Vex Team A 1.5.8

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.13

Mon Jan 15 2018 11:02:31

Contents

1	InTh	heZoneA	1
2	Nam	nespace Index	1
	2.1	Namespace List	1
3	Data	a Structure Index	2
	3.1	Data Structures	2
4	File	Index	2
	4.1	File List	2
5	Nam	nespace Documentation	4
	5.1	testMath Namespace Reference	5
		5.1.1 Function Documentation	5
6	Data	a Structure Documentation	5
	6.1	_matrix Struct Reference	5
		6.1.1 Detailed Description	5
		6.1.2 Field Documentation	5
	6.2	accelerometer_odometry Struct Reference	6
		6.2.1 Detailed Description	6
		6.2.2 Field Documentation	7
	6.3	cord Struct Reference	7
		6.3.1 Detailed Description	7
		6.3.2 Field Documentation	8
	6.4	encoder_odemtry Struct Reference	8
		6.4.1 Detailed Description	8
		6.4.2 Field Documentation	8
	6.5	lcd buttons Struct Reference	9

i CONTENTS

| | 6.5.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | | . 9 |
|------|----------|--------------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 6.5.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 10 |
| 6.6 | list_ite | rator_t Struct Reference | · . |
 | . 10 |
| | 6.6.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 11 |
| | 6.6.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 11 |
| 6.7 | list_no | de Struct Reference . | |
 | . 11 |
| | 6.7.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 11 |
| | 6.7.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 12 |
| 6.8 | list_t S | truct Reference | |
 | . 12 |
| | 6.8.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 13 |
| | 6.8.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 13 |
| 6.9 | location | n Struct Reference | |
 | . 14 |
| | 6.9.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 14 |
| | 6.9.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 14 |
| 6.10 | menu_ | t Struct Reference | |
 | . 15 |
| | 6.10.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 15 |
| | 6.10.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 16 |
| 6.11 | polar_c | cord Struct Reference | |
 | . 20 |
| | 6.11.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | . 20 |
| | 6.11.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 21 |
| 6.12 | routine | _t Struct Reference . | |
 | . 21 |
| | 6.12.1 | Detailed Description | |
 | | . 21 |
| | 6.12.2 | Field Documentation | |
 | . 22 |

7	File	Docum	entation	22
	7.1	include	e/auto.h File Reference	22
		7.1.1	Detailed Description	23
		7.1.2	Macro Definition Documentation	23
	7.2	auto.h		26
	7.3	include	battery.h File Reference	26
		7.3.1	Detailed Description	27
		7.3.2	Macro Definition Documentation	27
		7.3.3	Function Documentation	28
	7.4	battery	h	29
	7.5	include	claw.h File Reference	29
		7.5.1	Detailed Description	30
		7.5.2	Macro Definition Documentation	30
		7.5.3	Enumeration Type Documentation	32
		7.5.4	Function Documentation	33
	7.6	claw.h		34
	7.7	include	controller.h File Reference	35
		7.7.1	Detailed Description	36
		7.7.2	Macro Definition Documentation	36
		7.7.3	Enumeration Type Documentation	38
		7.7.4	Function Documentation	40
	7.8	control	ler.h	40
	7.9	include	drive.h File Reference	41
		7.9.1	Detailed Description	42
		7.9.2	Macro Definition Documentation	42
		7.9.3	Typedef Documentation	42
		7.9.4	Enumeration Type Documentation	43
		7.9.5	Function Documentation	43

v CONTENTS

7.10 drive.h	45
7.11 include/encoders.h File Reference	45
7.11.1 Detailed Description	46
7.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation	46
7.11.3 Function Documentation	47
7.12 encoders.h	48
7.13 include/gyro.h File Reference	48
7.13.1 Macro Definition Documentation	49
7.13.2 Function Documentation	49
7.14 gyro.h	50
7.15 include/lcd.h File Reference	50
7.15.1 Detailed Description	51
7.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation	51
7.15.3 Enumeration Type Documentation	52
7.15.4 Function Documentation	52
7.16 lcd.h	56
7.17 include/lifter.h File Reference	56
7.17.1 Detailed Description	58
7.17.2 Macro Definition Documentation	58
7.17.3 Function Documentation	63
7.18 lifter.h	68
7.19 include/list.h File Reference	69
7.19.1 Macro Definition Documentation	69
7.19.2 Typedef Documentation	70
7.19.3 Enumeration Type Documentation	70
7.19.4 Function Documentation	70
7.20 list.h	74
7.21 include/localization.h File Reference	76

7	7.21.1 Detailed Description	76
7	7.21.2 Macro Definition Documentation	76
7	7.21.3 Function Documentation	77
7.22 l	ocalization.h	79
7.23 i	nclude/log.h File Reference	79
7	7.23.1 Detailed Description	80
7	7.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation	80
7	7.23.3 Function Documentation	82
7.24 l	og.h	85
7.25 i	nclude/main.h File Reference	85
7	7.25.1 Detailed Description	86
7	7.25.2 Function Documentation	86
7.26 r	main.h	89
7.27 i	nclude/matrix.h File Reference	89
7	7.27.1 Detailed Description	90
7	7.27.2 Typedef Documentation	91
7	7.27.3 Function Documentation	91
7.28 r	matrix.h	98
7.29 i	nclude/menu.h File Reference	98
7	7.29.1 Detailed Description	99
7	7.29.2 Typedef Documentation	99
7	7.29.3 Enumeration Type Documentation	00
7	7.29.4 Function Documentation	01
7.30 r	menu.h	05
7.31 i	nclude/mobile_goal_intake.h File Reference	05
7	7.31.1 Function Documentation	06
7.32 r	mobile_goal_intake.h	07
7.33 i	nclude/motor_ports.h File Reference	07

vi CONTENTS

7.33.1 Detailed Description
7.33.2 Macro Definition Documentation
7.34 motor_ports.h
7.35 include/partner.h File Reference
7.35.1 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.35.2 Function Documentation
7.36 partner.h
7.37 include/potentiometer.h File Reference
7.37.1 Macro Definition Documentation
7.38 potentiometer.h
7.39 include/routines.h File Reference
7.39.1 Typedef Documentation
7.39.2 Function Documentation
7.40 routines.h
7.41 include/sensor_ports.h File Reference
7.41.1 Macro Definition Documentation
7.42 sensor_ports.h
7.43 include/slew.h File Reference
7.43.1 Detailed Description
7.43.2 Macro Definition Documentation
7.43.3 Function Documentation
7.44 slew.h
7.45 include/toggle.h File Reference
7.45.1 Function Documentation
7.46 toggle.h
7.47 include/vlib.h File Reference
7.47.1 Detailed Description
7.47.2 Function Documentation

CONTENTS vii

7.48	vlib.h
7.49	include/vmath.h File Reference
	7.49.1 Detailed Description
	7.49.2 Macro Definition Documentation
	7.49.3 Function Documentation
7.50	vmath.h
7.51	README.md File Reference
7.52	README.md
7.53	src/auto.c File Reference
	7.53.1 Detailed Description
	7.53.2 Function Documentation
7.54	auto.c
7.55	src/battery.c File Reference
	7.55.1 Function Documentation
7.56	battery.c
7.57	src/claw.c File Reference
	7.57.1 Function Documentation
	7.57.2 Variable Documentation
7.58	claw.c
7.59	src/controller.c File Reference
	7.59.1 Function Documentation
7.60	controller.c
7.61	src/drive.c File Reference
	7.61.1 Function Documentation
	7.61.2 Variable Documentation
7.62	drive.c
7.63	src/encoders.c File Reference
	7.63.1 Function Documentation

VIII CONTENTS

7.64 encoders.c	147
7.65 src/gyro.c File Reference	147
7.65.1 Function Documentation	148
7.65.2 Variable Documentation	148
7.66 gyro.c	149
7.67 src/init.c File Reference	149
7.67.1 Detailed Description	149
7.67.2 Function Documentation	150
7.67.3 Variable Documentation	150
7.68 init.c	151
7.69 src/lcd.c File Reference	151
7.69.1 Function Documentation	152
7.69.2 Variable Documentation	156
7.70 lcd.c	157
7.71 src/lifter.c File Reference	158
7.71.1 Function Documentation	158
7.71.2 Variable Documentation	164
7.72 lifter.c	165
7.73 src/list.c File Reference	167
7.73.1 Function Documentation	167
7.74 list.c	170
7.75 src/list_iterator.c File Reference	172
7.75.1 Function Documentation	173
7.76 list_iterator.c	174
7.77 src/list_node.c File Reference	174
7.77.1 Function Documentation	175
7.78 list_node.c	175
7.79 src/localization.c File Reference	175

CONTENTS ix

	7.79.1 Macro Definition Documentation
	7.79.2 Function Documentation
	7.79.3 Variable Documentation
7.80	localization.c
7.81	src/log.c File Reference
	7.81.1 Function Documentation
	7.81.2 Variable Documentation
7.82	log.c
7.83	src/matrix.c File Reference
	7.83.1 Function Documentation
7.84	matrix.c
7.85	src/menu.c File Reference
	7.85.1 Function Documentation
7.86	menu.c
7.87	src/mobile_goal_intake.c File Reference
	7.87.1 Function Documentation
7.88	mobile_goal_intake.c
7.89	src/opcontrol.c File Reference
	7.89.1 Detailed Description
	7.89.2 Function Documentation
7.90	opcontrol.c
7.91	src/partner.c File Reference
	7.91.1 Function Documentation
	7.91.2 Variable Documentation
7.92	partner.c
7.93	src/routines.c File Reference
	7.93.1 Function Documentation
	7.93.2 Variable Documentation

1 InTheZoneA

7.94 routines.c
7.95 src/slew.c File Reference
7.95.1 Function Documentation
7.95.2 Variable Documentation
7.96 slew.c
7.97 src/toggle.c File Reference
7.97.1 Function Documentation
7.97.2 Variable Documentation
7.98 toggle.c
7.99 src/vlib.c File Reference
7.99.1 Function Documentation
7.100vlib.c
7.101src/vmath.c File Reference
7.101.1 Function Documentation
7.102vmath.c
7.103test_code/testMath.py File Reference
7.104testMath.py
7.105testMath.py File Reference
7.106testMath.py

1 InTheZoneA

Team A code for In The Zone

2 Namespace Index

2.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

testMath 5

3 Data Structure Index

3.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

_matrix	5
accelerometer_odometry	6
cord A struct that contains cartesian coordinates	7
encoder_odemtry	8
lcd_buttons State of the lcd buttons	9
list_iterator_t	10
list_node	11
list_t	12
location	14
menu_t Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint _menu	15
polar_cord A struct that contains polar coordinates	20
routine_t	21

4 File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

testMath.py	229
include/ auto.h Autonomous declarations and macros	22
include/ battery.h Battery management related functions	26
include/ claw.h Code for controlling the claw that grabs the cones	29

4.1 File List 3

include/ controller.h Controller definitions, macros and functions to assist with usig the vex controllers	35
include/ drive.h Drive base definitions and enumerations	41
include/ encoders.h Wrapper around encoder functions	45
include/ gyro.h	48
include/ lcd.h LCD wrapper functions and macros	50
include/ lifter.h Declarations and macros for controlling and manipulating the lifter	56
include/ list.h	69
include/ localization.h Declarations and macros for determining the location of the robot. [WIP]	76
include/ log.h Contains logging functions	79
include/ main.h Header file for global functions None of the matrix operations below change the input matrices if an input is required. They all return a ne with the new changes. Because memory issues are so prevelant, be sure to use the function to reclaim some memory 89	
include/ menu.h Contains menu functionality and abstraction	98
include/ mobile_goal_intake.h Macros for the different motors ports 107	105
include/ partner.h	112
include/ potentiometer.h	114
include/ routines.h	114
include/ sensor_ports.h	116
include/ slew.h Contains the slew rate controller wrapper for the motors	118
include/ toggle.h	122
include/ vlib.h Contains misc helpful functions	125
include/ vmath.h	

CYO/ OLITO O	
File for autonomous code	133
src/ battery.c	136
src/ claw.c	138
src/ controller.c	140
src/ drive.c	141
src/ encoders.c	145
src/ gyro.c	147
src/ init.c File for initialization code	149
src/ lcd.c	151
src/ lifter.c	158
src/ list.c	167
src/ list_iterator.c	172
src/ list_node.c	174
src/ localization.c	175
src/ log.c	182
src/ matrix.c	187
src/ menu.c	198
src/ mobile_goal_intake.c	206
src/ opcontrol.c File for operator control code	208
src/ partner.c	209
src/ routines.c	211
src/ slew.c	214
src/ toggle.c	218
src/ vlib.c	222
src/ vmath.c	225
test_code/ testMath.py	229

5 Namespace Documentation

5.1 testMath Namespace Reference

Functions

```
• def test (I1, I2)
```

5.1.1 Function Documentation

```
5.1.1.1 test()
```

```
def testMath.test (
          11,
          12 )
```

Definition at line 3 of file testMath.py.

6 Data Structure Documentation

6.1 _matrix Struct Reference

```
#include <matrix.h>
```

Data Fields

- double * data
- int height
- int width

6.1.1 Detailed Description

A struct representing a matrix

Definition at line 16 of file matrix.h.

6.1.2 Field Documentation

6.1.2.1 data

double* _matrix::data

Definition at line 19 of file matrix.h.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), freeMatrix(), identityMatrix(), makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), printMatrix(), rowSwap(), scaleMatrix(), traceMatrix(), and transposeMatrix().

6.1.2.2 height

int _matrix::height

Definition at line 17 of file matrix.h.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), printMatrix(), rowSwap(), scaleMatrix(), traceMatrix(), and transposeMatrix().

6.1.2.3 width

int _matrix::width

Definition at line 18 of file matrix.h.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), printMatrix(), rowSwap(), scaleMatrix(), traceMatrix(), and transposeMatrix().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- · include/ matrix.h
- 6.2 accelerometer_odometry Struct Reference

Data Fields

- double x
- double y

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 18 of file localization.c.

6.3 cord Struct Reference 7

6.2.2 Field Documentation

6.2.2.1 x

 $\verb|double| accelerometer_odometry::x|$

Definition at line 19 of file localization.c.

6.2.2.2 y

double accelerometer_odometry::y

Definition at line 20 of file localization.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

src/ localization.c

6.3 cord Struct Reference

A struct that contains cartesian coordinates.

#include <vmath.h>

Data Fields

- float x
- float y

6.3.1 Detailed Description

A struct that contains cartesian coordinates.

Date

9/9/2017

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 32 of file vmath.h.

6.3.2 Field Documentation

6.3.2.1 x

float cord::x

the x coordinate

Definition at line 34 of file vmath.h.

Referenced by get_joystick_cord(), and update_drive_motors().

6.3.2.2 y

float cord::y

the y coordinate

Definition at line 36 of file vmath.h.

Referenced by get_joystick_cord(), and update_drive_motors().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/ vmath.h
- 6.4 encoder_odemtry Struct Reference

Data Fields

- · double theta
- double x
- double y
- 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file localization.c.

6.4.2 Field Documentation

6.4.2.1 theta

double encoder_odemtry::theta

Definition at line 15 of file localization.c.

Referenced by calculate_encoder_odemetry(), and integrate_gyro_w().

6.4.2.2 x

double encoder_odemtry::x

Definition at line 13 of file localization.c.

6.4.2.3 y

double encoder_odemtry::y

Definition at line 14 of file localization.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

src/ localization.c

6.5 Icd_buttons Struct Reference

represents the state of the lcd buttons

```
#include <lcd.h>
```

Data Fields

- · button_state left
- · button_state middle
- button_state right

6.5.1 Detailed Description

represents the state of the lcd buttons

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 48 of file lcd.h.

6.5.2 Field Documentation

```
button_state lcd_buttons::left

Definition at line 49 of file lcd.h.

Referenced by lcd_get_pressed_buttons().

6.5.2.2 middle

button_state lcd_buttons::middle

Definition at line 50 of file lcd.h.

Referenced by lcd_get_pressed_buttons().
```

```
6.5.2.3 right
```

```
button_state lcd_buttons::right
```

Definition at line 51 of file lcd.h.

Referenced by Icd_get_pressed_buttons().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/ lcd.h

6.6 list_iterator_t Struct Reference

```
#include <list.h>
```

Data Fields

- · list_direction_t direction
- list_node_t * next

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 62 of file list.h.

6.6.2 Field Documentation

6.6.2.1 direction

```
list_direction_t list_iterator_t::direction
```

Definition at line 64 of file list.h.

6.6.2.2 next

```
list_node_t* list_iterator_t::next
```

Definition at line 63 of file list.h.

Referenced by list_iterator_new_from_node().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/ list.h

6.7 list_node Struct Reference

```
#include <list.h>
```

Data Fields

- struct list node * next
- struct list_node * prev
- void * **val**

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 40 of file list.h.

6.7.2 Field Documentation

6.7.2.1 next

```
struct list_node* list_node::next
```

Definition at line 42 of file list.h.

Referenced by list_destroy(), list_iterator_next(), list_lpop(), list_lpush(), list_node_new(), list_remove(), list_rpop(), and list_rpush().

6.7.2.2 prev

```
struct list_node* list_node::prev
```

Definition at line 41 of file list.h.

Referenced by list_iterator_next(), list_lpop(), list_lpush(), list_node_new(), list_remove(), list_rpop(), and list_rpush().

6.7.2.3 val

```
void* list_node::val
```

Definition at line 43 of file list.h.

Referenced by list_destroy(), list_find(), list_node_new(), list_remove(), register_routine(), and routine_task().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/ list.h

6.8 list t Struct Reference

```
#include <list.h>
```

Data Fields

- void(* free)(void *val)
- list_node_t * head
- unsigned int len
- int(* match)(void *a, void *b)
- list_node_t * tail

6.8.1 Detailed Description Definition at line 50 of file list.h. 6.8.2 Field Documentation 6.8.2.1 free void(* list_t::free) (void *val) Definition at line 54 of file list.h. 6.8.2.2 head list_node_t* list_t::head Definition at line 51 of file list.h. Referenced by list_iterator_new(), and list_new(). 6.8.2.3 len unsigned int list_t::len Definition at line 53 of file list.h. 6.8.2.4 match int(* list_t::match) (void *a, void *b) Definition at line 55 of file list.h. 6.8.2.5 tail list_node_t* list_t::tail Definition at line 52 of file list.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/ list.h

Referenced by list_iterator_new().

6.9 location Struct Reference

#include <localization.h>

Data Fields

- int theta
- int x
- int **y**

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Vector storing the cartesian cords and an angle

Definition at line 24 of file localization.h.

6.9.2 Field Documentation

6.9.2.1 theta

int location::theta

Definition at line 27 of file localization.h.

6.9.2.2 x

int location::x

Definition at line 25 of file localization.h.

6.9.2.3 y

int location::y

Definition at line 26 of file localization.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/ localization.h

6.10 menu_t Struct Reference

Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint_menu.

#include <menu.h>

Data Fields

· int current

contains the current index of menu.

· unsigned int length

contains the length of options char**.

• int max

contains the maximum int value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value

· float max_f

contains the maximum float value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value

int min

contains the minimum int value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value

float min_f

contains the minimum float value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value

char ** options

contains the array of string options.

char * prompt

contains the prompt to display on the first line. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press. Defaults to one

• int step

contains the step int value of menu. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press. Defaults to one

· float step_f

contains the step float value of menu. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press. Defaults to 1.0f

• enum menu_type type

contains the type of menu.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint_menu.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

```
See also
     menu.h (p. 98)
     menu_t (p. 15)
     create_menu (p. 200)
     init_menu
     display_menu (p. 201)
     menu_type (p. 100)
     denint_menu (p. 200)
Definition at line 66 of file menu.h.
6.10.2 Field Documentation
6.10.2.1 current
int menu_t::current
contains the current index of menu.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 142 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), display_menu(), and init_menu_int().
6.10.2.2 length
unsigned int menu_t::length
contains the length of options char**.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 86 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), and init_menu_var().
```

```
6.10.2.3 max
int menu_t::max
contains the maximum int value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 102 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_int().
6.10.2.4 max_f
float menu_t::max_f
contains the maximum float value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 127 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_float().
6.10.2.5 min
int menu_t::min
contains the minimum int value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 94 of file menu.h.
```

Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_int().

```
6.10.2.6 min_f
float menu_t::min_f
contains the minimum float value of menu. Defaults to minimum int value
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 119 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_float().
6.10.2.7 options
char** menu_t::options
contains the array of string options.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 79 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), denint_menu(), and init_menu_var().
6.10.2.8 prompt
char* menu_t::prompt
contains the prompt to display on the first line. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press.
Defaults to one
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 150 of file menu.h.
Referenced by create_menu(), denint_menu(), and display_menu().
```

```
6.10.2.9 step
int menu_t::step
contains the step int value of menu. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press. Defaults
to one
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 111 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_int().
6.10.2.10 step_f
float menu_t::step_f
contains the step float value of menu. Step is how much the int menu will increase of decrease with each press. Defaults
to 1.0f
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 136 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), create_menu(), and init_menu_float().
```

```
6.10.2.11 type
enum menu_type menu_t::type
contains the type of menu.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
Definition at line 72 of file menu.h.
Referenced by calculate_current_display(), and create_menu().
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:
    • include/ menu.h
6.11 polar_cord Struct Reference
A struct that contains polar coordinates.
#include <vmath.h>
Data Fields
    • float angle
    • float magnitue
6.11.1 Detailed Description
A struct that contains polar coordinates.
Date
     9/9/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
```

Definition at line 20 of file vmath.h.

6.11.2 Field Documentation

6.11.2.1 angle

float polar_cord::angle

the angle of the vector

Definition at line 22 of file vmath.h.

Referenced by cartesian_to_polar().

6.11.2.2 magnitue

float polar_cord::magnitue

the magnitude of the vector

Definition at line 24 of file vmath.h.

Referenced by cartesian_to_polar().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/ vmath.h

6.12 routine_t Struct Reference

#include <routines.h>

Data Fields

- button_t * blocked_buttons
- button_t on_button
- void(* routine)()

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 3 of file routines.h.

6.12.2 Field Documentation

```
6.12.2.1 blocked_buttons
```

```
button_t* routine_t::blocked_buttons
```

Definition at line 5 of file routines.h.

Referenced by register_routine().

```
6.12.2.2 on_button
```

```
button_t routine_t::on_button
```

Definition at line 4 of file routines.h.

Referenced by register_routine(), and routine_task().

6.12.2.3 routine

```
void(* routine_t::routine) ()
```

Definition at line 6 of file routines.h.

Referenced by register_routine(), and routine_task().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/ routines.h

7 File Documentation

7.1 include/auto.h File Reference

Autonomous declarations and macros.

```
#include "claw.h"
#include "drive.h"
#include "lifter.h"
#include "sensor_ports.h"
#include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
#include "localization.h"
```

Macros

• #define **DEPLOY_HEIGHT** 500

height at which rubber bands do a do

#define FRONT_LEFT_IME 0

Front left motor integrated motor encoder.

• #define GOAL_HEIGHT 1325

The height of the goal using potentiometer readings.

- #define HALF_ROTATE M_PI
- #define LOWEST_HEIGHT 0
- #define MAX_HEIGHT 3090
- #define MID LEFT DRIVE 1

Middle left motor integrated motor encoder.

• #define MID_RIGHT_DRIVE 4

Middle right motor integrated motor encoder.

- #define MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE 4000
- #define MOBILE_GOAL_HEIGHT 3090
- #define STOP_ONE 500

First Stop position for stationary autonomous.

• #define **ZONE_DISTANCE** 1000

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Autonomous declarations and macros.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/18/2017

Definition in file auto.h.

7.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.1.2.1 DEPLOY_HEIGHT

#define DEPLOY_HEIGHT 500

height at which rubber bands do a do

Definition at line 45 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.2 FRONT_LEFT_IME

```
#define FRONT_LEFT_IME 0
```

Front left motor integrated motor encoder.

Definition at line 20 of file auto.h.

7.1.2.3 GOAL_HEIGHT

```
#define GOAL_HEIGHT 1325
```

The height of the goal using potentiometer readings.

Definition at line 40 of file auto.h.

7.1.2.4 HALF_ROTATE

```
#define HALF_ROTATE M_PI
```

Definition at line 57 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.5 LOWEST_HEIGHT

```
#define LOWEST_HEIGHT 0
```

Definition at line 47 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.6 MAX_HEIGHT

#define MAX_HEIGHT 3090

Definition at line 53 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.7 MID_LEFT_DRIVE

#define MID_LEFT_DRIVE 1

Middle left motor integrated motor encoder.

Definition at line 25 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.8 MID_RIGHT_DRIVE

#define MID_RIGHT_DRIVE 4

Middle right motor integrated motor encoder.

Definition at line 30 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.9 MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE

#define MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE 4000

Definition at line 51 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.10 MOBILE_GOAL_HEIGHT

#define MOBILE_GOAL_HEIGHT 3090

Definition at line 49 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.1.2.11 STOP_ONE

#define STOP_ONE 500

First Stop position for stationary autonomous.

Definition at line 35 of file auto.h.

7.1.2.12 ZONE_DISTANCE

```
#define ZONE_DISTANCE 1000
```

Definition at line 55 of file auto.h.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.2 auto.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _AUTO_H_
00008 #define _AUTO_H_
00009
00010 #include "claw.h"
00011 #include "drive.h"
00012 #include "lifter.h"
00013 #include "sensor_ports.h"
00014 #include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
00015 #include "localization.h"
00016
00020 #define FRONT_LEFT_IME 0
00021
00025 #define MID_LEFT_DRIVE 1
00026
00030 #define MID_RIGHT_DRIVE 4
00031
00035 #define STOP_ONE 500
00036
00040 #define GOAL_HEIGHT 1325
00041
00045 #define DEPLOY_HEIGHT 500
00046
00047 #define LOWEST_HEIGHT 0
00048
00049 #define MOBILE_GOAL_HEIGHT 3090
00050
00051 #define MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE 4000
00052
00053 #define MAX_HEIGHT 3090
00054
00055 #define ZONE_DISTANCE 1000
00056
00057 #define HALF_ROTATE M_PI
00058
00059 #endif
```

7.3 include/battery.h File Reference

Battery management related functions.

```
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

#define MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE 7.8

The minimum acceptable backup battery voltage beofre a match.

• #define MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE 7.8

The minimum acceptable main battery voltage beofre a match.

Functions

- double backup_battery_voltage ()
 gets the backup battery voltage
- bool battery_level_acceptable () returns if the batteries are acceptable
- double main_battery_voltage ()
 gets the main battery voltage

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Battery management related functions.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/18/2017

Definition in file battery.h.

7.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.3.2.1 MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE

```
#define MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE 7.8
```

The minimum acceptable backup battery voltage beofre a match.

Definition at line 20 of file battery.h.

Referenced by battery_level_acceptable().

7.3.2.2 MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE

```
#define MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE 7.8
```

The minimum acceptable main battery voltage beofre a match.

Definition at line 15 of file battery.h.

Referenced by battery_level_acceptable().

