

ISO/IEC 5230 Conformance: Toshiba Case Study on Self-Certification

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OpenChain Taiwan Workgroup meeting
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Contents and Speakers

01 Strategy for ISO/IEC 5230 Conformance

■ Takashi Ninjouji

Promoting Open Source, InnerSource and SPI
OpenChain Project, OIN

02 Case Study

■ Masaya Tarui

Lead Software Architect, Cloud Computing Development
Ruby Core Committer (2010-Current)

01

Strategy for ISO/IEC 5230 Conformance



Chief Specialist
at Corporate Software Engineering Technology Center
(SWC)

Work Experience

1998~	NTT	IPv6
2001~	DOCOMO	Mobile AR, HCI, Mobile Equipment (3G, 3.5G)
2011~	DeNA	Open Source Program, Mobile games
2020~	TOSHIBA	Promoting Open Source, InnerSource and SPI

Open Source

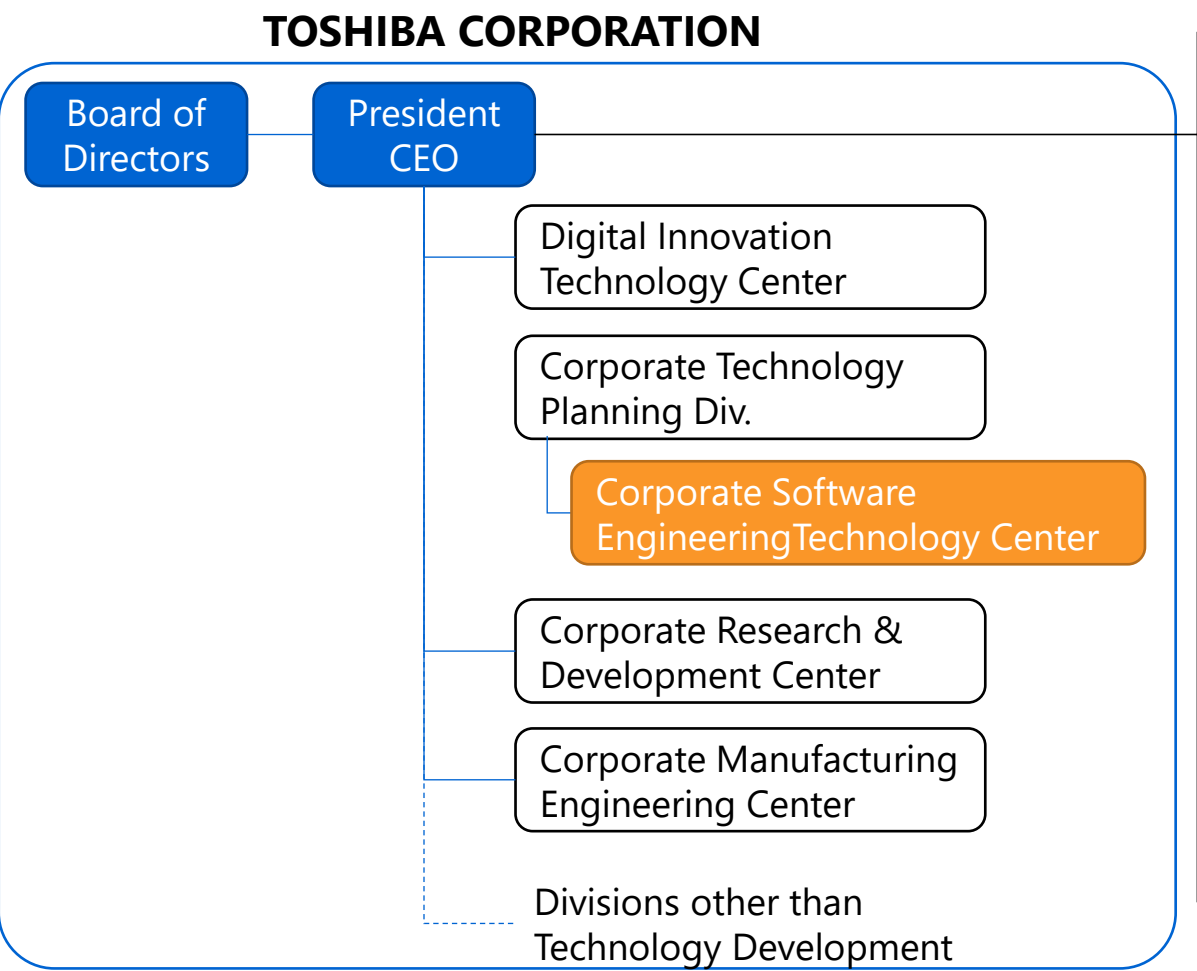
2018~	Community member of the OpenChain Project
2020~	Board member of the OpenChain Project (TOSHIBA) Technical Advisory Council of OIN (TOSHIBA)

