

| line # | MIAPPE   |  |  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|--|---|--|
|        | MIAPPE Check list                                  | Definition   | Example  | Format  | Cardinality                              |
| DM-1   | <b>Investigation</b>                               | Investigations are research programmes with defined aims. They can exist at various scales (for example, they could encompass a grant-funded programme of work, the various components comprising a peer-reviewed publication, or a single experiment).  |  |   | 1 per MIAPPE submission                  |
| DM-2   | <b>Investigation unique ID</b>                     | Identifier comprising the unique name of the institution/database hosting the submission of the investigation data, and the accession number of the investigation in that institution.   | EBI:12345678   | Unique identifier   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-3   | <b>Investigation title</b>                         | Human-readable string summarising the investigation.   | Adaptation of Maize to Temperate Climates: Mid-Density Genome-Wide Association Genetics and Diversity Patterns Reveal Key Genomic Regions, with a Major Contribution of the Vgl2 (ZCN8) Locus.   | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-4   | <b>Investigation description</b>                   | Human-readable text describing the investigation in more detail.   | The migration of maize from tropical to temperate climates was accompanied by a dramatic evolution in flowering time. To gain insight into the genetic architecture of this adaptive trait, we conducted a 50K SNP-based genome-wide association and diversity investigation on a panel of tropical and temperate American and European representatives. | Free text   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-5   | <b>Submission date</b>                             | Date of submission of the dataset presently being described to a host repository.  | 2012-12-17   | Date/Time (ISO 8601, optional time zone)                    | 0-1                                      |
| DM-6   | <b>Public release date</b>                         | Date of first public release of the dataset presently being described.   | 2013-02-25   | Date/Time (ISO 8601, optional time zone)                    | 0-1                                      |
| DM-7   | <b>License</b>                                     | License for the reuse of the data associated with this investigation. The Creative Commons licenses cover most use cases and are recommended.  | CC BY-SA 4.0, Unreported   | Unique identifier   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-8   | <b>MIAPPE version</b>                              | The version of MIAPPE used.  | 1.1  | Version number  | 1  |
| DM-9   | <b>Associated publication</b>                      | An identifier for a literature publication where the investigation is described. Use of DOIs is recommended.   | doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0071377   | DOI   | 0+                                       |
| DM-10  | <b>Study</b>                                       | A study (or experiment) comprises a series of assays (or measurements) of one or more types, undertaken to answer a particular biological question.  |  |   | 1+ per investigation                     |
| DM-11  | <b>Study unique ID</b>                             | Unique identifier comprising the name or identifier for the institution/database hosting the submission of the study data, and the identifier of the study in that institution.  | EBI:12345678<br>http://phenome-fppn.fr/maugio/2013/t2351   | Unique identifier   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-12  | <b>Study title</b>                                 | Human-readable text summarising the study  | 2002 evaluation of flowering time for a panel of 375 maize lines at the experimental station of Maugio (France).   | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-13  | <b>Study description</b>                           | Human-readable text describing the study   | 2002 evaluation of male and female flowering time for a panel of 375 maize lines representing the worldwide genetic diversity at the experimental station of Maugio, France.   | Free text   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-14  | <b>Start date of study</b>                         | Date and, if relevant, time when the experiment started  | 2002-04-04<br>2006-09-27T10:23:21+00:00  | Date/Time (ISO 8601, optional time zone)                    | 1  |
| DM-15  | <b>End date of study</b>                           | Date and, if relevant, time when the experiment ended  | 2002-11-27   | Date/Time (ISO 8601, optional time zone)                    | 0-1                                      |
| DM-16  | <b>Contact institution</b>                         | Name and address of the institution responsible for the study.   | UMR de Génétique Végétale, INRA – Université Paris-Sud – CNRS, Gif-sur-Yvette, France  | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-17  | <b>Geographic location (country)</b>               | The country where the experiment took place, either as a full name or preferably as a 2-letter code.   | FR   | Country name or 2-letter code (ISO 3166)                    | 1  |
| DM-18  | <b>Experimental site name</b>                      | The name of the natural site, experimental field, greenhouse, phenotyping facility, etc. where the experiment took place.  | INRA, UE Diascope - Chemin de Mazouls - Domaine expérimental de Melgueil - 34130 Maugio - France   | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-19  | <b>Geographic location (latitude)</b>              | Latitude of the experimental site in degrees, in decimal format.   | +43.619264   | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                    | 0-1 (1 if longitude is provided)         |