7.3.3 Function Documentation 7.3.3.1 backup_battery_voltage() double backup_battery_voltage () gets the backup battery voltage **Author** Chris Jerrett Definition at line 14 of file battery.c. Referenced by battery_level_acceptable(). 7.3.3.2 battery_level_acceptable() bool battery_level_acceptable () returns if the batteries are acceptable See also MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE (p. 27) MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE (p. 27) **Author** Chris Jerrett Definition at line 23 of file battery.c. References backup_battery_voltage(), main_battery_voltage(), MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE, and MIN_MAIN_V -OLTAGE. Referenced by initialize().

7.4 battery.h 29

7.3.3.3 main_battery_voltage()

```
double main_battery_voltage ( )
```

gets the main battery voltage

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 8 of file battery.c.

Referenced by battery_level_acceptable().

7.4 battery.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _BATTERY_H_
00008 #define _BATTERY_H_
00009
00010 #include <API.h>
00011
00015 #define MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE 7.8
00016
00020 #define MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE 7.8
00021
00026 double main_battery_voltage();
00027
00032 double backup_battery_voltage();
00033
00041 bool battery_level_acceptable();
00042
00043 #endif
```

7.5 include/claw.h File Reference

Code for controlling the claw that grabs the cones.

```
#include "controller.h"
#include "motor_ports.h"
#include "sensor_ports.h"
#include "slew.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

#define CLAW_CLOSE MASTER, 5, JOY_UP

The joystick parameters for closing the claw.

• #define CLAW_CLOSE_VAL 3000

The potentiometer value for a closed claw.

#define CLAW_OPEN MASTER, 5, JOY DOWN

The joystick parameters for opening the claw.

• #define CLAW OPEN VAL 1500

The potentiometer value for a open claw.

#define MAX CLAW SPEED 127

The max motor vlaue of the claw.

#define MIN_CLAW_SPEED -127

The min motor vlaue of the claw.

Enumerations

enum claw_state { CLAW_OPEN_STATE, CLAW_CLOSE_STATE, CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE }
 The different states of the claw.

Functions

· void close_claw ()

Drives the motors to close the claw.

• unsigned int getClawTicks ()

Gets the claw position in potentiometer ticks.

• void open_claw ()

Drives the motors to open the claw.

• void **set_claw_motor** (const int v)

sets the claw motor speed

• void update_claw ()

Updates the claw motor values.

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Code for controlling the claw that grabs the cones.

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian Desimone

Date

8/30/2017

Definition in file claw.h.

7.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.5.2.1 CLAW_CLOSE

```
#define CLAW_CLOSE MASTER, 5, JOY_UP
```

The joystick parameters for closing the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 31 of file claw.h.

Referenced by update_claw().

7.5.2.2 CLAW_CLOSE_VAL #define CLAW_CLOSE_VAL 3000 The potentiometer value for a closed claw. Author Chris Jerrett Definition at line 43 of file claw.h. 7.5.2.3 CLAW_OPEN #define CLAW_OPEN MASTER, 5, JOY_DOWN The joystick parameters for opening the claw. **Author** Chris Jerrett Definition at line 37 of file claw.h. Referenced by update_claw(). 7.5.2.4 CLAW_OPEN_VAL #define CLAW_OPEN_VAL 1500 The potentiometer value for a open claw. Author Chris Jerrett

Generated on Mon Jan 15 2018 11:02:31 for Vex Team A by Doxygen

Definition at line 49 of file claw.h.

7.5.2.5 MAX_CLAW_SPEED

#define MAX_CLAW_SPEED 127

The max motor vlaue of the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 20 of file claw.h.

Referenced by open_claw(), and update_claw().

7.5.2.6 MIN_CLAW_SPEED

#define MIN_CLAW_SPEED -127

The min motor vlaue of the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 25 of file claw.h.

Referenced by close_claw(), and update_claw().

7.5.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.5.3.1 claw_state

enum claw_state

The different states of the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Enumerator

CLAW_OPEN_STATE	
CLAW_CLOSE_STATE	
CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE	

Definition at line 85 of file claw.h.

7.5.4 Function Documentation

```
7.5.4.1 close_claw()
```

```
void close_claw ( )
```

Drives the motors to close the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 44 of file claw.c.

References CLAW_MOTOR, MIN_CLAW_SPEED, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous().

7.5.4.2 getClawTicks()

```
unsigned int getClawTicks ( )
```

Gets the claw position in potentiometer ticks.

Author

Chris Jerrett

7.5.4.3 open_claw()

```
void open_claw ( )
```

Drives the motors to open the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 38 of file claw.c.

References CLAW_MOTOR, MAX_CLAW_SPEED, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous().

7.5.4.4 set_claw_motor()

```
void set_claw_motor ( const int v)
```

sets the claw motor speed

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 32 of file claw.c.

References CLAW_MOTOR, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous(), and update_claw().

7.5.4.5 update_claw()

```
void update_claw ( )
```

Updates the claw motor values.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 10 of file claw.c.

References CLAW_CLOSE, CLAW_CLOSE_STATE, CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE, CLAW_OPEN, CLAW_OPE N_STATE, MAX_CLAW_SPEED, MIN_CLAW_SPEED, set_claw_motor(), and state.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.6 claw.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _CLAW_H_
00008 #define _CLAW_H_
00009
00010 #include "controller.h"
00011 #include "motor_ports.h"
00012 #include "sensor_ports.h"
00013 #include "slew.h"
00014 #include <API.h>
00015
00020 #define MAX_CLAW_SPEED 127
00021
00025 #define MIN_CLAW_SPEED -127
00031 #define CLAW_CLOSE MASTER, 5, JOY_UP
00037 #define CLAW_OPEN MASTER, 5, JOY_DOWN
00043 #define CLAW_CLOSE_VAL 3000
00044
00049 #define CLAW_OPEN_VAL 1500
00050
00055 void update_claw();
00056
00061 void set_claw_motor(const int v);
00062
00067 unsigned int getClawTicks();
00068
00073 void open_claw();
00074
00079 void close_claw();
08000
00085 enum claw_state { CLAW_OPEN_STATE, CLAW_CLOSE_STATE, CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE };
00086
00087 #endif
```

7.7 include/controller.h File Reference

controller definitions, macros and functions to assist with usig the vex controllers.

```
#include "vmath.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

- #define LEFT BUMPERS 6
- #define LEFT_BUTTONS 7
- #define LEFT JOY X 4

the left x joystick on controller

#define LEFT_JOY_Y 3

the left y joystick on controller

#define MASTER 1

the master controller

• #define PARTNER 2

the slave/partner controller

- #define RIGHT_BUMPERS 5
- #define RIGHT_BUTTONS 8
- #define RIGHT_JOY_X 1

the right x joystick on controller

• #define RIGHT_JOY_Y 2

the right y joystick on controller

Enumerations

```
enum button_t {
    JOY1_5D = 0, JOY1_5U = 1, JOY1_6D = 2, JOY1_6U = 3,
    JOY1_7U = 4, JOY1_7L = 5, JOY1_7R = 6, JOY1_7D = 7,
    JOY1_8U = 8, JOY1_8L = 9, JOY1_8R = 10, JOY1_8D = 11,
    JOY2_5D = 12, JOY2_5U = 13, JOY2_6D = 14, JOY2_6U = 15,
    JOY2_7U = 16, JOY2_7L = 17, JOY2_7R = 18, JOY2_7D = 19,
    JOY2_8U = 20, JOY2_8L = 21, JOY2_8R = 22, JOY2_8D = 23,
    LCD_LEFT = 24, LCD_CENT = 25, LCD_RIGHT = 26 }
enum joystick { RIGHT_JOY, LEFT_JOY }
```

Represents a joystick on the controller.

Functions

struct cord get_joystick_cord (enum joystick side, int controller)

Gets the location of a joystick on the controller.

7.7.1 Detailed Description

controller definitions, macros and functions to assist with usig the vex controllers.

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian Desimone

Date

9/9/2017

Definition in file controller.h.

7.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.7.2.1 LEFT_BUMPERS

#define LEFT_BUMPERS 6

Definition at line 18 of file controller.h.

7.7.2.2 LEFT_BUTTONS

#define LEFT_BUTTONS 7

Definition at line 16 of file controller.h.

7.7.2.3 LEFT_JOY_X

#define LEFT_JOY_X 4

the left x joystick on controller

Date

9/1/2017

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 88 of file controller.h.

Referenced by get_joystick_cord().

```
7.7.2.4 LEFT_JOY_Y
#define LEFT_JOY_Y 3
the left y joystick on controller
Date
     9/1/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 95 of file controller.h.
Referenced by get_joystick_cord().
7.7.2.5 MASTER
#define MASTER 1
the master controller
Date
     9/1/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 60 of file controller.h.
Referenced by update_drive_motors(), and update_intake().
7.7.2.6 PARTNER
#define PARTNER 2
the slave/partner controller
Date
     9/1/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 67 of file controller.h.
Referenced by update_control(), and update_drive_motors().
```

```
7.7.2.7 RIGHT_BUMPERS
#define RIGHT_BUMPERS 5
Definition at line 17 of file controller.h.
7.7.2.8 RIGHT_BUTTONS
#define RIGHT_BUTTONS 8
Definition at line 15 of file controller.h.
7.7.2.9 RIGHT_JOY_X
#define RIGHT_JOY_X 1
the right x joystick on controller
Date
     9/1/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 74 of file controller.h.
Referenced by get_joystick_cord().
7.7.2.10 RIGHT_JOY_Y
#define RIGHT_JOY_Y 2
the right y joystick on controller
Date
     9/1/2017
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 81 of file controller.h.
Referenced by get_joystick_cord().
7.7.3 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.7.3.1 button_t
enum button_t
Renames the input channels
```

Enumerator

JOY1_5D	
JOY1_5U	
JOY1_6D	
JOY1_6U	
JOY1_7U	
JOY1_7L	
JOY1_7R	
JOY1_7D	
JOY1_8U	
JOY1_8L	
JOY1_8R	
JOY1_8D	
JOY2_5D	
JOY2_5U	
JOY2_6D	
JOY2_6U	
JOY2_7U	
JOY2_7L	
JOY2_7R	
JOY2_7D	
JOY2_8U	
JOY2_8L	
JOY2_8R	
JOY2_8D	
LCD_LEFT	
LCD_CENT	
LCD_RIGHT	

Definition at line 23 of file controller.h.

7.7.3.2 joystick

enum joystick

Represents a joystick on the controller.

Date

9/10/2017

Author

Chris Jerrett

Enumerator

RIGHT_JOY	The right joystick
LEFT_JOY	The left joystick

Definition at line 102 of file controller.h.

7.7.4 Function Documentation

7.7.4.1 get_joystick_cord()

Gets the location of a joystick on the controller.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 7 of file controller.c.

References LEFT_JOY_X, LEFT_JOY_Y, RIGHT_JOY, RIGHT_JOY_X, RIGHT_JOY_Y, cord::x, and cord::y.

7.8 controller.h

```
00001
00009 #ifndef _CONTROLLER_H_
00010 #define _CONTROLLER_H_
00012 #include "vmath.h"
00013 #include <API.h>
00015 #define RIGHT_BUTTONS 8
00016 #define LEFT_BUTTONS 7
00017 #define RIGHT_BUMPERS 5
00018 #define LEFT_BUMPERS 6
00019
00023 typedef enum {
00024
        JOY1_5D = 0,
        JOY1\_5U = 1,
00025
         JOY1_6D = 2,
00026
00027
         JOY1\_6U = 3,
        JOY1_7U = 4,

JOY1_7L = 5,
00028
00029
         JOY1_7R = 6,

JOY1_7D = 7,
00030
00031
         JOY1_8U = 8,
JOY1_8L = 9,
00032
00033
        JOY1_8R = 10,
JOY1_8D = 11,
00034
00035
00036
         JOY2\_5D = 12,
00037
         JOY2_5U = 13,
00038
```

```
00039
        JOY2_{6D} = 14,
        JOY2\_6U = 15,

JOY2\_7U = 16,
00040
00041
00042
        JOY2_7L = 17,
        JOY2_7E = 17,

JOY2_7E = 18,

JOY2_7D = 19,
00043
00044
00045
        JOY2\_8U = 20,
00046
       JOY2_8L = 21,
00047
        JOY2_8R = 22,
00048
        JOY2\_8D = 23,
00049
00050 LCD_LEFT = 24,
00051
        LCD\_CENT = 25,
       LCD_RIGHT = 26
00052
00053 } button_t;
00054
00060 #define MASTER 1
00061
00067 #define PARTNER 2
00068
00074 #define RIGHT_JOY_X 1
00075
00081 #define RIGHT_JOY_Y 2
00082
00088 #define LEFT_JOY_X 4
00089
00095 #define LEFT_JOY_Y 3
00096
00102 enum joystick { 00104 RIGHT_JOY,
00106
        LEFT_JOY,
00107 };
00108
00113 struct cord get_joystick_cord(enum joystick side, int controller);
00114
00115 #endif
```

7.9 include/drive.h File Reference

Drive base definitions and enumerations.

```
#include "partner.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

• #define THRESHOLD 10

The dead spot on the controller to avoid running motors at low speeds.

Typedefs

typedef enum side side_t

enumeration indication side of the robot.

Enumerations

• enum side { LEFT, BOTH, RIGHT }

enumeration indication side of the robot.

ы	п	n	~	h	^	n	C
	u	ш		ы	u		Э

 void set_side_speed (side_t side, int speed) sets the speed of one side of the robot. void setThresh (int t) Sets the deadzone threshhold on the drive. void update_drive_motors () Updates the drive motors during teleop.
7.9.1 Detailed Description
Drive base definitions and enumerations.
Author Chris Jerrett
Date 9/9/2017
Definition in file drive.h .
7.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation
7.9.2.1 THRESHOLD
#define THRESHOLD 10
The dead spot on the controller to avoid running motors at low speeds.
Definition at line 18 of file drive.h.
Referenced by joystickExp().
7.9.3 Typedef Documentation

```
7.9.3.1 side_t
typedef enum side side_t
enumeration indication side of the robot.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017 Side can be right, both of left. Contained in side typedef, so enum is unnecessary.
7.9.4 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.9.4.1 side
enum side
enumeration indication side of the robot.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017 Side can be right, both of left. Contained in side typedef, so enum is unnecessary.
Enumerator
   LEFT
  BOTH
  RIGHT
Definition at line 27 of file drive.h.
```

7.9.5 Function Documentation

7.9.5.1 set_side_speed()

sets the speed of one side of the robot.

Author

Christian Desimone

Parameters

side	side a side enum which indicates the size.	
speed	the speed of the side. Can range from -127 - 127 negative being back and positive forwards	

Definition at line 62 of file drive.c.

References BOTH, LEFT, MOTOR_BACK_LEFT, MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT, MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT, MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT, MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT, MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT, RIGHT, and set_motor_slew().

Referenced by autonomous(), and update_drive_motors().

7.9.5.2 setThresh()

```
void setThresh ( \quad \text{int } t \ )
```

Sets the deadzone threshhold on the drive.

Author

Chris Jerrett Christian Desimone

Definition at line 21 of file drive.c.

References thresh.

7.10 drive.h 45

7.9.5.3 update_drive_motors()

```
void update_drive_motors ( )
```

Updates the drive motors during teleop.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/5/17

Definition at line 28 of file drive.c.

References get_mode(), LEFT, MASTER, PARTNER, PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE, RIGHT, set_side_ speed(), thresh, cord::x, and cord::y.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.10 drive.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef _DRIVE_H_
00009 #define _DRIVE_H_
00010
00011 #include "partner.h"
00012 #include <API.h>
00013
00018 #define THRESHOLD 10
00019
00027 typedef enum side { LEFT, BOTH, RIGHT } side_t;
00036 void set_side_speed(side_t side, int speed);
00037
00042 void setThresh(int t);
00043
00049 void update_drive_motors();
00050
00051 #endif
```

7.11 include/encoders.h File Reference

wrapper around encoder functions

```
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

• #define IME_NUMBER 2

The number of IMEs. This number is compared against the number detect in init_encoders.

Referenced by init_encoders().

Functions • int get_encoder_ticks (unsigned char address) Gets the encoder ticks since last reset. • int **get_encoder_velocity** (unsigned char address) Gets the encoder reads. • bool init_encoders () Initializes all motor encoders. 7.11.1 Detailed Description wrapper around encoder functions **Author** Chris Jerrett, Christian Desimone Date 9/9/2017 Definition in file encoders.h. 7.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation 7.11.2.1 IME_NUMBER #define IME_NUMBER 2 The number of IMEs. This number is compared against the number detect in init encoders. See also init_encoders() (p. 47) Author Chris Jerrett Date 9/9/2017 See also IME_NUMBER (p. 46) Definition at line 20 of file encoders.h.

7.11.3 Function Documentation

```
7.11.3.1 get_encoder_ticks()
int get_encoder_ticks (
              unsigned char address )
Gets the encoder ticks since last reset.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/15/2017
Definition at line 30 of file encoders.c.
Referenced by calculate_encoder_angle(), and calculate_encoder_odemetry().
7.11.3.2 get_encoder_velocity()
int get_encoder_velocity (
              unsigned char address )
Gets the encoder reads.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/15/2017
```

Definition at line 41 of file encoders.c.

7.11.3.3 init_encoders()

```
bool init_encoders ( )
```

Initializes all motor encoders.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

See also

```
IME_NUMBER (p. 46)
```

Definition at line 11 of file encoders.c.

References error(), and IME_NUMBER.

Referenced by initialize().

7.12 encoders.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _ENCODERS_H_
00008 #define _ENCODERS_H_
00009
00010 #include <API.h>
00011
00020 #define IME_NUMBER 2
00021
00028 bool init_encoders();
00029
00035 int get_encoder_ticks(unsigned char address);
00036
00042 int get_encoder_velocity(unsigned char address);
00043
00044 #endif
```

7.13 include/gyro.h File Reference

```
#include "API.h"
```

Macros

- #define GYRO_MULTIPLIER 0
- #define GYRO_PORT 1

Functions

- float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity ()
- bool init_main_gyro ()

7.13.1 Macro Definition Documentation

7.13.1.1 GYRO_MULTIPLIER

```
#define GYRO_MULTIPLIER 0
```

Definition at line 7 of file gyro.h.

Referenced by init_main_gyro().

7.13.1.2 GYRO_PORT

```
#define GYRO_PORT 1
```

Definition at line 6 of file gyro.h.

Referenced by get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity(), and init_main_gyro().

7.13.2 Function Documentation

7.13.2.1 get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity()

```
float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity ( )
```

Definition at line 10 of file gyro.c.

References GYRO_PORT.

7.13.2.2 init_main_gyro()

```
bool init_main_gyro ( )
```

Definition at line 5 of file gyro.c.

References GYRO_MULTIPLIER, GYRO_PORT, and main_gyro.

7.14 gyro.h

```
00001 #ifndef _GYRO_H_
00002 #define _GYRO_H_
00003
00004 #include "API.h"
00005
00006 #define GYRO_PORT 1
00007 #define GYRO_MULTIPLIER 0
00008
00009 bool init_main_gyro();
00010 float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity();
00011
00012 #endif
```

7.15 include/lcd.h File Reference

LCD wrapper functions and macros.

```
#include <API.h>
```

Data Structures

struct lcd buttons

represents the state of the lcd buttons

Macros

#define BOTTOM_ROW 2

The bottom row on the lcd screen.

• #define TOP_ROW 1

The top row on the lcd screen.

Enumerations

• enum button_state { RELEASED = false, PRESSED = true }

Represents the state of a button.

Functions

• void init_main_lcd (FILE *lcd)

Initializes the lcd screen. Also will initialize the lcd_port var. Must be called before any lcd function can be called.

· void Icd_clear ()

Clears the lcd.

lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons ()

Returns the pressed buttons.

void Icd_print (unsigned int line, const char *str)

prints a string to a line on the lcd

void lcd_printf (unsigned int line, const char *format str,...)

prints a formated string to a line on the lcd. Smilar to printf

void lcd_set_backlight (bool state)

sets the backlight of the lcd

void promt_confirmation (const char *confirm_text)

Prompts the user to confirm a string. User must press middle button to confirm. Function is not thread safe and will stall a thread.

7.15.1 Detailed Description LCD wrapper functions and macros. **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 9/9/2017 Definition in file Icd.h. 7.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation 7.15.2.1 BOTTOM_ROW #define BOTTOM_ROW 2 The bottom row on the lcd screen. **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 9/9/2017 Definition at line 25 of file lcd.h. Referenced by log_info(). 7.15.2.2 TOP_ROW #define TOP_ROW 1 The top row on the lcd screen. **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 9/9/2017 Definition at line 18 of file Icd.h. Referenced by display_menu(), and log_info().

7.15.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

```
7.15.3.1 button_state
```

```
enum button_state
```

Represents the state of a button.

A button can be pressed of RELEASED. Release is false which is also 0. PRESSED is true or 1.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Enumerator

RELEASED	A released button
PRESSED	A pressed button

Definition at line 36 of file Icd.h.

7.15.4 Function Documentation

7.15.4.1 init_main_lcd()

Initializes the lcd screen. Also will initialize the lcd_port var. Must be called before any lcd function can be called.

Parameters

lcd	the urart port of the lcd screen
-----	----------------------------------

See also

uart1

uart2

```
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 62 of file lcd.c.
References Icd_clear(), and Icd_port.
Referenced by initialize().
7.15.4.2 lcd_clear()
void lcd_clear ( )
Clears the lcd.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 47 of file lcd.c.
References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.
Referenced by display_menu(), and init_main_lcd().
7.15.4.3 lcd_get_pressed_buttons()
 lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons ( )
Returns the pressed buttons.
Returns
     a struct containing the states of all three buttons.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
See also
     Icd_buttons (p. 9)
Definition at line 28 of file lcd.c.
References Icd_assert(), Icd_port, Icd_buttons::left, Icd_buttons::middle, PRESSED, RELEASED, and Icd⇔
_buttons::right.
Referenced by display_menu(), and promt_confirmation().
```

7.15.4.4 lcd_print()

```
void lcd_print (
          unsigned int line,
          const char * str )
```

prints a string to a line on the lcd

Parameters

line	the line to print on
str	string to print

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 75 of file Icd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

Referenced by display_menu(), and promt_confirmation().

7.15.4.5 lcd_printf()

prints a formated string to a line on the lcd. Smilar to printf

Parameters

line	the line to print on
format_str	format string string to print

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 87 of file lcd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

7.15.4.6 lcd_set_backlight()

sets the backlight of the lcd

Parameters

state a boolean representing the state of the backlight. true = on, false = off.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 99 of file Icd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

7.15.4.7 promt_confirmation()

Prompts the user to confirm a string. User must press middle button to confirm. Function is not thread safe and will stall a thread.

Parameters

confirm_text the text for the user to confirm.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 113 of file lcd.c.

References Icd_assert(), Icd_get_pressed_buttons(), Icd_print(), and PRESSED.

7.16 lcd.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef _LCD_H_
00009 #define _LCD_H_
00010
00011 #include <API.h>
00012
00018 #define TOP_ROW 1
00019
00025 #define BOTTOM_ROW 2
00026
00036 typedef enum {
00038 RELEASED = false,
00040 PRESSED = true,
00041 } button_state;
00042
00048 typedef struct {
00049 button_state left;
00050 button_state middle;
00051
       button_state right;
00052 } lcd_buttons;
00053
00061 lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons();
00062
00068 void lcd_clear();
00069
00080 void init_main_lcd(FILE *lcd);
00081
00089 void lcd_print(unsigned int line, const char *str);
00090
00098 void lcd_printf(unsigned int line, const char *format_str, ...);
00099
00107 void lcd_set_backlight(bool state);
00108
00118 void promt_confirmation(const char *confirm_text);
00120 #endif
```

7.17 include/lifter.h File Reference

Declarations and macros for controlling and manipulating the lifter.

```
#include "controller.h"
#include "drive.h"
#include "motor_ports.h"
#include "partner.h"
#include "potentiometer.h"
#include "sensor_ports.h"
#include "slew.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

• #define **HEIGHT** 19.1 - 3.8

The integral constant for the lifter PID.

#define INIT_ROTATION 680

The initial rotation of the lifter potentiometer at height zero.

#define LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 6, JOY DOWN

The lifter down controller params.

#define LIFTER_DOWN_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_DOWN

The lifter down controller params for the partner.

#define LIFTER DRIVER LOAD MASTER, RIGHT BUTTONS, JOY RIGHT

Height to raise lifter to driver preload height.

• #define LIFTER_UP MASTER, 6, JOY_UP

The lifter up controller params.

#define LIFTER_UP_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_UP

The lifter up controller params for the partner.

#define MAIN_LIFTER_D 0

The derivative constant for the main lifter PID.

#define MAIN_LIFTER_I 0.0000001

The integral constant for the main lifter PID.

- #define MAIN_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT 1700
- #define MAIN_LIFTER_P 0

The proportional constant for the main lifter PID.

- #define MAIN LIFTER POT 1
- #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_D 0

The derivative constant for the secondary lifter PID.

• #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 8, JOY_DOWN

The secondary lifter down controller params.

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_I 0.000

The integral constant for the secondary lifter PID.

- #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_MAX_HEIGHT 3120
- #define SECONDARY LIFTER MIN HEIGHT 2000
- #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_P .05

The proportional constant for the secondary lifter PID.

- #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT 2
- #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP MASTER, 8, JOY_UP

The secondary lifter up controller params.

• #define THRESHOLD 10

The threshold of a signficant speed for the lifter.

Functions

double getLifterHeight ()

Gets the height of the lifter in inches.

• int getLifterTicks ()

Gets the value of the lifter pot.

float lifterPotentiometerToDegree (int x)

height of the lifter in degrees from 0 height

void lower_main_lifter ()

Lowers the main lifter.

void lower_secondary_lifter ()

Lowers the secondary lifter.

• void raise_main_lifter ()

Raises the main lifter.

void raise_secondary_lifter ()

Raises the main lifter.

• void set_lifter_pos (int pos)

Sets the lifter positions to the given value.

• void **set_main_lifter_motors** (const int v)

Sets the main lifter motors to the given value.

• void set_secondary_lifter_motors (const int v)

Sets the secondary lifter motors to the given value.

• void update_lifter ()

Updates the lifter in teleop.

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and macros for controlling and manipulating the lifter.

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian Desimone

Date

8/27/2017

Definition in file lifter.h.

7.17.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.17.2.1 HEIGHT

#define HEIGHT 19.1 - 3.8

The integral constant for the lifter PID.

Definition at line 62 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.2 INIT_ROTATION

#define INIT_ROTATION 680

The initial rotation of the lifter potentiometer at height zero.

Definition at line 22 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by lifterPotentiometerToDegree().

7.17.2.3 LIFTER_DOWN

#define LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 6, JOY_DOWN

The lifter down controller params.

Definition at line 72 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by main_lifter_update().

7.17.2.4 LIFTER_DOWN_PARTNER

```
#define LIFTER_DOWN_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_DOWN
```

The lifter down controller params for the partner.

Definition at line 97 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.5 LIFTER_DRIVER_LOAD

```
#define LIFTER_DRIVER_LOAD MASTER, RIGHT_BUTTONS, JOY_RIGHT
```

Height to raise lifter to driver preload height.