*SPI: Software Process Improvement

Corporate Software Engineering Technology Center (SWC)

Mission

Standardization and deployment of Software Development Technologies



Energy Systems & Solutions

- Toshiba Energy System & Solutions Corporation
- Toshiba Plant Systems & Service Corporation

Infrastructure Systems & Solutions

- Toshiba Infrastructure Systems & Solution Corporation

Building Solutions

- Toshiba Elevator and Building Systems Corporation
- Toshiba Lighting & Technology Corporation
- Toshiba Carrier Corporation

Retail & Printing Solutions

- Toshiba Tec Corporation

Electronic Device & Storage Solutions

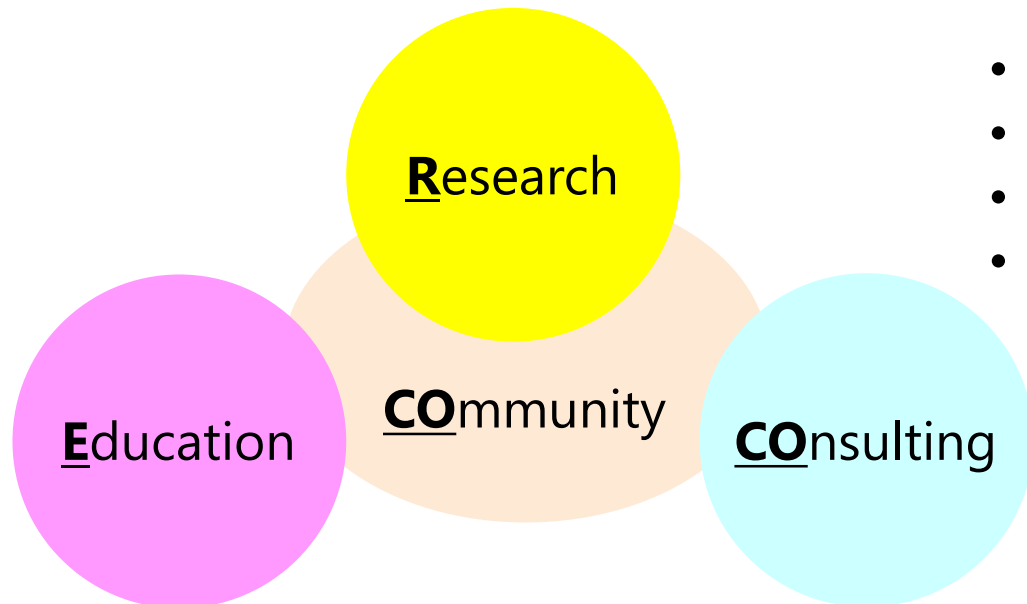
- Toshiba Electronic Devices & Storage Corporation

Digital Solutions

- Toshiba Digital Solution Corporation

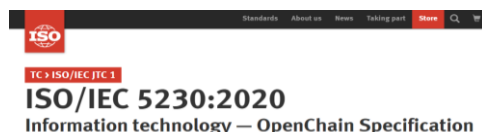
Software Process Improvement (SPI) in Toshiba

- **Group-wide efforts to Standardize and Improve Software Development Process**
 - Reference Process standards: CMMI, ITIL 4, ISO/IECs, etc. ← ISO/IEC 5230:2020
 - Introducing: Agile, DevOps, Microservice Architecture (MSA)
- **RECOCO model for In-house Engineering Support**



