numpy library

In [2]:

```
# importing the numpy module
import numpy as np
```

Creating arrays

In [17]:

```
# 1 dimensional
a = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
print("The array: ", a)
print("Dimension of the array: ", a.ndim)
print("Shape of the array: ", a.shape)
print("Legth of the array: ", len(a))
print("\n")

# 2 dimensional
b = np.array(([1,2,3],[4,5,6]))
print("The array: \n", b)
print("Dimension of the array: ", b.ndim)
print("Shape of the array: ", b.shape)
print("Legth of the array: ", len(b))
The array: [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
Dimension of the array: 1
Shape of the array: (5,)
Legth of the array: 5

The array:
[[1 2 3]
[4 5 6]]
Dimension of the array: 2
Shape of the array: (2, 3)
Legth of the array: 2
```

Generating Sequence of array

```
In [21]:
```

```
# Evenly spaced
a = np.arange(10)
print(a)
print(np.arange(10,50,10))
print("\n")
# By number of points
print(np.linspace(0,1,6))
                                # dividing 6 partitions from 0 to 1
[0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
[10 20 30 40]
[0. 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.]
Common arrays
In [30]:
print(np.ones((3,3)))
print("\n")
print(np.zeros((3,3)))
print("\n")
print(np.eye(3))
print("\n")
print(np.diag(np.array([1,2,3])))
[[1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1.]]
[[0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0.]]
[[1. 0. 0.]
[0. 1. 0.]
[0. 0. 1.]]
[[1 0 0]
[0 2 0]
 [0 0 3]]
```

Generating random numbers in numpy

```
In [37]:
```

```
r = np.random.rand(4)  # generates random floating point numbers between 0 to 1
print("Random numbers generated are: ", r)
r.dtype
```

Random numbers generated are: [0.32782768 0.70724533 0.53552084 0.1775902]

Out[37]:

dtype('float64')

Datatypes in numpy

In [50]:

```
a = np.array([1,2,3,4,5], dtype='float64')
print(a)
print(a.dtype)

b = np.array([1,2,3,4,5], dtype='int64')
print(b)
print(b.dtype)

com = np.array([1+ 1j, 2+5j])
print(com)
print(com.dtype)
```

```
[1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]
float64
[1 2 3 4 5]
int64
[1.+1.j 2.+5.j]
complex128
```

Indexing and Slicing

In [66]:

```
num = np.arange(10)
print(num)
print(num[5])
print(num[:5])
print(num[-1])
print(num[: : -1]) # for reversing the sequence
print(num[2:9:3])
```

```
[0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
5
[0 1 2 3 4]
9
[9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0]
[2 5 8]
```

In [64]:

```
# for mutli dimensional ndarrays
mat = np.diag(np.array([1,2,3,4]))
print(mat)
print(mat[2,2])
mat[2,1] = 99  # updating the matrices
mat
[[1 0 0 0]
 [0 2 0 0]
 [0 0 3 0]
[0 0 0 4]]
Out[64]:
array([[ 1, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 2, 0,
                    0],
       [ 0, 99, 3,
                    0],
       [0, 0,
                0,
                    4]])
```

- · A slicing operation craetes a view on the original array, which is just a way of accessing array data
- · Thus the original array is not copied into the memory it's just a view
- we can use np.share memory() to check whether if two arrays share the same memory or not

In [8]:

```
a = np.arange(10)
print("a: ", a)
b = a[::2]
                   # view
print("b: ", b)
np.may_share_memory(a,b)
b[0] = 12
print("a: ", a)
print("b: ", b)
                 # when modifying the view(b) even the original array(a) also has been m
    [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
b:
   [0 2 4 6 8]
   [12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
a:
   [12 2 4 6 8]
b:
```

```
In [12]:
```

```
a = np.arange(10)
print("a: ", a)

b = a[::2].copy()  # forcing a copy to avoid data redundancy while doing array manipulatio
print("b: ", b)

b[0] = 12
print("a: ", a)
print("b: ", b)

a: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
b: [0 2 4 6 8]
a: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

Numerical operations on ndarray

In [22]:

[12 2 4 6 8]

```
# Element-wise operations
a = np.array([0,1,2,3,4,5])
print("a: ", a)
print("a+1: ", a+1)
print("2**a:", a**2)

# array multiplication
c = np.ones((3,3))
print("Array multiplicaiton: \n", c*c)

# matrix muliplication
print("Matrix multiplication: \n", c.dot(c))
```

```
a: [0 1 2 3 4 5]
a+1: [1 2 3 4 5 6]
2**a: [0 1 4 9 16 25]
Array multiplication:
[[1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1.]
Matrix multiplication:
[[3. 3. 3.]
[3. 3. 3.]
[3. 3. 3.]
```

Array shape manipulations

```
In [42]:
# Flattening
a = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
print("a:\n", a)
print("Flattened a: ", a.ravel())
                                  # flattening 2d to 1d
a:
[[1 2 3]
[4 5 6]]
Flattened a: [1 2 3 4 5 6]
In [43]:
# Reshaping
print("Reshaped a:\n", a.reshape(3,2)) # reverse of flattening
Reshaped a:
[[1 2]
[3 4]
[5 6]]
In [47]:
# Resizing
a = np.arange(4)
print("a: ", a)
a.resize((8,))
print("resized a: \n", a)
a: [0 1 2 3]
resized a:
[0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0]
In [53]:
# Sorting data
a = np.array([[3,2,1],[10,5,6]])
print("a:\n", a)
a.sort()
print("Sorted a: \n",a)
a:
[[ 3 2 1]
[10 5 6]]
Sorted a:
 [[ 1 2 3]
 [5 6 10]]
```