| DM-20  | <b>Geographic location (longitude)</b>             | Longitude of the experimental site in degrees, in decimal format.  | +3.967454  | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                    | 0-1 (1 if latitude is provided)          |
| DM-21  | <b>Geographic location (altitude)</b>              | Altitude of the experimental site, provided in metres (m).   | 100 m  | Numeric + unit abbreviation                                 | 0-1                                      |
| DM-22  | <b>Description of the experimental design</b>      | Short description of the experimental design, possibly including statistical design. In specific cases, e.g. legacy datasets or data computed from several studies, the experimental design can be "unknown"/"NA", "aggregated/reduced data", or simply "none".  | Lines were repeated twice at each location using a complete block design. In order to limit competition effects, each block was organized into four sub-blocks corresponding to earliness groups based on a priori information.  | Free text   | 1  |
| DM-23  | <b>Type of experimental design</b>                 | Type of experimental design of the study, in the form of an accession number from the Crop Ontology.   | CO_715:0000145   | Crop Ontology term (subclass of "CO_715:0000003")           | 0-1                                      |
| DM-24  | <b>Observation unit level hierarchy</b>            | Hierarchy of the different levels of repetitions between each others   | block>rep>plot   | Formatted text (level=level)                                | 0-1                                      |
| DM-25  | <b>Observation unit description</b>                | General description of the observation units in the study.   | Observation units consisted in individual plots themselves consisting of a row of 15 plants at a density of approximately six plants per square meter.<br>NA   | Free text   | 1  |
| DM-26  | <b>Description of growth facility</b>              | Short description of the facility in which the study was carried out.  | field environment condition<br>NA  | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-27  | <b>Type of growth facility</b>                     | Type of growth facility in which the study was carried out, in the form of an accession number from the Crop Ontology.   | CO_715:0000162   | Crop Ontology term (subclass of "CO_715:0000005")           | 0-1                                      |
| DM-28  | <b>Cultural practices</b>                          | General description of the cultural practices of the study.  | Irrigation was applied according needs during summer to prevent water stress.  | Free text   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-29  | <b>Map of experimental design</b>                  | Representation of the experimental design.   | <a href="https://url.versailles.inra.fr/files/ephevis/181000503/181000503_plan.xls">https://url.versailles.inra.fr/files/ephevis/181000503/181000503_plan.xls</a>  | URL or File name (of gis or tabular file like csv or tsv)   | 0+                                       |
| DM-30  | <b>Person</b>                                      | A human involved in the investigation or specifically any of its studies.  |  |   | 1+ per investigation / 0+ per study      |
| DM-31  | <b>Person name</b>                                 | The name of the person (either full name or as used in scientific publications)  | Ines Chaves  | Name  | 1  |
| DM-32  | <b>Person email</b>                                | The electronic mail address of the person.   | ichaves@itqb.unl.pt  | email address   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-33  | <b>Person ID</b>                                   | An identifier for the data submitter. If that submitter is an individual, ORCID identifiers are recommended.   | orcid.org/0000-0001-6494-0008; orcid.org/0000-0002-7054-800X   | Unique identifier   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-34  | <b>Person role</b>                                 | Type of contribution of the person to the investigation  | data submitter; author; corresponding author   | Free text (short)   | 1+                                       |
| DM-35  | <b>Person affiliation</b>                          | The institution the person belongs to  | ITOB, Portugal; grid.10772.33  | Free text (short)   | 1+                                       |
| DM-36  | <b>Data File</b>                                   | A file or digital object holding observation data recorded during one or more assays of the study, typically in tabular form. Multiple data each file can include observations for several observation units and several observed variables.   |  |   | 0+ per study                             |
| DM-37  | <b>Data file link</b>                              | Link to the data file (or digital object) in a public database or in a persistent institutional repository; or identifier of the data file when submitted together with the MIAPPE submission.   | <a href="http://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/experiments/E-GEOD-32551/">http://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/experiments/E-GEOD-32551/</a>  | URL or File name  | 1  |
