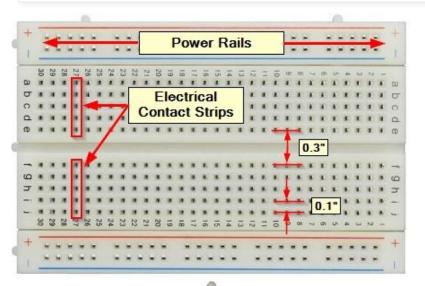


TODAS - Electricity, Arduinos, Fun

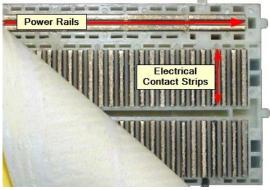
- 1. Water Flow a way to think about Electricity
- 2. Arduino (computer on a chip), buttons, and LEDs
- 3. Sonar Control and big LED ring
- 4. Bananas and Sounds

Resources

01 - Breadboards - how do they work?

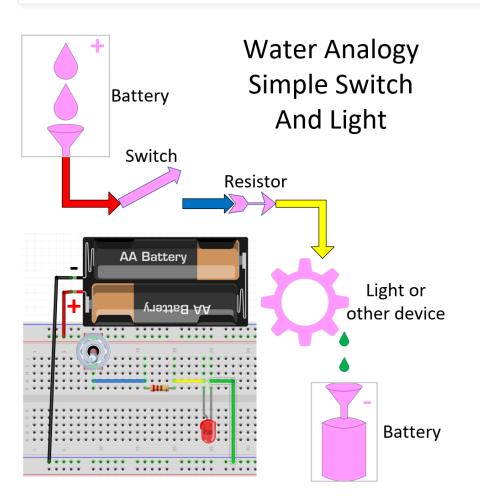


- Sides have power rails length
- Center has contact strips width



• Images from protosupplies.com

01 - Water Analogy - Simple Circuit

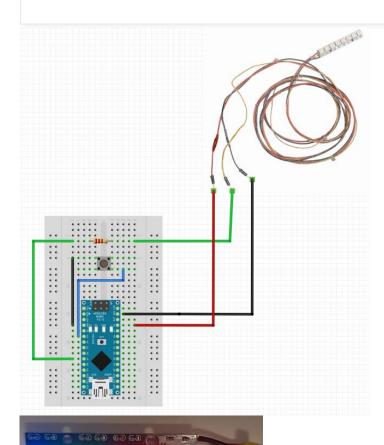


• Electrons in wires actually flow from negative to positive, but many electrical symbols are drawn as if the current flow is from positive to negative so let's get used to it!

- "Pictorial" circuit is "Fritzing Diagram"
 - https://fritzing.org/ 8 Euros

01 Simple Circuit Schematic

02 - Arduino Moving Color Lights



- "Fritzing diagram" of color lights in motion!
 - LED is Light Emitting Diode
- Press button to stop, release to continue
- How does it work? SOFTWARE!
 - Pins can be input or output you tell it which
 - Read the button
 - If not pressed display next light
 - Short delay
- TLDR WS2812B individually addressable color LEDs using FastLED library

02 Arduino Moving Color Lights Schematic

02 - Arduino Inputs

- For now we will talk about how to USE inputs
 - We will talk more about how it works when we GO BANANAS!
- We want to do LED motion when button is NOT pushed
 - Assign name to the pin we use
 - Make the pin an input
 - If the state is HIGH (button not pushed) do the motion
 - Delay a little bit

02 – Arduino Button Input Software

- The first line defines a name for pin D3 for the button
- "pinMode" sets that pin to be an input
- The "if(HIGH" block does the motion if button NOT pushed
- "delay(500) delays for ½ second

```
#define DPIN_BTN_IN 3 // this pin is used to sense the external button

pinMode(DPIN_BTN_IN, INPUT_PULLUP); // digital INPUT_PULLUP means voltage HIGH unless grounded

if (HIGH == digitalRead(DPIN_BTN_IN) { // push button to STOP do_motion(); // do motion if button NOT pushed } // end if button NOT pushed

delay(500); // wait half a second
```

