



**Università degli studi di
Roma Tor Vergata**

Facoltà di Ingegneria

Roma2LUG
Linux User Group

Roma2LUG Incontra

Music On Linux

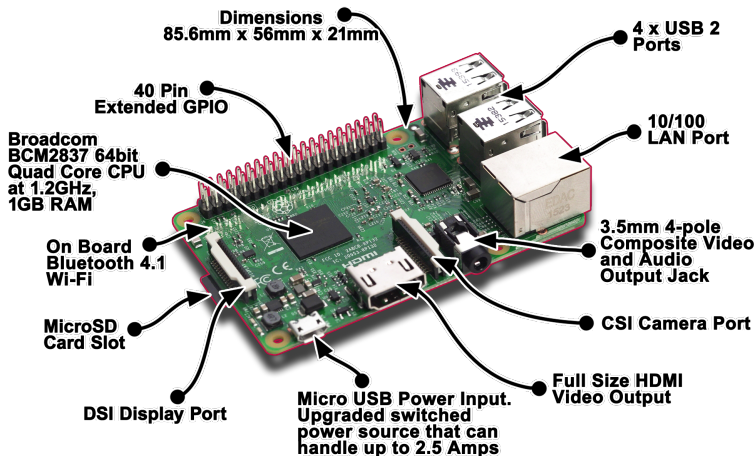
Speaker
Giulia Cassarà

Speaker
Emanuele Savo



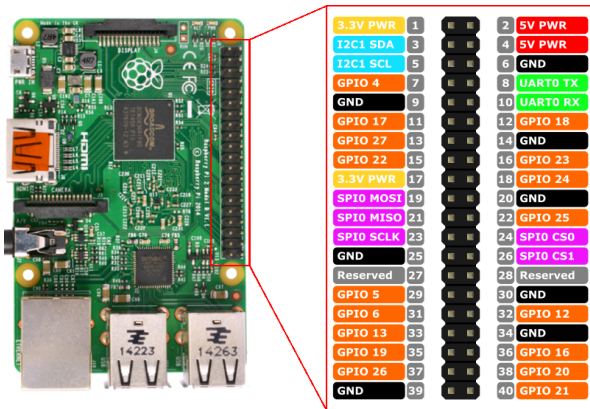
Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Born as a MiniPC
- Can reproduce HD movies
- The main difference with a PC are the GPIO ports



OpenStack

Esempio di topologia virtuale realizzabile sulla piattaforma IaaS



Suite di benchmark CRD (Cpu Ram Disk)

Loader & Worker



AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

- Download Raspbian OS for the Raspberry Pi

```
$ wget https://downloads.raspberrypi.org/  
raspbian_lite_latest
```

- Unzip Raspbian OS for the Raspberry Pi

```
$ unzip xxxx-xx-xx-raspbian-jessie-lite.zip
```

Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Insert SD card
- Search for device name of the SD card with this command:

```
$ sudo fdisk -l
```

- Search for info about your SD card. *Warning, be careful!*

```
Disk /dev/mmcblk0: 14,5 GiB, 15523119104 bytes, 30318592 sectors  
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: dos  
Disk identifier: 0x6f92008e
```

- Replace mmcblk0 with device name of your SD

```
$ sudo dd \  
if=/xxxx-xx-xx-raspbian-jessie-lite.img \  
of=/dev/mmcblk0
```

Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Connect ethernet cable to the Raspberry Pi
- Connect HDMI cable to the Raspberry Pi
- Connect micro USB power cable to the Raspberry Pi
- Waiting for complete boot...
- Login
 - user: pi
 - password: raspberry
- Execute these commands:

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
$ sudo apt-get dist-upgrade -y
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install rpi-update -y
```

Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Config Raspbian OS with this tool

```
$ sudo raspi-config
```

- Expand Filesystem
- Internationalisation Options
 - Change Locale
 - Change Timezone
 - Change Keyboard Layout
 - Change wifi Country

```
$ sudo reboot
```

- Update Raspberry Pi firmware

```
$ sudo rpi-update
```

```
$ sudo reboot
```


Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Install library for gpio and other tools

```
$ sudo apt-get install wiringpi git vim
```

- Download the scripts

```
$ git clone https://github.com/Roma2Lug-  
Projects/MusicOnLinux.git
```

- Open the script

```
$ cd MusicOnLinux  
$ vim keyboard.sh  
$ vim smario.sh
```

Suite di benchmark CRD (Cpu Ram Disk)

Loader & Worker



Studio Piattaforma IaaS

- Give execute permission

```
$ chmod +x keyboard.sh  
$ chmod +x smario.sh
```

- Execute the scripts!

```
$ ./keyboard.sh  
$ ./smario.sh
```

Keyboard.sh



```
#!/bin/bash
tone () {
local note="$1"
local duration="$2"
if test "$note" -eq 0; then
    gpio -g mode 18 in
else
    local period="$(perl -e"printf '%.0f\n',600000/440/2**(( $note-69)/12 )"")"
    gpio -g mode 18 pwm
    gpio pwmr "$(( period ))"
    gpio -g pwm 18 "$(( period/2 ))"
    gpio pwm-ms
    sleep $duration
    tone 0
fi
}
```

Keyboard.sh nel dettaglio



```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
tone () {  
    local note="$1"  
    local duration="$2"  
    if test "$note" -eq 0; then  
        gpio -g mode 18 in
```

- first parameter: note
- second parameter: duration of the note
- If the note is 0 I put the GPIO in input mode, so the speaker doesn't make any sound.

Keyboard.sh nel dettaglio(1)



```
else
    local period="$(perl -e"printf '%.0f\n',600000/440/2**(( $note-69)/12 )" )"
```

- We use the formula below to obtain the frequency of the note.

$$K \cdot \frac{440}{2^{\frac{X-69}{12}}} \quad (1)$$

- $K=600.000$ is a hardware constant.
- The twelfth root of two or $\sqrt[12]{2}$ is an algebraic irrational number. It is most important in music theory, where it represents the frequency ratio of a semitone in twelve-tone equal temperament.
- X is our note, encoded in ASCII. note 'A' = 69 and has a frequency of 440 Hz.

Keyboard.sh nel dettaglio(2)



```
gpio -g mode 18 pwm
  gpio pwmr "$(( period ))"
  gpio -g pwm 18 "$(( period/2 ))"
  gpio pwm-ms
  sleep $duration
  tone 0
```

- $K=600.000$ is a hardware constant.
- The twelfth root of two or $\sqrt[12]{2}$ is an algebraic irrational number. It is most important in music theory, where it represents the frequency ratio of a semitone in twelve-tone equal temperament.
- X is our note, encoded in ASCII. note 'A' = 69 and has a frequency of 440 Hz.



Grazie per l'attenzione