| DM-38  | <b>Data file description</b>                       | Description of the format of the data file. May be a standard file format name, or a description of organization of the data in a tabular file.  | FASTA<br>tab-delimited<br>column headers: 1. A 2. B 3. C   | Free text (short)   | 1  |
| DM-39  | <b>Data file version</b>                           | The version of the dataset (the actual data).  | 1.0  | Software version number                                     | 1  |
| DM-40  | <b>Biological Material</b>                         | The biological material being studied (e.g. plants grown from a certain bag (the original plant cloned) is called the material source, which, when held by a material repository, should have its stock identified.  |  |   | 1+ per study;<br>0+ per observation unit |
| DM-41  | <b>Biological material ID</b>                      | Code used to identify the biological material in the data file. Should be unique within the Investigation. Can correspond to experimental plant ID, seed lot ID, etc.... This material identification is different from a BiosampleID which corresponds to Observation Unit or Samples sections below.   | INRA:W95115_inra_2001; INRA:inra_kernel_2351; Rothamsted:res_GK090847  | Unique identifier   | 1  |
| DM-42  | <b>Organism</b>                                    | An identifier for the organism at the species level. Use of the NCBI taxon ID is recommended.  | NCBI:4577  | Unique identifier   | 1  |
| DM-43  | <b>Genus</b>                                       | Genus name for the organism under study, according to standard scientific nomenclature.  | Zea<br>Solanum   | Genus name  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-44  | <b>Species</b>                                     | Species name (formally: specific epithet) for the organism under study, according to standard scientific nomenclature.   | mays<br>lycosperium x pennelli   | Species name  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-44' | <b>Intraspecific name</b>                          | Name of any subtaxa level, including variety, crossing name, etc. It can be used to store any additional taxonomic identifier. Either free text description or key-value pair list format (the key is the name of the rank and the value is the value of the rank). Ranks can be among the following terms: subspecies, cultivar, variety, subvariety, convariety, group, subgroup, hybrid, line, form, subform. For MCPD compliance, the following abbreviations are allowed: 'subsp.' (subspecies); 'convar.' (convariety); 'var.' (variety); 'f.' (form); 'Group' (cultivar group). | vinifera Pinot noir B73<br>subspecies:vinifera ; cultivar:Pinot noir var:B73<br>subsp. vinifera var. Pinot Noir var. B73   | Free text, or key-value pair list, or MCPD-compliant format | 0-1                                      |
| DM-45  | <b>Biological material latitude</b>                | Latitude of the studied biological material. [Alternative identifier for in situ material]   | +39.067  | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                    | 0-1 (1 if longitude is provided)         |
| DM-46  | <b>Biological material longitude</b>               | Longitude of the studied biological material. [Alternative identifier for in situ material]  | -6.73  | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                    | 0-1 (1 if latitude is provided)          |
| DM-47  | <b>Biological material altitude</b>                | Altitude of the studied biological material, provided in meters (m). [Alternative identifier for in situ material]   | 10 m   | Numeric + unit abbreviation                                 | 0-1                                      |
| DM-48  | <b>Biological material coordinates uncertainty</b> | Circular uncertainty of the coordinates, preferably provided in meters (m). [Alternative identifier for in situ material]  | 200 m  | Numeric   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-49  | <b>Biological material preprocessing</b>           | Description of any process or treatment applied uniformly to the biological material, prior to the study itself. Can be provided as free text or as an accession number from a suitable controlled vocabulary.   | EO:0007210 - PVY(NTN); transplanted from study<br><a href="http://phenome-fppn.fr/maugio/2013/t2351">http://phenome-fppn.fr/maugio/2013/t2351</a> observation unit ID: pot:894   | Plant Environment Ontology and/or free text                 | 0+                                       |

|       |   |   |   |  |  |
|-------|---|---|---|--|--|
| DM-50 | <b>Material source ID (Holding institute/stock centre, accession)</b> | An identifier for the source of the biological material, in the form of a key-value pair comprising the name/identifier of the repository from which the material was sourced plus the accession number of the repository for that material. Where an accession number has not been assigned, but the material has been derived from the crossing of known accessions, the material can be defined as follows: "mother_accession X father_accession", or, if father is unknown, as "mother_accession X UNKNOWN". For in situ material, the region of provenance may be used when an accession is not available. | INRA:W55115_inra<br>ICNF:PNB-RPI  | Unique identifier  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-51 | <b>Material source DOI</b>  | Digital Object Identifier (DOI) of the material source  | doi:10.15454/1.4658436467893904E12  | DOI  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-52 | <b>Material source latitude</b>                                       | Latitude of the material source. [Alternative identifier for in situ material]  | +39.067   | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                                   | 0-1 (1 if longitude is provided)         |