Definition at line 87 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.6 LIFTER_UP

```
#define LIFTER_UP MASTER, 6, JOY_UP
```

The lifter up controller params.

Definition at line 67 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by main_lifter_update().

7.17.2.7 LIFTER_UP_PARTNER

```
#define LIFTER_UP_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_UP
```

The lifter up controller params for the partner.

Definition at line 92 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.8 MAIN_LIFTER_D

```
#define MAIN_LIFTER_D 0
```

The derivative constant for the main lifter PID.

Definition at line 47 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.9 MAIN_LIFTER_I

```
#define MAIN_LIFTER_I 0.0000001
```

The integral constant for the main lifter PID.

Definition at line 52 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.10 MAIN_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT

#define MAIN_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT 1700

Definition at line 107 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.11 MAIN_LIFTER_P

```
#define MAIN_LIFTER_P 0
```

The proportional constant for the main lifter PID.

Definition at line 42 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.12 MAIN_LIFTER_POT

#define MAIN_LIFTER_POT 1

Definition at line 105 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by autonomous(), and main_lifter_update().

7.17.2.13 SECONDARY_LIFTER_D

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_D 0

The derivative constant for the secondary lifter PID.

Definition at line 32 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.14 SECONDARY_LIFTER_DOWN

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 8, JOY_DOWN

The secondary lifter down controller params.

Definition at line 82 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.15 SECONDARY_LIFTER_I

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_I 0.000

The integral constant for the secondary lifter PID.

Definition at line 37 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.16 SECONDARY_LIFTER_MAX_HEIGHT

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_MAX_HEIGHT 3120

Definition at line 101 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.17 SECONDARY_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT 2000

Definition at line 103 of file lifter.h.

7.17.2.18 SECONDARY_LIFTER_P

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_P .05

The proportional constant for the secondary lifter PID.

Definition at line 27 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.19 SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT 2

Definition at line 99 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by autonomous(), and secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.20 SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP

#define SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP MASTER, 8, JOY_UP

The secondary lifter up controller params.

Definition at line 77 of file lifter.h.

Referenced by secondary_lifter_update().

7.17.2.21 THRESHOLD

#define THRESHOLD 10

The threshold of a signficant speed for the lifter.

Definition at line 57 of file lifter.h.

7.17.3 Function Documentation

```
7.17.3.1 getLifterHeight()
double getLifterHeight ( )
Gets the height of the lifter in inches.
Returns
     the height of the lifter.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/17/2017
Definition at line 216 of file lifter.c.
References getLifterTicks().
7.17.3.2 getLifterTicks()
int getLifterTicks ( )
Gets the value of the lifter pot.
Returns
     the value of the pot.
Author
      Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 207 of file lifter.c.
References LIFTER.
Referenced by getLifterHeight().
7.17.3.3 lifterPotentiometerToDegree()
float lifterPotentiometerToDegree (
               int x)
```

height of the lifter in degrees from 0 height

Parameters
x the pot value
Datuma
Returns
the positions in degrees
Author
Chris Jerrett
Date
10/13/2017
Definition at line 196 of file lifter.c.
References DEG_MAX , INIT_ROTATION , and TICK_MAX .
7.17.3.4 lower_main_lifter()
v
<pre>void lower_main_lifter ()</pre>
Lowers the main lifter.
Author
Christian DeSimone
Date
9/12/2017
0/12/2017
Definition at line 70 of file lifter.c.
References MAX_SPEED, and set_main_lifter_motors().

```
7.17.3.5 lower_secondary_lifter()
void lower_secondary_lifter ( )
Lowers the secondary lifter.
Author
     Christian DeSimone
Date
     9/12/2017
Definition at line 86 of file lifter.c.
References MAX_SPEED, and set_secondary_lifter_motors().
7.17.3.6 raise_main_lifter()
void raise_main_lifter ( )
Raises the main lifter.
Author
     Christian DeSimone
Date
     9/12/2017
Definition at line 62 of file lifter.c.
References MAX_SPEED, and set_main_lifter_motors().
Referenced by autostack_routine().
7.17.3.7 raise_secondary_lifter()
void raise_secondary_lifter ( )
Raises the main lifter.
Author
     Christian DeSimone
Date
     9/12/2017
Definition at line 78 of file lifter.c.
References MIN_SPEED, and set_secondary_lifter_motors().
7.17.3.8 set_lifter_pos()
void set_lifter_pos (
              int pos )
```

Sets the lifter positions to the given value.

Parameters

pos	The height in inches
-----	----------------------

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/12/2017

Definition at line 54 of file lifter.c.

```
7.17.3.9 set_main_lifter_motors()
```

```
void set_main_lifter_motors ( {\tt const\ int}\ v\ )
```

Sets the main lifter motors to the given value.

Parameters

v value for the lifter motor. Between -128 - 127, any values outside are clamped.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 45 of file lifter.c.

References MOTOR_LIFT, and set_motor_slew().

Referenced by autonomous(), autostack_routine(), lower_main_lifter(), main_lifter_update(), and raise_main← _lifter().

7.17.3.10 set_secondary_lifter_motors()

```
void set_secondary_lifter_motors ( {\tt const\ int\ } v\ )
```

Sets the secondary lifter motors to the given value.

Parameters value for the lifter motor. Between -128 - 127, any values outside are clamped. **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 1/6/2018 Definition at line 33 of file lifter.c. References MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER, and set_motor_immediate(). Referenced by autonomous(), lower_secondary_lifter(), raise_secondary_lifter(), and secondary_lifter_ update(). 7.17.3.11 update_lifter() void update_lifter () Updates the lifter in teleop. **Author** Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 183 of file lifter.c.

References main_lifter_update(), secondary_lifter_update(), and secondary_override.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.18 lifter.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _LIFTER_H_
00008 #define _LIFTER_H_
00009
00010 #include "controller.h"
00011 #include "drive.h"
00012 #include "motor_ports.h"
00013 #include "partner.h"
00014 #include "potentiometer.h"
00015 #include "sensor_ports.h"
00016 #include "slew.h"
00017 #include <API.h>
00018
00022 #define INIT_ROTATION 680
00023
00027 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_P .05
00028
00032 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_D 0
00033
00037 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_I 0.000
00038
00042 #define MAIN_LIFTER_P 0
00043
00047 #define MAIN_LIFTER_D 0
00048
00052 #define MAIN_LIFTER_I 0.0000001
00053
00057 #define THRESHOLD 10
00058
00062 #define HEIGHT 19.1 - 3.8
00063
00067 #define LIFTER_UP MASTER, 6, JOY_UP
00068
00072 #define LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 6, JOY_DOWN
00073
00077 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP MASTER, 8, JOY_UP
00078
00082 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_DOWN MASTER, 8, JOY_DOWN
00083
00087 #define LIFTER_DRIVER_LOAD MASTER, RIGHT_BUTTONS, JOY_RIGHT
00088
00092 #define LIFTER_UP_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_UP
00093
00097 #define LIFTER_DOWN_PARTNER PARTNER, 5, JOY_DOWN
00098
00099 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT 2
00100
00101 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_MAX_HEIGHT 3120
00102
00103 #define SECONDARY_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT 2000
00104
00105 #define MAIN_LIFTER_POT 1
00106
00107 #define MAIN_LIFTER_MIN_HEIGHT 1700
00108
00117 void set_secondary_lifter_motors(const int v);
00118
00127 void set_main_lifter_motors(const int v);
00128
00136 void set_lifter_pos(int pos);
00137
00144 void raise_main_lifter();
00145
00152 void lower_main_lifter();
00153
00160 void raise_secondary_lifter();
00161
00168 void lower_secondary_lifter();
00169
00176 void update_lifter();
00177
00186 float lifterPotentiometerToDegree(int x);
00187
00195 int getLifterTicks();
00196
00204 double getLifterHeight();
00205
00206 #endif
```

7.19 include/list.h File Reference

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

Data Structures

- struct list_iterator_t
- struct list_node
- struct list t

Macros

- #define LIST_FREE free
- #define LIST_MALLOC malloc

Typedefs

typedef struct list_node list_node_t

Enumerations

enum list_direction_t { LIST_HEAD, LIST_TAIL }

Functions

- list node t * list at (list t *self, int index)
- void list_destroy (list_t *self)
- list_node_t * list_find (list_t *self, void *val)
- void list_iterator_destroy (list_iterator_t *self)
- list_iterator_t * list_iterator_new (list_t *list, list_direction_t direction)
- list_iterator_t * list_iterator_new_from_node (list_node_t *node, list_direction_t direction)
- list node t * list iterator next (list iterator_t *self)
- list node t * list lpop (list t *self)
- list_node_t * list_lpush (list_t *self, list_node_t *node)
- list_t * list_new ()
- list_node_t * list_node_new (void *val)
- void list_remove (list_t *self, list_node_t *node)
- list_node_t * list_rpop (list_t *self)
- list_node_t * list_rpush (list_t *self, list_node_t *node)

7.19.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.19.1.1 LIST_FREE
#define LIST_FREE free
Definition at line 24 of file list.h.
Referenced by list_destroy(), list_iterator_destroy(), and list_remove().
7.19.1.2 LIST_MALLOC
#define LIST_MALLOC malloc
Definition at line 20 of file list.h.
Referenced by list_iterator_new_from_node(), list_new(), and list_node_new().
7.19.2 Typedef Documentation
7.19.2.1 list_node_t
typedef struct list_node list_node_t
7.19.3 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.19.3.1 list_direction_t
```

enum list_direction_t

Enumerator

LIST_HEAD	
LIST_TAIL	

Definition at line 31 of file list.h.

7.19.4 Function Documentation

```
7.19.4.1 list_at()

list_node_t* list_at (
    list_t * self,
    int index )
```

Definition at line 162 of file list.c.

References LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_next(), and LIST_TAIL.

```
7.19.4.2 list_destroy()
```

Definition at line 30 of file list.c.

References LIST_FREE, list_node::next, and list_node::val.

Referenced by deinit_routines().

```
7.19.4.3 list_find()
```

Definition at line 136 of file list.c.

References LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_next(), and list_node::val.

```
7.19.4.4 list_iterator_destroy()
```

Definition at line 52 of file list_iterator.c.

References LIST_FREE.

Referenced by list_at(), list_find(), and routine_task().

```
7.19.4.5 list_iterator_new()
 list_iterator_t* list_iterator_new (
                list_t * list,
                list_direction_t direction )
Definition at line 15 of file list iterator.c.
References list_t::head, LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_new_from_node(), and list_t::tail.
Referenced by list_at(), list_find(), and routine_task().
7.19.4.6 list_iterator_new_from_node()
 list_iterator_t* list_iterator_new_from_node (
               list_node_t * node,
                list_direction_t direction )
Definition at line 25 of file list_iterator.c.
References LIST_MALLOC, and list iterator_t::next.
Referenced by list_iterator_new().
7.19.4.7 list_iterator_next()
 list_node_t* list_iterator_next (
                list_iterator_t * self )
Definition at line 40 of file list iterator.c.
References LIST_HEAD, list_node::next, and list_node::prev.
Referenced by list_at(), list_find(), and routine_task().
7.19.4.8 list_lpop()
 list_node_t* list_lpop (
                list_t * self )
```

Definition at line 93 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

```
7.19.4.9 list_lpush()
```

Definition at line 114 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

```
7.19.4.10 list_new()
```

```
list_t* list_new ( )
```

Definition at line 14 of file list.c.

References list_t::head, and LIST_MALLOC.

Referenced by init_routine().

```
7.19.4.11 list_node_new()
```

Definition at line 14 of file list_node.c.

References LIST_MALLOC, list_node::next, list_node::prev, and list_node::val.

Referenced by register_routine().

7.19.4.12 list_remove()

Definition at line 186 of file list.c.

References LIST_FREE, list_node::next, list_node::prev, and list_node::val.

7.19.4.13 list_rpop()

Definition at line 73 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

7.19.4.14 list_rpush()

Definition at line 51 of file list.c.

References list node::next, and list node::prev.

Referenced by register_routine().

7.20 list.h

```
00001
00002 //
00003 // list.h
00004 //
00005 // Copyright (c) 2010 TJ Holowaychuk <tj@vision-media.ca>
00006 //
00007
00008 #ifndef LIST_H
00009 #define LIST_H
00010
00013 #endif
00014
00015 #include <stdlib.h>
00016
00017 // Memory management macros
00018
00019 #ifndef LIST_MALLOC
00020 #define LIST_MALLOC malloc
00021 #endif
00022
00023 #ifndef LIST_FREE
00024 #define LIST_FREE free
00025 #endif
00026
00027 /*
00028 * list_t iterator direction.
00029 */
00030
00031 typedef enum {
      LIST_HEAD
00032
00033
         LIST_TAIL
00034 } list_direction_t;
00035
00036 /*
00037 * list_t node struct.
00038 */
00039
00040 typedef struct list_node {
```

7.20 list.h 75

```
00041
       struct list_node *prev;
00042
       struct list_node *next;
00043
       void *val;
00044 } list_node_t;
00045
00046 /*
00047 * list_t struct.
00048 */
00049
00050 typedef struct {
00051
        list_node_t *head;
00052
       list_node_t *tail;
00053
       unsigned int len;
       void (*free) (void *val);
00055
        int (*match) (void *a, void *b);
00056 } list_t;
00057
00058 /*
00059 * list_t iterator struct.
00060 */
00061
00062 typedef struct {
      list_node_t *next;
list_direction_t direction;
00063
00064
00065 } list_iterator_t;
00066
00067 // Node prototypes.
00068
00069 list_node_t \star
00070 list_node_new(void *val);
00071
00072 // list_t prototypes.
00073
00074 list_t *
00075 list_new();
00076
00077 list_node_t *
00078 list_rpush(list_t *self, list_node_t *node);
00079
00080 list_node_t *
00081 list_lpush(list_t *self, list_node_t *node);
00082
00083 list_node_t *
00084 list_find(list_t *self, void *val);
00085
00086 list_node_t *
00087 list_at(list_t *self, int index);
00088
00089 list_node_t \star
00090 list_rpop(list_t *self);
00091
00092 list_node_t *
00093 list_lpop(list_t *self);
00094
00095 void
00096 list_remove(list_t *self, list_node_t *node);
00097
00098 void
00099 list_destroy(list_t *self);
00100
00101 // list_t iterator prototypes.
00102
00103 list_iterator_t *
00104 list_iterator_new(list_t *list, list_direction_t direction);
00106 list_iterator_t *
00107 list_iterator_new_from_node(list_node_t *node, list_direction_t direction);
00108
00109 list_node_t *
00110 list_iterator_next(list_iterator_t *self);
00111
00112 void
00113 list_iterator_destroy(list_iterator_t *self);
00114
00115 #ifdef __cplusplus
00116 }
00117 #endif
00118
00119 #endif /* LIST_H */
```

7.21 include/localization.h File Reference

Declarations and macros for determining the location of the robot. [WIP].

```
#include "encoders.h"
#include "matrix.h"
#include <API.h>
#include <math.h>
```

Data Structures

struct location

Macros

• #define LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY 0.500

Functions

- int calculate_encoder_angle ()
- struct location get_position ()

Gets the current posituion of the robot.

- bool **init_localization** (const unsigned char gyro1, unsigned short multiplier, int start_x, int start_y, int start_theta) Starts the localization process.
- void update_position ()

Updates the position from the localization.

7.21.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and macros for determining the location of the robot. [WIP].

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian Desimone

Date

9/27/2017

Definition in file localization.h.

7.21.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.21.2.1 LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY

```
#define LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY 0.500
```

How often the localization code updates the position.

Definition at line 19 of file localization.h.

Referenced by calculate_gryo_anglular_velocity(), init_localization(), and integrate_gyro_w().

7.21.3 Function Documentation

7.21.3.1 calculate_encoder_angle()

```
int calculate_encoder_angle ( )
```

Definition at line 101 of file localization.c.

References CPR, get_encoder_ticks(), and WIDTH.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.21.3.2 get_position()

```
struct location get_position ( )
```

Gets the current posituion of the robot.

Parameters

gyro1 The first gyro

Returns

the loacation of the robot as a struct.

Definition at line 32 of file localization.c.

7.21.3.3 init_localization()

Starts the localization process.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Parameters

gyro1

The first gyro The multiplier parameter can tune the gyro to adapt to specific sensors. The default value at this time is 196; higher values will increase the number of degrees reported for a fixed actual rotation, while lower values will decrease the number of degrees reported. If your robot is consistently turning too far, increase the multiplier, and if it is not turning far enough, decrease the multiplier.

Definition at line 123 of file localization.c.

References g1, last_call, localization_task, LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY, makeMatrix(), and update_position().

7.21.3.4 update_position()

```
void update_position ( )
```

Updates the position from the localization.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 39 of file localization.c.

References calculate_accelerometer_odemetry(), and last_call.

Referenced by init_localization().

7.22 localization.h 79

7.22 localization.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef _LOCALIZATION_H_
00009 #define _LOCALIZATION_H_
00010
00011 #include "encoders.h"
00012 #include "matrix.h"
00013 #include <API.h>
00014 #include <math.h>
00015
00019 #define LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY 0.500
00020
00024 struct location {
00025 int x;
00026 int y;
00027 int theta;
00028 };
00029
00042 bool init_localization(const unsigned char gyro1, unsigned short multiplier,
00043
                               int start_x, int start_y, int start_theta);
00044
00051 struct location get_position();
00052
00058 void update_position();
00059
00060 int calculate_encoder_angle();
00061
00062 #endif
```

7.23 include/log.h File Reference

Contains logging functions.

```
#include "lcd.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Macros

• #define **DEBUG** 4

logging only info debug. most verbose level

• #define ERROR 1

logging only errors. Also displays error to lcd

• #define INFO 3

logging only info messages and higher.

• #define NONE 0

No logging. Should be used in competition to reduce serial communication.

• #define WARNING 2

logs errors and warnings. Also displays error to lcd

Functions

Definition at line 50 of file log.h.

• void **debug** (const char *debug message) prints a info message void error (const char *error_message) prints a error message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE • void info (const char *info message) prints a info message void init_error (bool use_lcd, FILE *lcd) Initializes the error lcd system Only required if using lcd. • void warning (const char *warning_message) prints a warning message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE 7.23.1 Detailed Description Contains logging functions. **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 9/16/2017 Definition in file log.h. 7.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation 7.23.2.1 DEBUG #define DEBUG 4 logging only info debug. most verbose level **Author** Chris Jerrett Date 9/10/17

```
7.23.2.2 ERROR
#define ERROR 1
logging only errors. Also displays error to lcd
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/10/17
Definition at line 27 of file log.h.
Referenced by debug(), and info().
7.23.2.3 INFO
#define INFO 3
logging only info messages and higher.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/10/17
Definition at line 42 of file log.h.
7.23.2.4 NONE
#define NONE 0
No logging. Should be used in competition to reduce serial communication.
Author
      Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/10/17
Definition at line 19 of file log.h.
Referenced by error().
```

7.23.2.5 WARNING

```
#define WARNING 2
```

logs errors and warnings. Also displays error to lcd

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Definition at line 35 of file log.h.

Referenced by warning().

7.23.3 Function Documentation

7.23.3.1 debug()

prints a info message

Only will print and display if log_level is greater than info

See also

log_level (p. 186)

Parameters

debug_message	the message
---------------	-------------

Definition at line 77 of file log.c.

References ERROR, and log_level.

Referenced by set_motor_immediate(), and set_motor_slew().

prints a error message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

See also

```
log_level (p. 186)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Parameters

error_message	the message
---------------	-------------

Definition at line 39 of file log.c.

References log_info(), log_level, and NONE.

Referenced by assert(), create_menu(), init_encoders(), and initialize().

7.23.3.3 info()

prints a info message

Only will print and display if log_level is greater than ERROR

See also

log_level (p. 186)

Parameters

info_message	the message

Definition at line 64 of file log.c.

References ERROR, log_info(), and log_level.

Referenced by initialize().

7.23.3.4 init_error()

Initializes the error lcd system Only required if using lcd.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Parameters

use_lcd	whether to use the lcd
lcd	the lcd

Definition at line 14 of file log.c.

References log_lcd.

Referenced by initialize().

7.23.3.5 warning()

prints a warning message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

See also

```
log_level (p. 186)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

7.24 log.h 85

Parameters

warning_message	the message
-----------------	-------------

Definition at line 52 of file log.c.

References log_info(), log_level, and WARNING.

Referenced by init_slew().

7.24 log.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _LOG_H_
00008 #define _LOG_H_
00009
00010 #include "lcd.h"
00011 #include <API.h>
00012
00019 #define NONE 0
00020
00027 #define ERROR 1
00028
00035 #define WARNING 2
00036
00042 \#define\ INFO\ 3
00043
00050 #define DEBUG 4
00051
00060 void init_error(bool use_lcd, FILE *lcd);
00061
00070 void error(const char *error_message);
00071
00080 void warning(const char *warning_message);
00081
00089 void info(const char *info_message);
00098 void debug(const char *debug_message);
00099
00100 #endif
```

7.25 include/main.h File Reference

Header file for global functions.

```
#include <API.h>
```

Functions

- void autonomous ()
- void initialize ()
- void initializeIO ()
- void operatorControl ()

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Header file for global functions.

Any experienced C or C++ programmer knows the importance of header files. For those who do not, a header file allows multiple files to reference functions in other files without necessarily having to see the code (and therefore causing a multiple definition). To make a function in "opcontrol.c", "auto.c", "main.c", or any other C file visible to the core implementation files, prototype it here.

This file is included by default in the predefined stubs in each VEX Cortex PROS Project.

Copyright (c) 2011-2014, Purdue University ACM SIG BOTS. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- Neither the name of Purdue University ACM SIG BOTS nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXP← RESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERC← HANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL PURDUE UNIVERSITY ACM SIG BOTS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

Purdue Robotics OS contains FreeRTOS (http://www.freertos.org) whose source code may be obtained from http://sourceforge.net/projects/freertos/files/or on request.

Definition in file main.h.

7.25.2 Function Documentation

7.25.2.1 autonomous()

```
void autonomous ( )
```

Runs the user autonomous code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the autonomous task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not re-start it from where it left off.

Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX Joystick. However, the autonomous function can be invoked from another task if a VEX Competition Switch is not available, and it can access joystick information if called in this way.

The autonomous task may exit, unlike **operatorControl()** (p. 88) which should never exit. If it does so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or disable/enable cycle.

Definition at line 34 of file auto.c.

References BOTH, calculate_encoder_angle(), close_claw(), deinitslew(), DEPLOY_HEIGHT, HALF_ROTA
TE, init_slew(), LEFT, lower_intake(), LOWEST_HEIGHT, MAIN_LIFTER_POT, MAX_HEIGHT, MAX_SPE
ED, MID_LEFT_DRIVE, MID_RIGHT_DRIVE, MIN_SPEED, MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE, MOBILE_GOAL_HEI
GHT, open_claw(), raise_intake(), RIGHT, SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT, set_claw_motor(), set_intake
motor(), set_main_lifter_motors(), set_secondary_lifter_motors(), set_side_speed(), and ZONE_DISTANCE.

7.25.2.2 initialize()

```
void initialize ( )
```

Runs user initialization code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up. It is possible that the VEXnet communication link may not be fully established at this time, so reading from the VEX Joystick may fail.

This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics), LCDs, global variables, and IMEs.

This function must exit relatively promptly, or the **operatorControl()** (p. 88) and **autonomous()** (p. 86) tasks will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the pre_auton() in other environments can be implemented in this task if desired.

Definition at line **50** of file **init.c**.

References battery_level_acceptable(), error(), info(), init_encoders(), init_error(), init_main_lcd(), init_error(), init_error

7.25.2.3 initializeIO()

```
void initializeIO ( )
```

Runs pre-initialization code. This function will be started in kernel mode one time while the VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still paused, most API functions will fail.

The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes (pinMode()) and port states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons, and solenoids. It can also safely configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but cannot set up an LCD (lcdlnit()).

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

7.25.2.4 operatorControl()

```
void operatorControl ( )
```

Runs the user operator control code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the operator control mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the operator control task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not resume it from where it left off.

If no VEX Competition Switch or Field Management system is plugged in, the VEX Cortex will run the operator control task. Be warned that this will also occur if the VEX Cortex is tethered directly to a computer via the USB A to A cable without any VEX Joystick attached.

Code running in this task can take almost any action, as the VEX Joystick is available and the scheduler is operational. However, proper use of delay() or taskDelayUntil() is highly recommended to give other tasks (including system tasks such as updating LCDs) time to run.

This task should never exit; it should end with some kind of infinite loop, even if empty.

Runs the user operator control code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the operator control mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the operator control task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not resume it from where it left off.

If no VEX Competition Switch or Field Management system is plugged in, the VEX Cortex will run the operator control task. Be warned that this will also occur if the VEX Cortex is tethered directly to a computer via the USB A to A cable without any VEX Joystick attached.

Code running in this task can take almost any action, as the VEX Joystick is available and the scheduler is operational. However, proper use of delay() or taskDelayUntil() is highly recommended to give other tasks (including system tasks such as updating LCDs) time to run.

This task should never exit; its should end with some kind of infinite loop, even if empty.

Definition at line 49 of file opcontrol.c.

References buttonInit(), init_routine(), init_slew(), update_claw(), update_drive_motors(), update_intake(), and update lifter().

7.26 main.h 89

7.26 main.h

```
00001
00044 #ifndef MAIN_H_
00045
00046 // This prevents multiple inclusion, which isn't bad for this file but is good
00047 // practice
00048 #define MAIN_H_
00049
00050 #include <API.h>
00051
00052 // Allow usage of this file in C++ programs
00053 #ifdef __cplusplus
00054 extern "C" {
00055 #endif
00056
00057 //#define AUTO_DEBUG
00059 // A function prototype looks exactly like its declaration, but with a semicolon
00060 // instead of actual code. If a function does not match a prototype, compile 00061 // errors will occur.
00062
00063 // Prototypes for initialization, operator control and autonomous
00064
00082 void autonomous();
00093 void initializeIO():
00107 void initialize();
00129 void operatorControl();
00130
00131 // End C++ export structure
00132 #ifdef __cplusplus
00133 }
00134 #endif
00135
00136 #endif
```

7.27 include/matrix.h File Reference

Various Matrix operations.

None of the matrix operations below change the input matrices if an input is required. They all return a new matrix with the new changes. Because memory issues are so prevelant, be sure to use the function to reclaim some of that memory.

Data Structures

• struct _matrix

Typedefs

typedef struct _matrix matrix

Functions

• void assert (int assertion, const char *message)

Asserts a condition is true.

matrix * copyMatrix (matrix *m)

Copies a matrix. This function uses scaleMatrix, because scaling matrix by 1 is the same as a copy.

matrix * covarianceMatrix (matrix *m)

returns the covariance of the matrix

matrix * dotDiagonalMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

performs a diagonial matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and heights, this method returns a 1 by a->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix along the diagonal.

matrix * dotProductMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

returns the matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and different heights, this method returns a a->height by b->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix.

void freeMatrix (matrix *m)

Frees the resources of a matrix.

matrix * identityMatrix (int n)

Returns an identity matrix of size n by n.

matrix * makeMatrix (int width, int height)

Makes a matrix with a width and height parameters.

matrix * meanMatrix (matrix *m)

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix, return a matrix where each element represents the mean of that full column. the matrix.

matrix * multiplyMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

Given a two matrices, returns the multiplication of the two.

void printMatrix (matrix *m)

Prints a matrix.

• void rowSwap (matrix *a, int p, int q)

swaps the rows of a matrix. This method changes the input matrix. Given a matrix, this algorithm will swap rows p and q, provided that p and q are less than or equal to the height of matrix A and p and q are different values.

matrix * scaleMatrix (matrix *m, double value)

scales a matrix.

• double traceMatrix (matrix *m)

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix.

matrix * transposeMatrix (matrix *m)

returns the transpose matrix.

7.27.1 Detailed Description

Various Matrix operations.

None of the matrix operations below change the input matrices if an input is required. They all return a new matrix with the new changes. Because memory issues are so prevelant, be sure to use the function to reclaim some of that memory.

Definition in file matrix.h.

7.27.2 Typedef Documentation

```
7.27.2.1 matrix
```

```
typedef struct _matrix matrix
```

A struct representing a matrix

7.27.3 Function Documentation

7.27.3.1 assert()

```
void assert (
          int assertion,
          const char * message )
```

Asserts a condition is true.

If the assertion is non-zero (i.e. true), then it returns. If the assertion is zero (i.e. false), then it display the string and aborts the program. This is ment to act like Python's assert keyword.

Definition at line 15 of file matrix.c.

References error().

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), identityMatrix(), makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), and rowSwap().

7.27.3.2 copyMatrix()

```
matrix* copyMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Copies a matrix. This function uses scaleMatrix, because scaling matrix by 1 is the same as a copy.

