

UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD

PMA101R

PURE MATHEMATICS

Autumn Semester 2004–2005

2 hours

Pure Mathematics Core

Attempt **all** the questions. The allocation of marks is shown in brackets; Section A is worth 66 marks in total, and Section B is worth 34 marks.

**A1** Convert the function  $x^2/(x+2)^2$  to partial fraction form, and thus find  $\int \frac{x^2}{(x+2)^2} dx$ . (6 marks)

**A2** Let  $f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$  be given by  $f(x) = \log(1+x^2)$ . Find a formula for  $f^{-1}(x)$ . (3 marks)

**A3** If  $f(x) = 2x^3$ , what is  $(\log \circ f \circ \exp)(x)$ ? Simplify your answer as much as possible. (4 marks)

**A4** Find  $\log_{1000}(\sqrt{10})$ . (2 marks)

**A5** Find  $\tan(9999\pi/4)$ , giving a brief justification for your answer. (3 marks)

**A6** Show that  $\frac{1 + \tanh(x)^2}{1 - \tanh(x)^2} = \cosh(2x)$ . (7 marks)

**A7** Let  $p$  and  $q$  be nonzero constants, and put  $y = (x^p - x^q)^{1/pq}$ . Simplify  $x(x^p - x^q) \frac{dy}{dx}$ . (6 marks)

**A8** Find  $\frac{d}{dx} \log(x + 2x^2 + 3x^3 + 4x^4)$ . (2 marks)

**A9** Find  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^2}{\log(x)} \right)$ . (4 marks)

**A10** Let  $a$  be a constant. Find  $f'(x)$ , where  $f(x) = x^2 e^{-1/(x+a)}$ . (4 marks)

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Turn Over

**A11** Find  $\int (x^2 - x + 1)e^{-x} dx$  (6 marks)

**A12** Find  $\int e^{-3x} \cos(4x) dx$  (6 marks)

**A13** Find the general solution of the following system of equations:

$$w + x + y - z = -2$$

$$w + x - y - z = 0$$

$$w - x - y - z = 2.$$

(5 marks)

**A14** Find the determinant and inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(Hint: You will find it easiest to use the cofactor method.) (8 marks)

**B1** Define  $f: [-2, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 3$ . Find the range of  $f$ . (4 marks)

**B2** Find  $\int \sin(x)^2 \cos(x)^2 dx$ . (Hint: what are the formulae for  $\sin(2\theta)$  and  $\cos(2\theta)$ ?) (8 marks)

**B3** By making a suitable substitution, find  $\int \cos(x) \log(\sin(x)) dx$ . (6 marks)

**B4** You may assume that  $\int x^3 \log(x)^2 dx = x^4(a \log(x)^2 + b \log(x) + c)$  for some constants  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$ . Find these constants, and thus evaluate  $\int_1^e x^3 \log(x)^2 dx$ . (9 marks)

**B5** Find the determinant of the following matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -a & a & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -a \\ a & a & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

For which values of  $a$  is the matrix invertible? (7 marks)

**End of Question Paper**