| DM-53 | <b>Material source longitude</b>                                      | Longitude of the material source. [Alternative identifier for in situ material]   | -8.73   | Degrees in the decimal format (ISO 6709)                                   | 0-1 (1 if latitude is provided)          |
| DM-54 | <b>Material source altitude</b>                                       | Altitude of the material source, provided in metres (m). [Alternative identifier for in situ material]  | 10 m  | Numeric + unit abbreviation  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-55 | <b>Material source coordinates uncertainty</b>                        | Circular uncertainty of the coordinates, provided in meters (m). [Alternative identifier for in situ material]  | 200 m   | Numeric + unit abbreviation  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-56 | <b>Material source description</b>                                    | Description of the material source  | Branches were collected from a 10-year-old tree growing in a progeny trial established in a loamy brown earth soil.   | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-57 | <b>Environment</b>  | Environmental parameters that were kept constant throughout the study and did not change between observation units or assays. Environment characteristics that vary over time, i.e. environmental variables, should be recorded as Observed Variables (see below).  |   |  | 0-1 per study                            |
| DM-58 | <b>Environment parameter</b>  | Name of the environment parameter constant within the experiment.   | sowing density<br>rooting medium composition; pH  | Free text (see Appendix I)   | 1+                                       |
| DM-59 | <b>Environment parameter value</b>                                    | Value of the environment parameter (defined above) constant within the experiment.  | 300 seeds per m2<br>Clay 50% plus sand; 6.5   | Free text  | 1 per parameter                          |
| DM-60 | <b>Experimental Factor</b>  | The object of a study is to ascertain the impact of one or more factors on the biological material. Thus, a factor is, by definition a condition that varies between observation units, which may be biotic (pest, disease interaction) or abiotic (treatment and cultural practice) in nature. Depending on the level of the data, an experimental factor can be either "what is the factor applied to the plant" (ie Unwatered), or the "environmental characterisation" (ie if no rain on unwatered plant : Drought ; if rain on unwatered plant: Irrigated)   |   |  | 0+ per study;<br>0+ per observation unit |
| DM-61 | <b>Experimental Factor type</b>                                       | Name/Acronym of the experimental factor.  | Watering  | Free text (see Appendix II)  | 1  |
| DM-62 | <b>Experimental Factor description</b>                                | Free text description of the experimental factor. This include all relevant treatments planification and protocol planned for all the plant targeted by a given experimental factor.  | Daily watering 1 L per plant.   | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-63 | <b>Experimental Factor values</b>                                     | List of possible values for the factor.   | Watered; Unwatered  | Free text  | 2+ per factor                            |
| DM-64 | <b>Event</b>  | An event is discrete occurrence at a particular time in the experiment (which can be natural, such as rain, or unnatural, such as planting, watering, etc). Events may be the realization of Factors or parts of Factors, or may be confounding to Factors. Can be applied at the whole study level or to only a subset of observation units.   |   |  | 0+ per study/observation unit            |
| DM-65 | <b>Event type</b>   | Short name of the event.  | Planting<br>Fertilizing   | Free text (short)  | 1  |
| DM-66 | <b>Event accession number</b>   | Accession number of the event type in a suitable controlled vocabulary (Crop Ontology).   | CO_715:000007<br>CO_715:000011  | Crop Ontology term (subclass of CO_715:000006)                             | 0-1                                      |
| DM-67 | <b>Event description</b>  | Description of the event, including details such as amount applied and possibly duration of the event.  | Sowing using seed drill<br>Fertilizer application: Ammonium nitrate at 3 kg/m2  | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-68 | <b>Event date</b>   | Date and time of the event.   | 2006-09-27T10:23:21+00:00<br>2006-10-27; 2006-11-13; 2016-11-21   | Date/Time (ISO 8601, optional time zone)                                   | 1+                                       |
| DM-69 | <b>Observation Unit</b>   | Observation units are objects that are subject to particular instances of observation and measurement. An observation unit comprises one or more plants, and their environment. Synonym: Experimental unit  |   |  | 1+ per study                             |
| DM-70 | <b>Observation unit ID</b>  | Identifier used to identify the observation unit in data files containing the values observed or measured on that unit. Must be locally unique.   | plot:894  | Unique identifier  | 1  |
| DM-71 | <b>Observation unit type</b>  | Type of observation unit in textual form, usually one of the following: block, sub-block, plot, plant, trial, sample, pot, replication or replicate, individual, virtual trial, unit-parcel   | plot  | Free text  | 1  |
