#### **JQuery**

記事本: First Notebook

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**URL:** https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/jquery\_get\_started.asp

## Why jQuery?

There are lots of other JavaScript frameworks out there, but jQuery seems to be the most popular, and also the most extendable.

Many of the biggest companies on the Web use jQuery, such as:

- Google
- Microsoft
- IBM
- Netflix

# jQuery is a lightweight, "write less, do more", JavaScript library. The jQuery library is a single JavaScript file, and you reference it with the HTML <script> tag

PS: jQuery will run exactly the same in all major browsers.

## The Document Ready Event

This is to prevent any jQuery code from running before the document is finished loading (is ready).

```
$(document).ready(function(){
    // jQuery methods go here...
});
```

Basic syntax is: **\$(selector).action()** 

# jQuery Selectors

https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/jquery selectors.asp

## **jQuery Event**

- click()
- dblclick()
- mouseenter()
- mouseleave()
- mousedown()
- mouseup()
- hover()
- focus()
- blur()
  - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_focus\_blur
- on()
  - The on() method attaches one or more event handlers for the selected elements.
  - <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery">https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery</a> on multiple

# **jQuery Effects**

#### Fade

- jQuery has the following fade methods:
  - fadeln()
  - fadeOut()
  - fadeToggle()
  - fadeTo()
    - The jQuery fadeTo() method allows fading to a given opacity (value between 0 and 1).
    - \$ \$(selector).fadeTo(speed,opacity,callback);
    - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp? filename=tryjquery fadeto
- https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_fadetoggle

#### Show/Hide

- o \$(selector).hide(speed,callback);
- o \$(selector).show(speed,callback);
- o \$(selector).toggle(speed,callback);
- <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery-hide-explanations">https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery-hide-explanations</a>

#### Animate

- o media query(?)
- o \$(selector).animate({params}, speed, callback);
- o https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp? filename=tryjquery animation1 multicss

## Stop()

- The jQuery stop() method is used to stop animations or effects before it is finished.
- \$(selector).stop(stopAll,goToEnd);
- https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_stop\_params

#### Callback

• A callback function is executed after the current effect is 100% finished.

- WITH CALLBACK <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/iguery/trvit.asp?filename=tryiguery-hide-callback">https://www.w3schools.com/iguery/trvit.asp?filename=tryiguery-hide-callback</a>
- WITHOUT CALLBACK <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?">https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?</a>

## Chaining

- Tip: This way, browsers do not have to find the same element(s) more than once.
- With jQuery, you can chain together actions/methods.
- Chaining allows us to run multiple jQuery methods (on the same element) within a single statement.
- https://www.w3schools.com/jguery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjguery\_chaining2

#### Slide

- jQuery slideDown()
  - Demonstrates the jQuery slideDown() method
- jQuery slideUp()
  - Demonstrates the jQuery slideUp() method.
- jQuery slideToggle()
  - Demonstrates the jQuery slideToggle() method.
- <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_slide\_toggle">https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_slide\_toggle</a>

## jQuery HTML

## **jQuery - Get Content and Attributes**

Three simple, but useful, jQuery methods for DOM manipulation are:

- text() Sets or returns the text content of selected elements
- html() Sets or returns the content of selected elements (including HTML markup)
- val() Sets or returns the value of form fields

## **jQuery - Set Content and Attributes**

https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/jquery\_dom\_set.asp

## Add Several New Elements With append() and prepend()

We will look at four jQuery methods that are used to add new content:

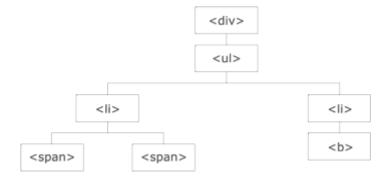
- append() Inserts content at the end of the selected elements
- prepend() Inserts content at the beginning of the selected elements
- after() Inserts content after the selected elements
- before() Inserts content before the selected elements
- <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_html\_append2">https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_html\_append2</a>
- This example removes all elements with class="test" or class="demo"
- https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
   filename=tryjquery\_dom\_remove3
- https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
   filename=tryjquery\_dom\_toggleclass

## **Set a CSS Property**

- With jQuery, it is easy to manipulate the CSS of elements.
- To set a specified CSS property, use the following syntax:
- css({"propertyname":"value","propertyname":"value",...});
- https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?filename=tryjquery\_css\_set\_multiple

jQuery Traversing

What is Traversing?



#### Ancestors

- An ancestor is a parent, grandparent, great-grandparent, and so on.
- Three useful jQuery methods for traversing up the DOM tree are:
  - parent()
  - parents()
  - parentsUntil()
    - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp? filename=tryjquery\_parentsuntil

### Descendants

- Two useful jQuery methods for traversing down the DOM tree are:
  - children()
  - find()
    - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
       filename=tryjquery\_find

# Siblings

- There are many useful jQuery methods for traversing sideways in the DOM tree:
  - siblings()
    - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
       filename=tryjquery\_siblings2
  - next()
  - nextAll()
  - nextUntil()
    - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
       filename=tryjquery\_nextuntil
  - prev()
  - prevAll()
  - prevUntil()

# Filtering

- The most basic filtering methods are first(), last() and eq(), which allow you to select a specific element based on its position in a group of elements.
- o first()
- last()
- eq()
  - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp? filename=tryiquery\_eq
- filter()
  - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/tryit.asp?
     filename=tryjquery\_filter
- not()

# **jQuery Misc**

## jQuery and Other JavaScript Frameworks

- As you already know; jQuery uses the \$ sign as a shortcut for jQuery.
- There are many other popular JavaScript frameworks like: Angular, Backbone, Ember, Knockout, and more.

```
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.3.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script>
$.noConflict();
jQuery(document).ready(function(){
        jQuery("button").click(function(){
            jQuery("p").text("jQuery is still working!");
        });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

This is a paragraph.
<button>Test jQuery</button>
```

• Declare yourself

```
<script>
var jq = $.noConflict();
jq(document).ready(function(){
    jq("button").click(function(){
        jq("p").text("jQuery is still working!");
    });
});
</script>
```