Parameters

m a pointer to the matrix

Returns

a copied matrix

Definition at line 53 of file matrix.c.

References scaleMatrix().

7.27.3.3 covarianceMatrix()

```
matrix* covarianceMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

returns the covariance of the matrix

Parameters

```
the matrix
```

Returns

a matrix with n row and n columns, where each element represents covariance of 2 columns.

Definition at line 169 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, freeMatrix(), _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), and _matrix
::width.

7.27.3.4 dotDiagonalMatrix()

performs a diagonial matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and heights, this method returns a 1 by a->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix along the diagonal.

Dot product is essentially the sum-of-squares of two vectors.

If the second paramter is NULL, it is assumed that we are performing a cross product with itself.

Parameters

а	the first matrix	
b	the second matrix	

Returns

the matrix result

Definition at line 389 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.5 dotProductMatrix()

returns the matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and different heights, this method returns a a->height by b->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix.

Dot product is essentially the sum-of-squares of two vectors.

Also, if the second paramter is NULL, it is assumed that we are performing a cross product with itself.

Parameters

а	the first matrix
the	second matrix

Returns

the result of the dot product

Definition at line 336 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.6 freeMatrix()

```
void freeMatrix (
          matrix * m )
```

Frees the resources of a matrix.

Parameters

the matrix to free

Definition at line 59 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix().

7.27.3.7 identityMatrix()

```
{f matrix}* {\it identityMatrix} ( {\it int } n )
```

Returns an identity matrix of size n by n.

Parameters

n	the input matrix. parameter.
n	the input matrix.

Returns

the identity matrix parameter.

Definition at line 93 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, and makeMatrix().

7.27.3.8 makeMatrix()

```
{\tt matrix*} makeMatrix ( {\tt int} \ width, {\tt int} \ height \ )
```

Makes a matrix with a width and height parameters.

Parameters

width	The width of the matrix
height	the height of the matrix

Returns

the new matrix

Definition at line 28 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), identityMatrix(), init_localization(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), scaleMatrix(), and transposeMatrix().

7.27.3.9 meanMatrix()

```
matrix* meanMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix, return a matrix where each element represents the mean of that full column. the matrix.

Returns

matrix with 1 row and n columns each element represents the mean of that full column.

Definition at line 142 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix().

7.27.3.10 multiplyMatrix()

```
matrix* multiplyMatrix (
    matrix * a,
    matrix * b )
```

Given a two matrices, returns the multiplication of the two.

Parameters

а	the first matrix	
b	the seconf matrix return the result of the multiplication	

Definition at line 231 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.11 printMatrix()

```
void printMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Prints a matrix.

Parameters

the matrix

Definition at line 74 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.12 rowSwap()

swaps the rows of a matrix. This method changes the input matrix. Given a matrix, this algorithm will swap rows p and q, provided that p and q are less than or equal to the height of matrix A and p and q are different values.

Parameters

the	matrix to swap. This method changes the input matrix.
the	first row
the	second row

Definition at line 292 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.13 scaleMatrix()

scales a matrix.

Parameters

m	the matrix to scale
the	value to scale by

Returns

a new matrix where each element in the input matrix is multiplied by the scalar value

Definition at line 270 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

Referenced by copyMatrix().

7.27.3.14 traceMatrix()

```
double traceMatrix ( \mathbf{matrix} \ * \ m \ )
```

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix.

Returns

the sum of the elements along the diagonal.

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix.

Returns

the sum of the elements along the diagonal.

Definition at line 115 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.27.3.15 transposeMatrix()

```
matrix* transposeMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

returns the transpose matrix.

Parameters

```
the matrix to transpose.
```

Returns

the transposed matrix.

Definition at line 207 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.28 matrix.h

```
00001
00010 #ifndef _MATRIX_H_
00011 #define _MATRIX_H_
00012
00016 typedef struct _matrix {
00017
       int height;
      int width;
00018
00019
       double *data;
00020 } matrix;
00021
00030 void assert(int assertion, const char *message);
00031
00035 matrix *makeMatrix(int width, int height);
00036
00044 matrix *copyMatrix(matrix *m);
00045
00050 void freeMatrix(matrix *m);
00051
00056 void printMatrix(matrix *m);
00057
00063 matrix *identityMatrix(int n);
00064
00070 double traceMatrix(matrix *m);
00071
00077 matrix *transposeMatrix(matrix *m);
00078
00086 matrix *meanMatrix(matrix *m);
00087
00094 matrix *multiplyMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b);
00095
00103 matrix *scaleMatrix(matrix *m, double value);
00104
00111 matrix *covarianceMatrix(matrix *m);
00112
00122 void rowSwap(matrix *a, int p, int q);
00137 matrix *dotProductMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b);
00138
00153 matrix *dotDiagonalMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b);
00154
00155 #endif
```

7.29 include/menu.h File Reference

Contains menu functionality and abstraction.

```
#include "API.h"
#include "lcd.h"
#include <float.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <vlib.h>
#include "log.h"
```

Data Structures

• struct menu_t

Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint_menu.

Typedefs

typedef struct menu_t menu_t

Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint menu.

Enumerations

enum menu_type { INT_TYPE, FLOAT_TYPE, STRING_TYPE }

Represents the different types of menus.

Functions

void denint_menu (menu_t *menu)

Destroys a menu Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

• int display_menu (menu_t *menu)

Displays a menu contex. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak! Will exit if robot is enabled. This prevents menu from locking up system in even of a reset.

menu_t * init_menu_float (enum menu_type type, float min, float max, float step, const char *prompt)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak!

menu_t * init_menu_int (enum menu_type type, int min, int max, int step, const char *prompt)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

• menu_t * init_menu_var (enum menu_type type, const char *prompt, int nums,...)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

7.29.1 Detailed Description

Contains menu functionality and abstraction.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition in file menu.h.

7.29.2 Typedef Documentation

```
7.29.2.1 menu_t
typedef struct menu_t menu_t
Represents a specific instance of a menu. Will cause a memory leak if not deinitialized via denint_menu.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
See also
     menu.h (p. 98)
     menu_t (p. 15)
     create_menu (p. 200)
     init_menu
     display_menu (p. 201)
     menu_type (p. 100)
     denint_menu (p. 200)
7.29.3 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.29.3.1 menu_type
enum menu_type
Represents the different types of menus.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/8/17
See also
     menu.h (p. 98)
     menu_t (p. 15)
     create_menu (p. 200)
     init menu
     display_menu (p. 101)
```

menu_type (p. 100)

Enumerator

INT_TYPE	Menu type allowing user to select a integer. The integer type menu has a max, min and a step
	value. Each step is calculated. Will return the index of the selected value. Example: User goes
	forwards twice then it will return 2.
FLOAT_TYPE	Menu type allowing user to select a float The float type menu has a max, min and a step value.
	Each step is calculated. Will return the index of the selected value. Example: User goes
	forwards twice then it will return 2.
STRING_TYPE	Menu type allowing user to select a string from a array of strings. Will return the index of the
	selected value. Example: User goes forwards twice then it will return 2.

Definition at line 30 of file menu.h.

7.29.4 Function Documentation

7.29.4.1 denint_menu()

Destroys a menu Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Parameters

menu	the menu to free
------	------------------

See also

menu

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 203 of file menu.c.

References menu_t::options, and menu_t::prompt.

7.29.4.2 display_menu()

Displays a menu contex. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak! Will exit if robot is enabled. This prevents menu from locking up system in even of a reset.

Parameters

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 164 of file menu.c.

References calculate_current_display(), menu_t::current, lcd_clear(), lcd_get_pressed_buttons(), lcd_print(), PRESSED, menu_t::prompt, RELEASED, and TOP_ROW.

7.29.4.3 init_menu_float()

```
menu_t* init_menu_float (
    enum menu_type type,
    float min,
    float max,
    float step,
    const char * prompt )
```

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak!

Parameters

type	the type of menu
------	------------------

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Parameters

min	the minimum value
max	the maximum value
step	the step value
prompt	the prompt to display to user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 111 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), max(), menu_t::max_f, min(), menu_t::min_f, and menu_t::step_f.

7.29.4.4 init_menu_int()

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Parameters

type	the type of menu

See also

menu_type (p. 100)

Parameters

min	the minimum value
max	the maximum value
step	the step value
prompt	the prompt to display to user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 88 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), menu_t::current, max(), menu_t::max, min(), menu_t::min, and menu_t::step.

```
7.29.4.5 init_menu_var()
```

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Parameters

l type the type of menu	type	the type of menu
---------------------------	------	------------------

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Parameters

nums	the number of elements passed to function
prompt	the prompt to display to user
options	the options to display for user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 60 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), menu_t::length, and menu_t::options.

Referenced by initialize().

7.30 menu.h 105

7.30 menu.h

```
00008 #ifndef _MENU_H_
00009 #define _MENU_H_
00011 #include "API.h"
00012 #include "lcd.h"
00013 #include <float.h>
00014 #include <limits.h>
00015 #include <string.h>
00016 #include <vlib.h>
00017 #include "log.h"
00018
00030 enum menu_type {
00037
       INT_TYPE,
00044
       FLOAT TYPE,
00050
      STRING_TYPE
00051 };
00052
00066 typedef struct menu_t {
00072
       enum menu_type type;
00073
00079
        char **options;
00080
00086
       unsigned int length:
00087
00094
       int min;
00095
00102
       int max;
00103
00111
        int step;
00112
00119
        float min_f;
00120
00127
       float max_f;
00128
00136
        float step_f;
00142
       int current;
00150
       char *prompt;
00151 } menu_t;
00152
00165 menu_t *init_menu_var(enum menu_type type, const char *prompt, int nums, ...);
00180 menu_t *init_menu_int(enum menu_type type, int min, int max, int step,
00181
                           const char *prompt);
00196 menu_t *init_menu_float(enum menu_type type, float min, float max, float step,
00197
                              const char *prompt);
00209 int display_menu(menu_t *menu);
00220 void denint_menu(menu_t *menu);
00221
00222 #endif
```

7.31 include/mobile_goal_intake.h File Reference

```
#include "controller.h"
#include "motor_ports.h"
#include "slew.h"
```

Functions

void lower_intake ()

lowers the intake

void raise_intake ()

```
raises the intake
    • void set_intake_motor (int n)
         sets the intake motor
    • void update_intake ()
         updates the mobile goal intake in teleop.
7.31.1 Function Documentation
7.31.1.1 lower_intake()
void lower_intake ( )
lowers the intake
Definition at line 7 of file mobile goal intake.c.
References set_intake_motor().
Referenced by autonomous(), and update_intake().
7.31.1.2 raise_intake()
void raise_intake ( )
raises the intake
Definition at line 9 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.
References set_intake_motor().
Referenced by autonomous(), and update_intake().
7.31.1.3 set_intake_motor()
void set_intake_motor (
               int n)
sets the intake motor
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 5 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References INTAKE_MOTOR, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous(), lower_intake(), raise_intake(), and update_intake().

7.31.1.4 update_intake()

```
void update_intake ( )
```

updates the mobile goal intake in teleop.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 14 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References lower_intake(), MASTER, raise_intake(), and set_intake_motor().

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.32 mobile_goal_intake.h

```
00001 #ifndef _MOBLE_GOAL_INTAKE_
00002 #define _MOBLE_GOAL_INTAKE_
00003
00004 #include "controller.h"
00005 #include "motor_ports.h"
00006 #include "slew.h"
00007
00013 void update_intake();
00014
00019 void set_intake_motor(int n);
00020
00024 void raise_intake();
00025
00029 void lower_intake();
00031
00031 #endif
```

7.33 include/motor_ports.h File Reference

The motor port definitions

Macros for the different motors ports.

Macros

- #define _MOTOR_PORTS_H_
- #define CLAW_MOTOR 10
- #define INTAKE_MOTOR 8
- #define MAX_SPEED 127

The max speed of a motor.

• #define MIN_SPEED -128

The min speed of a motor.

• #define MOTOR_BACK_LEFT 5

Back left drive motor of robot base.

• #define MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT 4 Back right drive motor of robot base. • #define MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT 7 Front left drive motor of robot base. • #define MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT 2 Front right drive motor of robot base. • #define MOTOR_LIFT 9 • #define MOTOR MIDDLE LEFT 6 Middle left drive motor of robot base. • #define MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT 3 Middle right drive motor of robot base. #define MOTOR SECONDARY LIFTER 1 7.33.1 Detailed Description The motor port definitions Macros for the different motors ports. Definition in file motor_ports.h. 7.33.2 Macro Definition Documentation 7.33.2.1 _MOTOR_PORTS_H_ #define _MOTOR_PORTS_H_

Definition at line 7 of file motor_ports.h.

7.33.2.2 CLAW_MOTOR

#define CLAW_MOTOR 10

Definition at line 62 of file motor_ports.h.

Referenced by close_claw(), open_claw(), and set_claw_motor().

7.33.2.3 INTAKE_MOTOR

#define INTAKE_MOTOR 8

Definition at line 64 of file motor_ports.h.

Referenced by set_intake_motor().

7.33.2.4 MAX_SPEED

#define MAX_SPEED 127

The max speed of a motor.

Definition at line 12 of file motor_ports.h.

Referenced by autonomous(), lower_main_lifter(), lower_secondary_lifter(), main_lifter_update(), raise_ main_lifter(), and secondary_lifter_update().

7.33.2.5 MIN SPEED

#define MIN_SPEED -128

The min speed of a motor.

Definition at line 17 of file motor_ports.h.

Referenced by autonomous(), main_lifter_update(), raise_secondary_lifter(), and secondary_lifter_update().

7.33.2.6 MOTOR_BACK_LEFT

#define MOTOR_BACK_LEFT 5

Back left drive motor of robot base.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/7/2017

Definition at line **58** of file **motor_ports.h**.

Referenced by set_side_speed().

```
7.33.2.7 MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT
#define MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT 4
Back right drive motor of robot base.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017
Definition at line 52 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_side_speed().
7.33.2.8 MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT
#define MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT 7
Front left drive motor of robot base.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017
Definition at line 31 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_side_speed().
7.33.2.9 MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT
#define MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT 2
Front right drive motor of robot base.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017
Definition at line 24 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_side_speed().
```

```
7.33.2.10 MOTOR_LIFT
#define MOTOR_LIFT 9
Definition at line 60 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_main_lifter_motors().
7.33.2.11 MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT
#define MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT 6
Middle left drive motor of robot base.
Date
     9/7/2017
Author
     Christian Desimone
Definition at line 45 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_side_speed().
7.33.2.12 MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT
#define MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT 3
Middle right drive motor of robot base.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/7/2017
Definition at line 38 of file motor_ports.h.
Referenced by set_side_speed().
```

7.33.2.13 MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER

```
#define MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER 1
```

Definition at line **63** of file **motor_ports.h**.

Referenced by set_secondary_lifter_motors().

7.34 motor_ports.h

```
00001
00006 #ifndef _MOTOT_PORTS_H_
00007 #define _MOTOR_PORTS_H_
80000
00012 #define MAX_SPEED 127
00013
00017 #define MIN_SPEED -128
00018
00024 #define MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT 2
00025
00031 #define MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT 7
00032
00038 #define MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT 3
00039
00045 #define MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT 6
00046
00052 #define MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT 4
00053
00058 #define MOTOR_BACK_LEFT 5
00059
00060 #define MOTOR_LIFT 9
00062 #define CLAW_MOTOR 10
00063 #define MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER 1
00064 #define INTAKE_MOTOR 8
00066 #endif
```

7.35 include/partner.h File Reference

```
#include "API.h"
#include "controller.h"
```

Enumerations

• enum CONTROLL_MODE { MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE, PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE }

Functions

- enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode ()
- void update_control ()

Updates the controller mode between Driver and Partner modes.

7.35.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.35.1.1 CONTROLL_MODE

enum CONTROLL_MODE

7.36 partner.h 113

Enumerator

```
MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE
```

Definition at line 7 of file partner.h.

7.35.2 Function Documentation

```
7.35.2.1 get_mode()
enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode ( )
```

Definition at line 5 of file partner.c.

References mode.

Referenced by update_drive_motors().

```
7.35.2.2 update_control()
```

```
void update_control ( )
```

Updates the controller mode between Driver and Partner modes.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 7 of file partner.c.

References MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE, mode, PARTNER, and PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE.

7.36 partner.h

```
00001 #ifndef _PARTNER_H_
00002 #define _PARTNER_H_
00003
00004 #include "API.h"
00005 #include "controller.h"
00006
00007 enum CONTROLL_MODE { MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE, PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE };
00013 void update_control();
00014
00015 enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode();
00016
00017 #endif
```

7.37 include/potentiometer.h File Reference

Macros

- #define **DEG_MAX** 250.0
- #define TICK_MAX 4095.0

7.37.1 Macro Definition Documentation

7.37.1.1 DEG_MAX

```
#define DEG_MAX 250.0
```

Definition at line 5 of file potentiometer.h.

Referenced by lifterPotentiometerToDegree().

7.37.1.2 TICK_MAX

```
#define TICK_MAX 4095.0
```

Definition at line 4 of file potentiometer.h.

Referenced by lifterPotentiometerToDegree().

7.38 potentiometer.h

```
00001 #ifndef _POTENTIOMETER_H_
00002 #define _POTENTIOMETER_H_
00003
00004 #define TICK_MAX 4095.0
00005 #define DEG_MAX 250.0
00006
00007 #endif
```

7.39 include/routines.h File Reference

```
#include "controller.h"
```

Data Structures

struct routine_t

Typedefs

• typedef struct routine_t routine_t

Functions

- void deinit_routines ()
- void init_routine ()
- void register_routine (void(*routine)(), button_t on_buttons, button_t *prohibited_buttons)
- void routine_task ()

7.39.1 Typedef Documentation

```
7.39.1.1 routine_t

typedef struct routine_t routine_t
```

7.39.2 Function Documentation

```
7.39.2.1 deinit_routines()
void deinit_routines ( )
```

Definition at line 33 of file routines.c.

References list_destroy().

```
7.39.2.2 init_routine()
void init_routine ( )
```

Definition at line 28 of file routines.c.

References list_new(), routine_task(), and routine_task_var.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.39.2.3 register_routine()

Definition at line 35 of file routines.c.

References routine_t::blocked_buttons, list_node_new(), list_rpush(), routine_t::on_button, routine_t ::routine, and list_node::val.

7.39.2.4 routine_task()

```
void routine_task ( )
```

Definition at line 12 of file routines.c.

References buttonIsNewPress(), LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_new(), routine t::routine, and list_node::val.

Referenced by init_routine().

7.40 routines.h

```
00001 #include "controller.h"
00002
00003 typedef struct routine_t {
00004  button_t on_button;
00005  button_t* blocked_buttons;
00006  void(*routine)();
00007 }routine_t;
00008
00009 void init_routine();
00010
00011 void routine_task();
00012
00013 void deinit_routines();
00014
00015 void register_routine(void(*routine)(), button_t on_buttons, button_t* prohibited_buttons);
```

7.41 include/sensor_ports.h File Reference

Macros

- #define CLAW_POT 1
- #define IME_FRONT_RIGHT 0

Number of integrated motor encoders Used when checking to see if all imes are plugged in.

• #define LIFTER 2

7.42 sensor ports.h

7.41.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.41.1.1 CLAW_POT
```

```
#define CLAW_POT 1
```

Definition at line 20 of file sensor_ports.h.

7.41.1.2 IME_FRONT_RIGHT

```
#define IME_FRONT_RIGHT 0
```

Number of integrated motor encoders Used when checking to see if all imes are plugged in.

See also

init_encoders (p. 146)

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/7/2017

Definition at line 18 of file sensor_ports.h.

7.41.1.3 LIFTER

```
#define LIFTER 2
```

Definition at line 19 of file sensor_ports.h.

Referenced by getLifterTicks().

7.42 sensor_ports.h

```
00001

00008 #ifndef _PORTS_H_

00009 #define _PORTS_H_

00010

00018 #define IME_FRONT_RIGHT 0

00019 #define LIFTER 2

00020 #define CLAW_POT 1

00021

00022 #endif
```

7.43 include/slew.h File Reference

Contains the slew rate controller wrapper for the motors.

```
#include <API.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <vlib.h>
```

Macros

• #define MOTOR_PORTS 12

The number of motor ports on the robot.

• #define RAMP_PROPORTION 1

proportion defining how quickly the motor should converge on the correct value. higher value leads to slower convergence

• #define UPDATE PERIOD MS 25

How frequently to update the motors, in milliseconds.

Functions

· void deinitslew ()

Deinitializes the slew rate controller and frees memory.

· void init_slew ()

Initializes the slew rate controller.

void set_motor_immediate (int motor, int speed)

Sets the motor speed ignoring the slew controller.

void set_motor_slew (int motor, int speed)

Sets motor speed wrapped inside the slew rate controller.

void updateMotors ()

Closes the distance between the desired motor value and the current motor value by half for each motor.

7.43.1 Detailed Description

Contains the slew rate controller wrapper for the motors.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition in file slew.h.

7.43.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.43.2.1 MOTOR_PORTS

#define MOTOR_PORTS 12

The number of motor ports on the robot.

Author

Christian DeSimone

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 27 of file slew.h.

7.43.2.2 RAMP_PROPORTION

```
#define RAMP_PROPORTION 1
```

proportion defining how quickly the motor should converge on the correct value. higher value leads to slower convergence

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 35 of file slew.h.

7.43.2.3 UPDATE_PERIOD_MS

#define UPDATE_PERIOD_MS 25

How frequently to update the motors, in milliseconds.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 20 of file slew.h.

7.43.3 Function Documentation

```
7.43.3.1 deinitslew()
void deinitslew ( )
Deinitializes the slew rate controller and frees memory.
Author
Chris Jerrett
Date
```

Definition at line 59 of file slew.c.

9/14/17

References initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and slew.

Referenced by autonomous().

```
7.43.3.2 init_slew()

void init_slew ( )
```

Initializes the slew rate controller.

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian DeSimone

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 42 of file slew.c.

References initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, slew, speeds_mutex, updateMotors(), and warning().

Referenced by autonomous(), operatorControl(), set_motor_immediate(), and set_motor_slew().

```
7.43.3.3 set_motor_immediate()
```

Sets the motor speed ignoring the slew controller.

Parameters

motor	the motor port to use
speed	the speed to use, between -127 and 127

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 90 of file slew.c.

References debug(), init_slew(), initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by close_claw(), open_claw(), set_claw_motor(), set_intake_motor(), and set_secondary_lifter_components.

7.43.3.4 set_motor_slew()

Sets motor speed wrapped inside the slew rate controller.

Parameters

motor	the motor port to use
speed	the speed to use, between -127 and 127

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 73 of file slew.c.

References debug(), init_slew(), initialized, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by set_main_lifter_motors(), and set_side_speed().

7.43.3.5 updateMotors()

```
void updateMotors ( )
```

Closes the distance between the desired motor value and the current motor value by half for each motor.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 19 of file slew.c.

References motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by init_slew().

7.44 slew.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef _SLEW_H_
00009 #define _SLEW_H_
00010
00011 #include <API.h>
00012 #include <math.h>
00013 #include <vlib.h>
00014
00020 #define UPDATE_PERIOD_MS 25
00021
00027 #define MOTOR_PORTS 12
00028
00035 #define RAMP_PROPORTION 1
00036
00043 void updateMotors();
00044
00050 void deinitslew();
00051
00057 void init_slew();
00058
00066 void set_motor_slew(int motor, int speed);
00075 void set_motor_immediate(int motor, int speed);
00076
00077 #endif
```

7.45 include/toggle.h File Reference

```
#include <API.h>
#include "controller.h"
```

Functions

bool buttonGetState (button_t)

Returns the current status of a button (pressed or not pressed)

• void buttonInit ()

Initializes the buttons.

bool buttonIsNewPress (button_t)

Detects if button is a new press from most recent check by comparing previous value to current value.

7.45.1 Function Documentation

7.45.1.1 buttonGetState()

Returns the current status of a button (pressed or not pressed)

Parameters

button	The button to detect from the Buttons enumeration.
Dutton	The batter to detect from the batters chambration.

Returns

true (pressed) or false (not pressed)

Definition at line 27 of file toggle.c.

References LCD_CENT, LCD_LEFT, and LCD_RIGHT.

Referenced by buttonIsNewPress().

7.45.1.2 buttonInit()

```
void buttonInit ( )
```

Initializes the buttons.

Initializes the buttons.

Definition at line 22 of file toggle.c.

References buttonPressed.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.45.1.3 buttonIsNewPress()

```
bool buttonIsNewPress ( {\bf button\_t}\ button\ )
```

Detects if button is a new press from most recent check by comparing previous value to current value.

7.46 toggle.h 125

Parameters

	button	The button to detect from the Buttons enumeration (see include/buttons.h).	
--	--------	--	--

Returns

true or false depending on if there was a change in button state.

Parameters

button	The button to detect from the Buttons enumeration (see include/buttons.h).
--------	--

Returns

true or false depending on if there was a change in button state.

Example code:

```
if(buttonIsNewPress(JOY1_8D))
    digitalWrite(1, !digitalRead(1));
```

Definition at line 136 of file toggle.c.

References buttonGetState(), and buttonPressed.

Referenced by routine_task().

7.46 toggle.h

```
00001
00013 #ifndef BUTTONS_H_
00014 #define BUTTONS_H_
00015
00016 #include <API.h>
00017 #include "controller.h"
00018
00022 void buttonInit();
00023
00034 bool buttonIsNewPress(button_t);
00035
00044 bool buttonGetState(button_t);
00045
00046 #endif
```

7.47 include/vlib.h File Reference

Contains misc helpful functions.

