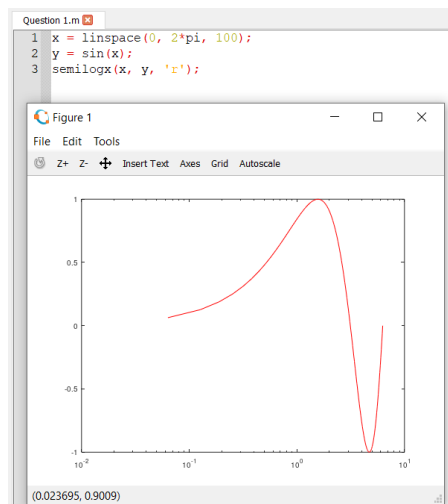
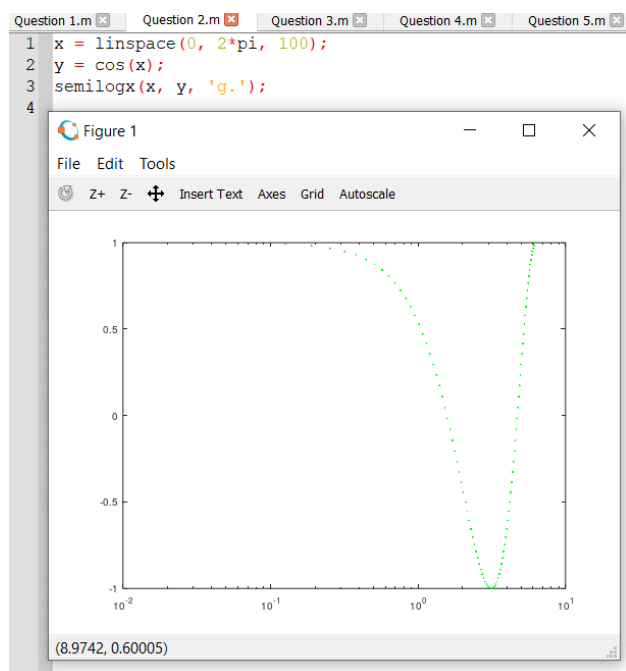


### Lab sheet 3-SCS2211

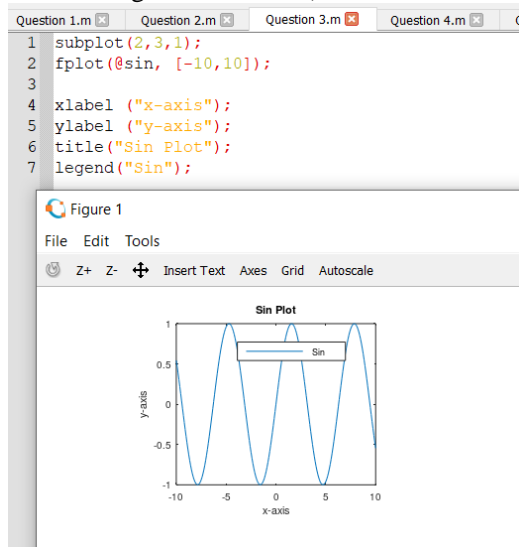
1. Plot a  $\sin(x)$  wave over one period which  $x$  is in  $0$  to  $2\pi$  range with enough samples to get smooth lines. Using the same graph try to plot  $\sin$  wave in logarithmic scale for the  $x$ -axis using red solid lines.



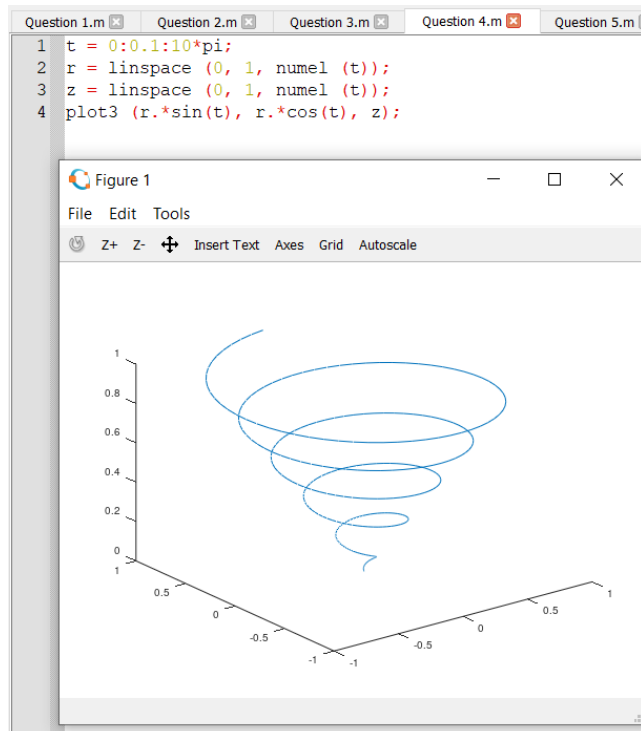
2. Plot a  $\cos(x)$  wave over one period which  $x$  is in  $0$  to  $2\pi$  range with enough samples to get smooth lines. Using the same graph try to plot  $\cos$  wave in logarithmic scale for both  $x$ -axis and  $y$  axis using green dotted lines.



3. Makes a figure with 2 rows and three columns of axes, and activates the first axis for plotting and plot sin curve on it. (Each axis should have labels, a legend, and a title).



