JSON Schema

Core Concepts, Common Pitfalls, and Debugging

- Ben Hutton
- JSON Schema core
- opencollective.com/json-schema
- ASC 2019 API Specification Conference 2019

Validation saves lives

Validation (probably?) saves lives

Validation changes lives

Validation (probably?) saves lives

Story

Matchmaker Exchange API

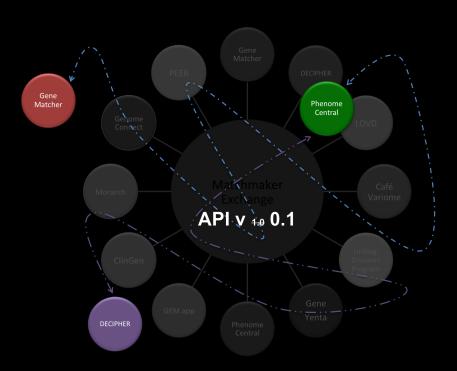
- Siloed databases of patient data
 - (including DNA variants)
- Rare and undiagnosed cases
 - (> 10 per country rare)
- Complex logal and ethical situation
- Discover and exchange pateint data

Matchmaker Exchange API

- Each database holds slightly different data
- Representation of a patient needs to be uniform
- Write specification using words and examples
- Release v1.0!

Sounds easy, right?

Nope



Building a schema

Requirements for queries

- Root object must have a patient
- patient must have either properties genomicFeatures or phenotypicFeatures or both

```
"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema",
"title": "MatchMakerExchange format for queries",
"patient": {
    "$comment": "`patient`: `genomicFeatures` or `phenotypicFeatures` or both",
    "oneOf": [
        "genomicFeatures",
        "phenotypicFeatures"
]
}
```

What's a "schema" anyway?

JSON Schema

- A vocabulary that allows you to annotate and validate JSON documents.
- An IETF "personal draft" document specification
- JSON!
- Must be a boolean or an object

JSON Schema

This talk covers draft-7. Not draft-4, not draft-8



Key Concepts

Schema "keywords": Object properties that are applied to the instance

Instance: The JSON document being validated or associated with a Schema

Root Schema: Schema that is the whole JSON document

Subschema: A schema as a value of an object or array

Keywords fall under one or both of two categories (mostly):

Assertions: produce a boolean result when applied to an instance

Annotations: attach information to an instance for application use

"properties" keyword

properties is an object

The values of the object are applied to the instance according to matching objects keys

```
"genomicFeatures": true
"phenotypicFeatures": true
```

Remember, the values of a 'properties' object must be Schemas. A Boolean is a valid Schema.

A Boolean can be a schema?

What's a Schema again? (pt 2)

An Object or a Boolean

Expressing no constraints

{}

An empty object

true

a 'true' boolean value

Result in false assertion for validation

{ "not": {} }

`not` keyword: inverts the assertion result

false

a 'false' boolean value

Does it work?

```
"type": [
 "array"
```

```
"patient": {
 "phenotypicFeaturs": "long nose"
```

oneOf what?

(More) Key Concepts

Applicator keywords: Determin how subschemas are applied to an instance location.

Include, but not limited to...

oneOf, allOf, and anyOf

The result of applying a schema to an instance is includes an assertion of validity.

The value of *0f keywords must be an array of Schemas.

The resulting assertion is a combination of the assertion results.

For example, one of requires that ONLY one of the Schemas in the array is valid.