```
#include <API.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
```

Functions

```
    void * calloc_real (size_t elements, size_t size)
```

• void ftoaa (float a, char *buffer, int precision)

converts a float to string.

• int itoaa (int a, char *buffer, int digits)

converts a int to string.

• void reverse (char *str, int len)

reverses a string 'str' of length 'len'

7.47.1 Detailed Description

Contains misc helpful functions.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition in file vlib.h.

7.47.2 Function Documentation

7.47.2.1 calloc_real()

7.47.2.2 ftoaa()

converts a float to string.

Parameters

а	the float
buffer	the string the float will be written to.
precision	digits after the decimal to write

Author

Christian DeSimone

Date

9/26/2017

Definition at line 55 of file vlib.c.

References itoaa().

Referenced by calculate_current_display().

7.47.2.3 itoaa()

```
int itoaa (
                int a,
                char * buffer,
                int digits )
```

converts a int to string.

Parameters

а	the integer
buffer	the string the int will be written to.
digits	the number of digits to be written

Returns

the digits

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian DeSimone

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 30 of file vlib.c.

References reverse().

Referenced by ftoaa().

7.47.2.4 reverse()

```
void reverse ( {\rm char} \, * \, str, {\rm int} \, \, len \, )
```

reverses a string 'str' of length 'len'

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Parameters

str	the string to reverse
len	the length

Definition at line 10 of file vlib.c.

Referenced by itoaa().

7.48 vlib.h

```
00008 #ifndef _VLIB_H_
00009 #define _VLIB_H_
00010
00011 #include <API.h>
00012 #include <math.h>
00013 #include <string.h>
00014
00022 void reverse(char *str, int len);
00023
00034 int itoaa(int a, char *buffer, int digits);
00035
00045 void ftoaa(float a, char *buffer, int precision);
00046
00047 void *calloc_real(size_t elements, size_t size);
00048
00049 #endif
```

7.49 include/vmath.h File Reference

Vex Specific Math Functions, includes: Cartesian to polar cordinates.

```
#include <math.h>
```

Data Structures

• struct cord

A struct that contains cartesian coordinates.

struct polar_cord

A struct that contains polar coordinates.

Macros

#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846

Functions

struct polar_cord cartesian_cord_to_polar (struct cord cords)

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian cordinated to polar coordinates.

• struct polar_cord cartesian_to_polar (float x, float y)

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian coordinated to polar coordinates.

• int max (int a, int b)

the min of two values

• int min (int a, int b)

the min of two values

• double sind (double angle)

sine of a angle in degrees

7.49.1 Detailed Description

Vex Specific Math Functions, includes: Cartesian to polar cordinates.

Author

Christian Desimone Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition in file vmath.h.

7.49.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.49.2.1 M_PI
#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
Definition at line 13 of file vmath.h.
```

Referenced by calculate_encoder_odemetry(), and sind().

7.49.3 Function Documentation

```
7.49.3.1 cartesian_cord_to_polar()
```

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian cordinated to polar coordinates.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/8/2017

Parameters

cords the cartesian cords

Returns

a struct containing the angle and magnitude.

See also

```
polar_cord (p. 20) cord (p. 7)
```

Definition at line 53 of file vmath.c.

References cartesian_to_polar().

7.49.3.2 cartesian_to_polar()

```
struct polar\_cord cartesian_to_polar ( float x, float y)
```

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian coordinated to polar coordinates.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/8/2017

Parameters

	float value of the x cartesian coordinate.
У	float value of the y cartesian coordinate.

Returns

a struct containing the angle and magnitude.

See also

```
polar_cord (p. 20)
```

Definition at line 15 of file vmath.c.

References polar_cord::angle, and polar_cord::magnitue.

Referenced by cartesian_cord_to_polar().

7.49.3.3 max()

the min of two values

Parameters

а	the first
b	the second

Returns

the smaller of a and b

Definition at line 83 of file vmath.c.

Referenced by calculate_current_display(), init_menu_float(), and init_menu_int().

7.49.3.4 min()

the min of two values

Parameters

а	the first
b	the second

Returns

the smaller of a and b

Definition at line 71 of file vmath.c.

Referenced by calculate_current_display(), init_menu_float(), and init_menu_int().

7.49.3.5 sind()

```
double sind ( double angle )
```

sine of a angle in degrees

Definition at line 60 of file vmath.c.

References M_PI.

7.50 vmath.h 133

7.50 vmath.h

```
00009 #ifndef _VMATH_H_
00010 #define _VMATH_H_
00011
00012 #include <math.h>
00013 #define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
00014
00020 struct polar_cord {
00022 float angle;
00024 float magnitue;
00025 };
00026
00032 struct cord {
00034
       float x;
00036
       float y;
00037 };
00038
00051 struct polar_cord cartesian_to_polar(float x, float y);
00052
00065 struct polar_cord cartesian_cord_to_polar(struct cord cords);
00066
00073 int min(int a, int b);
00074
00081 int max(int a, int b);
00082
00086 double sind(double angle);
00087 #endif
```

7.51 README.md File Reference

7.52 README.md

```
00001 # InTheZoneA
00002 Team A code for In The Zone
```

7.53 src/auto.c File Reference

File for autonomous code.

```
#include "auto.h"
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

• void autonomous ()

7.53.1 Detailed Description

File for autonomous code.

This file should contain the user autonomous() (p. 134) function and any functions related to it.

Any copyright is dedicated to the Public Domain. http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1. \leftarrow 0/

PROS contains FreeRTOS (http://www.freertos.org) whose source code may be obtained from http↔://sourceforge.net/projects/freertos/files/ or on request.

Definition in file auto.c.

7.53.2 Function Documentation

7.53.2.1 autonomous()

```
void autonomous ( )
```

Runs the user autonomous code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the autonomous task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not re-start it from where it left off.

Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX Joystick. However, the autonomous function can be invoked from another task if a VEX Competition Switch is not available, and it can access joystick information if called in this way.

The autonomous task may exit, unlike **operatorControl()** (p. 88) which should never exit. If it does so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or disable/enable cycle.

Definition at line 34 of file auto.c.

References BOTH, calculate_encoder_angle(), close_claw(), deinitslew(), DEPLOY_HEIGHT, HALF_ROTA
TE, init_slew(), LEFT, lower_intake(), LOWEST_HEIGHT, MAIN_LIFTER_POT, MAX_HEIGHT, MAX_SPE
ED, MID_LEFT_DRIVE, MID_RIGHT_DRIVE, MIN_SPEED, MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE, MOBILE_GOAL_HEI
GHT, open_claw(), raise_intake(), RIGHT, SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT, set_claw_motor(), set_intake
motor(), set_main_lifter_motors(), set_secondary_lifter_motors(), set_side_speed(), and ZONE_DISTANCE.

7.54 auto.c

```
00001
00014 #include "auto.h"
00015 #include "main.h"
00016
00017 /*
00019 \, \star with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via
      \star the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous
00021 \star mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the autonomous
      \star task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the
      * task, not re-start it from where it left off.
      \star Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX
      \star Joystick. However, the autonomous function can be invoked from another task
      * if a VEX Competition Switch is not available, and it can access joystick
00028
      * information if called in this way.
00029
00030
      * The autonomous task may exit, unlike operatorControl() which should never
00031
      * exit. If it does so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or
00032
      * disable/enable cycle.
00033
00034 void autonomous() {
00035
      init slew();
00036
       delay(10);
00037
       printf("auto\n");
00038
       // How far the left wheels have gone
00039
       int counts_drive_left;
00040
00041
       // How far the right wheels have gone
00042
       int counts_drive_right;
00043
       // The average distance traveled forward
00044
       int counts_drive;
```

7.54 auto.c 135

```
00045
00046
        // Reset the integrated motor controllers
00047
        imeReset(MID_LEFT_DRIVE);
00048
        imeReset(MID_RIGHT_DRIVE);
00049
        // Set initial values for how far the wheels have gone
00050
        imeGet(MID_LEFT_DRIVE, &counts_drive_left);
00051
        imeGet(MID_RIGHT_DRIVE, &counts_drive_right);
00052
        counts_drive = counts_drive_left + counts_drive_right;
00053
        counts_drive /= 2;
00054
00055
        // Deploy claw
00056
        while (analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT) < DEPLOY_HEIGHT) {</pre>
00057
00058
          set_secondary_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED);
00059
00060
        set_secondary_lifter_motors(0);
00061
00062
        while (analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT) > LOWEST_HEIGHT) {
00063
          set_secondary_lifter_motors(MIN_SPEED);
00064
00065
        set_secondary_lifter_motors(0);
00066
00067
        // Grab pre-load cone
00068
        close_claw();
00069
        delav(300);
00070
        set claw motor(0);
00071
00072
        while (analogRead(SECONDARY LIFTER POT PORT) < MAX HEIGHT) {
00073
          set_secondary_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED);
00074
00075
        set_secondary_lifter_motors(0);
00076
        // Raise the lifter
00077
        while (analogRead(MAIN LIFTER POT) < MOBILE GOAL HEIGHT) {
00078
          set_main_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED);
00079
00080
        set_main_lifter_motors(0);
00081
        // Drive towards the goal
00082
00083
        lower_intake();
00084
        delay(300);
00085
        set_intake_motor(0);
00086
00087
        while (counts_drive < MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE) {</pre>
00088
          set_side_speed(BOTH, 127);
00089
          \ensuremath{//} Restablish the distance traveled
00090
          imeGet(MID_LEFT_DRIVE, &counts_drive_left);
00091
          imeGet(MID_RIGHT_DRIVE, &counts_drive_right);
00092
          counts_drive = counts_drive_left + counts_drive_right;
00093
          counts_drive /= 2;
00094
00095
        // Stop moving
00096
        set_side_speed(BOTH, 0);
00097
        delay(1000);
00098
00099
        raise_intake();
00100
        delay(300);
00101
        set_intake_motor(0);
00102
00103
        // Drop the cone on the goal
00104
        open_claw();
00105
        delay(1000);
00106
00107
        int ang = 0;
00108
        while (ang < HALF_ROTATE) {</pre>
00109
         ang += calculate_encoder_angle();
00110
          set_side_speed(LEFT, MAX_SPEED);
          set_side_speed(RIGHT, MIN_SPEED);
00111
00112
00113
        set side speed(BOTH, 0);
00114
00115
        counts_drive = 0;
00116
00117
        while (counts_drive < MOBILE_GOAL_DISTANCE + ZONE_DISTANCE) {</pre>
00118
          set side speed (BOTH, 127);
00119
          // Restablish the distance traveled
00120
          imeGet(MID_LEFT_DRIVE, &counts_drive_left);
00121
          imeGet (MID RIGHT DRIVE, &counts drive right);
          counts_drive = counts_drive_left + counts_drive_right;
00122
          counts_drive /= 2;
00123
00124
        }
00125
```

```
00126    lower_intake();
00127    delay(300);
00128    set_intake_motor(0);
00129
00130    set_side_speed(BOTH, MIN_SPEED);
00131    delay(1000);
00132    set_side_speed(BOTH, 0);
00133
00134    deinitslew();
00135 }
```

7.55 src/battery.c File Reference

```
#include "battery.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Functions

- double backup_battery_voltage ()
 gets the backup battery voltage
- bool battery_level_acceptable ()
 - returns if the batteries are acceptable
- double main_battery_voltage () gets the main battery voltage

7.55.1 Function Documentation

7.55.1.1 backup_battery_voltage()

```
double backup_battery_voltage ( )
```

gets the backup battery voltage

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 14 of file battery.c.

Referenced by battery_level_acceptable().

7.56 battery.c 137

7.55.1.2 battery_level_acceptable()

```
bool battery_level_acceptable ( )
```

returns if the batteries are acceptable

See also

```
MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE (p. 27)
MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE (p. 27)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 23 of file battery.c.

References backup_battery_voltage(), main_battery_voltage(), MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE, and MIN_MAIN_V OLTAGE.

Referenced by initialize().

7.55.1.3 main_battery_voltage()

```
double main_battery_voltage ( )
```

gets the main battery voltage

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 8 of file battery.c.

Referenced by battery_level_acceptable().

7.56 battery.c

```
00001 #include "battery.h"
00002 #include <API.h>
00008 double main_battery_voltage() { return powerLevelMain() / 1000.0; }
00009
00014 double backup_battery_voltage() { return powerLevelBackup() / 1000.0; }
00015
00023 bool battery_level_acceptable() {
00024 if (main_battery_voltage() < MIN_MAIN_VOLTAGE)
00025
          return false:
      if (backup_battery_voltage() < MIN_BACKUP_VOLTAGE)</pre>
00026
00027
        return false;
00028
       return true;
00029 }
```

7.57 src/claw.c File Reference

```
#include "claw.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "toggle.h"
```

Functions

· void close claw ()

Drives the motors to close the claw.

void open_claw ()

Drives the motors to open the claw.

 void set_claw_motor (const int v) sets the claw motor speed

• void update_claw ()

Updates the claw motor values.

Variables

• static enum claw_state state = CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE

7.57.1 Function Documentation

```
7.57.1.1 close_claw()
```

```
void close_claw ( )
```

Drives the motors to close the claw.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 44 of file claw.c.

References CLAW_MOTOR, MIN_CLAW_SPEED, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous().

```
7.57.1.2 open_claw()
void open_claw ( )
Drives the motors to open the claw.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 38 of file claw.c.
References CLAW_MOTOR, MAX_CLAW_SPEED, and set_motor_immediate().
Referenced by autonomous().
7.57.1.3 set_claw_motor()
void set_claw_motor (
              const int v )
sets the claw motor speed
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 32 of file claw.c.
References CLAW_MOTOR, and set_motor_immediate().
Referenced by autonomous(), and update_claw().
7.57.1.4 update_claw()
void update_claw ( )
Updates the claw motor values.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Definition at line 10 of file claw.c.
```

References CLAW CLOSE, CLAW CLOSE STATE, CLAW NEUTRAL STATE, CLAW OPEN, CLAW OPE N_STATE, MAX_CLAW_SPEED, MIN_CLAW_SPEED, set_claw_motor(), and state.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.57.2 Variable Documentation

```
7.57.2.1 state
```

```
enum claw_state state = CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE [static]
```

Definition at line 4 of file claw.c.

Referenced by update_claw().

7.58 claw.c

```
00001 #include "claw.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003 #include "toggle.h"
00004 static enum claw_state state = CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE;
00010 void update_claw() {
00011 if (joystickGetDigital(CLAW_CLOSE)) {
00012
         state = CLAW_CLOSE_STATE;
00013
      } else if (joystickGetDigital(CLAW_OPEN)) {
00014
         state = CLAW_OPEN_STATE;
      } else {
00015
00016
         state = CLAW_NEUTRAL_STATE;
00017
00018
      if (state == CLAW_CLOSE_STATE) {
00019
00020
        set_claw_motor(MAX_CLAW_SPEED);
      } else if (state == CLAW_OPEN_STATE) {
00021
00022
         set_claw_motor(MIN_CLAW_SPEED);
00023
      } else
00024
         set_claw_motor(0);
00025
00026 }
00027
00032 void set_claw_motor(const int v) { set_motor_immediate(CLAW_MOTOR, v); }
00033
00038 void open_claw() { set_motor_immediate(CLAW_MOTOR, MAX_CLAW_SPEED); }
00039
00044 void close_claw() { set_motor_immediate(CLAW_MOTOR, MIN_CLAW_SPEED); }
```

7.59 src/controller.c File Reference

```
#include "controller.h"
```

Functions

• struct cord get_joystick_cord (enum joystick side, int controller)

Gets the location of a joystick on the controller.

7.59.1 Function Documentation

7.60 controller.c 141

7.59.1.1 get_joystick_cord()

Gets the location of a joystick on the controller.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 7 of file controller.c.

References LEFT_JOY_X, LEFT_JOY_Y, RIGHT_JOY, RIGHT_JOY_X, RIGHT_JOY_Y, cord::x, and cord::y.

7.60 controller.c

```
00001 #include "controller.h"
00002
00007 struct cord get_joystick_cord(enum joystick side, int controller) {
80000
        int x;
00009
00010
        // Get the joystick value for either the right or left,
00011
       // depending on the mode
00012
        if (side == RIGHT_JOY)
        y = joystickGetAnalog(controller, RIGHT_JOY_X);
00013
00014
          x = joystickGetAnalog(controller, RIGHT_JOY_Y);
00015
       } else {
        y = joystickGetAnalog(controller, LEFT_JOY_X);
x = joystickGetAnalog(controller, LEFT_JOY_Y);
00016
00017
00018
00019
       // Define a coordinate for the joystick value
00020
       struct cord c;
00021
       c.x = x;
00022
       c.y = y;
00023
      return c;
00024 }
```

7.61 src/drive.c File Reference

```
#include "drive.h"
#include "controller.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "motor_ports.h"
#include "slew.h"
#include "vmath.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Functions

• int getThresh ()

Gets the deadzone threshhold on the drive.

• static float joystickExp (int joystickVal)

Applies exponential scale to a joystick value.

void set_side_speed (side_t side, int speed)

sets the speed of one side of the robot.

• void **setThresh** (int t)

Sets the deadzone threshhold on the drive.

void update_drive_motors ()

Updates the drive motors during teleop.

Variables

• static int thresh = 30

7.61.1 Function Documentation

```
7.61.1.1 getThresh()
```

```
int getThresh ( )
```

Gets the deadzone threshhold on the drive.

Author

Christian Desimone

Definition at line 15 of file drive.c.

References thresh.

7.61.1.2 joystickExp()

Applies exponential scale to a joystick value.

Author

Christian DeSimone, Chris Jerrett

Parameters

lue from the joystick	joystickVal the analog
-----------------------	------------------------

Date

9/21/2017

Definition at line 81 of file drive.c.

References THRESHOLD.

```
7.61.1.3 set_side_speed()
```

sets the speed of one side of the robot.

Author

Christian Desimone

Parameters

side	a side enum which indicates the size.]
speed	the speed of the side. Can range from -127 - 127 negative being back and positive forwards	1

Definition at line 62 of file drive.c.

References BOTH, LEFT, MOTOR_BACK_LEFT, MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT, MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT, MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT, MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT, MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT, RIGHT, and set_motor_slew().

Referenced by autonomous(), and update_drive_motors().

7.61.1.4 setThresh()

```
void setThresh ( \inf \ t \ )
```

Sets the deadzone threshhold on the drive.

```
Author
     Christian Desimone
Definition at line 21 of file drive.c.
References thresh.
7.61.1.5 update_drive_motors()
void update_drive_motors ( )
Updates the drive motors during teleop.
Author
     Christian Desimone
Date
     9/5/17
Definition at line 28 of file drive.c.
References get_mode(), LEFT, MASTER, PARTNER, PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE, RIGHT, set_side_{\leftarrow}
speed(), thresh, cord::x, and cord::y.
Referenced by operatorControl().
7.61.2 Variable Documentation
7.61.2.1 thresh
int thresh = 30 [static]
Definition at line 9 of file drive.c.
Referenced by getThresh(), setThresh(), and update_drive_motors().
```

7.62 drive.c 145

7.62 drive.c

```
00001 #include "drive.h"
00002 #include "controller.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00004 #include "motor_ports.h"
00005 #include "slew.h"
00006 #include "vmath.h"
00007 #include <API.h>
00008
00009 static int thresh = 30;
00010
00015 int getThresh() { return thresh; }
00016
00021 void setThresh(int t) { thresh = t; }
00022
00028 void update_drive_motors() {
00029
       // Get the joystick values from the controller
00030
        int x = 0;
00031
         int y = 0;
        if (get_mode() == PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE) {
00032
00033
         x = (joystickGetAnalog(PARTNER, 3));
00034
          y = (joystickGetAnalog(PARTNER, 1));
        } else {
00035
00036
         x = -(joystickGetAnalog(MASTER, 3));
          y = (joystickGetAnalog(MASTER, 1));
00037
00038
00039
        // Make sure the joystick values are significant enough to change the motors
00040
        if (x < thresh && x > -thresh) {
00041
         x = 0;
00042
00043
        if (y < thresh && y > -thresh) {
         y = 0;
00044
00045
00046
        // Create motor values for the left and right from the x and y of the joystick
00047
        int r = (x + y);
00048
        int 1 = -(x - y);
00049
00050
        // Set the drive motors
00051
        set_side_speed(LEFT, 1);
00052
        set_side_speed(RIGHT, -r);
00053 }
00054
00062 void set_side_speed(side_t side, int speed) {
       if (side == RIGHT || side == BOTH) {
00063
          set_motor_slew(MOTOR_BACK_RIGHT, -speed);
set_motor_slew(MOTOR_FRONT_RIGHT, -speed);
00064
00065
          set_motor_slew(MOTOR_MIDDLE_RIGHT, -speed);
00066
00067
00068
        if (side == LEFT || side == BOTH) {
00069
          set_motor_slew(MOTOR_BACK_LEFT, speed);
00070
          set_motor_slew(MOTOR_MIDDLE_LEFT, speed);
00071
          set_motor_slew(MOTOR_FRONT_LEFT, speed);
00072
00073 }
00074
00081 static float joystickExp(int joystickVal) {
00082
        \ensuremath{//} make the offset negative if moving backwards
00083
        if (abs(joystickVal) < THRESHOLD) {</pre>
00084
         return 0;
00085
00086
00087
        int offset;
00088
        // Use the threshold to ensure the joystick values are significant
00089
        if (joystickVal < 0) {</pre>
00090
          offset = - (THRESHOLD);
00091
        } else {
00092
          offset = THRESHOLD;
00093
00094
        // Apply the function ((((x/10)^3)/18) + offset) * 0.8 to the joystick value
00095
        return (pow(joystickVal / 10, 3) / 18 + offset) * 0.8;
00096 }
```

7.63 src/encoders.c File Reference

```
#include "encoders.h"
#include "log.h"
```

```
#include <API.h>
```

Functions

• int get_encoder_ticks (unsigned char address)

Gets the encoder ticks since last reset.

• int **get_encoder_velocity** (unsigned char address)

Gets the encoder reads.

• bool init_encoders ()

Initializes all motor encoders.

7.63.1 Function Documentation

```
7.63.1.1 get_encoder_ticks()
```

Gets the encoder ticks since last reset.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/15/2017

Definition at line 30 of file encoders.c.

Referenced by calculate_encoder_angle(), and calculate_encoder_odemetry().

7.63.1.2 get_encoder_velocity()

```
int get_encoder_velocity (
          unsigned char address )
```

Gets the encoder reads.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/15/2017

Definition at line 41 of file encoders.c.

7.64 encoders.c 147

7.63.1.3 init_encoders()

```
bool init_encoders ( )
```

Initializes all motor encoders.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

See also

IME_NUMBER (p. 46)

Definition at line 11 of file encoders.c.

References error(), and IME_NUMBER.

Referenced by initialize().

7.64 encoders.c

```
00001 #include "encoders.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003 #include <API.h>
00004
00011 bool init_encoders() {
00012 #ifdef IME_NUMBER
00013 int count = imeInitializeAll();
00014 if (count != IME_NUMBER) {
00015 printf("detected only %d\n", count);
00016 error("Wrong Number of IMEs Connected");
00017
            return false;
00018 }
00019
         return true;
00020 #else
00021
         return imeInitializeAll();
00022 #endif
00023 }
00024
00030 int get_encoder_ticks(unsigned char address) {
00031 int i = 0;
00032 imeGet(address, &i);
00033
        return i;
00034 }
00035
00041 int get_encoder_velocity(unsigned char address) {
00042 int i = 0;
00043 imeGetVelocity(address, &i);
00044
         return i;
00045 }
```

7.65 src/gyro.c File Reference

```
#include "gyro.h"
```

Functions

```
• float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity ()
    • bool init_main_gyro ()
Variables
   • static Gyro main_gyro
7.65.1 Function Documentation
7.65.1.1 get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity()
float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity ( )
Definition at line 10 of file gyro.c.
References GYRO_PORT.
7.65.1.2 init_main_gyro()
bool init_main_gyro ( )
Definition at line 5 of file gyro.c.
References GYRO_MULTIPLIER, GYRO_PORT, and main_gyro.
7.65.2 Variable Documentation
```

7.65.2.1 main_gyro

Gyro main_gyro [static]

Definition at line 3 of file gyro.c.

Referenced by init_main_gyro().

7.66 gyro.c 149

7.66 gyro.c

```
00001 #include "gyro.h"
00003 static Gyro main_gyro;
00004
00005 bool init_main_gyro() {
00006 main_gyro = gyroInit(GYRO_PORT, GYRO_MULTIPLIER);
00007
       return main_gyro != NULL;
00008 }
00009
00010 float get_main_gyro_angluar_velocity() {
00011
       uint32_t port = GYRO_PORT;
00012 int32_t reading = (int32_t)analogReadCalibratedHR(port + 1);
00013
       return 0;
00014 }
```

7.67 src/init.c File Reference

File for initialization code.

```
#include "battery.h"
#include "encoders.h"
#include "lcd.h"
#include "lifter.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "menu.h"
#include "slew.h"
```

Functions

- · void initialize ()
- void initializeIO ()

Variables

· Ultrasonic lifter ultrasonic

7.67.1 Detailed Description

File for initialization code.

This file should contain the user **initialize()** (p. 150) function and any functions related to it.

Any copyright is dedicated to the Public Domain. http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1. \leftarrow 0/

PROS contains FreeRTOS (http://www.freertos.org) whose source code may be obtained from http-://sourceforge.net/projects/freertos/files/ or on request.

Definition in file init.c.

7.67.2 Function Documentation

7.67.2.1 initialize()

```
void initialize ( )
```

Runs user initialization code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up. It is possible that the VEXnet communication link may not be fully established at this time, so reading from the VEX Joystick may fail.

This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics), LCDs, global variables, and IMEs.

This function must exit relatively promptly, or the **operatorControl()** (p. 88) and **autonomous()** (p. 86) tasks will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the pre_auton() in other environments can be implemented in this task if desired.

Definition at line 50 of file init.c.

References battery_level_acceptable(), error(), info(), init_encoders(), init_error(), init_main_lcd(), init_emenu var(), lifter ultrasonic, and STRING TYPE.

7.67.2.2 initializeIO()

```
void initializeIO ( )
```

Runs pre-initialization code. This function will be started in kernel mode one time while the VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still paused, most API functions will fail.

The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes (pinMode()) and port states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons, and solenoids. It can also safely configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but cannot set up an LCD (lcdInit()).

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

7.67.3 Variable Documentation

7.67.3.1 lifter_ultrasonic

Ultrasonic lifter_ultrasonic

Definition at line 4 of file lifter.c.

Referenced by autostack routine(), initialize(), and main_lifter_update().

