},
                 = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
    editor
   booktitle
              = {Open Source Archaeology},
   booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
10
   publisher = {deGruyter Open},
11
                = \{Warsaw\},
12
   location
                 = \{2015\},
13
    year
14 }
15
0 @Article { Pikirayi 2015,
author = \{Pikirayi, I.\},
                 = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
   title
   journaltitle = {Antiquity},
19
   volume = \{89\},
20
                = \{531 - 541\},
   pages
21
   year
                = \{2015\},
22
23
    issue
                 = \{345\},
24 }
25
26 @Article{Bossert - ijsra ,
    author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
             = {\rijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
     International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
   subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
              = {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
30
   keywords = \{latex\},\
31
             = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
   note
owner = {Lukas C. Bossert},
```

```
timestamp = {2016-07-04},

timestamp = {2016-07-04},

end{filecontents}
```

Example 1.5: *Bibliographical information*

After that we have completed the preamble and get to main part of the document. Here we define the layout of the headline.

```
I \IJSRAopening %<---- 'dont change or forget this
{\Large\scshape
shortauthor}%

footnote\thanknote%

\[[1em]
email\\
affiliation
\IJSRAmid %<---- 'dont change or forget this</pre>
```

Example 1.6: Headline layout

If there is no thanknote you only have to comment line no. 4 and there will be no footnote.

* * *

After that we come to the abstract. The abstract is set in the environment IJSRAabstract:

```
1 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
2 Abstract
3 \end{IJSRAabstract}
```

Example 1.7: IJSRAabstract

* * *

Then you can copy/paste the text of the article and make further editing. At the very end you have to insert

\IJSRAclosing

Example 1.8: IJSRAclosing

Following there is a minimal template how the plain document should look like when you begin to edit.

```
1 \documentclass{ijsra}
2 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
3 \def\shorttitle{}
4 \def\maintitle{}
5 \def\shortauthor{}
6 \def\authormail{}
7 \def \affiliation {}
8 \def\thanknote{}
9 \def\keywords{}
10 %\def\keywordname{}
11 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
12 Bibliography - files
13 \end{filecontents}
14
15 \begin{document}
16 \IJSRAopening
17
   {\Large\scshape
18
   \shortauthor}%
   \footnote\thanknote%
19
   \\[1em]
20
    \email\\
21
    \affiliation
22
23 \IJSRAmid
24
25 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
26 Abstract
27 \end{IJSRAabstract}
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{M}{ain} text ...
32 \IJSRAclosing
33 \end{document}
```

Example 1.9: Plain document

Before we have a closer look how to do certain editing let me give you some advice about naming the tex-file and the related figures. The tex-file has to be saved under an unique and individual name. Usually this is the family name of the author: e.g. winckelmann.tex If you think this is not enough because the author has quite a common family (as it might be with <code>Johnson</code>) plese use a word from the title, e.g. <code>Johnson_prehistory.tex</code>. Notice there must not be a blank in the name, use instead <code>_</code> or -.

The name of the tex-file is what we have defined as the \IJSRAidentifier, with that we can differentiate between all the texts from the authors.

We need this IJSRAidentifier again for the figures: put the figures in a folder called figures. Do not name the figures e.g. figure 1, figure 2 etc. but use again this IJSRAidentifier (e.g. Johnson_prehistory) and name the figures like this: Johnson_prehistory_fig01.jpg or winckelmann_fig01.png. You can also name tables in the same way: Johnson_prehistory_tab01.jpg or winckelmann_tab01.png.



But please make sure that the *IJSRAidentifier* is used with correct spelling of the author's name etc.

* * *

How to do quotes: Quotes are inserted between the environment IJSRAquote. Let me quotes give you an example:

```
begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
which is the essence and charm of grace.
| end{IJSRAquote}
```

Example 1.10: Quote

It will be displayed as this:

Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty; for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion which is the essence and charm of grace.

-Johann Joachim Winckelmann

Of course you can also use \cite[page]{bibtex-key} for the author of the quote.

* * *

separator

You can insert a separation mark between some paragraphs, as it is inserted automatically just before the bibliography. For that we edited a special form a separation mark. You can use it with \IJSRAseparator.

* * *

caption

When suitable we try to insert figures as a wrapefigure into the text. Otherwise we insert them into the figure-environment.

If you have a table which is saved as a figure, you have to make a change to the caption. I show you how to do that.

