I/O analysis of climate applications

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Content (Agenda)

Introduction

- Why we use models
 - simulations
 - another part of nowadays research
- Climate applications
 - about the I/O
 - analysis
 - different Models
 - visualisation

Motivation

- models need huge amounts of data
- data storage is limited and expensive
- analyse models and evaluate needed data
- prune as much data as possible

What are models

- Climate Models
 - a representation of climate
 - ocean, ice, land, river, vegetation
 - predict future climate
 - global scale
- Atmospherical model
 - numerical weather prediction
 - predict weather in a foreseeable period

Structure of the data

- numeric data
- scalar quantities
- vectors
- grid data

Most important formats used for climate applications

- netCDF
- HDF5
- since version 4 netCDF is embedded in HDF5



Figure: hdf-logo [?]



Figure: netcdf-logo [?]

The model landscape

- large choice
- old models
- poorly documented
- nearly no open source
- example IFS

Awips II

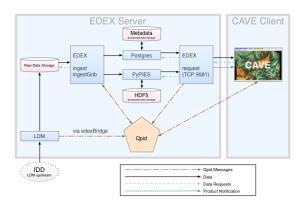


Figure: Awips Infrastructure [?]

Awips II

- forecast display and analysis
- provides EDEX to store computed data [?]
 - HDF5 Storage
 - custom python libraries for storage management
 - PostgreSQL for metadata management and storage
- Provides CAVE to display data
 - program to connect with EDEX server
 - select data set, download and view it on your local machine

CESM

- community Earth System Model
- model for global climate simulation
- covers atmosphere, land, land ice, sea ice, ocean and river
- provides scripts for setting up the machine in 4 commands
 - scripts are broken
 - mix of bash, csh, perl
- good configurability with xml files
- requires netCDF format for input data [?]

Summary

- Data
 - hdf5, netCDF
- Models
 - CESM
 - EcoHam
- Analyzer
 - awips2

Sources I