7.68 init.c 151

7.68 init.c

```
00001
00013 #include "battery.h"
00014 #include "encoders.h"
00015 #include "lcd.h"
00016 #include "lifter.h'
00017 #include "log.h"
00018 #include "main.h"
00019 #include "menu.h"
00020 #include "slew.h"
00021
00022 extern Ultrasonic lifter_ultrasonic;
00023
00024 /*
00026 \,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\, one time while the VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still
00027
     * paused, most API functions will fail.
00028 *
00029 \, * The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes
00030 \star (pinMode()) and port states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons,
00031 \,\star\, and solenoids. It can also safely configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but
00032 * cannot set up an LCD (lcdInit()).
00033 *
00034 */
00035 void initializeIO() { watchdogInit(); }
00036
00037 /*
00039 \star with the default priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up.
00040 \,\star\, It is possible that the VEXnet communication link may not be fully
00041 * established at this time, so reading from the VEX Joystick may fail.
00042
00043 * This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics),
00044 * LCDs, global variables, and IMEs.
00045
00046 \star This function must exit relatively promptly, or the operatorControl() and
00047
     * autonomous() tasks will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the
00048 * pre_auton() in other environments can be implemented in this task if desired.
00049 */
00050 void initialize() {
00051 init_main_lcd(uart1);
      info("LCD Init");
00052
00053
      if (!battery_level_acceptable())
00054
        error("Bad main/backup bat");
00055
       menu t *t =
00056
           init_menu_var(STRING_TYPE, "TEST Menu", 5, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5");
00057
       init_error(true, uart2);
       setTeamName("9228A");
00058
00059
       init encoders();
00060
       lifter_ultrasonic = ultrasonicInit(4, 5);
00061 }
```

7.69 src/lcd.c File Reference

#include "lcd.h"

Functions

void init main lcd (FILE *lcd)

Initializes the lcd screen. Also will initialize the lcd port var. Must be called before any lcd function can be called.

static bool lcd_assert ()

Asserts the lcd is initialized Works by checking is the File *lcd_port is the default NULL value and thus not set.

void lcd_clear ()

Clears the lcd.

• lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons ()

Returns the pressed buttons.

void Icd_print (unsigned int line, const char *str)

prints a string to a line on the lcd

• void **lcd_printf** (unsigned int line, const char *format_str,...)

prints a formated string to a line on the lcd. Smilar to printf

void lcd_set_backlight (bool state)

sets the backlight of the lcd

void promt_confirmation (const char *confirm text)

Prompts the user to confirm a string. User must press middle button to confirm. Function is not thread safe and will stall a thread.

Variables

• static FILE * Icd_port = NULL

7.69.1 Function Documentation

7.69.1.1 init_main_lcd()

Initializes the lcd screen. Also will initialize the lcd_port var. Must be called before any lcd function can be called.

Parameters

lcd	the urart port of the lcd screen
-----	----------------------------------

See also

uart1

uart2

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 62 of file lcd.c.

References Icd_clear(), and Icd_port.

Referenced by initialize().

```
7.69.1.2 lcd_assert()
static bool lcd_assert ( ) [static]
Asserts the lcd is initialized Works by checking is the File *lcd_port is the default NULL value and thus not set.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 13 of file Icd.c.
References Icd_port.
Referenced by Icd_clear(), Icd_get_pressed_buttons(), Icd_print(), Icd_printf(), Icd_set_backlight(), and
promt_confirmation().
7.69.1.3 lcd_clear()
void lcd_clear ( )
Clears the lcd.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 47 of file lcd.c.
References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.
Referenced by display_menu(), and init_main_lcd().
```

```
7.69.1.4 lcd_get_pressed_buttons()
```

```
lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons ( )
```

Returns the pressed buttons.

Returns

a struct containing the states of all three buttons.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

See also

Icd_buttons (p. 9)

Definition at line 28 of file Icd.c.

References Icd_assert(), Icd_port, Icd_buttons::left, Icd_buttons::middle, PRESSED, RELEASED, and Icd-buttons::right.

Referenced by display_menu(), and promt_confirmation().

7.69.1.5 lcd_print()

```
void lcd_print (
          unsigned int line,
          const char * str )
```

prints a string to a line on the lcd

Parameters

line	the line to print on
str	string to print

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 75 of file lcd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

Referenced by display_menu(), and promt_confirmation().

7.69.1.6 lcd_printf()

prints a formated string to a line on the lcd. Smilar to printf

Parameters

line	the line to print on
format_str	format string string to print

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 87 of file Icd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

7.69.1.7 lcd_set_backlight()

sets the backlight of the lcd

Parameters

state a boolean representing the state of the backlight. true = on, false = off.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 99 of file Icd.c.

References Icd_assert(), and Icd_port.

7.69.1.8 promt_confirmation()

Prompts the user to confirm a string. User must press middle button to confirm. Function is not thread safe and will stall a thread.

Parameters

confirm text	the text for the user to confirm.
COMMINITION LEAL	

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 113 of file lcd.c.

References Icd_assert(), Icd_get_pressed_buttons(), Icd_print(), and PRESSED.

7.69.2 Variable Documentation

7.70 lcd.c 157

7.69.2.1 lcd_port

```
FILE* lcd_port = NULL [static]
```

The port of the initialized lcd

Definition at line 4 of file Icd.c.

Referenced by init_main_lcd(), lcd_assert(), lcd_clear(), lcd_get_pressed_buttons(), lcd_print(), lcd_printf(), and lcd_set_backlight().

7.70 lcd.c

```
00001 #include "lcd.h"
00002
00004 static FILE *lcd_port = NULL;
00005
00013 static bool lcd_assert() {
00014
      if (lcd_port == NULL) {
         printf("LCD NULL!");
00015
00016
          return false;
00017
00018
       return true;
00019 }
00020
00028 lcd_buttons lcd_get_pressed_buttons() {
00029
      lcd_assert();
        unsigned int btn_binary = lcdReadButtons(lcd_port);
00030
       bool middle = btn_binary & 0x1; // 0001 bool middle = btn_binary & 0x2; // 0010 bool might = btn_'.
00031
00032
00033
       bool right = btn_binary & 0x4; // 0100
00034
        lcd_buttons btns;
       btns.left = left ? PRESSED : RELEASED;
00035
       btns.middle = middle ? PRESSED : RELEASED;
00036
00037
       btns.right = right ? PRESSED : RELEASED;
00038
00039
        return btns;
00040 }
00041
00047 void lcd_clear()
00048 lcd_assert();
00049
        lcdClear(lcd_port);
00050 }
00051
00062 void init_main_lcd(FILE *lcd) {
00063
        lcd_port = lcd;
00064
       lcdInit(lcd);
00065
       lcd_clear();
00066 }
00067
00075 void lcd_print(unsigned int line, const char *str) {
       lcd_assert();
00077
        lcdSetText(lcd_port, line, str);
00078 }
00087 void lcd_printf(unsigned int line, const char *format_str, ...) {
00088 lcd_assert();
00089
        lcdPrint(lcd_port, line, format_str);
00090 }
00091
00099 void lcd_set_backlight(bool state) {
00100
        lcd_assert();
00101
        lcdSetBacklight(lcd port, state);
00102 }
00103
00113 void promt_confirmation(const char *confirm_text) {
00114 lcd_assert();
00115
        lcd_print(1, confirm_text);
       while (lcd_get_pressed_buttons().middle != PRESSED) {
00116
00117
         delay(200);
00118
00119 }
```

7.71 src/lifter.c File Reference

```
#include "lifter.h"
#include "log.h"
```

Functions

- void autostack_routine ()
- double getLifterHeight ()

Gets the height of the lifter in inches.

• int getLifterTicks ()

Gets the value of the lifter pot.

• float lifterPotentiometerToDegree (int x)

height of the lifter in degrees from 0 height

• void lower_main_lifter ()

Lowers the main lifter.

void lower secondary_lifter ()

Lowers the secondary lifter.

- static void main_lifter_update ()
- void raise_main_lifter ()

Raises the main lifter.

void raise_secondary_lifter ()

Raises the main lifter.

- static void secondary_lifter_update ()
- void set_lifter_pos (int pos)

Sets the lifter positions to the given value.

void set_main_lifter_motors (const int v)

Sets the main lifter motors to the given value.

void set_secondary_lifter_motors (const int v)

Sets the secondary lifter motors to the given value.

void update_lifter ()

Updates the lifter in teleop.

Variables

- static bool lifter_autostack_routine_interupt = false
- static bool lifter_autostack_running = false
- Ultrasonic lifter_ultrasonic
- static bool secondary_override = false

7.71.1 Function Documentation

```
7.71.1.1 autostack_routine()
void autostack_routine ( )
Definition at line 9 of file lifter.c.
References lifter_ultrasonic, raise_main_lifter(), and set_main_lifter_motors().
7.71.1.2 getLifterHeight()
double getLifterHeight ( )
Gets the height of the lifter in inches.
Returns
     the height of the lifter.
Author
      Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/17/2017
Definition at line 216 of file lifter.c.
References getLifterTicks().
7.71.1.3 getLifterTicks()
int getLifterTicks ( )
Gets the value of the lifter pot.
Returns
     the value of the pot.
Author
      Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 207 of file lifter.c.
References LIFTER.
Referenced by getLifterHeight().
7.71.1.4 lifterPotentiometerToDegree()
float lifterPotentiometerToDegree (
               int x)
```

height of the lifter in degrees from 0 height

Parameters		
x the pot value		
Returns		
the positions in degrees		
Authory		
Author		
Chris Jerrett		
Date		
10/13/2017		
. 6, 16, 26		
Definition at line 196 of file lifter.c.		
References DEG_MAX, INIT_ROTATION, and TICK_MAX.		
7.71.1.5 lower_main_lifter()		
7.71.1.5 lower_main_lifter()		
<pre>7.71.1.5 lower_main_lifter() void lower_main_lifter ()</pre>		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter ()</pre>		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter.</pre>		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter.</pre> Author		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter.</pre>		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter.</pre> Author		
<pre>void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter.</pre> Author		
void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter. Author Christian DeSimone		
void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter. Author Christian DeSimone Date		
void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter. Author Christian DeSimone Date 9/12/2017		
void lower_main_lifter () Lowers the main lifter. Author Christian DeSimone Date		

```
7.71.1.6 lower_secondary_lifter()
void lower_secondary_lifter ( )
Lowers the secondary lifter.
Author
     Christian DeSimone
Date
     9/12/2017
Definition at line 86 of file lifter.c.
References MAX_SPEED, and set_secondary_lifter_motors().
7.71.1.7 main_lifter_update()
static void main_lifter_update ( ) [static]
Definition at line 90 of file lifter.c.
References lifter_autostack_running, LIFTER_DOWN, lifter_ultrasonic, LIFTER_UP, MAIN_LIFTER_POT, M←
AX_SPEED, MIN_SPEED, secondary_override, and set_main_lifter_motors().
Referenced by update_lifter().
7.71.1.8 raise_main_lifter()
void raise_main_lifter ( )
Raises the main lifter.
Author
     Christian DeSimone
Date
     9/12/2017
Definition at line 62 of file lifter.c.
References MAX_SPEED, and set_main_lifter_motors().
Referenced by autostack_routine().
```

```
7.71.1.9 raise_secondary_lifter()
```

```
void raise_secondary_lifter ( )
```

Raises the main lifter.

Author

Christian DeSimone

Date

9/12/2017

Definition at line 78 of file lifter.c.

References MIN_SPEED, and set_secondary_lifter_motors().

7.71.1.10 secondary_lifter_update()

```
static void secondary_lifter_update ( ) [static]
```

Definition at line 130 of file lifter.c.

References lifter_autostack_running, MAX_SPEED, MIN_SPEED, SECONDARY_LIFTER_D, SECONDARY_LIFTER_D, SECONDARY_LIFTER_P, SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT, SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP, and set_secondary_lifter_motors().

Referenced by update_lifter().

7.71.1.11 set_lifter_pos()

Sets the lifter positions to the given value.

Parameters

pos	The height in inches

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/12/2017

Definition at line 54 of file lifter.c.

7.71.1.12 set_main_lifter_motors()

```
void set_main_lifter_motors ( const int v )
```

Sets the main lifter motors to the given value.

Parameters

v value for the lifter motor. Between -128 - 127, any values outside are clamped.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 45 of file lifter.c.

References MOTOR_LIFT, and set_motor_slew().

Referenced by autonomous(), autostack_routine(), lower_main_lifter(), main_lifter_update(), and raise_main← _lifter().

7.71.1.13 set_secondary_lifter_motors()

```
void set_secondary_lifter_motors ( {\tt const\ int}\ v\ )
```

Sets the secondary lifter motors to the given value.

Parameters

value for the lifter motor. Between -128 - 127, any values outside are clamped.

```
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     1/6/2018
Definition at line 33 of file lifter.c.
References MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER, and set_motor_immediate().
Referenced by autonomous(), lower_secondary_lifter(), raise_secondary_lifter(), and secondary_lifter_
update().
7.71.1.14 update_lifter()
void update_lifter ( )
Updates the lifter in teleop.
Author
     Chris Jerrett
Date
     9/9/2017
Definition at line 183 of file lifter.c.
References main_lifter_update(), secondary_lifter_update(), and secondary_override.
Referenced by operatorControl().
7.71.2 Variable Documentation
7.71.2.1 lifter_autostack_routine_interupt
bool lifter_autostack_routine_interupt = false [static]
Definition at line 7 of file lifter.c.
```

7.72 lifter.c 165

7.71.2.2 lifter_autostack_running

```
bool lifter_autostack_running = false [static]
```

Definition at line 6 of file lifter.c.

Referenced by main_lifter_update(), and secondary_lifter_update().

7.71.2.3 lifter_ultrasonic

```
Ultrasonic lifter_ultrasonic
```

Definition at line 4 of file lifter.c.

Referenced by autostack_routine(), initialize(), and main_lifter_update().

7.71.2.4 secondary_override

```
bool secondary_override = false [static]
```

Definition at line 88 of file lifter.c.

Referenced by main_lifter_update(), and update_lifter().

7.72 lifter.c

```
00001 #include "lifter.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003
00004 Ultrasonic lifter_ultrasonic;
00005
00006 static bool lifter_autostack_running = false;
00007 static bool lifter_autostack_routine_interupt = false;
00009 void autostack_routine() {
00010 int instruction_couter = 0;
       bool routine_complete = false;
       while (true) {
         if (instruction_couter == 0) {
           int dist = ultrasonicGet(lifter_ultrasonic);
00015
           if (dist > 11 || dist == -ULTRA_BAD_RESPONSE) {
00016
             raise_main_lifter();
00017
           } else {
00018
             set_main_lifter_motors(0);
00019
              instruction_couter = 1;
00020
00021
         }
00022
       }
00023 }
00024
00033 void set_secondary_lifter_motors(const int v) {
       set_motor_immediate(MOTOR_SECONDARY_LIFTER, v);
00034
00035 }
00036
00045 void set_main_lifter_motors(const int v) { set_motor_slew(MOTOR_LIFT, v); }
00046
00054 void set_lifter_pos(int pos) {}
```

```
00055
00062 void raise_main_lifter() { set_main_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED); }
00063
00070 void lower_main_lifter() { set_main_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED); }
00071
00078 void raise_secondary_lifter() { set_secondary_lifter_motors(MIN_SPEED / 1.5); }
00079
00086 void lower_secondary_lifter() { set_secondary_lifter_motors(MAX_SPEED); }
00088 static bool secondary_override = false;
00089
00090 static void main_lifter_update() {
00091
       if (lifter_autostack_running)
          return;
00093
        static int count = 0;
       static bool pid_on = false;
00095
        static int main_target = 0;
00096
        int main_motor_speed = 0;
        static long long main_i = 0;
if (count == 20) {
00097
00098
         main_target = analogRead(MAIN_LIFTER_POT);
00099
00100
00101
        if (pid_on && count > 20) {
00102
         int curr = analogRead(MAIN_LIFTER_POT);
00103
          static int main_last_p = 0;
00104
          int main_p = curr - main_target;
00105
          main_i += main_p;
00106
          int main_d = main_last_p - main_p;
          // main_motor_speed = MAIN_LIFTER_P * main_p + MAIN_LIFTER_I * main_i +
00107
          // MAIN_LIFTER_D * main_d;
00108
00109
          main_last_p = main_p;
00110
        } else {
00111
          main_i = 0;
00112
          count++;
       }
00113
00114
00115
        if (joystickGetDigital(LIFTER_UP)) {
00116
          int ultra = ultrasonicGet(lifter_ultrasonic);
00117
          main_motor_speed = MAX_SPEED;
00118
          count = 0;
        } else if (joystickGetDigital(LIFTER_DOWN)) {
00119
00120
         main_motor_speed = MIN_SPEED;
00121
          count = 0:
00122
          secondary_override = false;
00123
        } else {
00124
          secondary_override = false;
00125
00126
        set_main_lifter_motors(main_motor_speed);
00127
       pid_on = true;
00128 }
00129
00130 static void secondary_lifter_update() {
00131 if (lifter_autostack_running)
00132
          return;
00133
        static int count = 0;
00134
        // static bool pid_on = false;
        static int second_target = 0;
00135
00136
        int second_motor_speed = 0;
00137
        static long long second_i = 0;
00138
00139
        if (count < 10) {</pre>
00140
         second_target = analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT);
00141
          count++;
00142
00143
00144
        int curr = analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT);
        static int second_last_p = 0;
00145
        int second_p = curr - second_target;
00146
00147
        second_i += second_p;
00148
        int second_d = second_last_p - second_p;
00149
        second_motor_speed = SECONDARY_LIFTER_P * second_p +
                              SECONDARY_LIFTER_I * second_i + SECONDARY_LIFTER_D * second_d;
00150
00151
00152
        second_last_p = second_p;
00153
00154
        if (jovstickGetDigital(SECONDARY LIFTER DOWN)) {
          second_motor_speed = MAX_SPEED;
00155
00156
          count = 0:
00157
          second_i = 0;
          second_target = analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT);
00158
00159
        } else if (joystickGetDigital(SECONDARY_LIFTER_UP)) {
```

```
00160
           second_motor_speed = MIN_SPEED;
00161
        count = 0;
          second_i = 0;
00163
         second_target =
               second_target > 3000 ? 4095 : analogRead(SECONDARY_LIFTER_POT_PORT);
00165
00167
          second_target = second_target > 3000 ? 4095 : second_target;
00168
00169
       second_motor_speed = abs(second_motor_speed) < 20 ? 0 : second_motor_speed;</pre>
00170
        /*printf("Motor %d \n", second_motor_speed);
00171 printf("P %d \n", second_p);
      printf("I %lld \n", second_i);
printf("D %d \n", second_d);*/
00172
00174
        set_secondary_lifter_motors(second_motor_speed);
00175 }
00176
00183 void update_lifter() {
00184 main_lifter_update();
00185 if (!secondary_override)
          secondary_lifter_update();
00186
00187 }
00196 float lifterPotentiometerToDegree(int x) {
00197
       return (x - INIT_ROTATION) / TICK_MAX * DEG_MAX;
00198 }
00199
00207 int getLifterTicks() { return analogRead(LIFTER); }
00208
00216 double getLifterHeight() {
00217 unsigned int ticks = getLifterTicks();
00218 return (-2 * pow(10, (-9 * ticks)) + 6 * (pow(10, (-6 * ticks * ticks))) +
00219
                0.0198 * ticks + 2.3033);
00220 }
```

7.73 src/list.c File Reference

```
#include "list.h"
```

Functions

```
list_node_t * list_at ( list_t *self, int index)
void list_destroy ( list_t *self)
list_node_t * list_find ( list_t *self, void *val)
list_node_t * list_lpop ( list_t *self)
list_node_t * list_lpush ( list_t *self, list_node_t *node)
list_t * list_new ()
void list_remove ( list_t *self, list_node_t *node)
list_node_t * list_rpop ( list_t *self)
list_node_t * list_rpush ( list_t *self, list_node_t *node)
```

7.73.1 Function Documentation

```
7.73.1.1 list_at()
```

Definition at line 162 of file list.c.

References LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_next(), and LIST_TAIL.

7.73.1.2 list_destroy()

Definition at line 30 of file list.c.

References LIST_FREE, list_node::next, and list_node::val.

Referenced by deinit_routines().

7.73.1.3 list_find()

Definition at line 136 of file list.c.

References LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_next(), and list_node::val.

7.73.1.4 list_lpop()

Definition at line 93 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

```
7.73.1.5 list_lpush()
```

Definition at line 114 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

```
7.73.1.6 list_new()
```

```
list_t* list_new ( )
```

Definition at line 14 of file list.c.

References list_t::head, and LIST_MALLOC.

Referenced by init_routine().

7.73.1.7 list_remove()

Definition at line 186 of file list.c.

 $\label{list_node::next} References \ \ \textbf{LIST_FREE}, \ \ \textbf{list_node::next}, \ \ \textbf{list_node::prev}, \ \text{and} \ \ \textbf{list_node::val}.$

7.73.1.8 list_rpop()

Definition at line 73 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

7.73.1.9 list_rpush()

Definition at line 51 of file list.c.

References list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

Referenced by register_routine().

7.74 list.c

```
00001
00002 //
00003 // list.c
00004 //
00005 // Copyright (c) 2010 TJ Holowaychuk <tj@vision-media.ca>
00006 //
00007
00008 #include "list.h"
00009
00010 /*
00011 \, \star Allocate a new list_t. NULL on failure.
00012 */
00013
00014 list_t *list_new() {
00015 list_t *self;
       if (!(self = LIST_MALLOC(sizeof(list_t))))
00016
00017
          return NULL;
       self->head = NULL;
self->tail = NULL;
00018
00019
       self->free = NULL;
00020
00021
       self->match = NULL;
00022
       self->len = 0;
00023
       return self;
00024 }
00025
00026 /*
00027 \star Free the list.
00028 */
00029
00030 void list_destroy(list_t *self) {
00031
       unsigned int len = self->len;
00032
       list_node_t *next;
00033
       list_node_t *curr = self->head;
00034
00035
       while (len--) {
00036
        next = curr->next;
00037
         if (self->free)
00038
            self->free(curr->val);
00039
         LIST_FREE(curr);
00040
         curr = next;
00041
00042
00043
       LIST_FREE(self);
00044 }
00045
00046 /*
00047 * Append the given node to the list
00048 \star and return the node, NULL on failure.
00049
00050
00051 list_node_t *list_rpush(list_t *self, list_node_t *node) {
       if (!node)
00052
00053
         return NULL;
00054
00055
       if (self->len) {
         node->prev = self->tail;
00056
00057
         node->next = NULL;
```

7.74 list.c 171

```
00058
          self->tail->next = node;
00059
          self->tail = node;
00060
00061
         self->head = self->tail = node;
00062
         node->prev = node->next = NULL;
00063
00064
00065
       ++self->len;
00066
       return node;
00067 }
00068
00069 /*
00070 * Return / detach the last node in the list, or NULL.
00071 */
00072
00073 list_node_t *list_rpop(list_t *self) {
00074
      if (!self->len)
00075
         return NULL;
00076
00077
       list_node_t *node = self->tail;
00078
00079
       if (--self->len) {
00080
         (self->tail = node->prev)->next = NULL;
00081
        } else {
00082
         self->tail = self->head = NULL;
00083
00084
       node->next = node->prev = NULL;
00085
00086
       return node;
00087 }
00088
00089 /*
00090 \,\,\star\, Return / detach the first node in the list, or NULL.
00091 */
00092
00093 list_node_t *list_lpop(list_t *self) {
00094
      if (!self->len)
00095
         return NULL;
00096
00097
       list_node_t *node = self->head;
00098
00099
        if (--self->len) {
00100
         (self->head = node->next)->prev = NULL;
00101
        } else {
00102
         self->head = self->tail = NULL;
00103
00104
00105
       node->next = node->prev = NULL;
00106
       return node;
00107 }
00108
00109 /*
00110 \,\star\, Prepend the given node to the list
00111 \star and return the node, NULL on failure.
00112
00113
00114 list_node_t *list_lpush(list_t *self, list_node_t *node) {
00115
      if (!node)
00116
         return NULL;
00117
00118
       if (self->len) {
00119
         node->next = self->head;
00120
         node->prev = NULL;
00121
         self->head->prev = node;
         self->head = node;
00122
00123
       } else {
00124
        self->head = self->tail = node;
00125
         node->prev = node->next = NULL;
00126
00127
00128
       ++self->len;
00129
       return node;
00130 }
00131
00132 /*
00133 * Return the node associated to val or NULL.
00134 */
00135
00136 list_node_t *list_find(list_t *self, void *val) {
00137
        list_iterator_t *it = list_iterator_new(self, LIST_HEAD);
00138
       list_node_t *node;
```

```
00139
00140
       while ((node = list_iterator_next(it))) {
00141
         if (self->match) {
00142
           if (self->match(val, node->val)) {
             list_iterator_destroy(it);
00144
              return node;
00145
00146
        } else {
00147
           if (val == node->val) {
00148
            list_iterator_destroy(it);
              return node;
00150
00151
         }
00152
00153
       list_iterator_destroy(it);
00155
       return NULL;
00156 }
00157
00158 /*
00159 * Return the node at the given index or NULL.
00160 */
00161
00162 list_node_t *list_at(list_t *self, int index) {
00163
       list_direction_t direction = LIST_HEAD;
00164
00165
        if (index < 0) {
         direction = LIST_TAIL;
00166
00167
         index = ~index;
00168
00169
00170
       if ((unsigned)index < self->len) {
00171
         list_iterator_t *it = list_iterator_new(self, direction);
00172
         list_node_t *node = list_iterator_next(it);
00173
         while (index--)
00174
           node = list_iterator_next(it);
00175
         list_iterator_destroy(it);
00176
          return node;
       }
00177
00178
00179
       return NULL;
00180 }
00181
00182 /*
00183 \star Remove the given node from the list, freeing it and it's value.
00184 */
00185
00186 void list_remove(list_t *self, list_node_t *node) {
00187
       node->prev ? (node->prev->next = node->next) : (self->head = node->next);
00188
00189
        node->next ? (node->next->prev = node->prev) : (self->tail = node->prev);
00190
00191
       if (self->free)
00192
          self->free(node->val);
00193
00194
       LIST_FREE (node);
00195
        --self->len;
00196 }
```

7.75 src/list_iterator.c File Reference

```
#include "list.h"
```

Functions

- void list_iterator_destroy (list_iterator_t *self)
- list_iterator_t * list_iterator_new (list_t *list, list_direction_t direction)
- list iterator t * list iterator new from node (list node t *node, list direction)
- list node t * list iterator next (list iterator t *self)

7.75.1 Function Documentation

```
7.75.1.1 list_iterator_destroy()
void list_iterator_destroy (
               list_iterator_t * self )
Definition at line 52 of file list_iterator.c.
References LIST_FREE.
Referenced by list at(), list find(), and routine task().
7.75.1.2 list_iterator_new()
 list_iterator_t* list_iterator_new (
                list_t * list,
                list_direction_t direction )
Definition at line 15 of file list_iterator.c.
References list_t::head, LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_new_from_node(), and list_t::tail.
Referenced by list_at(), list_find(), and routine_task().
7.75.1.3 list_iterator_new_from_node()
 list_iterator_t* list_iterator_new_from_node (
               list_node_t * node,
                list_direction_t direction )
Definition at line 25 of file list_iterator.c.
References LIST_MALLOC, and list_iterator_t::next.
Referenced by list_iterator_new().
7.75.1.4 list_iterator_next()
 list_node_t* list_iterator_next (
                list_iterator_t * self )
```

Referenced by list_at(), list_find(), and routine_task().