| DM-72 | <b>External ID</b>  | Identifier for the observation unit in a persistent repository, comprises the name of the repository and the identifier of the observation unit therein. The EBI Biosamples repository can be used. URI are recommended when possible.  | Biosamples:SAMEA4202911   | Unique identifier  | 0+                                       |
| DM-73 | <b>Spatial distribution</b>   | Type and value of a spatial coordinate (georeference or relative) or level of observation (plot 45, subblock 7, block 2) provided as a key-value pair of the form type:value. Levels of observation must be consistent with those listed in the Study section.  | Latitude:+2.341; row:4 ; X:3; Y:6; Xm:35; Ym:65; Block:1; Plot:894  | Formatted text (Key:value)   | 0+                                       |
| DM-74 | <b>Observation Unit factor value</b>                                  | List of values for each factor applied to the observation unit.   | Watered   | Free text  | 0+                                       |
| DM-75 | <b>Sample</b>   | A sample is a portion of plant tissue extracted from an observation unit for the purpose of sub-plant observations and/or molecular studies.  |   |  | 0+ per observation unit                  |
| DM-76 | <b>Sample ID</b>  | Unique identifier for the sample  | CEA:BE00034067  | Unique identifier  | 1  |
| DM-77 | <b>Plant structure development stage</b>                              | The stage in the life of a plant structure during which the sample was taken, in the form of an accession number to a suitable controlled vocabulary (Plant Ontology, BBCH scale)   | PO:0025094<br>BBCH-17   | Plant Ontology term (subclass or PO:0009012) or BBCH scale term            | 0-1                                      |
| DM-78 | <b>Plant anatomical entity</b>  | A description of the plant part (e.g. leaf) or the plant product (e.g. resin) from which the sample was taken, in the form of an accession number to a suitable controlled vocabulary (Plant Ontology).   | PO:0000003<br>PO:0025161  | Plant Ontology term (subclass of PO:0025131)                               | 1  |
| DM-79 | <b>Sample description</b>   | Any information not captured by the other sample fields, including quantification, sample treatments and processing.  | Distal part of the leaf ; 100 mg of roots taken from 10 roots at 20°C, conserved in vacuum at 20 mM NaCl salinity, stored at -60 °C to -85 °C.  | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-80 | <b>Collection date</b>  | The date and time when the sample was collected / harvested   | 2005-08-15T15:52:01+00:00   | Date/Time  | 1  |
| DM-81 | <b>External ID</b>  | An identifier for the sample in a persistent repository, comprising the name of the repository and the accession number of the observation unit therein. Submission to the EBI Biosamples repository is recommended. URI are recommended when possible.   | Biosamples:SAMEA4202911   | Unique identifier  | 0+                                       |
| DM-82 | <b>Observed Variable</b>  | An observed variable describes how a measurement has been made. It typically takes the form of a measured characteristic of the observation unit (plant or environmental trait), associated to the method and unit of measurement.  |   |  | 1+ per study                             |
| DM-83 | <b>Variable ID</b>  | Code used to identify the variable in the data file. We recommend using a variable definition from the Crop Ontology where possible. Otherwise, the Crop Ontology naming convention is recommended: <trait abbreviation>-<method abbreviation>-<scale abbreviation>. A variable ID must be unique within a given investigation.   | Ant_Cmp_Cday  | Unique identifier  | 1  |
| DM-84 | <b>Variable name</b>  | Name of the variable.   | Anthesis computed in growing degree days  | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-85 | <b>Variable accession number</b>                                      | Accession number of the variable in the Crop Ontology   | CO_322:0000794  | Crop Ontology term   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-86 | <b>Trait</b>  | Name of the (plant or environmental) trait under observation  | Anthesis time<br>Reproductive growth time   | Free text  | 1  |
| DM-87 | <b>Trait accession number</b>   | Accession number of the trait in a suitable controlled vocabulary (Crop Ontology, Trait Ontology).  | CO_322:0000030<br>TO:0000366  | Term from Plant Trait Ontology, Crop Ontology, or XML Environment Ontology | 0-1                                      |
| DM-88 | <b>Method</b>   | Name of the method of observation   | Growing degree days to anthesis   | Free text  | 1  |
| DM-89 | <b>Method accession number</b>  | Accession number of the method in a suitable controlled vocabulary (Crop Ontology, Trait Ontology).   | CO_322:0000189  | Term from Plant Trait Ontology, Crop Ontology, or XML Environment Ontology | 0-1                                      |
| DM-90 | <b>Method description</b>   | Textual description of the method, which may extend a method defined in an external reference with specific parameters, e.g. growth stage, inoculation precise organ (leaf number)  | Days to anthesis for male flowering was measured in thermal time (GDD: growing degree-days) according to Ritchie J, NeSmith D (1991; Temperature and crop development. Modeling plant and soil systems American Society of Agronomy Madison, Wisconsin USA) with TBASE=8°C and T0=30°C. Plant height was measured at 5 years with a ruler, one year after Botrytis inoculation. | Free text  | 0-1                                      |
| DM-91 | <b>Reference associated to the method</b>                             | URI/DOI of reference describing the method.   | <a href="http://doi.org/10.2134/agronome1994.0002">http://doi.org/10.2134/agronome1994.0002</a>   | URI or DOI   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-92 | <b>Scale</b>  | Name of the scale associated with the variable  | °C day  | Unique identifier  | 1  |