- R: Research (Technology to drive improvement)
- E: Education (Human resources development)
- CO : Consulting (Support SPI at development sites)
- CO : Communication (Community of Practice)

Building Trust In The Software Supply Chain with Open Source (Compliance) Program Standard

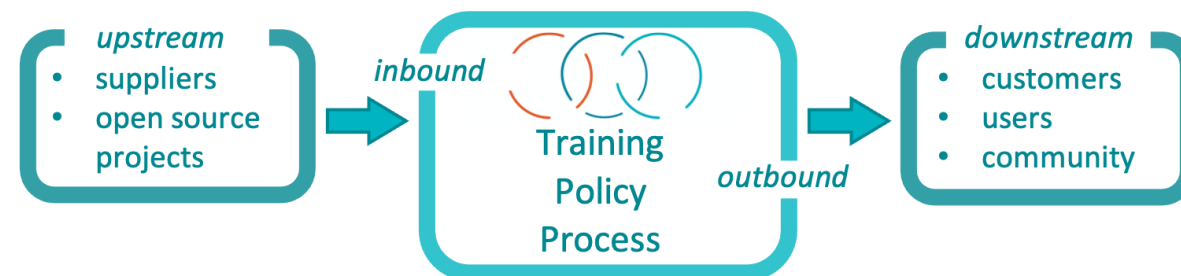


Functionally
equivalent

 **OPENCHAIN**
(Specification 2.1/2.0)

Requirements

1. Program foundation
2. Relevant tasks defined and supported
3. Open source content review and approval
4. Compliance artifact creation and delivery
5. Understand open Source community engagement
6. Adherence to the Specification Requirements



- ✓ Program established
- ✓ Tasks defined
- ✓ Review and approval process
- ✓ Compliance artifacts collected
- ✓ Community engagement policy

Opinions observed (in OpenChain community)

- Process implementation and evidence management contribute **to improve productivity and risk prevention (risk prediction)**
- It can be applied **to compliance for software of third-party origin**, including OSS
- **SBOM** management can be used as a **basis for vulnerability management**

Certification: Self or Third-Party

The treatment of conformance is the same.

Self-Certification

Answer on the OpenChain project website

OpenChain Self Certification Questionnaire

Specification Version 2.1 (ISO/IEC 5230:2020)

Change Version

Change Language

1. Program foundation	0 answered out of 12
2. Relevant tasks defined and supported	0 answered out of 8
3. Open source content review and approval	0 answered out of 8
4. Compliance artifact creation and delivery	0 answered out of 3
5. Understanding open source community engagements	0 answered out of 3
6. Adherence to the specification requirements	1 answered out of 2

Yes

No

Do you have documentation confirming that your Program meets all the requirements of this specification?

Yes

No

Do you have documentation confirming that your Program conformance was reviewed within the last 18 months?

Save Answers

Save and Submit

Download Answers

Reset Questionnaire

Questionnaire Revision 2.1.1

Third-Party Certification

Certification by Partner



Certification: Self or Third-Party (cont'd)

OpenChain Specification's principle is "Less is More"

Self-Certification

Need to define the level of achievement

Considering the Specification, Questionnaires, and Trends in Open Source community and the market.

Third-Party Certification

No particular unified standard for third-party certification

e.g.
There is no such qualification as CMMI appraisal.

Certification: Self or Third-Party (cont'd)

Most of programs adopt **Self-Certification**.

Publicly Announced ISO/IEC 5230 Programs

2020/12/01	TOYOTA	2021/08/09	Sony Semiconductor	2022/02/14	<u>GBase 8a from General Data Technology Co., Ltd. (GBASE)</u>
2020/12/15	NCSoft	2021/08/19	QCT	2022/02/14	<u>KingbaseES V8 from CETC Kingbase</u>
2020/12/17	Cisco	2021/08/22	Coontec	2022/02/14	<u>Tidb enterprise v4.0 from PingCap</u>
2021/01/13	NTT Data	2021/09/07	Woven Planet	2022/03/17	BlackBerry
2021/02/01	Microsoft	2021/09/08	Synology	2022/03/28	Reverera
2021/02/08	<u>HITACHI</u>	2021/09/08	SK Telecom	2022/03/28	SAP
2021/03/02	LG	2021/10/19	NEC	2022/04/06	TOSHIBA
2021/04/06	Nanjing Fujitsu Nanda Software Technology Co., Ltd.	2021/12/15	ETRI		
2021/04/22	Keitaro	2022/01/24	Kakaobank		
2021/07/07	Samsung Electronics	2022/01/24	Kakao		
2021/07/13	Bosch				