References LIST_HEAD, list_node::next, and list_node::prev.

Definition at line 40 of file list_iterator.c.

7.76 list_iterator.c

```
00001
00002 //
00003 // iterator.c
00004 //
00005 // Copyright (c) 2010 TJ Holowaychuk <tj@vision-media.ca>
00006 //
00007
00008 #include "list.h"
00009
00010 /*
00011 * Allocate a new list_iterator_t. NULL on failure.
00012 * Accepts a direction, which may be LIST_HEAD or LIST_TAIL.
00013 */
00014
00015 list_iterator_t *list_iterator_new(list_t *list, list_direction_t direction) {
00016    list_node_t *node = direction == LIST_HEAD ? list->head : list->tail;
00017
       return list_iterator_new_from_node(node, direction);
00018 }
00019
00020 /*
00021 \star Allocate a new list_iterator_t with the given start
00022 * node. NULL on failure.
00023 */
00024
00025 list_iterator_t *list_iterator_new_from_node(list_node_t *node,
00026
                                                      list_direction_t direction) {
00027
       list_iterator_t *self;
00028
       if (!(self = LIST_MALLOC(sizeof(list_iterator_t))))
         return NULL;
       self->next = node;
       self->direction = direction;
00032
        return self;
00033 }
00034
00036 \star Return the next list_node_t or NULL when no more
00037 * nodes remain in the list.
00038 */
00039
00040 list_node_t *list_iterator_next(list_iterator_t *self) {
00041
       list_node_t *curr = self->next;
00042
        if (curr) {
00043
         self->next = self->direction == LIST_HEAD ? curr->next : curr->prev;
00044
00045
        return curr;
00046 }
00047
00048 /*
00049 \,\star\, Free the list iterator.
00050 */
00051
00052 void list_iterator_destroy(list_iterator_t *self) {
00053 LIST_FREE(self);
00054
       self = NULL;
00055 }
```

7.77 src/list node.c File Reference

```
#include "list.h"
```

Functions

list node t * list node new (void *val)

7.78 list node.c 175

7.77.1 Function Documentation

7.77.1.1 list_node_new()

Definition at line 14 of file list_node.c.

References LIST_MALLOC, list_node::next, list_node::prev, and list_node::val.

Referenced by register_routine().

7.78 list_node.c

```
00001
00002 //
00002 //
00003 // node.c
00004 //
00005 // Copyright (c) 2010 TJ Holowaychuk <tj@vision-media.ca>
00006 //
00007
00008 #include "list.h"
00009
00010 /*
00011 \, \star Allocates a new list_node_t. NULL on failure. 00012 \, \, \star/
00013
00014 list_node_t *list_node_new(void *val) {
00015 list_node_t *self;
00016 if (!(self = LIST_MALLOC(sizeof(list_node_t))))
00017
            return NULL;
00017 return NULL;
00018 self->prev = NULL;
00019 self->next = NULL;
00020 self->val = val;
00021 return self;
00022 }
```

7.79 src/localization.c File Reference

```
#include "localization.h"
#include "vmath.h"
#include <inttypes.h>
```

Data Structures

- struct accelerometer_odometry
- struct encoder_odemtry

Macros

- #define CPR 392.0
- #define CPR 392.0
- #define WHEEL RADIUS 2
- #define WHEEL RADIUS 2
- #define WIDTH 13.5
- #define WIDTH 13.5

Functions

- static struct accelerometer_odometry calculate_accelerometer_odemetry ()
- static double calculate angle ()
- int calculate encoder angle ()
- static void calculate encoder_odemetry ()
- static double calculate gryo anglular velocity ()
- struct location get_position ()

Gets the current posituion of the robot.

- bool **init_localization** (const unsigned char gyro1, unsigned short multiplier, int start_x, int start_y, int start_theta) Starts the localization process.
- static double integrate_gyro_w (int new_w)
- void update_position ()

Updates the position from the localization.

Variables

- static Gyro g1
- static int last_call = 0
- static TaskHandle localization task
- matrix * state_matrix

7.79.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.79.1.1 CPR [1/2]
```

#define CPR 392.0

Referenced by calculate_encoder_angle(), and calculate_encoder_odemetry().

7.79.1.2 CPR [2/2]

#define CPR 392.0

```
7.79.1.3 WHEEL_RADIUS [1/2]
#define WHEEL_RADIUS 2
7.79.1.4 WHEEL_RADIUS [2/2]
#define WHEEL_RADIUS 2
7.79.1.5 WIDTH [1/2]
#define WIDTH 13.5
Referenced by calculate_encoder_angle(), and calculate_encoder_odemetry().
7.79.1.6 WIDTH [2/2]
#define WIDTH 13.5
7.79.2 Function Documentation
7.79.2.1 calculate_accelerometer_odemetry()
static struct accelerometer_odometry calculate_accelerometer_odemetry ( ) [static]
Definition at line 59 of file localization.c.
References last_call.
Referenced by update_position().
7.79.2.2 calculate_angle()
static double calculate_angle ( ) [static]
```

7.79.2.3 calculate_encoder_angle()

```
int calculate_encoder_angle ( )
```

Definition at line 101 of file localization.c.

References CPR, get_encoder_ticks(), and WIDTH.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.79.2.4 calculate_encoder_odemetry()

```
static void calculate_encoder_odemetry ( ) [static]
```

Definition at line 110 of file localization.c.

References CPR, get_encoder_ticks(), M_PI, encoder_odemtry::theta, and WIDTH.

7.79.2.5 calculate_gryo_anglular_velocity()

```
static double calculate_gryo_anglular_velocity ( ) [static]
```

Definition at line 93 of file localization.c.

References g1, and LOCALIZATION UPDATE FREQUENCY.

7.79.2.6 get_position()

```
struct location get_position ( )
```

Gets the current posituion of the robot.

Parameters

gyro1	The first gyro
-------	----------------

Returns

the loacation of the robot as a struct.

Definition at line 32 of file localization.c.

7.79.2.7 init_localization()

Starts the localization process.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Parameters

gyro1

The first gyro The multiplier parameter can tune the gyro to adapt to specific sensors. The default value at this time is 196; higher values will increase the number of degrees reported for a fixed actual rotation, while lower values will decrease the number of degrees reported. If your robot is consistently turning too far, increase the multiplier, and if it is not turning far enough, decrease the multiplier.

Definition at line 123 of file localization.c.

References g1, last_call, localization_task, LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY, makeMatrix(), and update_position().

7.79.2.8 integrate_gyro_w()

Definition at line 87 of file localization.c.

References LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY, and encoder_odemtry::theta.

7.79.2.9 update_position()

```
void update_position ( )
```

Updates the position from the localization.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 39 of file localization.c.

References calculate_accelerometer_odemetry(), and last_call.

Referenced by init_localization().

7.79.3 Variable Documentation

```
7.79.3.1 g1
Gyro gl [static]
Definition at line 5 of file localization.c.
Referenced by calculate_gryo_anglular_velocity(), and init_localization().
7.79.3.2 last_call
int last_call = 0 [static]
Definition at line 8 of file localization.c.
Referenced by calculate_accelerometer_odemetry(), init_localization(), and update_position().
7.79.3.3 localization_task
TaskHandle localization_task [static]
Definition at line 6 of file localization.c.
```

7.79.3.4 state_matrix

 $\textbf{matrix}* \ \texttt{state_matrix}$

Referenced by init_localization().

Definition at line 10 of file localization.c.

7.80 localization.c 181

7.80 localization.c

```
00001 #include "localization.h"
00002 #include "vmath.h"
00003 #include <inttypes.h>
00004
00005 static Gyro gl;
00006 static TaskHandle localization_task;
00008 static int last_call = 0;
00009
00010 matrix *state_matrix;
00011
00012 struct encoder_odemtry {
00013
       double x;
00014
       double v;
00015
       double theta;
00016 };
00017
00018 struct accelerometer_odometry {
00019
       double x;
00020
       double y;
00021 };
00022
00023 static double calculate_angle();
00024 static struct accelerometer_odometry calculate_accelerometer_odemetry();
00025
00032 struct location get_position() {}
00033
00039 void update_position() {
00040 // int curr_theta = calculate_angle();
00041
00042
        struct accelerometer_odometry oddem = calculate_accelerometer_odemetry();
00043
       // printf("x: %d y: %d T: %d\n", a.x, a.y, 0);
00044
00045
        /*int 1 = 1;
00046
        int vr = get_encoder_velocity(1);
        int v1 = get_encoder_velocity(2);
00047
00048
        int theta_dot = (vr - vl) / 1;
00049
        int curr_theta = theta + theta_dot;
       double dt = LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY;
00050
00051
        double v_tot = (vr+v1)/2.0;
        int x_curr = x - v_tot*dt*sin(curr_theta);
00052
00053
        int y_curr = y + v_tot*dt*cos(curr_theta);
00054
       x = x_curr;
00055
        y = y_curr; */
00056
       last_call = millis();
00057 }
00058
00059 static struct accelerometer_odometry calculate_accelerometer_odemetry() {
00060 static double vel_acumm_x = 0;
       static double vel_acumm_y = 0;
00061
00062
00063
        int32_t accel_x_rel = (int32_t)analogReadCalibratedHR(2);
00064
       int32_t accel_y_rel = (int32_t)analogReadCalibratedHR(3);
00065
00066
        // Ignore atom format string errors
00067
        printf("x: %+" PRId32 " y: %+" PRId32 "\n", accel_x_rel, accel_y_rel);
00068
00069
        double delta_time = ((millis() - last_call) / 1000.0);
00070
        // double accel_x_abs = (accel_x_rel * cos(theta) + accel_y_rel * sin(theta))
00071
        // * delta_time; double accel_y_abs = (accel_y_rel * cos(theta) +
00072
        // accel_x_rel
00073
        // * sin(theta)) * delta_time;
00074
00075
        // vel_acumm_x += accel_x_abs;
00076
        // vel_acumm_y += accel_y_abs;
00077
00078
       // double new_x = x + vel_acumm_x * delta_time;
00079
        // double new_y = y + vel_acumm_y * delta_time;
00080
00081
        struct accelerometer odometry od;
00082
       // \text{ od.x} = \text{new x};
00083
       // od.y = new_y;
00084
       return od;
00085 }
00086
00087 static double integrate_gyro_w(int new_w) {
00088
       static double theta = 0;
00089
       double delta_theta = new_w * LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY;
```

```
00090
       theta += delta_theta;
00091 }
00092
00093 static double calculate_gryo_anglular_velocity() {
00094 static int last_gyro = 0;
       int current = gyroGet(g1);
00096
       // Calculate w (angluar velocity in degrees per second)
00097
       double w = (current - last_gyro) / (LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY / 1000.0);
00098
       return w;
00099 }
00100
00101 int calculate_encoder_angle() {
00102 #define WIDTH 13.5
00103 #define CPR 392.0
00104 #define WHEEL_RADIUS 2
00105 int dist_r = get_encoder_ticks(0) / CPR;
       int dist_l = get_encoder_ticks(1) / CPR;
00106
       return ((dist_r - dist_l) / WIDTH);
00107
00108 }
00109
00110 static void calculate_encoder_odemetry() {
00111 #define WIDTH 13.5
00112 #define CPR 392.0
00113 #define WHEEL_RADIUS 2
00114
00115
        int dist_r = get_encoder_ticks(0) / CPR;
        int dist_1 = get_encoder_ticks(1) / CPR;
00116
       printf("dist_r: %d dist_1: %d\n", dist_r, dist_1);
00117
       int theta = (dist_1 - dist_r) / WIDTH;
printf("theta: %d\n", theta);
00118
00119
00120
        int arc_length = ((M_PI * theta) * (WIDTH * WIDTH) / (8));
00121 }
00122
00123 bool init_localization(const unsigned char gyro1, unsigned short multiplier,
00124
                              int start_x, int start_y, int start_theta) {
       g1 = gyroInit(gyro1, multiplier);
0.0125
00126
       // init state matrix
00127
00128
       // one dimensional vector with x, y, theta, acceleration in x and y
00129
        state_matrix = makeMatrix(1, 5);
00130
       localization_task =
00131
            taskRunLoop(update_position, LOCALIZATION_UPDATE_FREQUENCY * 1000);
00132
       last_call = millis();
00133
        return true;
00134 }
```

7.81 src/log.c File Reference

```
#include "log.h"
```

Functions

void debug (const char *debug message)

prints a info message

void error (const char *error message)

prints a error message and displays on Icd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

void info (const char *info_message)

prints a info message

void init error (bool use lcd, FILE *lcd)

Initializes the error lcd system Only required if using lcd.

- static void log_info (const char *s, const char *mess)
- void warning (const char *warning_message)

prints a warning message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

Variables

```
• static FILE * log_lcd = NULL
```

```
• unsigned int log_level = INFO
```

7.81.1 Function Documentation

```
7.81.1.1 debug()
```

prints a info message

Only will print and display if log_level is greater than info

See also

```
log_level (p. 186)
```

Parameters

```
debug_message the message
```

Definition at line 77 of file log.c.

References **ERROR**, and **log_level**.

Referenced by set_motor_immediate(), and set_motor_slew().

```
7.81.1.2 error()
```

prints a error message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

See also

```
log_level (p. 186)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Parameters

error_message	the message
---------------	-------------

Definition at line 39 of file log.c.

References log_info(), log_level, and NONE.

Referenced by assert(), create_menu(), init_encoders(), and initialize().

```
7.81.1.3 info()
```

prints a info message

Only will print and display if log_level is greater than ERROR

See also

```
log_level (p. 186)
```

Parameters

info_message	the message
--------------	-------------

Definition at line 64 of file log.c.

References ERROR, log_info(), and log_level.

Referenced by initialize().

7.81.1.4 init_error()

Initializes the error lcd system Only required if using lcd.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Parameters

use_lcd	whether to use the lcd
Icd	the lcd

Definition at line 14 of file log.c.

References log_lcd.

Referenced by initialize().

7.81.1.5 log_info()

Definition at line 23 of file log.c.

References BOTTOM_ROW, log_lcd, and TOP_ROW.

Referenced by error(), info(), and warning().

7.81.1.6 warning()

prints a warning message and displays on lcd. Only will print and display if log_level is greater than NONE

See also

log_level (p. 186)

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/10/17

Parameters

warning_message	the message
-----------------	-------------

Definition at line 52 of file log.c.

References log_info(), log_level, and WARNING.

Referenced by init_slew().

7.81.2 Variable Documentation

```
7.81.2.1 log_lcd
```

```
FILE* log_lcd = NULL [static]
```

Definition at line 4 of file log.c.

Referenced by init_error(), and log_info().

7.81.2.2 log_level

```
unsigned int log_level = INFO
```

Definition at line 3 of file log.c.

Referenced by debug(), error(), info(), and warning().

7.82 log.c

```
00001 #include "log.h"
00003 unsigned int log_level = INFO;
00004 static FILE *log_lcd = NULL;
00014 void init_error(bool use_lcd, FILE *lcd) {
lcdInit(lcd);
00016
          log_lcd = lcd;
lcdClear(log_lcd);
printf("LCD Init\n");
00017
00018
00019
00020 }
00021 }
00022
00023 static void log_info(const char *s, const char *mess) {
00024 printf("[%s]: %s\n", s, mess);
         lcdSetBacklight(log_lcd, false);
00025
       lcdClear(log_lcd);
lcdPrint(log_lcd, TOP_ROW, s);
lcdPrint(log_lcd, BOTTOM_ROW, mess);
00026
00027
00028
00029 }
```

```
00030
00039 void error(const char *error_message) {
00040 if (log_level > NONE)
        log_info("ERROR", error_message);
00042 }
00043
00052 void warning(const char *warning_message) {
00053 if (log_level > WARNING)
         log_info("WARNING", warning_message);
00056
00064 void info(const char *info_message) {
00065 if (log_level > ERROR) {
         log_info("INFO", info_message);
00067
00068 }
00069
00077 void debug(const char *debug_message) {
00078 if (log_level > ERROR) {
        printf("[INFO]: %s\n", debug_message);
00079
08000
       }
00081 }
```

7.83 src/matrix.c File Reference

```
#include "matrix.h"
#include "log.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

Functions

void assert (int assertion, const char *message)

Asserts a condition is true.

matrix * copyMatrix (matrix *m)

Copies a matrix. This function uses scaleMatrix, because scaling matrix by 1 is the same as a copy.

matrix * covarianceMatrix (matrix *m)

returns the covariance of the matrix

matrix * dotDiagonalMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

performs a diagonial matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and heights, this method returns a 1 by a->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix along the diagonal.

matrix * dotProductMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

returns the matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and different heights, this method returns a a->height by b->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix.

• void freeMatrix (matrix *m)

Frees the resources of a matrix.

matrix * identityMatrix (int n)

Returns an identity matrix of size n by n.

matrix * makeMatrix (int width, int height)

Makes a matrix with a width and height parameters.

matrix * meanMatrix (matrix *m)

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix, return a matrix where each element represents the mean of that full column. the matrix.

matrix * multiplyMatrix (matrix *a, matrix *b)

Given a two matrices, returns the multiplication of the two.

• void printMatrix (matrix *m)

Prints a matrix.

void rowSwap (matrix *a, int p, int q)

swaps the rows of a matrix. This method changes the input matrix. Given a matrix, this algorithm will swap rows p and q, provided that p and q are less than or equal to the height of matrix A and p and q are different values.

• matrix * scaleMatrix (matrix *m, double value)

scales a matrix.

double traceMatrix (matrix *m)

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix returns the sum.

matrix * transposeMatrix (matrix *m)

returns the transpose matrix.

7.83.1 Function Documentation

7.83.1.1 assert()

Asserts a condition is true.

If the assertion is non-zero (i.e. true), then it returns. If the assertion is zero (i.e. false), then it display the string and aborts the program. This is ment to act like Python's assert keyword.

Definition at line 15 of file matrix.c.

References error().

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), identityMatrix(), makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), and rowSwap().

7.83.1.2 copyMatrix()

```
matrix* copyMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Copies a matrix. This function uses scaleMatrix, because scaling matrix by 1 is the same as a copy.

m	a pointer to the matrix
---	-------------------------

Returns

a copied matrix

Definition at line 53 of file matrix.c.

References scaleMatrix().

7.83.1.3 covarianceMatrix()

```
matrix* covarianceMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

returns the covariance of the matrix

Parameters

```
the matrix
```

Returns

a matrix with n row and n columns, where each element represents covariance of 2 columns.

Definition at line 169 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, freeMatrix(), _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), meanMatrix(), and _matrix ::width.

7.83.1.4 dotDiagonalMatrix()

performs a diagonial matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and heights, this method returns a 1 by a->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix along the diagonal.

Dot product is essentially the sum-of-squares of two vectors.

If the second paramter is NULL, it is assumed that we are performing a cross product with itself.

а	the first matrix
b	the second matrix

Returns

the matrix result

Definition at line 389 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.5 dotProductMatrix()

returns the matrix dot product. Given a two matrices (or the same matrix twice) with identical widths and different heights, this method returns a a->height by b->height matrix of the cross product of each matrix.

Dot product is essentially the sum-of-squares of two vectors.

Also, if the second paramter is NULL, it is assumed that we are performing a cross product with itself.

Parameters

а	the first matrix	
the	second matrix	

Returns

the result of the dot product

Definition at line 336 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.6 freeMatrix()

```
void freeMatrix (
          matrix * m )
```

Frees the resources of a matrix.

the	matrix to free
uio	matrix to noo

Definition at line 59 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix().

7.83.1.7 identityMatrix()

```
{f matrix*} identityMatrix ( int n )
```

Returns an identity matrix of size n by n.

Parameters

```
n the input matrix.
```

Returns

the identity matrix parameter.

Definition at line 93 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, and makeMatrix().

7.83.1.8 makeMatrix()

Makes a matrix with a width and height parameters.

Parameters

width	The width of the matrix
height	the height of the matrix

Returns

the new matrix

Definition at line 28 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix(), dotDiagonalMatrix(), dotProductMatrix(), identityMatrix(), init_localization(), meanMatrix(), multiplyMatrix(), scaleMatrix(), and transposeMatrix().

7.83.1.9 meanMatrix()

```
matrix* meanMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix, return a matrix where each element represents the mean of that full column. the matrix.

Returns

matrix with 1 row and n columns each element represents the mean of that full column.

Definition at line 142 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

Referenced by covarianceMatrix().

7.83.1.10 multiplyMatrix()

```
matrix* multiplyMatrix (
    matrix * a,
    matrix * b )
```

Given a two matrices, returns the multiplication of the two.

Parameters

а	the first matrix
b	the seconf matrix return the result of the multiplication

Definition at line 231 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.11 printMatrix()

```
void printMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

Prints a matrix.

Parameters

<i>the</i> r	natrix
--------------	--------

Definition at line 74 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.12 rowSwap()

swaps the rows of a matrix. This method changes the input matrix. Given a matrix, this algorithm will swap rows p and q, provided that p and q are less than or equal to the height of matrix A and p and q are different values.

Parameters

the	matrix to swap. This method changes the input matrix.
the	first row
the	second row

Definition at line 292 of file matrix.c.

References assert(), _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.13 scaleMatrix()

scales a matrix.

Parameters

m	the matrix to scale
the	value to scale by

Returns

a new matrix where each element in the input matrix is multiplied by the scalar value

Definition at line 270 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

Referenced by copyMatrix().

7.83.1.14 traceMatrix()

```
double traceMatrix ( \mathbf{matrix} \ * \ m \ )
```

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix returns the sum.

Given an "m rows by n columns" matrix.

Returns

the sum of the elements along the diagonal.

Definition at line 115 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, and _matrix::width.

7.83.1.15 transposeMatrix()

```
matrix* transposeMatrix (
    matrix * m )
```

returns the transpose matrix.

Parameters

```
the matrix to transpose.
```

Returns

the transposed matrix.

Definition at line 207 of file matrix.c.

References _matrix::data, _matrix::height, makeMatrix(), and _matrix::width.

7.84 matrix.c 195

7.84 matrix.c

```
00001 #include "matrix.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003 #include <stdio.h>
00004 #include <stdlib.h>
00005 #include <string.h>
00015 void assert(int assertion, const char *message) {
00017
         error(message);
00018
         exit(1);
00019
       }
00020 }
00021
00028 matrix *makeMatrix(int width, int height) {
00029
       matrix *out;
00030
       assert(width > 0 && height > 0, "New matrix must be at least a 1 by 1");
00031
       out = (matrix *)malloc(sizeof(matrix));
00032
00033
        assert (out != NULL, "Out of memory.");
00034
00035
        out->width = width;
00036
       out->height = height;
00037
        out->data = (double *) malloc(sizeof(double) * width * height);
00038
00039
       assert(out->data != NULL, "Out of memory.");
00040
00041
       memset(out->data, 0.0, width * height * sizeof(double));
00042
00043
       return out;
00044 }
00045
00053 matrix *copyMatrix(matrix *m) { return scaleMatrix(m, 1); }
00054
00059 void freeMatrix(matrix *m) {
      if (m != NULL) {
   if (m->data != NULL) {
00060
00061
00062
           free(m->data);
00063
           m->data = NULL;
00064
00065
         free(m);
00066
00067
        return;
00068 }
00069
00074 void printMatrix(matrix *m) {
      int i, j;
double *ptr = m->data;
00075
00076
00077
        printf("%d %d\n", m->width, m->height);
00078
       for (i = 0; i < m->height; i++) {
00079
         for (j = 0; j < m->width; j++) {
08000
           printf(" %9.6f", *(ptr++));
00081
00082
         printf("\n");
00083
00084
       return;
00085 }
00093 matrix *identityMatrix(int n) {
00094
       int i;
00095
       matrix *out;
00096
       double *ptr;
00097
00098
       assert(n > 0, "Identity matrix must have value greater than zero.");
00099
00100
       out = makeMatrix(n, n);
00101
        ptr = out->data;
00102
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         *ptr = 1.0;
00103
         ptr += n + 1;
00104
00105
00106
00107
       return out;
00108 }
00109
00115 double traceMatrix(matrix *m) {
00116
        int i;
00117
        int size:
00118
       double *ptr = m->data;
```

```
00119
        double sum = 0.0;
00120
00121
        if (m->height < m->width) {
00122
         size = m->height;
00123
        } else {
         size = m->width;
00124
00125
00126
00127
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00128
        sum += *ptr;
00129
         ptr += m->width + 1;
00130
00131
00132
        return sum;
00133 }
00134
00142 matrix *meanMatrix(matrix *m) {
00143 int i, j;
00144
        matrix *out;
00145
        assert(m->height > 0, "Height of matrix cannot be zero.");
00146
00147
00148
       out = makeMatrix(m->width, 1);
00149
00150
        for (i = 0; i < m->width; i++) {
         double *ptr;
out->data[i] = 0.0;
00151
00152
00153
          ptr = &m->data[i];
          for (j = 0; j < m->height; j++) {
  out->data[i] += *ptr;
00154
00155
00156
           ptr += out->width;
00157
00158
         out->data[i] /= (double)m->height;
00159
00160
       return out;
00161 }
00162
00169 matrix \starcovarianceMatrix (matrix \starm) {
00170
       int i, j, k = 0;
00171
        matrix *out;
00172
        matrix *mean;
00173
        double *ptrA;
00174
        double *ptrB;
00175
        double *ptrOut;
00176
00177
        assert(m->height > 1, "Height of matrix cannot be zero or one.");
00178
00179
       mean = meanMatrix(m);
00180
       out = makeMatrix(m->width, m->width);
00181
        ptrOut = out->data;
00182
00183
        for (i = 0; i < m->width; i++) {
00184
         for (j = 0; j < m->width; j++) {
           ptrA = &m->data[i];
00185
00186
            ptrB = &m->data[j];
00187
            *ptrOut = 0.0;
00188
            for (k = 0; k < m->height; k++) {
00189
              *ptrOut += (*ptrA - mean->data[i]) * (*ptrB - mean->data[j]);
00190
              ptrA += m->width;
00191
             ptrB += m->width;
00192
00193
            *ptrOut /= m->height - 1;
00194
            ptrOut++;
00195
          }
00196
00197
00198
       freeMatrix(mean);
00199
        return out;
00200 }
00201
00207 matrix *transposeMatrix(matrix *m) {
00208
       matrix *out = makeMatrix(m->height, m->width);
        double *ptrM = m->data;
00209
00210
        int i, j;
00211
00212
        for (i = 0; i < m->height; i++) {
         double *ptrOut;
00213
00214
          ptrOut = &out->data[i];
          for (j = 0; j < m->width; j++) {
00215
            *ptrOut = *ptrM;
00216
00217
            ptrM++;
```

7.84 matrix.c 197