| DM-93 | <b>Scale accession number</b>   | Accession number of the scale in a suitable controlled vocabulary (Crop Ontology).  | CO_322:0000510  | Crop Ontology term   | 0-1                                      |
| DM-94 | <b>Time scale</b>   | Name of the scale or unit of time with which observations of this type were recorded in the data file (for time series studies).  | Growing degree day (GDD)<br>Date/Time   | Free text  | 0+                                       |

| line#  | Environment  |   |   |   |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| ENV-1  | Non exhaustive list of Environment Parameters.   |   |   |   |
| ENV-2  | Environment parameters   | Definition  | Example environment   | Format                                    |
| ENV-3  | Growth facility  |   |   |   |
| ENV-4  | Air temperature  | List of hourly air temperature throughout the experiment.   | 22 °C   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-5  | Organ temperature  | List of hourly organ temperatures throughout the experiment   | 18 °C   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-6  | Change over the course of experiment   | Difference between the maximum air temperature recorded and the minimum.  | 0.75 °C   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-7  | Photon flux density (PPFD) measured at plant or canopy level                                   | List of hourly Photosynthetic photon flux density (PPFD) throughout the experiment.   | PPFD: 89061 mol m-2 sd-1;   | Text                                      |
| ENV-8  | Average length of the light period   | Average length of the light period in h.  | 16  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-9  | Light intensity  | Intensity of total light  | [μmol m-2 s-1]  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-10 | Range in peak light intensity  | Range in peak light intensity for the whole experiment.   | [μmol m-2 s-1]  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-11 | Fraction of outside light intercepted by growth facility components and surrounding structures | Fraction of outside light intercepted by growth facility components and surrounding structures.   | Number between 0 and 1  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-12 | Type of lamps used   | Nature of the light source for controlled environments. XEO: 00137  | fluorescent tubes; high intensity discharge (HID) lamps; light emitting diodes (LED)                          | Text                                      |
| ENV-13 | R/FR ratio   | Red light to far red light ratio. XEO:00036   | [mol mol-1]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-14 | Daily UV-A radiation   | Intensity of UVA radiation (320-400 nm); XEO:00037  | [W m-2]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-15 | Daily UV-B radiation   | Intensity of UVB radiation (290-320 nm); XEO:00038  | [W m-2]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-16 | Total daily irradiance   | Intensity of total light (XEO:00034) averaged over the experiment.  | [W m-2]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-17 | Atmospheric CO2 concentration  | Denotes whether the atmospheric CO2 concentrations were controlled during the experiment.   | controlled; uncontrolled  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-18 | Average CO2 during the light and dark periods  | Concentration of CO2 in the air during the light and dark periods (XEO:00023)   | light period: 390 mL-1; dark period: 450 mL-1   | Text                                      |
| ENV-19 | Vapour pressure deficit  | Vector of hourly VPD throughout the experiment .The Vapour Pressure Deficit in the air defines the difference between the maximal amount of water in the air minus the actual amount during the light period in kPa (XEO:00021) | 2 kPa   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-20 | Average relative humidity during the light period  | The relative humidity describes the amount of water vapor in the air, generally expressed as the percentage of the maximum water vapor during the light period (XEO:00020)  | 30%   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-21 | Average VPDair during the dark period.   | The Vapour Pressure Deficit in the air defines the difference between the maximal amount of water in the air minus the actual amount during the light period in kPa (XEO:00021)   | 2.7 kPa   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-22 | Average relative humidity during the dark period   | The relative humidity describes the amount of water vapor in the air, generally expressed as the percentage of the maximum water vapor during the dark period (XEO:00020)   | 33%   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-23 | Rooting conditions   |   |   |   |
| ENV-24 | Rooting medium   | An abiotic plant treatment (EO:0007191) involving the use of a solid or liquid substrate for growing plants or tissue-cultured plant samples.   | hydroponic plant culture media; in vitro liquid growth medium; in vitro solid growth medium; soil environment | Plant Environment Ontology:'EO_0007147'   |
| ENV-25 | Container type   | Type of container used to grow/treat the plants.XEO:00040   | pot; Petri dish; well; tray   | Text                                      |