02 - Arduino Software Structure

```
Start with stuff used everywhere
1 #define DPIN BTN IN 3 // pin D3 is used to sense the external button
                                                                                                    setup() for things done
3 // the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board on
                                                                                                            once at start
5 pinMode(DPIN_BTN_IN, INPUT_PULLUP); // digital INPUT_PULLUP means voltage HIGH unless grounded
6 } // end setup()
                                                                                                     loop() for things done
8 // the loop function runs over and over again forever
                                                                                                    repeatedly after setup()
   if (HIGH == digitalRead(DPIN BTN IN) { // push button to STOP
                                     // do motion if button is NOT pushed
   } // end if button NOT pushed
    delav(500);
                                     // wait half a second
14 } // end loop()
```

The "if" statement is magical!
Only do inside {} if it is TRUE

03 - Go Big with Sonar Control

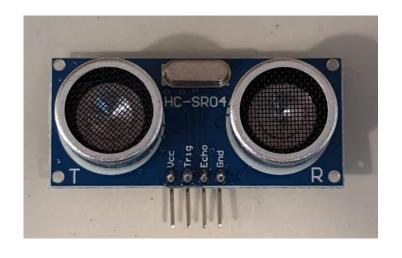


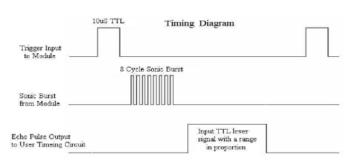
- 8 LEDs is fun but 93 LEDs is MORE fun!
 - TLDR WS2812B individually addressable color LEDs using FastLED Library
- Displays moving patterns we choose
- Disk is mostly wired; less soldering needed
- Needs more power than Arduino can give



- Pictures from amazon.com
 - TLDR https://www.amazon.com/WESIRI-WS2812B-Individually-Addressable-Controller/dp/B083W44B8N

03 - Ultrasonic Sonar Control





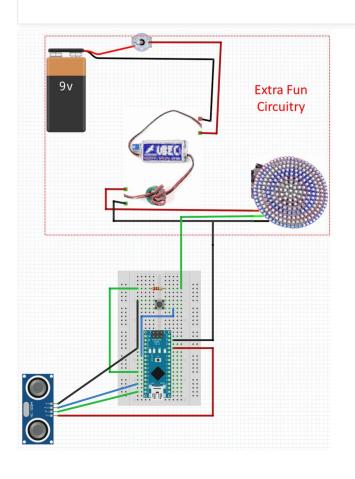
- Sonar sensor detects distance
- Bounces ultrasonic sound off objects

- Set "Trig" HIGH then LOW to start sonic burst
- Measure time until "Echo" is HIGH
- Divide time by speed of sound to get distance
- TLDR diagram from the sparkfun.com HC-SR04 spec.

03 - Ultrasonic Sonar Detector Software

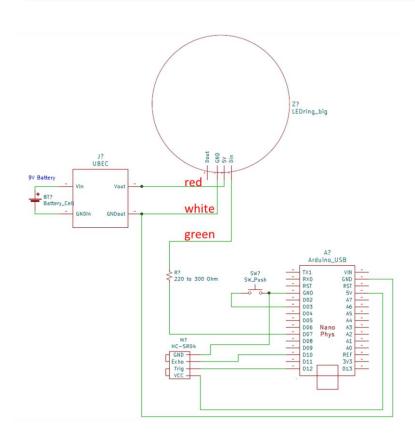
```
Include library, define names for pins
"my_ultra" is how I use the HC-SR04
Define distances and limits for patterns
                                                                            Ultrasonic my ultra = Ultrasonic (ULTRA TRIG PIN, ULTRA ECHO PIN); // default timeout is 20 milliseconds
"handle_ultra" returns a pattern number
                                                                              handle ultra() - process HC-SR04 data
                                                                                returns: pattern number 0 <= num <= PATTERN MAX NUM
"my_ultra.read(CM)" gives distance in CM
            stored in "ultra_dist"
                                                                             int ultra dist=(my ultra.read(CM));
Use math to turn "ultra_dist" into "pattern"
Return "pattern" (number) to caller -
                                                                         29 } // end handle ultra()
```