```
1 \captionof{table}{Put the caption here.}
```

Example 1.11: *Modify the caption*

* * *

references

Modifying e.g. the caption is important for referencing in the text. We use the special macro \cref{label} to reference to a figure, a table or anything else. It makes it easier because we can omit to write >fig.< or >table< before the number of the figure or the table. The correct form (>fig.< etc.) will be inserted automatically by LTEX. If you like to have the first letter capitalised you can use \Cref instead.

Furthermore you can insert several label into a \cref by \cref{label1,label2,label3}.

* * *

numbers & units

If you have a number or a number with an unit, please use the macros which are provided my \SI. Let me show you some examples.

20.004 has to be written as (hum [20004]

angle 56° has to be written as \ang{56};

round precision If you want to make a round precision of your numbers you can

set it yourself by \SI[round-precision=2]{23.3390}{\meter} which will

make 23.34 m.

* * *

We have the abstract of the article in english in the beginning, just as shown in the template in listings 1.7 and 1.9. If there is another abstract in a different language we put that at the end of the article. For that we need also to redefine the keywords and usually the name *keywords* according to the language of the abstract.

Different abstracts

I give you an example how to edit a second abstract.

```
1 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
2 \def\keywords{keywords in French, \LaTeX , IJSRA, journal}
3 \foreignlanguage{french}{%
4 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
5 Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the abstract in the different language here!
6 \end{IJSRAabstract}
7}
```

Example 1.12: Different abstract

Mots clés: keywords in French, LTEX, IJSRA, journal

Abstract in French: Copy and paste the abstract in the different language here!

Abstract (French)

* * *

Global options: These options can be used and set to the current number: month, year, volume, number.

Furthermore you can set the document to draft or give the name of the title figure with titlefigure. The title figure has to be within the folder figures and be in a ratio of $1,000 \times 400 \, \text{pt}$.

* * *

Some general information:

- Be aware of different brackets, e.g. [] {}; These are part of Large Texture and Texture are part of Large Texture are pa
- Replace e.g. 19 % with \SI{19}{\percent} otherwise everything after % will be omitted by LTEX;
- Replace & with \&;
- Replace the citation of authors (e.g Blesser \& Salter 2006) with \cite{Blesser2006};
 if you have a page-range write: \cite[23--45]{Blesser2006};

• To compile with bibliography-references; use 1 \times XTLATEX, then 1 \times compiler >biber<, then 1 \times XTLATEX.

 If you want to know how to cite properly please have a look at the documentation of biblatex-ijsra.¹

* * *

References

Bossert, Lukas C. 2016: >ijsra< – bibletex-style which is used for the International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology. Version: 0.1. https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra. URL: http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra.

Orengo, H. 2015: Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in Archaeology. Towards Their Integration into Everyday Archaeological Practice, in Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B. (eds.), *Open Source Archaeology. Ethics and Practice. Ethics and Practice.* Warsaw: deGruyter Open: 64–82.

Pikirayi, I. 2015: The Future of Archaeology in Africa. Antiquity 89 (345): 531–541.

You find the code using to write this documentation below.