| ENV-26 | Container volume   | Volume that is available to the roots. XEO:00113  | [L]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-27 | Container height   | Height of the container.  | [m]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-28 | Number of plants per containers  | Number of plants per container. XEO:00112   | X/container   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-29 | Plot size  | Description of experimental sites.  | higher-level landform; land element and position; slope; ....   | Crop Ontology:'CO_715:0000058'            |
| ENV-30 | Sowing density   | Sowing density.   | x/plot  | Natural Resource and Environment Ontology |
| ENV-31 | Rooting medium replenishment   | Frequency and volume of replenishment or addition of the rooting medium.  |   | Text                                      |
| ENV-32 | pH   | Value of soil pH, separated by a colon, the depth (cm) from where soil sample was taken. Multiple values are separated by semicolon.  | 7.7:40-60; 6.5; 4.3:10-20   | Text                                      |
| ENV-33 | Porosity   | A permeability quality inhering in a bearer by virtue of the bearer's disposition to admit the passage of gas or liquid through pores or interstices. PATO:0000973  | [%]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-34 | Medium temperature   | Temperature of the replenishment medium.  | [°C]  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-35 | Soil penetration strength  | Soil penetration strength as measured by the standard penetration test (SPT; ISO 22476-3), the cone penetrometer test (CPT), in-situ vane shear tests, and shear wave velocity measurements.                                    | [Pa m-2]  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-36 | Water retention capacity   | Potential energy of water per unit mass of water in the soil.XEO:00126  | [g g-1 dry weight]  | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-37 | Organic matter content   | Proportion of organic matter in the soil. XEO:00117   | [%]   | Numeric                                   |
| ENV-38 | Nutrients  |   |   |   |

|        |  |  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| ENV-39 | <b>Médium composition</b>  | Concentration of the nutrients   | Ca (XEO:00058): 5 mg/L  | XEML Environment<br>Ontology:'XEO_00042' + Numeric |
| ENV-40 | <b>Extractable N content per unit ground volume before fertiliser added</b>    | Extractable N content per unit ground area before fertiliser added                                   | [mg/m2]   | XEML Environment<br>Ontology:'XEO_00054' +Numeric  |
| ENV-41 | <b>Type and amount of fertiliser added per container/m2</b>                    | The current practice in field /greenhouse management for fertilization                               | nitrogen: [concentration];<br>phosphorus: [concentration]       | Crop Ontology:'CO_715:0000204'<br>+ Numeric        |
| ENV-42 | <b>Concentration of [nutrient] before start of the experiment</b>              | Concentration of a nutrient at the start of an experiment.   | Ca (XEO:00058): 5 mg/L  | XEML Environment<br>Ontology:'XEO_00042' + Numeric |
| ENV-43 | <b>Extractable N content per unit ground area at the end of the experiment</b> | Extractable N content per unit ground area at the end of the experiment                              | [mg/m2]   | XEML Environment<br>Ontology:'XEO_00054' +Numeric  |
| ENV-44 | <b>Volume and timing of water added per container</b>                          | A defined volume of water supplied to each pot.  | [L]   | Numeric  |
| ENV-45 | <b>Matrix potential</b>  | Range in water potential for soil.   | -10 to -30 kPa  | Numeric  |
| ENV-46 | <b>Watering regimen</b>  | The treatment involving an exposure to watering frequencies.   | irrigation from top; irrigation<br>from bottom; drip irrigation | Text   |
| ENV-47 | <b>Composition of nutrient solutions used for irrigation</b>                   | For all nutrients, including micronutrients, the ontology term with concentration.                   | Ca (XEO:00058): 5 mg/L  | XEML Environment<br>Ontology:'XEO_00042' + Numeric |
| ENV-48 | <b>Electrical conductivity</b>   | A conductivity quality inhering in a bearer by virtue of the bearer's ability to convey electricity. | [dS m <sup>-1</sup> ]   | Numeric  |

| line # | Treatments   |   |   |   |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| TR-1   | Non exhaustive list of treatments that can be applied as Events. |   |   |   |
| TR-2   | Factor type  | Definition  | Example factor values   | Format  |
| TR-3   | Seasonal environment   | A plant treatment (EO:0001001) involving an exposure to a given conditions of regional seasons.   | Spring season; dry season   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007038'        |
| TR-4   | Air treatment regime   | The treatment involving an exposure to wind/air with varying degree of temperature, which may depend on the study type or the regional environment.   | 28/25°C ( Day/Night )   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007161'        |
| TR-5   | Soil temperature regime  | A physical plant treatment (EO:0007316) involving an exposure to varying degree of temperature, which may depend on regional environment.   | 27/25°C ( Day/Night )   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007161'        |
| TR-6   | Soil treatment regime  | The treatment (EO:0007049) involving growing plants and exposing them to soil growth media with varying contents  | sand content (10% v/v)  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007161'        |
| TR-7   | Antibiotic regime  | A chemical treatment (EO:0007189) involving the use of antibiotic for selection purposes.   | actinomycin D; 20mM;20ml per plant; Every week  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007041'        |