03 - Fritzing Diagram



- Replace 8-LED stick with 93-LED Disk
 - Separate power for 93-LED Disk
- Add new HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor
- Button unused can leave it

03 - Schematic Diagram

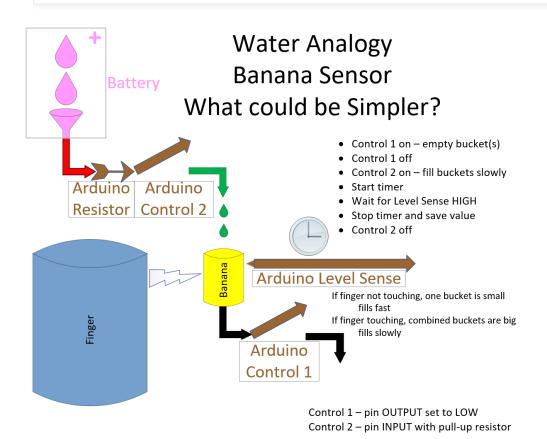


04 - Go Bananas!

- A Banana Piano! Several "key" fruit types...
 - Uses "capacitive sensing" depends on how fast Arduino can charge it up
 - Touching banana makes it take longer to charge
- Digitized sounds are played when the "key" is pressed
- Only one sound at a time can be played

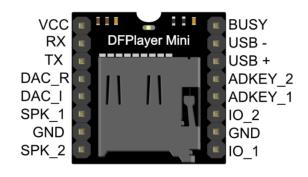
• TLDR - Image by krakenimages.com on Freepik

04 - Banana Input



- Note that this is an analogy of how it works
- We use a library to do this
- Easier than coding it

04 - Digitized Sound Output



- DFPlayer (YX5200) accepts SD card with digitized audio
 - Plays SD card audio files by number
 - UART interface to Arduino
 - Direct mono speaker output
 - Line-out stereo output, usable for BlueTooth
- Many tricks to using YX5200
 - Check out my github page on it (below)

https://github.com/Mark-MDO47/AudioPlayer-YX5200

04 Bananas Software

04 Bananas Fritzing Diagram

04 Bananas Schematic

Resources - Arduino



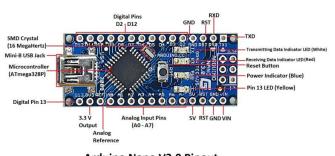




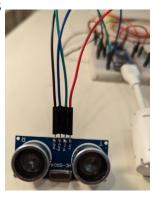
If you know a bit of programming...

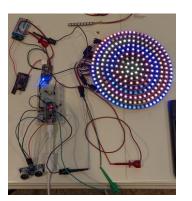


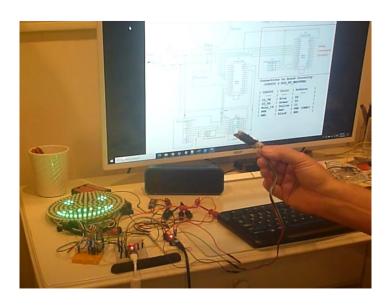
https://github.com/Mark-MDO47/ArduinoClass



Arduino Nano V3.0 Pinout



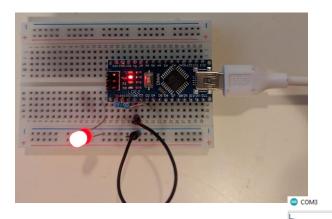




Resources - C for Arduino







If you can use a programming refresher...

Shows effect of .trim()

√ 115200 baud
√ Clear output



www.CircuitsToday.com