* Underlined: third-party certification

<https://www.openchainproject.org/news>

Strategy for conformance

Means: Self-Certification

Leverage the existing framework

- Organize and clarify rules and guidelines for smooth implementation

Localize the cost of

- **Developing Policy, Process, Rules, and related documents; and**
- **Coordinating with related departments**

Improvement Support Team and its Efforts

Team

- SPI Expert : Progress Management
- OSS (compliance) Expert : Open Source (License) Compliance, OpenChain Spec.

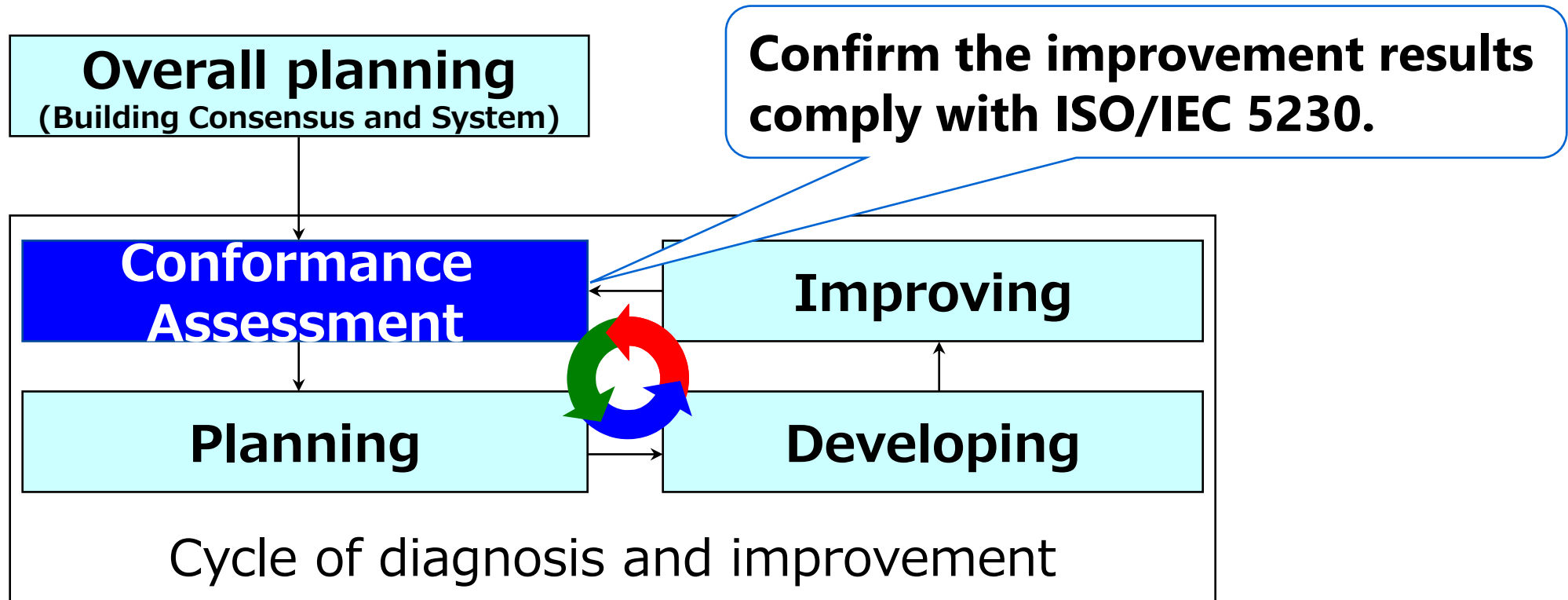
Efforts

- Clarify Interpretations of Specification and Questionnaires
- Clarify Conformance Criteria
- Template
 - Policy, Process, Competence, and more
 - Customizable for ISO/IEC 5230 compliance
- E-learning materials
- Interview Sheet

