

Derivatives Exercises

A. Are the following true or false? If true, explain why. If false, give a counter-example.

1. If a function is continuous at a , then $f'(a)$ exists.
2. If a function is differentiable, then its derivative is differentiable.

B. For each f , find f' using the limit definition of the derivative.

1. $f(x) = 3$
2. $f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$
3. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x$
4. $f(x) = \sin(x)$

C. Which functions' derivative is given by the following limits?

1. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(x+h) - \tan(x)}{h}$
2. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2x+2h-3} - \sqrt{2x-3}}{h}$
3. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - 1 - 3x^2 - 1}{h}$

D. For each f , find f' and f'' using any method you want.

1. $f(x) = 3x^3 - \frac{4}{x^2}$
2. $f(x) = x \sin(x)$
3. $f(x) = \frac{x^2+3}{x-4}$
4. $f(x) = x^2 \cos(x) + x \tan(x)$
5. $f(x) = \sin(x) \cos(x) e^x$

F. Find the 100th derivative of each function.

1. $f(x) = x^{70}$
2. $f(x) = xe^x$

Answers (in no particular order)

- $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{-1/2}$
- $f(x) = 3x^2 - 1$
- $f'(x) = 4x + 3$
- $f'(x) = 0$
- False ($f(x) = \frac{|x|^3}{2x}$ is differentiable and has derivative $f'(x) = |x|$, which is not differentiable)
- $f'(x) = \cos(x)$
- $f(x) = \tan(x)$
- $f'(x) = 2x \cos(x) - x^2 \sin(x) + \tan(x) + x \sec^2(x)$,
 $f''(x) = (2 - x^2) \cos(x) - 4x \sin(x) + \sec^2(x) (2 + 2x \tan(x))$
- $f'(x) = \sin(x) + x \cos(x)$, $f''(x) = \cos(x) + \cos(x) - x \sin(x)$
- $f^{(100)}(x) = 0$
- $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-3}$
- False ($f(x) = |x|$ is continuous at 0, but $f'(0)$ DNE)
- $f'(x) = e^x(\cos^2(x) + \sin(x)\cos(x) - \sin^2(x))$,
 $f''(x) = f'(x) + e^x(-4\cos(x)\sin(x) + \cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x))$
- $f'(x) = 9x^2 + 8x^{-3}$, $f''(x) = 18x - 24x^{-4}$
- $f^{(100)}(x) = 100e^x + xe^x$
- $f'(x) = \frac{(2x)(x-4)-(x^2+3)}{(x-4)^2}$, $f''(x) = \frac{(2x-8)(x^2-8x+16)-(x^2-8x-3)(2x-8)}{(x^2-8x+16)^2}$