```
1 \documentclass[
_{2} % year=2016,
3 % month=October,
4 % number=1,
5 % volume=2,
6 ]{ijsra}
7 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
10 \det \sinh \frac{The \operatorname{texttt{ijsra}}-class}{}
      \IJSRAversiondate}
11 \def\maintitle{The \texttt{ijsra}-class, Version \IJSRAversion \ --
      \IJSRAversiondate}
12 \def\shortauthor{Lukas C. Bossert}
13 \def\authormail{lukas@digitales - altertum . de}
14 \def \affiliation {Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin | Excellence-Cluster
15 \def\thanknote{The coding of this documentclass is done at \href{https
      ://github.com/LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra}{https://github.com
      /LukasCBossert/documentclass-ijsra} }
16 %\def\keywordname{}
17 \def\keywords{documentclass, \LaTeX, IJSRA}
19
21 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
22 @Incollection {Orengo 2015,
23 author
             = \{Orengo, H.\},
                = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
   title
    Archaeology,
   subtitle = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
     Archaeological Practice},
   pages = \{64--82\},
26
    editor
                = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
27
   booktitle = {Open Source Archaeology},
28
   booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
29
   publisher = {deGruyter Open},
location = {Warsaw},
31
               = \{2015\},
32
    year
33 }
34
35 @Article{Pikirayi2015,
   author = \{Pikirayi, I.\},
                = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
   title
   journaltitle = {Antiquity},
   volume = \{89\},
                = \{531 - 541\},
   pages
                = \{2015\},
41
   year
                = \{345\},
   issue
43 }
45 @Article { Bossert - ijsra ,
author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
```

```
= {\cijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
     International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
    subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
              = {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
    keywords = \{latex\},\
    year = \{2016\},
            = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
              = {Lukas C. Bossert},
    owner
53
    timestamp = \{2016-07-04\},
54
55
56
57 \end{filecontents}
58
59 \begin {document}
60 \lstMakeShortInline[style=code] |
61 \IJSRAopening
63
    {\Large\scshape
    \shortauthor}%
64
    \footnote\thanknote%
65
    \\[1em]
66
    \email\\
67
    \affiliation
68
69
70 \IJSRAmid
72 \begin{IJSRAabstract}%
73 This is a documentation of the class \texttt{ijsra} which is used for
   \emph{International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}.
  Read this documentation carefully.
  When you start editing do it according to the structure shown in \cref
      {document}.
77 \end{IJSRAabstract}
78
79 %\IJSRAseparator
  \lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article \marginnote{starting}
      starts with a lettrine as the first letter.
82 This bigger letter functions as an eye catcher to make clear where the
      article starts.
83 It effects the whole word: The first letter reaches down to the third
      line, the other letters of the word are capitalised.
84 In \cref{lettrine} you see the code how this is achieved.
% \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter}]
87 \lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{E}{very} article ...
88 \end{lstlisting}
89 If you have a letter which is rather slanted you can define the slope.'
90 Lets have a look at the letter ><A.
91 \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter ><A}]
92 \lettrine[slope=4pt, findent=-3pt, lines=3]{A}{rchaeologists} ...
93 \end{lstlisting}
_{94} And it changes of course if we start the article with a \rangle \delta\!W.
95 \begin{lstlisting} [label=lettrine, caption={Starting letter→₩}]
% \lettrine[slope=-4pt, nindent=-4pt, lines=3] {W} {hen} ...
```