Purpose of ISO/IEC 5230 Conformance Assessment

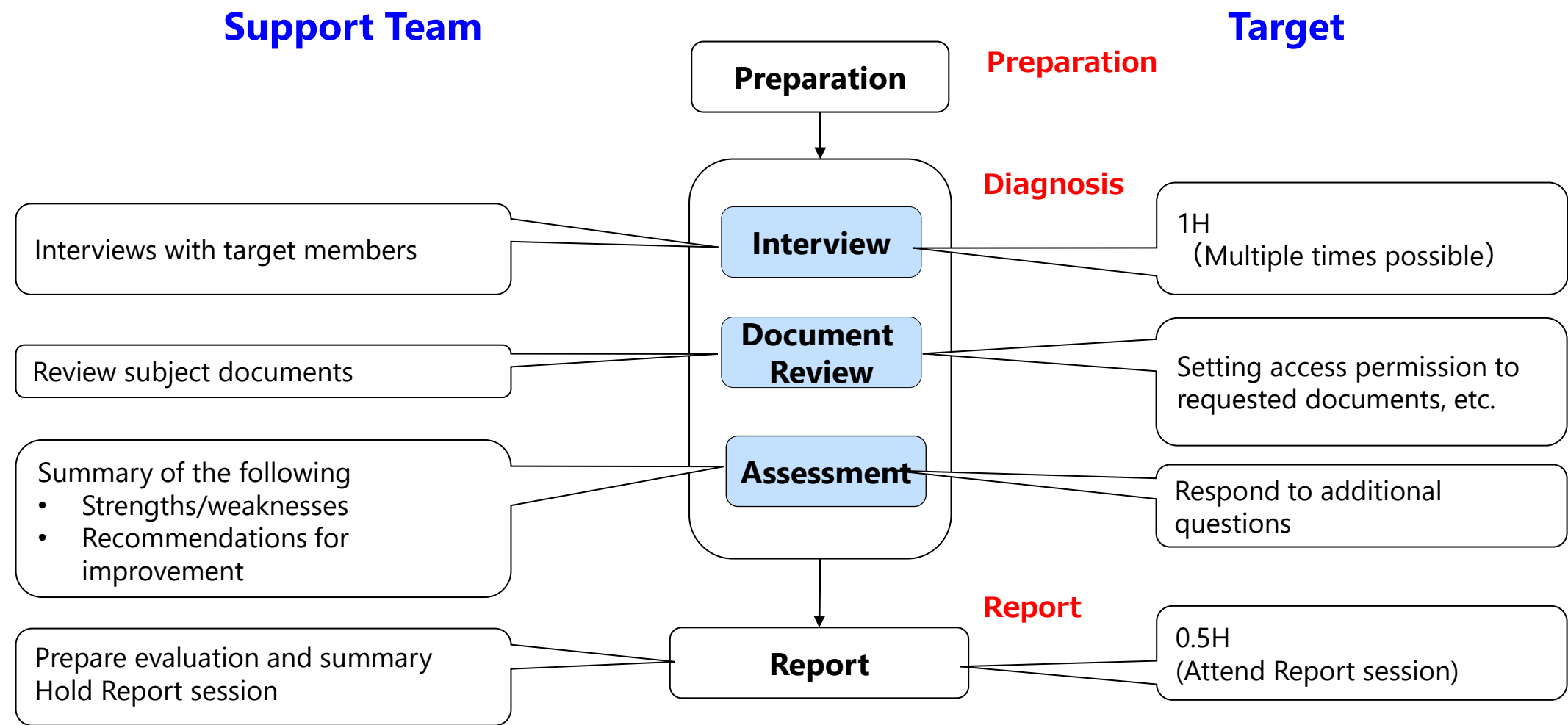
Objectively evaluate the current status of OSS management

- Utilize ISO/IEC 5230 (OpenChain specification) to identify issues
- Identify organizational strengths and opportunities for improvement



Example of Improvement Diagnosis

Interview, Review, Assessment, Report



02

Case Study



Open Source Program Manager at Digital Innovation Technology Center (DITC)

Work Experience

- 2001~ R&D HW/SW Test, Co-design, CAD
- 2018~ R&D DNN-acc, Cloud Computing
- 2019~ DITC HABANEROTS* (BaaS)



Copyright (C) 2011 Ruby Association

Open Source

- 2006~ Contributing to Ruby
 - 2010~ Core Committer of Ruby
- Focusing performance improvement, timing bugs, etc.

