

# pyCloudy, a tool to manage Cloudy

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# Christophe Morisset

- Working on HII regions, Planetary Nebulae, Wolf Rayet nebulae
- Interested in abundance determination, models of complex objects (3D, multi-phase, multi-components)
- Main developer of:
  - pyCloudy
  - PyNeb
  - 3MdB
- Interested in using Machine Learning techniques to interpolate in grids of models (Cloudy models for example)

# The pyCloudy ecosystem

- Main page:

<https://sites.google.com/site/pycloudy>

- Installing via `pip install pyCloudy`

- Github repository:

<https://github.com/Morisset/pyCloudy>

- Forum:

<https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/pycloudy>

# PyCloudy (and PyNeb)

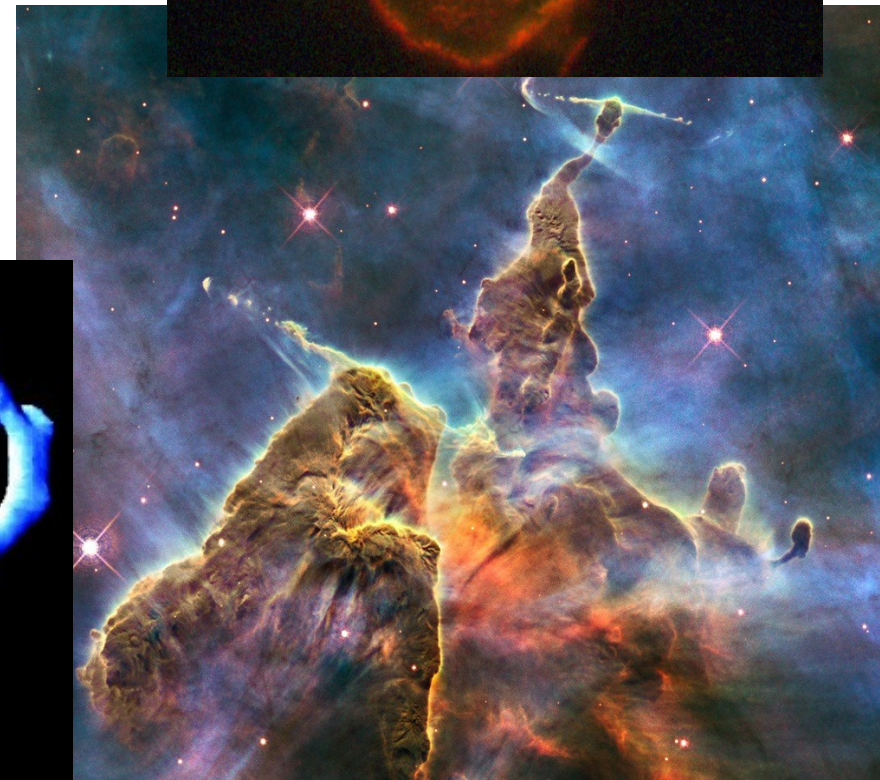
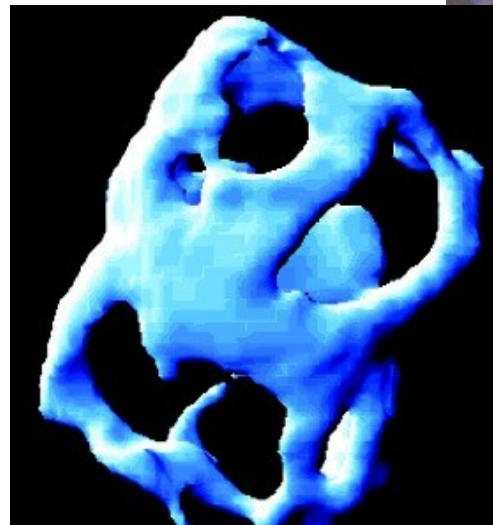
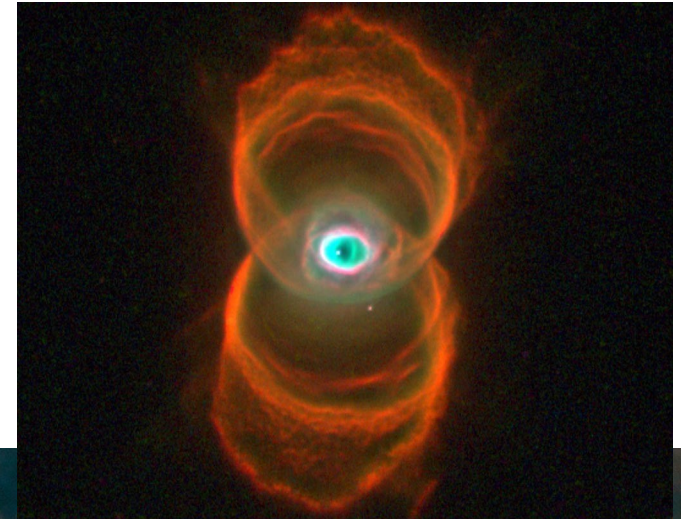
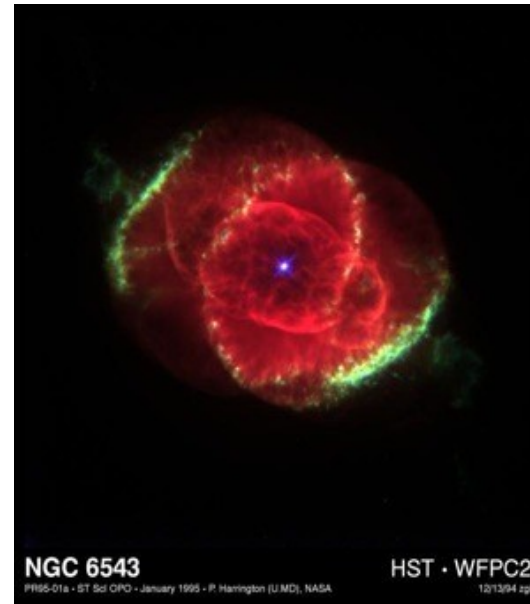
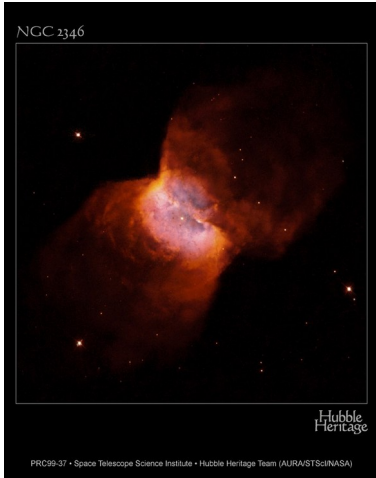
- Makes it easier to interact with Cloudy from any python script or notebook:
  - Write input file, run Cloudy, read output files from a single script
  - Easy to run grids of models (just a loop in python)
  - Make 3D models (actually pseudo-3D)
  - Allow to generate big grids of models (3MdB)
- PyNeb is another library that can be used to compute line emissivities, and determine electron temperature and densities from line ratios.