```
97 \end{lstlisting}
99 \IJSRAseparator
_{100} Each article contains several information about the author, title, etc.
101 This is done with some definitions.
_{102} You have to fill in the information in the curly brackets.
103 \begin{lstlisting} [label=information, caption={Information about the
       article } ]
104 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase} %<---- 'dont change this!
105 \def\shorttitle{} %<---- this is for the short title
106 \def\maintitle{} %<---- full title
107 \def\shortauthor{} %<---- full name of the author</pre>
108 \def\authormail{} %<--- email address name@email.com
109 \def\affiliation{} %<--- university or institution</pre>
110 \def\thanknote{} %<--- further information regarding the author
111 \def\keywords{} %<---- keywords describing the article</pre>
112 %\def\keywordname{} %<---- name of keywords in an other language
113 \end{lstlisting}
114 \IJSRAseparator
_{115} After the definitions there is the block regarding the bibliographical
       entries.
Those are written in the section
117 \begin{lstlisting} [label=bibliography, caption={Bibliographical
      information } ]
118 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib} %<--- 'dont change this
119
QIncollection {Orengo 2015,
   author = {Orengo, H.},
                  = {Open Source GIS and Geospatial Software in
     title
      Archaeology},
     subtitle
                 = {Towards Their Integration into Everyday
     Archaeological Practice},
                  = \{64 - -82\},
124
     pages
    editor
                  = {Wilson, A. T. and Edwards, B.},
125
                 = {Open Source Archaeology},
     booktitle
126
     booksubtitle = {Ethics and Practice},
127
     publisher = {deGruyter Open},
128
                 = {Warsaw},
    location
129
                  = \{2015\},
     year
130
131
0 Article { Pikirayi 2015,
                  = \{ Pikirayi, I. \},
134 author
                  = {The Future of Archaeology in Africa},
    title
135
    journaltitle = {Antiquity},
136
                 = \{89\}
    volume
137
                  = \{531 - 541\},
138
    pages
                  = \{2015\},
    year
    issue
                  = \{345\},
140
141 }
142
0 Article { Bossert - ijsra,
    author = {Lukas C. Bossert},
144
               = {\cijsra -- bib\LaTeX-style which is used for the \emph{
145
      International Journal of Student Research in Archaeology}},
   subtitle = \{Version: 0.1\},
```

```
= {http://www.ctan.org/pkg/biblatex-ijsra},
    keywords = \{latex\},
148
               = {https://github.com/LukasCBossert/biblatex-ijsra},
   note
149
               = {Lukas C. Bossert},
150
    owner
    timestamp = \{2016-07-04\},
151
152
153 .
154 .
155 .
156
157 \end{filecontents}
158 \end{lstlisting}
159
160 After that we have completed the preamble and get to main part of the
Here we define the layout of the headline.
163 \begin{lstlisting} [label=headline, caption={Headline layout}]
164 \IJSRAopening %<---- 'dont change or forget this
    {\Large\scshape
    \shortauthor}%
166
    \footnote\thanknote%
167
    \\[1em]
168
    \email\\
169
    \affiliation
171 \IJSRAmid %<---- 'dont change or forget this
172 \end{lstlisting}
173 If there is no \texttt{thanknote} you only have to comment line no. 4
      and there will be no footnote.
174 \IJSRAseparator
175 After that we come to the abstract.
The abstract is set in the environment \texttt{IJSRAabstract}:
\begin{lstlisting}[label=abstract,caption={IJSRAabstract}]
178 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
179 Abstract
180 \end{IJSRAabstract}
181 \end{lstlisting}
182 \IJSRAseparator
183 Then you can copy/paste the text of the article and make further
      editing.
184 At the very end you have to insert
\begin{lstlisting}[label=closing, caption={IJSRAclosing}]
186 \IJSRAclosing
187 \end{lstlisting}
189 \clearpage
190 Following there is a minimal template how the plain document should
      look like when you begin to edit.
191 \begin{lstlisting}[label=document,caption={Plain document}]
192 \documentclass{ijsra}
193 \def\IJSRAidentifier{\currfilebase}
194 \def\shorttitle{}
195 \def\maintitle{}
196 \def\shortauthor{}
197 \def\authormail{}
198 \def \affiliation {}
```