| TR-8   | Chemical administration  | An abiotic plant treatment (EO:0007191) involving the applicati on of chemical(s).  | Bion; 13,5mM; 5ml per plant; Every 15 days.   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007189'        |
| TR-9   | Biotic treatment   | A plant treatment (EO:0001001) involving the application of a biotic or biological factor such as a microbe, insect, animal, or plant or a combination thereof  | rice tungro bacilliform virus (RTBV) 2.5 µl, incubated at room temperature for 10min            | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007357'        |
| TR-10  | Fertilizer regime  | A plant nutrient treatment (EO:0007241) involving the use of a fertilizer, a combination of plant nutrients.  | Potassium phosphate; 50 Kg P.Ha/y<br>50 Kg K.Ha/y   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007085'        |
| TR-11  | Fungicide regime   | A treatment (EO:0007167) involving the application of a fungicide; a chemical entity or mixture of chemical entities.   | Benzothiadiazole; 10mM; 1ml; Every month  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007268'        |
| TR-12  | Gaseous regime   | A physical plant treatment (EO:0007316) involving the application of a gas or a combination of gasses.  | Carbon Dioxide; 20ppm   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007023'        |
| TR-13  | Gravity  | The treatment involving use of gravity factor to study various types of responses in presence, absence or modified levels of gravity.   | Zero gravity (International space station)  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007146'        |
| TR-14  | Plant hormone regime   | A chemical treatment (EO:0007189) involving the use of growth hormones to study various types of responses on their extrinsic and/or intrinsic application.   | Jasmonic acid; 1mM;20ml;  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007165'        |
| TR-15  | Herbicide regime   | A treatment (EO:0007167) involving the application of a herbicide; a chemical entity or mixture of chemical entities.   | SUREWET (Polyvinyl polymer and nonionic surfactant); 1,75mM; 5ml per plant; Sprayed every month | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007183'        |
| TR-16  | Mechanical treatment   | A treatment involving the application of a mechanical force   | Wounding, bending   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007373' / Text |
| TR-17  | Chemical regime  | A chemical treatment (EO:0007189) involving the application of inorganic chemicals, nutriment, organic chemicals, etc. as supplement to study various types of responses  | Cd 0.5 mg/L (Hydroponics), CdCl2 15mg.Cd/kg (soil)  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007044'        |
| TR-18  | Humidity regimen   | A treatment involving an exposure to varying degree of humidity, which may depend on regional environment.  | 56%/70% (Day/Night)   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007359'        |
| TR-19  | Radiation (light, UV-B, X-ray) regime                            | A physical plant treatment (EO:0007316) involving an exposure with a radiation type, intensity or quantity. EMR is classified according to the frequency of its wave. The electromagnetic spectrum, in order of increasing frequency and decreasing wavelength, consists of radio waves, microwaves, infrared radiation, visible light, ultraviolet radiation, X-rays and gamma rays. (from Wikipedia). | 200-280nm; 30min; every day   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007151'        |
| TR-20  | Rainfall regime  | Treatment involving an exposure to a given amount of rainfall.  | 79 rainfall events; 15,6mm (mean size)  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007181'        |
| TR-21  | Salt regime  | This treatment may be used to simulate the growth conditions of sea coast regions and saline/sodic soils. A chemical treatment (EO:0007189) involving use of salts as supplement to liquid and soil growth media to study various types of responses on their application.  | NaCl:150mM ; KCl:30mM   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007185'        |
| TR-22  | Watering regime  | Treatment involving an exposure to watering frequencies.  | 20ml every 3 days   | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007383'        |
| TR-23  | Water temperature regime   | Treatment involving an exposure to water with varying degree of temperature, which may depend on regional environment.  | 20°C  | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007160'        |

|       |                              |  |   |  |
|-------|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| TR-24 | <b>Standing water regime</b> | The treatment involving an exposure to standing water during a plant's life span. This also results in anaerobic soil conditions for either long or short periods. | Flooding water, Deep water                      | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007282' |
| TR-25 | <b>Pesticide regime</b>      | A chemical treatment (EO:0007189) involving the application of a pesticide; a chemical entity or mixture of chemical entities.                                     | Glyphosate; 1.68 kg acid equivalent (a.e.) / ha | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007167' |
| TR-26 | <b>pH regime</b>             | The treatment involving exposure of plants to varying levels of pH of the growth media.  | acidic pH soil environment                      | Plant Environment<br>Ontology:'EO_0007171' |
| TR-27 | <b>Other perturbation</b>    |  |   | Text                                       |