*HABANEROTS: Toshiba Industrial IoT Platform Service

A cloud-native microservices environment consists of OSS such as Kubernetes and more.

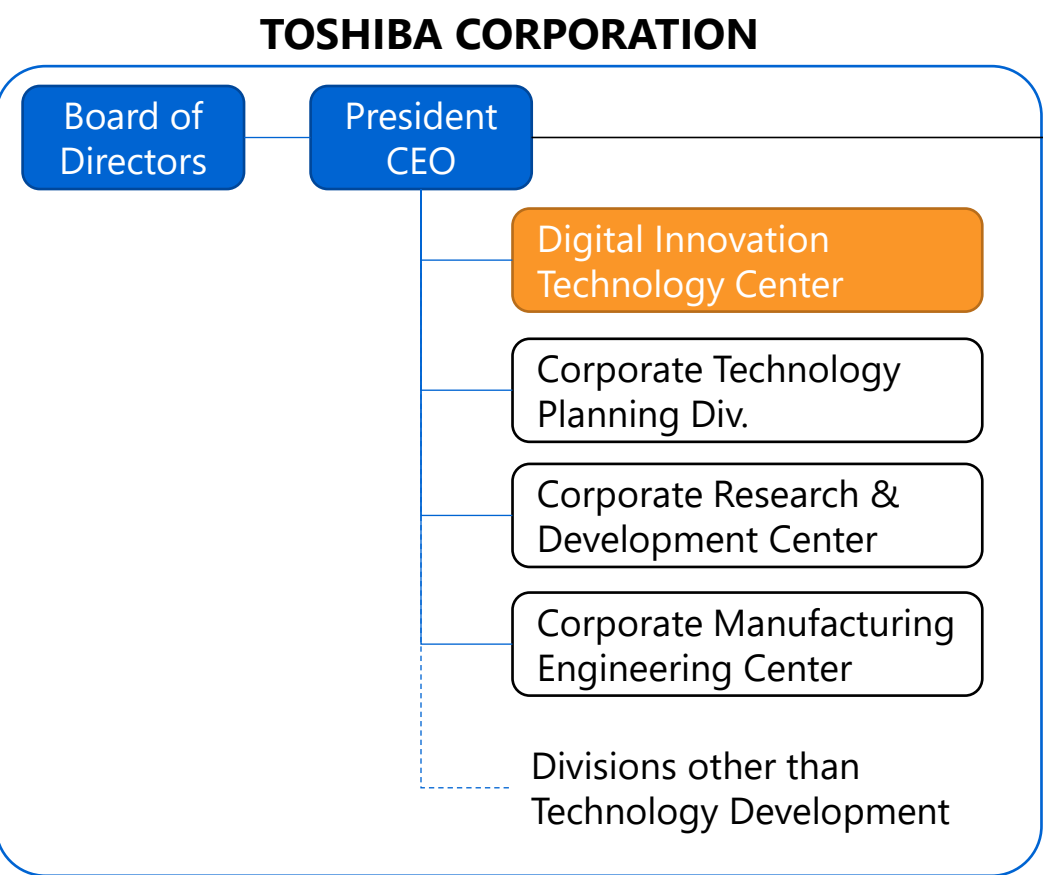
Also see the following document:

<https://www.global.toshiba/content/dam/toshiba/ww/technology/corporate/review/2020/high2020/2002.pdf>

Digital Innovation Technology Center (DITC)

Mission

Develop & Deploy B2B As-a-Service family



Energy Systems & Solutions

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Digital Solutions

- Toshiba Digital Solution Corporation

Start of efforts (2021/4/E~)

Initiative Team

Experienced Open Source Developer and Manager

Improvement Support Team

SPI expert and OSS expert from SWC

OpenChain's vision matches DITC's policy. Therefore, the achievement of conformance was considered to strengthen the organization.

