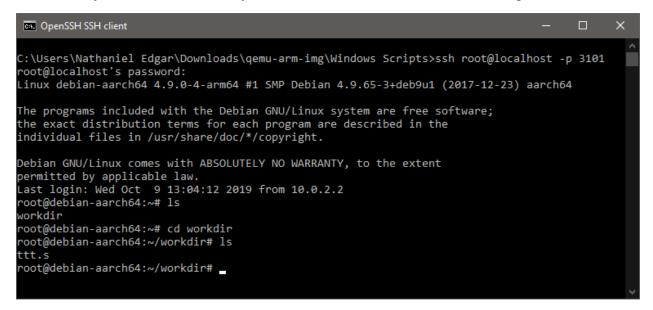
## **ARM Emulator Use**

- 1. Start the emulator as outlined in the installation guides.
- 2. Code your ARM program in your editor of choice.
- 3. Save the .s file in "gemu-arm-img/workdir".
- Windows:
  - a. Navigate to "Windows Scripts".
  - b. Run "transfer.bat".
  - c. Bypass SmartScreen as outlined in the installation guides.
  - d. Enter "root" as the password when prompted.
- 5. Linux
  - a. Navigate in the terminal to "Unix Scripts".
  - b. Run the following command: "./transfer.sh"
  - c. Enter "root" as the password when prompted.
- 6. All files present on your local PC in "qemu-arm-img/workdir" will now be present in a directory called "workdir" on your emulator, similar to the below image:



- - a. "-o rogram name>" determines the name of the resulting executable
  - b. "<filename>.s" specifies which ARM source file to attempt to assemble
  - c. "-g" links the program for debugging

8. The result should look something like this:

```
root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# ls
ttt.s
root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# gcc -o ttt ttt.s -g
root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# ls
ttt ttt.s
root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# __
```

9. Now to run your program, run "./program name>", like so:

```
root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# ./ttt
Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe! Initializing...

| |
----
| |
----
| |
Player 1, what is your move?
```

- 10. When you are finished with your program, you can type Ctrl+C/Cmd+C to exit.
- 11. When you are finished with the emulator, **run the command "poweroff"** in the emulator window:

root@debian-aarch64:~/workdir# poweroff\_

This step ensures that the emulator gracefully exits, and no data is lost.