4. Make the Helix shape plot using the knowledge of 3D plotting.

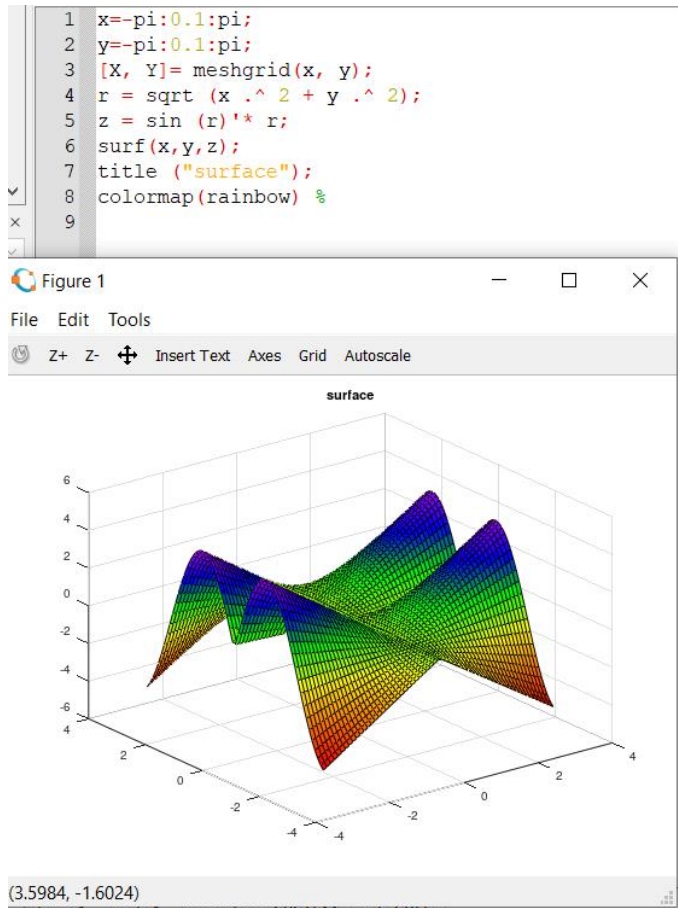


5.  $A = [0 \ 2 \ 4 \ 6 \ 6 \ 4 \ 2 \ 0]$  is vector. Transform vector A in to a matrix called A\_MAT and display a scaled version of the matrix A\_MAT.

```
A_MAT = reshape([0,2,4,6,6,4,2,0], 2,4);  
  
display(A_MAT);  
  
>> A_MAT =  
  
    0    4    6    2  
    2    6    4    0
```

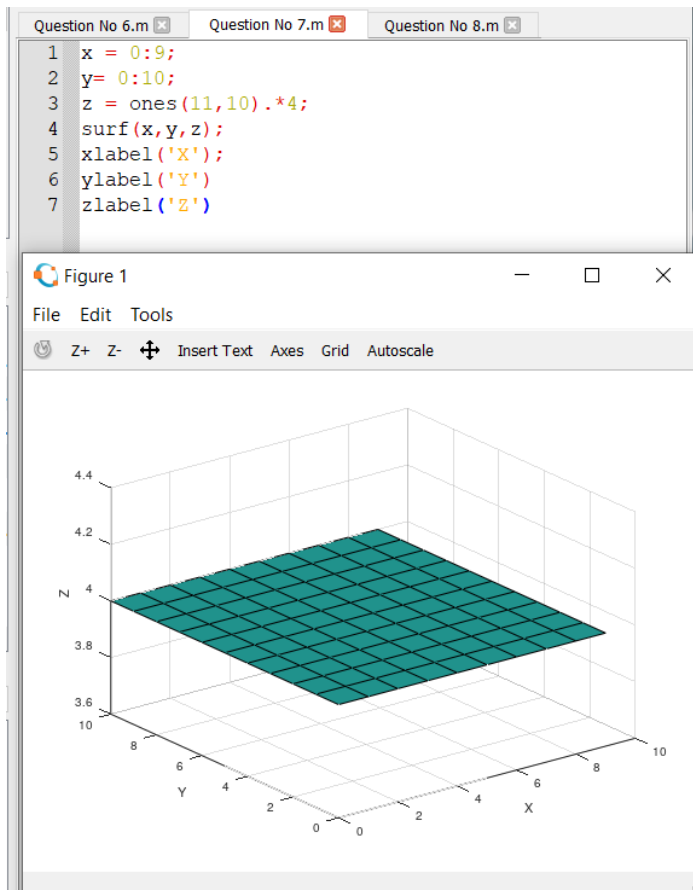
Commented [D T1]:

6. Draw a surface of the size 12 points in X axis and 8 points in Y axis but random Z values. Color the surface with 'rainbow' colormap.



7. Draw a flat surface (i.e. same value in Z axis) of the size 9 points in X and 10 points in Y. Mark X, Y and Z axes with a single letter using the 'label' functions.

Commented [D T2]: Spelling of label



8. Plot the function  $y = 1/(1 + x^2)$  on 2 dimensions where x is a 50 element vector from  $-2\pi$  to  $2\pi$ . Color the plot with red while using dashes to draw the line.

**Commented [D T3]:** Use word formula editor to include a formula. This is unclear.