# Why 3D ?

- As we all know, PN are spherical, and HII regions plan parallels :-)



# Not O nor //





# Aperture effects



- Color = dominating emission line.
- Position : different line ratios.

# Velocity field

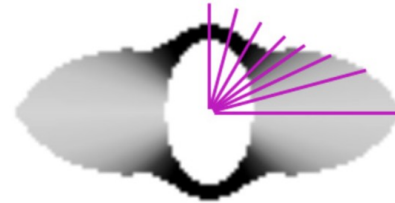
A&A 585, A69 (2016)  
DOI: [10.1051/0004-6361/201526653](https://doi.org/10.1051/0004-6361/201526653)  
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Astron  
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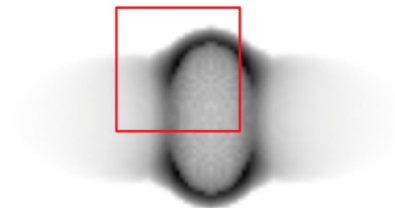
## 3D pyCloudy modelling of bipolar planetary nebulae: Evidence for fast fading of the lobes<sup>★</sup>

K. Gesicki<sup>1</sup>, A. A. Zijlstra<sup>2</sup>, and C. Morisset<sup>3</sup>

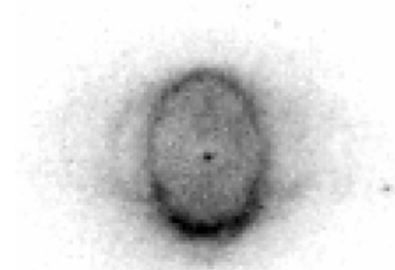
Hen 2-262



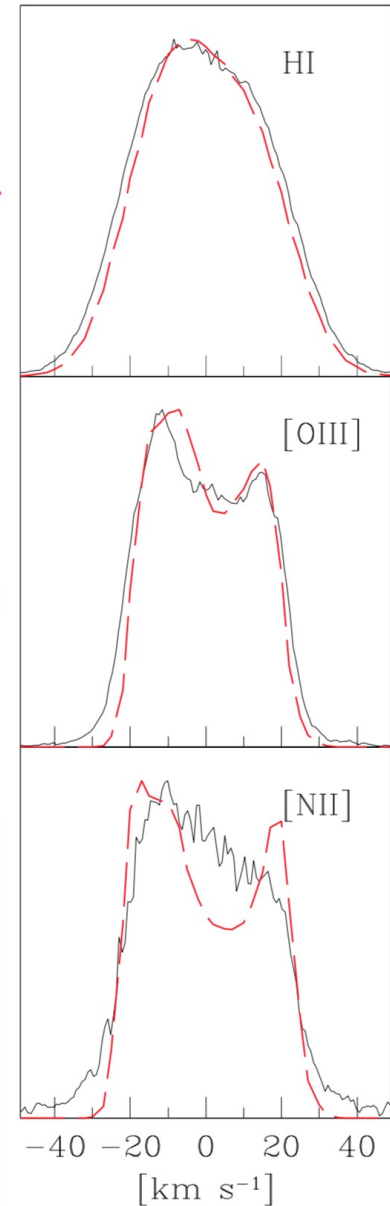