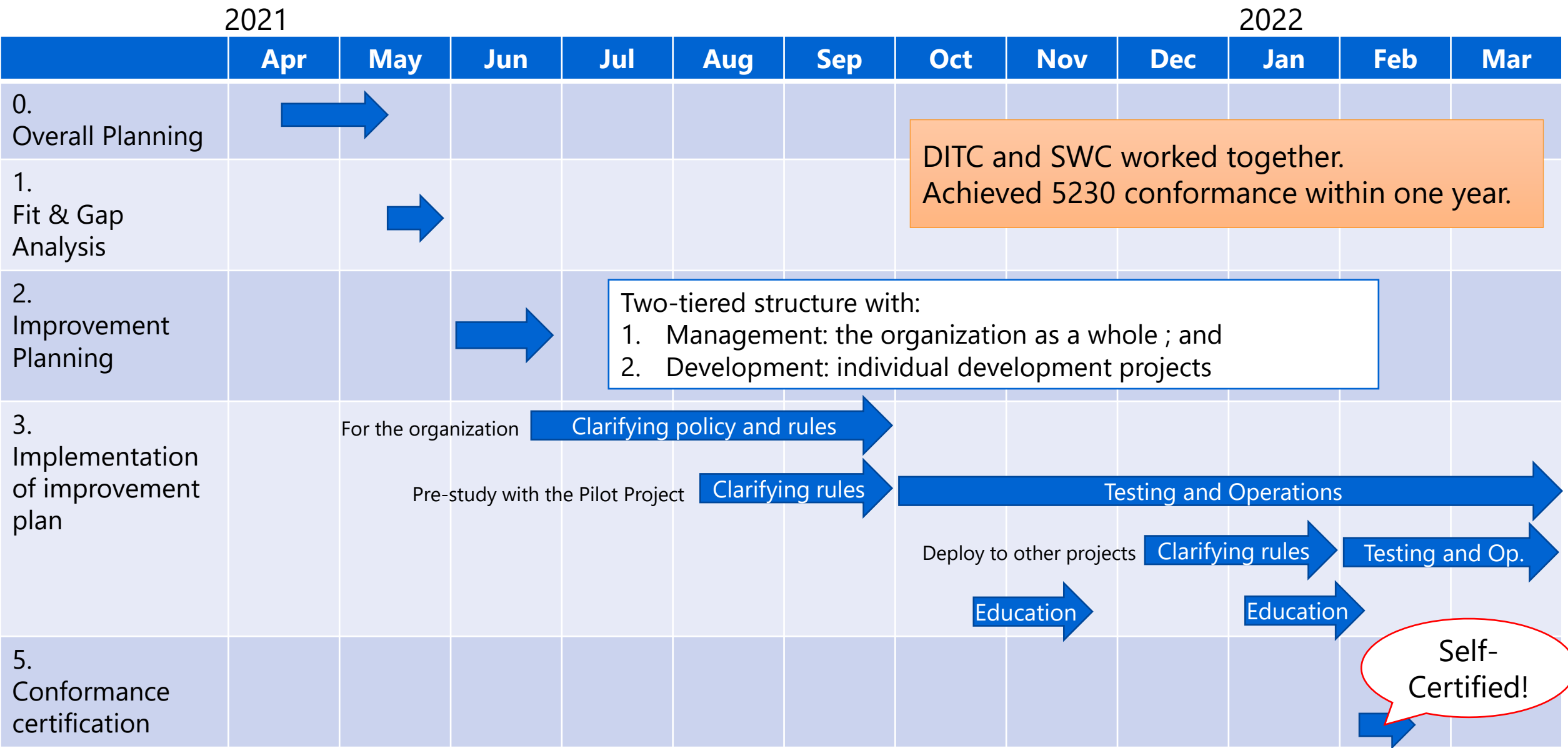
◆ **OpenChain's Vision**

1. Developing Open Source Ecosystem with Compliance

◆ **DITC's Policy (DITC will:)**

1. Develop and improve Toshiba's digital infrastructure and presence
2. Contribute to OSS
3. Be a model case for Toshiba Group

Journey to 5230 Compliance Certification



**License compliance was almost implemented.
But, Gap exists with 5230 specifications.**

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
3. Documentation
4. Education

