

# Write an Android library



by [Romain Rochegude](#)

# Introduction

# Multiple purposes

- Database
- Networking
- JSON
- UI
- etc.

# Multiple types

- Helper (ex.: [retrofit](#), [jackson](#), [ButterKnife](#))
- Structural (ex. : [mosby](#), [Android Architecture Components](#))
- Complete feature, customizable with theme (ex.: [ZXing](#), [Android DirectoryChooser](#))
- UI (custom views or animations, ex.: [MPAndroidChart](#))

# Multiple implementations

- Pure code (classes and API, ex.: [mosby](#))
- Annotation processing at compile time (ex.: [ButterKnife](#))
- Annotation processing at runtime and [dynamic proxy](#) (ex.: [retrofit](#))

# 1. Common sense

**Follow OOP principles**

# Write immutable objects

Why? Because Objects Should Be Immutable

- <https://github.com/google/auto/tree/master/value>
- <https://github.com/gabrielittner/auto-value-with>
- <https://immutables.github.io/>

# Don't use `NULL` references

## Why NULL is Bad?

- Use of Optional?
  - <http://fernandocejas.com/2016/02/20/how-to-use-optional-on-android-and-java/>
  - <http://blog.jhades.org/java-8-how-to-use-optional/>
  - [http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/#\\_option](http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/#_option)
- or create new object instead of returning `null`



# Lazy

- [http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/# lazy](http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/#_lazy)
- <http://liviutudor.com/2012/06/06/simplify-your-singletons/>
- Native in Kotlin

# Failure strategy (fail fast vs. fail safe)

- Defensive programming
- Fail fast with preconditions
  - <https://github.com/android10/arrow>
- Fail safe with resilience (recover, retry)
  - [http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/#\\_try](http://www.vavr.io/vavr-docs/#_try)
  - <https://github.com/jhalterman/failsafe>
- [Need Robust Software? Make It Fragile](#)

## 2. Improve code quality

# Automate what's possible

- Pojomatic

- <http://www.pojomatic.org/>

“ configurable implementations of the `equals(Object)`, `hashCode()` and `toString()` methods inherited from `java.lang.Object` ”

- Pojo-tester

- <http://www.pojo.pl>

“ test your POJO against `equals`, `hashCode`, `toString`, `getters`, `setters` and even `constructors` ”

# Testing strategy

- Fluent assertions (ex.: [AssertJ](#), [truth](#))
- BDD frameworks (ex.: [JGiven](#), [Cucumber](#))
- Code coverage and mutation testing (ex.: [Zester](#))

# Static analysis

- Sonar
- Lint
- FindBugs
- PMD/CPD
- Error Prone
- Android support annotations

# Embrace Java ecosystem with existing libraries

<https://github.com/cxxr/better-java>

# **3. Reactive programming**



- RxJava and RxAndroid

“ RxJava – Reactive Extensions for the JVM – a library for composing asynchronous and event-based programs using observable sequences for the Java VM. ”

“ RxAndroid - RxJava bindings for Android ”

- Observables, subscribers
- Asynchronous programming (schedulers)
- Functional operators

# Benefits

- Responsive
- Resilient
- Message-driven

## **Make RxJava debugging easier**

<https://github.com/T-Spoon/Traceur>

“ Easier RxJava2 debugging with better stacktraces ”

## **A pretty good example of a rx-based library**

<https://github.com/tbruyelle/RxPermissions>

## **And more...**

<https://android-arsenal.com/tag/38>

## **4. Annotations and compile-time processing**

# Structure

- Java module containing annotation(s)
- Java module containing processor
- Android application module to demonstrate it

# Useful libraries

- [JavaPoet](#) (and now [KotlinPoet](#))

“ A Java API for generating .java source files. ”

- [AutoService](#)

“ A configuration/metadata generator for java.util.ServiceLoader-style service providers ”

- [Compile Testing](#)

“ Testing tools for javac and annotation processors ”

# Useful resources

- <http://hannesdorfmann.com/annotation-processing/annotationprocessing101>
- <https://github.com/RoRoche/AnnotationProcessorStarter>
- More implementation examples...
  - <https://android-arsenal.com/tag/166>

## 5. Extended toolkit



- Modeling using PlantUML
- Documenting using Markdown
- Generate Javadoc

## **6. Publication/distribution**

- The raw way: `svn externals`, `libs/*.jar`, `libs/*.aar`
- The modern way: upload files to a repository
  - Private repository (ex.: [Nexus](#))
  - Public repository (ex.: [JCenter](#))
  - Use of [Gradle tasks](#) (generate JARs/javadoc, sign, upload)

# Conclusion

- Follow OOP principles
- Enjoy the ecosystem (RxJava, APT, etc.)
- Provide a robust set of tests...
- ...and a clear JavaDoc and/or manual and/or demo application
- Automate whatever is possible with [Gradle](#)

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