```
199 \def\thanknote{}
200 \def\keywords{}
201 %\def\keywordname{}
202 \begin{filecontents}{\IJSRAidentifier.bib}
203 Bibliography - files
204 \end{filecontents}
206 \begin{document}
207 \IJSRAopening
    {\Large\scshape
208
     \shortauthor}%
209
     \footnote\thanknote%
210
     \\[1em]
211
     \email\\
212
     \affiliation
214 \IJSRAmid
216 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
217 Abstract
218 \end{IJSRAabstract}
\lettrine[nindent=0em, lines=3]{M}{ain} text ...
221
223 \IJSRAclosing
224 \end{document}
225 \end{lstlisting}
226 \clearpage
Before we have a closer look how to do certain editing
228 let me give you some advice about naming the |tex|-file and the related
        figures.
229 The |tex|-file has to be saved under an unique and individual name.
Usually this is the family name of the author: e.g. | \, \text{winckelmann.tex} \, |
231 If you think this is not enough because the author has quite a common
       family (as it might be with \emph{Johnson})
232 plese use a word from the title, e.g. | Johnson_prehistory.tex |.
233 Notice there must not be a blank in the name, use instead |_| or |-|.
234
235 The name of the |tex|-file is what we have defined as the |
       \IJSRAidentifier |,
^{236} with that we can differentiate between all the texts from the authors.
238 We need this |IJSRAidentifier| again for the figures:
put the figures in a folder called | figures |.
240 Do not name the figures e.g. |figure1|, |figure2| etc. but use again
241 | IJSRAidentifier | (e.g. | Johnson_prehistory | ) and name the figures like
242 | Johnson_prehistory_fig 01.jpg | or | winckelmann_fig 01.png |.
243 You can also name tables in the same way:
| Johnson_prehistory_tab01.jpg | or | winckelmann_tab01.png | .
246 \alertinfo{But please make sure that the \emph{IJSRAidentifier} is used
       with correct spelling of the 'authors name etc.}
248 \IJSRAseparator
```

```
How to do quotes:\marginnote{quotes}
250 Quotes are inserted between the environment |IJSRAquote|.
Let me give you an example:
253 \begin{lstlisting}[label=quote,caption={Quote}]
254 \begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
255 Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
256 for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
257 that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
which is the essence and charm of grace.
259 \end{IJSRAquote}
260 \end{lstlisting}
261 It will be displayed as this:
263 \begin{IJSRAquote}{Johann Joachim Winckelmann}
264 Grace can never properly be said to exist without beauty;
265 for it is only in the elegant proportions of beautiful forms
266 that can be found that harmonious variety of line and motion
267 which is the essence and charm of grace.
268 \end{IJSRAquote}
269 Of course you can also use |\cite[page]{bibtex-key}| for the author of
      the quote.
271 \IJSRAseparator
272 You can\marginnote{separator} insert a separation mark between some
      paragraphs,
273 as it is inserted automatically just before the bibliography.
274 For that we edited a special form a separation mark.
You can use it with \\IJSRAseparator \| .
277 \IJSRAseparator
278 When suitable \marginnote {caption} we try to insert figures as a |
      wrapefigure | into the text.
Otherwise we insert them into the | figure | -enviroment.
280
If you have a table which is saved as a figure,
you have to make a change to the caption.
283 I show you how to do that.
284 \begin{lstlisting}[label=caption, caption={Modify the caption}]
285 \captionof{table}{Put the caption here.}
286 \end{lstlisting}
287
288 \IJSRAseparator
289 Modifying\marginnote{references} e.g. the caption is important for
      referencing in the text.
290 We use the special macro |\cref{label}| to reference to a figure, a
      table or anything else.
291 It makes it easier because we can omit to write >fig<. or ><table before
       the number of the figure or the table.
292 The correct form >(fig <. etc.) will be inserted automatically by
      \LaTeX .
293 If you like to have the first letter capitalised you can use |\Cref|
      instead.
294
295 Furthermore you can insert several |label| into a |\cref| by |\cref{
  label1, label2, label3} |.
```