Two-tiered structure with organization and projects

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
3. Documentation
4. Education

- **Competence**

Manager, Program Owner, Product Lead, Contact, IP/Legal, Procurement, Quality Control, Open Source Management Board

- **Scope and management**

Organization

- Fundamental Policy
- Education
- Evidence management
- Requirements for each project

Project

- Ensure Resource
- Open Source License Policy
- Quality Control Policy

Balancing project **discretion** and **flexibility**

Documentation: Policy and Process

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
- 3. Documentation**
4. Education

Organization: Policy

- Fundamental Policy
- Scope
- Structure
- Quality Control
- Security
- Education
- Resource
- Contact
- SCA and SBOM
- and more...

Project: Policy in Details (ex.)

- Fundamental Policy
- **Scope**
- **Structure**
- **Quality Control**
- Security
- Education
- Resource
- **Contact**
- **SCA and SBOM**
- and more...

Documentation: Policy and Process

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
- 3. Documentation**
4. Education

- **SBOM**

Some items are changed as mandatory
(ex. Source of acquisition. such as URLs)

- **Evidence Management**

Change Management entity and workflow

Before: Project driven

After: Centralized within the organization

Visibility and Transparency

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
3. Documentation
4. **Education**

- **Sessions**

- For all members (including Management)
- Commentary and Q&A on Policy, Process and Rule

- **Documentations**

- Available at any time (internally)

All members take E-learning

Subjects to improvement

1. Establishment of organizational structure
2. Defining Competence
3. Documentation

4. Education

- **E-learning**
 - Two levels of content (produced by SWC)
 - Capable of managing learning history

Level	Topics	Targets
Pre-Basic	Open Source Software, Open Source License, Overview of precautions in using OSS, etc.	Anyone involved in product development
Basic	Key points, Workflow, and Cautions of the OSS management process	Developer, Quality Control, IP/Legal

Summary of the self-certification

Requirements	Headings	After
1. Program foundation	1.1 Policy	<input type="radio"/>
	1.2 Competence	<input type="radio"/>
	1.3 Awareness	<input type="radio"/>
	1.4 Program scope	<input type="radio"/>
	1.5 License obligations	<input type="radio"/>
2. Relevant tasks defined and supported	2.1 Access	<input type="radio"/>
	2.2 Effectively resourced	<input type="radio"/>
3. Open source content review and approval	3.1 Bill of Materials	<input type="radio"/>
	3.2 License compliance	<input type="radio"/>
4. Compliance artifact creation and delivery	4.1 Compliance artifacts	<input type="radio"/>
5. Understand open Source community engagement	5.1 Contributions	<input type="radio"/>
6. Adherence to the Specification Requirements	6.1 Conformance	<input type="radio"/>
	6.2 Duration	<input type="radio"/>

Summary of the self-certification (cont'd)

Strength

- Defining policies and management processes/procedures
Members of the organization are aware of them
 - (§1.1 Policy, §1.3 Recognition, §3.1 Bill of Materials)
- Assigning person in charge of Open Source Program, Defining competencies for each role, and Providing Education
 - (§1.2 Competencies)
- Implementing initiatives of operation and management for each product
 - (§1.4 Scope of program, §1.5 License obligations, §2.2 Adequate resource allocation, §3.1 Bill of materials, §3.2 License compliance)
- Compliance with ISO/IEC5230
 - (§6 (ISO/IEC5230) Compliance with specification requirements)

Key Points for Success

- Experienced Open Source Developer's Leadership
- Management's Endorsement
- Two-tiered structure with organization and projects
- Leverage Existing framework
- Well-communication

Several issues for further improvement

- Trade-off between workload and discretion
- Need for more light-weight management processes with keeping compliance (e.g. contributions)

DITC's Open Source Policy (summary)

DITC will develop and improve **Toshiba's digital infrastructure and presence** in perspective over the medium to long term. DITC will also produce **deliverables of OSS and ISS, and contribute to OSS**, in cooperation with other organizations.

This activity shall strive to be **a model for other organizations**.

We will continue to create and share knowledge and values as a member of the open source community.

Thank you!

TOSHIBA