pyCloudy  
density and 1D models



pyCloudy  
H $\alpha$  image and applied slit



HST H $\alpha$  image

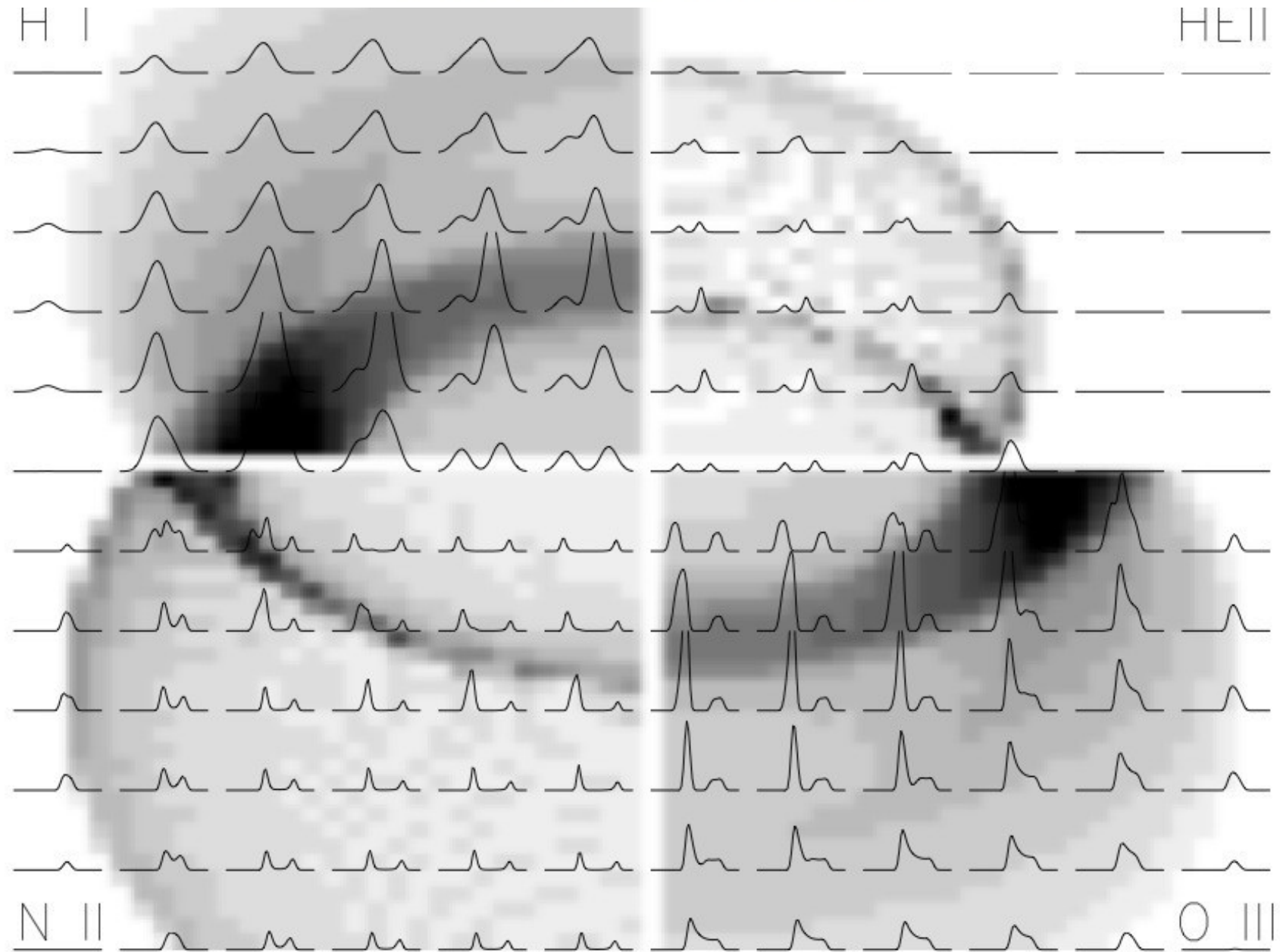




# MODELLING OF ASYMMETRIC NEBULAE. II. LINE PROFILES

*Revista Mexicana de Astronomía y Astrofísica*, **42**, 153–166 (2006)

C. Morisset<sup>1</sup> and G. Stasińska<sup>2</sup>



# Huge grids of models

- Sometimes one needs to compute huge grids of models (from a few  $10^3$  to  $10^7$  models...).
- In this case one cannot rely on reading all the output files, it would take toooooo much time and memory (RAM and ROM).
- The solution is to store the results of the models into a database.
- This is the main idea behind 3MdB (Mexican Million Models dataBase).

# 3MdB

- <https://sites.google.com/site/mexicanmillionmodels/>