```
297 \IJSRAseparator
298 If you\marginnote{numbers \& units} have a number or a number with an
299 please use the macros which are provided my |\SI|.
Let me show you some examples.
301 \begin{labeling}{range phrase (1)}
302 \text{ [meter] } |100 \text{ m}| \text{ has to be written as } |SI{100}{\text{meter}}|;
303 \item[percent] | 175 % | has to be written as |\SI{75}{\percent}|;
304 \item[range phrase (1)] |10x10 \text{ m}| has to be written as |SIrange\{10\}
      10}{\meter}|;
305 \item[range phrase (2)] |10--15 cm| has to be written as |\SIrange[
      range-phrase=--]{10}{15}{\langle centi \rangle | ;}
| \item[number] |23.394| has to be written as | \num{23394}|;
|\text{tem}[\text{angle}]| | 56^{\circ}|  has to be written as |\text{ang}\{56\}|;
308 \item[round precision] If you want to make a round precision of your
      numbers you can set it yourself by |\SI[round-precision=2]{23.3390}
       {\text{meter}} which will make |23.34 m|.
  \end{labeling}
310
311
312
313 \IJSRAseparator
314 We have\marginnote{Different abstracts} the abstract of the article in
      english in the beginning,
315 just as shown in the template in \cref{document, abstract}.
316 If there is another abstract in a different language we put that at the
       end of the article.
317 For that we need also to redefine the keywords and usually the name
      \emph{keywords} according to the language of the abstract.
318
I give you an example how to edit a second abstract.
320 \begin{lstlisting}[label=abstract2,caption={Different abstract}]
321 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
322 \def\keywords{keywords in French, \LaTeX , IJSRA, journal}
323 \foreignlanguage { french } {%
324 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
325 Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the
       abstract in the different language here!
326 \end{IJSRAabstract}
327
328 \end{lstlisting}
329 \def\keywordname{Mots clés}
330 \def\keywords{keywords in French, \LaTeX, IJSRA, journal}
331 \foreignlanguage { french } {%
332 \begin{IJSRAabstract}
333 Abstract\marginnote{Abstract (French)} in French: Copy and paste the
       abstract in the different language here!
334 \end{IJSRAabstract}
335 }
_{337} %Do not forget to add the language in the options of the documentclass
338 %\begin{lstlisting}[label=abstract2,caption={Add the language of the
      abstract into the preamble }]
339 %\documentclass[
340 % french,%<--- add the language if not English
```

```
341 % ]{ijsra}
342 %\end{lstlisting}
343
345 \IJSRAseparator
_{
m 346} Global options: These options can be used and set to the current number
347 | month |,
348 | year | ,
349 | volume |,
350 | number | .
351
352 Furthermore you can set the document to |draft| or give the name of the
       title figure with | titlefigure |.
353 The title figure has to be within the folder |figures| and be in a
      ratio of SIrange{1000}{400}{pt}.
355 \IJSRAseparator
356 Some general information:
357 \begin{itemize}
358 \item Be aware of different brackets, e.g. |[] {}|;
_{359} These are part of \LaTeX -programming-language, every opening bracket
      needs a closing one.
^{360} \item Replace e.g. |19\ \%| with |\SI\{19\}\{\percent\}| otherwise everything
       after |%| will be omitted by \LaTeX;
361 \item Replace |&| with |\&|;
362 \item Replace the citation of authors (e.g | Blesser \& Salter 2006|)
      with |\cite{Blesser2006}|;
      if you have a page-range write: |\cite[23--45]{Blesser2006}|;
364 \item To compile with bibliography-references;
365 use 1 $\times$ \hologo{XeLaTeX}, then 1 $\times$ compiler ><biber, then
       1 $\times$ \hologo{XeLaTeX}.
366 \item If you want to know how to cite properly
367 please have a look at the documentation of \texttt{biblatex-ijsra}.
       \footnote{\cite[see][]{Bossert-ijsra};\\ \url{http://mirrors.ctan.
      org//macros/latex/contrib/biblatex-contrib/biblatex-ijsra/biblatex-
      ijsra.pdf}}
368 \end{itemize}
369 \nocite{*}
370 \IJSRAclosing
372 \clearpage
373 You find the code using to write this documentation below.
\lstinputlisting[language={[AlLaTeX]{TeX}}]{\jobname.tex}
376 \end{document}
```