```
00218
           ptrOut += out->width;
00219
00220
00221
00222
       return out;
00223 }
00224
00231 matrix *multiplyMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b) {
00232
       int i, j, k;
00233
       matrix *out;
00234
       double *ptrOut;
00235
       double *ptrA;
00236
       double *ptrB;
00237
00238
       assert(a->width == b->height,
00239
               "Matrices have incorrect dimensions. a->width != b->height");
00240
00241
       out = makeMatrix(b->width, a->height);
00242
       ptrOut = out->data;
00243
00244
       for (i = 0; i < a->height; i++) {
00245
00246
         for (j = 0; j < b->width; j++) {
           ptrA = &a->data[i * a->width];
00247
00248
           ptrB = &b->data[j];
00249
00250
            *ptrOut = 0;
            for (k = 0; k < a->width; k++) {
00251
             *ptrOut += *ptrA * *ptrB;
00252
00253
           ptrB += b->width;
}
00254
00255
           ptrOut++;
00256
00257
       }
00258
00259
00260
       return out;
00261 }
00262
00270 matrix *scaleMatrix(matrix *m, double value) {
00271
       int i, elements = m->width * m->height;
00272
        matrix *out = makeMatrix(m->width, m->height);
       double *ptrM = m->data;
00273
00274
       double *ptrOut = out->data;
00275
00276
       * (ptrOut++) = *(ptrM++) * value;
}
        for (i = 0; i < elements; i++) {</pre>
00277
00278
00279
       return out;
00280
00281 }
00282
00292 void rowSwap(matrix *a, int p, int q) {
00293
00294
        double temp;
00295
        double *pRow;
00296
       double *qRow;
00297
00298
       assert(a->height > 2, "Matrix must have at least two rows to swap.");
00299
        assert(p < a->height && q < a->height,
00300
               "Values p and q must be less than the height of the matrix.");
00301
00302
        // If p and q are equal, do nothing.
00303
        if (p == q) {
00304
         return;
00305
00306
00307
       pRow = a -> data + (p * a -> width);
        qRow = a->data + (q * a->width);
00308
00309
00310
        // Swap!
00311
       for (i = 0; i < a->width; i++) {
         temp = *pRow;
00312
          *pRow = *qRow;
00313
         *qRow = temp;
00314
00315
        pRow++;
00316
         qRow++;
00317
00318
00319
       return;
00320 }
```

```
00321
00336 matrix *dotProductMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b) {
00337
       matrix *out;
00338
        double *ptrOut;
00339
       double *ptrA;
00340
       double *ptrB;
00341
        int i, j, k;
00342
00343
        if (b != NULL) {
00344
        assert(a->width == b->width,
00345
                 "Matrices must be of the same dimensionality.");
00346
00347
00348
        // Are we computing the sum of squares of the same matrix?
00349
        if (a == b || b == NULL) {
00350
         b = a; // May not appear safe, but we can do this without risk of losing b.
00351
00352
00353
        out = makeMatrix(b->height, a->height);
00354
       ptrOut = out->data;
00355
00356
       for (i = 0; i < a->height; i++) {
        ptrB = b->data;
00357
00358
00359
         for (j = 0; j < b->height; j++) {
           ptrA = &a->data[i * a->width];
00360
00361
00362
            *ptrOut = 0;
            for (k = 0; k < a->width; k++) {
00363
             *ptrOut += *ptrA * *ptrB;
00364
00365
              ptrA++;
00366
              ptrB++;
00367
00368
            ptrOut++;
         }
00369
00370
00371
00372
        return out;
00373 }
00374
00389 matrix *dotDiagonalMatrix(matrix *a, matrix *b) {
00390
       matrix *out;
00391
        double *ptrOut;
00392
       double *ptrA;
00393
        double *ptrB;
00394
        int i, j;
00395
00396
       if (b != NULL) {
00397
       assert(a->width == b->width && a->height == b->height,
00398
                 "Matrices must be of the same dimensionality.");
00399
00400
00401
       // Are we computing the sum of squares of the same matrix?
00402
       if (a == b || b == NULL) {
00403
        b = a; // May not appear safe, but we can do this without risk of losing b.
00404
00405
00406
       out = makeMatrix(1, a->height);
00407
       ptrOut = out->data;
00408
       ptrA = a->data;
00409
       ptrB = b->data;
00410
00411
       for (i = 0; i < a->height; i++) {
         *ptrOut = 0;
for (j = 0; j < a->width; j++) {
00412
00413
            *ptrOut += *ptrA * *ptrB;
00414
00415
            ptrA++;
           ptrB++;
00416
00417
         ptrOut++;
00418
00419
00420
00421
        return out;
00422 }
```

7.85 src/menu.c File Reference

#include "menu.h"

Functions

• static void calculate_current_display (char *rtn, menu_t *menu)

Static function that calculates the string from menu.

• static **menu_t** * **create_menu** (enum **menu_type** type, const char *prompt)

Static function that handles creation of menu. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

void denint_menu (menu_t *menu)

Destroys a menu Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

int display_menu (menu_t *menu)

Displays a menu contex. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak! Will exit if robot is enabled. This prevents menu from locking up system in even of a reset.

menu_t * init_menu_float (enum menu_type type, float min, float max, float step, const char *prompt)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak!

menu_t * init_menu_int (enum menu_type type, int min, int max, int step, const char *prompt)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

menu_t * init_menu_var (enum menu_type type, const char *prompt, int nums,...)

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

7.85.1 Function Documentation

7.85.1.1 calculate_current_display()

Static function that calculates the string from menu.

Parameters

rtn	the string to be written to
menu	the menu for the display to be calculated from

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 120 of file menu.c.

References menu_t::current, FLOAT_TYPE, ftoaa(), INT_TYPE, menu_t::length, max(), menu_t::max, menu ← _t::max_f, min(), menu_t::min, menu_t::min_f, menu_t::options, menu_t::step, menu_t::step_f, STRING_← TYPE, and menu_t::type.

Referenced by display_menu().

```
7.85.1.2 create_menu()
```

Static function that handles creation of menu. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 27 of file menu.c.

References menu_t::current, error(), menu_t::max, menu_t::max_f, menu_t::min, menu_t::min_f, menu_t \cdots
::prompt, menu_t::step, menu_t::step_f, and menu_t::type.

Referenced by init_menu_float(), init_menu_int(), and init_menu_var().

7.85.1.3 denint_menu()

```
void denint_menu (
    menu_t * menu )
```

Destroys a menu Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Parameters

```
menu | the menu to free
```

See also

menu

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 203 of file menu.c.

References menu_t::options, and menu_t::prompt.

Displays a menu contex. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak! Will exit if robot is enabled. This prevents menu from locking up system in even of a reset.

Parameters

```
menu the menu to display
```

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 164 of file menu.c.

References calculate_current_display(), menu_t::current, lcd_clear(), lcd_get_pressed_buttons(), lcd_print(), PRESSED, menu_t::prompt, RELEASED, and TOP_ROW.

7.85.1.5 init_menu_float()

```
menu_t* init_menu_float (
    enum menu_type type,
    float min,
    float max,
    float step,
    const char * prompt )
```

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak!

Parameters

type	the type of menu
------	------------------

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Parameters

min	the minimum value
max	the maximum value
step	the step value
prompt	the prompt to display to user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 111 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), max(), menu_t::max_f, min(), menu_t::min_f, and menu_t::step_f.

7.85.1.6 init_menu_int()

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

type	the type of menu

See also

```
menu_type (p. 100)
```

Parameters

min	the minimum value
max	the maximum value
step	the step value
prompt	the prompt to display to user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 88 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), menu_t::current, max(), menu_t::max, min(), menu_t::min, and menu_t::step.

```
7.85.1.7 init_menu_var()
```

Creates a menu context, but does not display. Menu must be freed or will cause memory leak

Parameters

```
type the type of menu
```

See also

menu_type (p. 100)

nums	the number of elements passed to function
prompt	the prompt to display to user
options	the options to display for user

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/8/17

Definition at line 60 of file menu.c.

References create_menu(), menu_t::length, and menu_t::options.

Referenced by initialize().

7.86 menu.c

```
00001 #include "menu.h"
00002
00009 static menu_t *create_menu(enum menu_type type, const char *prompt);
00010
00019 static void calculate_current_display(char *rtn, menu_t *menu);
00020
00027 static menu_t *create_menu(enum menu_type type, const char *prompt) {
00028
       menu_t *menu = (menu_t *)malloc(sizeof(menu_t));
00029
       if (!menu) {
00030
         error("Menu Malloc");
00031
00032
       menu->type = type;
       // Add one for null terminator
00033
00034
       size_t strlength = strlen(prompt) + 1;
00035
       menu->prompt = (char *)malloc(strlength * sizeof(char));
00036
       memcpy(menu->prompt, prompt, strlength);
       menu->max = INT_MAX;
menu->min = INT_MIN;
00037
00038
00039
       menu->step = 1;
       menu->min_f = FLT_MIN;
00040
00041
       menu->max_f = FLT_MAX;
00042
       menu->step_f = 1;
00043
       menu->current = 0;
00044
00045
       return menu;
00046 }
00047
00060 menu_t *init_menu_var(enum menu_type type, const char *prompt, int nums, ...) {
00061 menu_t *menu = create_menu(type, prompt);
00062
        va_list ap;
00063
        char **options_array = (char **)calloc(sizeof(char *), nums);
00064
        va_start(ap, nums);
       for (int i = 0; i < nums; i++) {</pre>
00066
         options_array[i] = (char *)va_arg(ap, char *);
00067
         printf("%s\n", options_array[i]);
00068
00069
       va_end(ap);
00070
       menu->options = options_array;
00071
       menu->length = nums;
00072
        return menu;
00073 }
00074
00088 menu_t *init_menu_int(enum menu_type type, int min, int max, int step,
00089
                            const char *prompt) {
00090 menu_t *menu = create_menu(type, prompt);
00091
       menu->min = min;
00092
       menu->max = max;
00093
       menu->step = step;
00094
       menu->current = 0;
00095
        return menu:
00096 }
00097
00111 menu_t *init_menu_float(enum menu_type type, float min, float max, float step,
00112
                              const char *prompt) {
```

7.86 menu.c 205

```
00113
        menu_t *menu = create_menu(type, prompt);
00114
       menu->min_f = min;
00115
        menu->max_f = max;
00116
       menu->step_f = step;
00117
        return menu;
00118 }
00119
00120 static void calculate_current_display(char *rtn, menu_t *menu) {
       if (menu->type == STRING_TYPE) {
00121
         int index = menu->current % menu->length;
          sprintf(rtn, "%s", menu->options[index]);
         printf("%s\n", rtn);
00124
00125
          return;
00126
00127
       if (menu->type == INT_TYPE) {
00128
         int step = (menu->step);
          int min = (menu->min);
00129
          int max = (menu->max);
00130
00131
          int value = menu->current * step;
          if (value < min) {</pre>
00132
           value = min;
00133
00134
            menu->current++;
00135
00136
          if (value > max) {
00137
            value = max;
00138
            menu->current--;
00139
          sprintf(rtn, "%d", value);
00140
00141
00142
        if (menu->type == FLOAT_TYPE) {
          float step = (menu->step_f);
float min = (menu->min_f);
00143
00144
00145
          float max = (menu->max_f);
          float value = menu->current * step;
00146
00147
          value = value < min ? min : value;</pre>
          value = value > max ? max : value;
00148
00149
00150
          ftoaa(value, rtn, 5);
00151
00152 }
00153
00164 int display_menu(menu_t *menu) {
00165
        lcd_print(TOP_ROW, menu->prompt);
00166
        printf("printed prompt\n");
00167
        // Will exit if teleop or autonomous begin. This is extremely important if
00168
        // robot disconnects or resets.
00169
        char val[16];
00170
        while (lcd_get_pressed_buttons().middle == RELEASED) {
00171
          calculate_current_display(val, menu);
00172
00173
          if (lcd_get_pressed_buttons().right == PRESSED) {
00174
            menu->current += 1;
00175
00176
          if (lcd_get_pressed_buttons().left == PRESSED) {
00177
           menu->current -= 1;
00178
         printf("%s\n", val);
printf("%d\n", menu->current);
00179
00180
00181
          lcd_print(2, val);
00182
          delay(300);
00183
00184
       printf("%d\n", menu->current);
00185
       printf("return\n");
00186
        lcd_clear();
        lcd_print(1, "Thk Cm Agn");
00187
00188
        lcd_print(2, val);
00189
        delay(800);
00190
       lcd_clear();
00191
        return menu->current;
00192 }
00193
00203 void denint_menu(menu_t *menu) {
00204 free(menu->prompt);
        if (menu->options != NULL)
00205
00206
         free (menu->options);
00207
       free (menu):
00208 }
```

7.87 src/mobile_goal_intake.c File Reference

```
#include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "partner.h"
```

Functions

• void lower_intake ()

lowers the intake

· void raise_intake ()

raises the intake

• void set_intake_motor (int n)

sets the intake motor

• void update_intake ()

updates the mobile goal intake in teleop.

7.87.1 Function Documentation

7.87.1.1 lower_intake()

```
void lower_intake ( )
```

lowers the intake

Definition at line 7 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References set_intake_motor().

Referenced by autonomous(), and update_intake().

7.87.1.2 raise_intake()

```
void raise_intake ( )
```

raises the intake

Definition at line 9 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References set_intake_motor().

Referenced by autonomous(), and update_intake().

```
7.87.1.3 set_intake_motor()
```

sets the intake motor

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 5 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References INTAKE_MOTOR, and set_motor_immediate().

Referenced by autonomous(), lower_intake(), raise_intake(), and update_intake().

```
7.87.1.4 update_intake()
```

```
void update_intake ( )
```

updates the mobile goal intake in teleop.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 14 of file mobile_goal_intake.c.

References lower_intake(), MASTER, raise_intake(), and set_intake_motor().

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.88 mobile_goal_intake.c

```
00001 #include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003 #include "partner.h"
00005 void set_intake_motor(int n) { set_motor_immediate(INTAKE_MOTOR, n); }
00006
00007 void lower_intake() { set_intake_motor(-100); }
80000
00009 void raise_intake() { set_intake_motor(100); }
00010
00014 void update_intake() {
00015 if (joystickGetDigital(MASTER, 7, JOY_UP)) {
00016
         raise_intake();
       } else if (joystickGetDigital(MASTER, 7, JOY_DOWN)) {
00017
00018
         lower_intake();
00019
       } else
00020
          set_intake_motor(0);
00021 }
```

7.89 src/opcontrol.c File Reference

File for operator control code.

```
#include "drive.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "slew.h"
#include "claw.h"
#include "lifter.h"
#include "localization.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
#include "routines.h"
#include "toggle.h"
#include "vmath.h"
```

Functions

• void operatorControl ()

7.89.1 Detailed Description

File for operator control code.

This file should contain the user operatorControl() (p. 208) function and any functions related to it.

Any copyright is dedicated to the Public Domain. http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1. \leftarrow 0/

PROS contains FreeRTOS (http://www.freertos.org) whose source code may be obtained from http-://sourceforge.net/projects/freertos/files/ or on request.

Definition in file opcontrol.c.

7.89.2 Function Documentation

7.90 opcontrol.c 209

7.89.2.1 operatorControl()

```
void operatorControl ( )
```

Runs the user operator control code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the operator control mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the operator control task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not resume it from where it left off.

If no VEX Competition Switch or Field Management system is plugged in, the VEX Cortex will run the operator control task. Be warned that this will also occur if the VEX Cortex is tethered directly to a computer via the USB A to A cable without any VEX Joystick attached.

Code running in this task can take almost any action, as the VEX Joystick is available and the scheduler is operational. However, proper use of delay() or taskDelayUntil() is highly recommended to give other tasks (including system tasks such as updating LCDs) time to run.

This task should never exit; its should end with some kind of infinite loop, even if empty.

Definition at line 49 of file opcontrol.c.

References buttonInit(), init_routine(), init_slew(), update_claw(), update_drive_motors(), update_intake(), and update_lifter().

7.90 opcontrol.c

```
00014 #include "drive.h"
00015 #include "main.h"
00016 #include "slew.h"
00017
00018 #include "claw.h'
00019 #include "lifter.h"
00020 #include "localization.h"
00021 #include "log.h"
00022 #include "mobile_goal_intake.h"
00023 #include "routines.h"
00024 #include "toggle.h'
00025 #include "vmath.h"
00026
00049 void operatorControl() {
00050 buttonInit();
00051 init_routine();
00052
        init_slew();
00053
       delay(10);
00054
       while (1) {
00055
          update_claw();
00056
          update_intake();
00057
          update_lifter();
00058
          update_drive_motors();
00059
          delay(10);
00060
       }
00061 }
```

7.91 src/partner.c File Reference

```
#include "partner.h"
```

Functions

```
• enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode ()
```

• void update_control ()

Updates the controller mode between Driver and Partner modes.

Variables

• static enum CONTROLL_MODE mode = MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE

7.91.1 Function Documentation

```
7.91.1.1 get_mode()
enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode ( )
```

Definition at line 5 of file partner.c.

References mode.

Referenced by update_drive_motors().

```
7.91.1.2 update_control()
void update_control ( )
```

Updates the controller mode between Driver and Partner modes.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Definition at line 7 of file partner.c.

References MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE, mode, PARTNER, and PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE.

7.91.2 Variable Documentation

7.92 partner.c 211

7.91.2.1 mode

```
enum CONTROLL_MODE mode = MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE [static]
```

Definition at line 3 of file partner.c.

Referenced by get_mode(), and update_control().

7.92 partner.c

```
00001 #include "partner.h"
00002
00003 static enum CONTROLL_MODE mode = MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE;
00004
00005 enum CONTROLL_MODE get_mode() { return mode; }
00006
00007 void update_control() {
00008     if (joystickGetDigital(PARTNER, 7, JOY_LEFT)) {
00009         mode = MAIN_CONTROLLER_MODE;
00010     } else if (joystickGetDigital(PARTNER, 7, JOY_RIGHT)) {
00011         mode = PARTNER_CONTROLLER_MODE;
00012     }
00013 }
```

7.93 src/routines.c File Reference

```
#include "routines.h"
#include "controller.h"
#include "list.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "toggle.h"
#include <API.h>
```

Functions

- void deinit_routines ()
- void init_routine ()
- void register_routine (void(*routine)(), button_t on_buttons, button_t *prohibited_buttons)
- void routine_task()

Variables

- static list_t * routine_list
- static TaskHandle routine_task_var

7.93.1 Function Documentation

```
7.93.1.1 deinit_routines()
```

```
void deinit_routines ( )
```

Definition at line 33 of file routines.c.

References list_destroy().

7.93.1.2 init_routine()

```
void init_routine ( )
```

Definition at line 28 of file routines.c.

References list_new(), routine_task(), and routine_task_var.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.93.1.3 register_routine()

Definition at line 35 of file routines.c.

References routine_t::blocked_buttons, list_node_new(), list_rpush(), routine_t::on_button, routine_t ::routine, and list_node::val.

7.93.1.4 routine_task()

```
void routine_task ( )
```

Definition at line 12 of file routines.c.

References buttonIsNewPress(), LIST_HEAD, list_iterator_destroy(), list_iterator_new(), list_iterator_newt(), routine_t::on_button, routine_t::routine, and list_node::val.

Referenced by init_routine().

7.93.2 Variable Documentation

7.94 routines.c 213

7.93.2.1 routine_list

```
list_t* routine_list [static]
```

Definition at line 8 of file routines.c.

7.93.2.2 routine_task_var

```
TaskHandle routine_task_var [static]
```

Definition at line 10 of file routines.c.

Referenced by init_routine().

7.94 routines.c

```
00001 #include "routines.h"
00002 #include "controller.h"
00003 #include "list.h"
00004 #include "log.h"
00005 #include "toggle.h"
00006 #include <API.h>
00007
00008 static list_t *routine_list;
00009
00010 static TaskHandle routine_task_var;
00011
00012 void routine_task() {
00013 list_node_t *node;
00014
       list_iterator_t *it = list_iterator_new(routine_list, LIST_HEAD);
00015
       if (it != NULL) {
00016
        while (node = list_iterator_next(it)) {
00017
           if (node->val != NULL) {
00018
              routine_t *routine = (routine_t *)(node->val);
00019
              if (buttonIsNewPress(routine->on_button)) {
00020
                routine->routine();
00021
00022
            }
         }
00024
00025
       list_iterator_destroy(it);
00026 }
00028 void init_routine() {
00029 routine_list = list_new();
00030
        routine_task_var = taskRunLoop(routine_task, 20);
00031 }
00032
00033 void deinit_routines() { list_destroy(routine_list); }
00034
00035 void register_routine(void (*routine)(), button_t on_buttons,
       button_t *prohibited_buttons) {
    struct routine_t *r = (struct routine_t *)malloc(sizeof(routine_t));
00036
00037
       r->blocked_buttons = prohibited_buttons;
00038
       r->routine = routine;
00039
00040
        r->on_button = on_buttons;
00041
       list_node_t *node = list_node_new(r);
00042
        node -> val = r;
00043
        list_rpush(routine_list, node);
00044 }
```

7.95 src/slew.c File Reference

```
#include "slew.h"
#include "log.h"
```

Functions

• void deinitslew ()

Deinitializes the slew rate controller and frees memory.

void init slew ()

Initializes the slew rate controller.

void set_motor_immediate (int motor, int speed)

Sets the motor speed ignoring the slew controller.

void set_motor_slew (int motor, int speed)

Sets motor speed wrapped inside the slew rate controller.

• void updateMotors ()

Closes the distance between the desired motor value and the current motor value by half for each motor.

Variables

- static bool initialized = false
- static int motors_curr_speeds [10]
- static int motors_set_speeds [10]
- static TaskHandle slew = NULL
- static Mutex speeds mutex

7.95.1 Function Documentation

```
7.95.1.1 deinitslew()
```

```
void deinitslew ( )
```

Deinitializes the slew rate controller and frees memory.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 59 of file slew.c.

References initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and slew.

Referenced by autonomous().

7.95.1.2 init_slew()

```
void init_slew ( )
```

Initializes the slew rate controller.

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian DeSimone

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 42 of file slew.c.

References initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, slew, speeds_mutex, updateMotors(), and warning().

Referenced by autonomous(), operatorControl(), set_motor_immediate(), and set_motor_slew().

7.95.1.3 set_motor_immediate()

Sets the motor speed ignoring the slew controller.

Parameters

motor	the motor port to use
speed	the speed to use, between -127 and 127

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 90 of file slew.c.

References debug(), init_slew(), initialized, motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by close_claw(), open_claw(), set_claw_motor(), set_intake_motor(), and set_secondary_lifter_color="block" set_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary_lifter_secondary

motors().

7.95.1.4 set_motor_slew()

Sets motor speed wrapped inside the slew rate controller.

Parameters

motor	the motor port to use
speed	the speed to use, between -127 and 127

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 73 of file slew.c.

References debug(), init_slew(), initialized, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by set_main_lifter_motors(), and set_side_speed().

7.95.1.5 updateMotors()

```
void updateMotors ( )
```

Closes the distance between the desired motor value and the current motor value by half for each motor.

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/14/17

Definition at line 19 of file slew.c.

References motors_curr_speeds, motors_set_speeds, and speeds_mutex.

Referenced by init_slew().

7.95.2 Variable Documentation

7.95.2.1 initialized

```
bool initialized = false [static]
```

Definition at line 11 of file slew.c.

Referenced by deinitslew(), init_slew(), set_motor_immediate(), and set_motor_slew().

7.95.2.2 motors_curr_speeds

```
int motors_curr_speeds[10] [static]
```

Definition at line 7 of file slew.c.

Referenced by deinitslew(), init_slew(), set_motor_immediate(), and updateMotors().

7.95.2.3 motors_set_speeds

```
int motors_set_speeds[10] [static]
```

Definition at line 6 of file slew.c.

Referenced by deinitslew(), init_slew(), set_motor_immediate(), set_motor_slew(), and updateMotors().

7.95.2.4 slew

```
TaskHandle slew = NULL [static]
```

Definition at line 9 of file slew.c.

Referenced by **deinitslew()**, and **init_slew()**.

7.95.2.5 speeds_mutex

```
Mutex speeds_mutex [static]
```

Definition at line 4 of file slew.c.

Referenced by init_slew(), set_motor_immediate(), set_motor_slew(), and updateMotors().

7.96 slew.c

```
00001 #include "slew.h"
00002 #include "log.h"
00003
00004 static Mutex speeds_mutex;
00005
00006 static int motors_set_speeds[10];
00007 static int motors_curr_speeds[10];
00008
00009 static TaskHandle slew = NULL; // TaskHandle is of type void*
00010
00011 static bool initialized = false;
00012
00019 void updateMotors() {
00020 // Take back half approach
00021
        // Not linear but equal to setSpeed(1-(1/2)^x)
00022
       for (unsigned int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {</pre>
00023
         if (motors_set_speeds[i] == motors_curr_speeds[i])
00024
           continue;
00025
         mutexTake(speeds_mutex, 10);
00026
         int set_speed = (motors_set_speeds[i]);
00027
          int curr_speed = motors_curr_speeds[i];
00028
         mutexGive(speeds_mutex);
00029
         int diff = set_speed - curr_speed;
00030
         int offset = diff;
00031
         int n = curr_speed + offset;
00032
         motors_curr_speeds[i] = n;
00033
         motorSet(i + 1, n);
00034
00035 }
00036
00042 void init_slew() {
00043 if (initialized) {
00044
         warning("Trying to init already init slew");
00045
00046
       memset(motors_set_speeds, 0, sizeof(int) * 10);
00047
       memset(motors_curr_speeds, 0, sizeof(int) * 10);
00048
       motorStopAll();
00049
        speeds_mutex = mutexCreate();
00050
        slew = taskRunLoop(updateMotors, 100);
00051
       initialized = true;
00052 }
00053
00059 void deinitslew() {
00060 taskDelete(slew);
00061
       memset(motors_set_speeds, 0, sizeof(int) * 10);
       memset(motors_curr_speeds, 0, sizeof(int) * 10);
00062
00063
       initialized = false;
00064 }
00065
00073 void set_motor_slew(int motor, int speed) {
00074
      if (!initialized)
00075
         debug("Slew Not Initialized! Initializing");
00076
         init_slew();
00077
00078
       mutexTake(speeds_mutex, 10);
00079
       motors_set_speeds[motor - 1] = speed;
08000
       mutexGive(speeds_mutex);
00081 }
00082
00090 void set_motor_immediate(int motor, int speed) {
00091
      if (!initialized) {
         debug("Slew Not Initialized! Initializing");
00092
00093
         init_slew();
00094
00095
       motorSet(motor, speed);
00096
       mutexTake(speeds_mutex, 10);
       motors_curr_speeds[motor - 1] = speed;
motors_set_speeds[motor - 1] = speed;
00097
00098
00099
       mutexGive(speeds_mutex);
00100 }
```

7.97 src/toggle.c File Reference

#include "toggle.h"

Functions

bool buttonGetState (button_t button)

Returns the current status of a button (pressed or not pressed)

· void buttonInit ()

Initializes the buttons array.

• bool buttonIsNewPress (button_t button)

Detects if button is a new press from most recent check by comparing previous value to current value.

Variables

• bool buttonPressed [27]

7.97.1 Function Documentation

7.97.1.1 buttonGetState()

Returns the current status of a button (pressed or not pressed)

Parameters

	button	The button to detect from the Buttons enumeration.	Ī
--	--------	--	---

Returns

true (pressed) or false (not pressed)

Definition at line 27 of file toggle.c.

References LCD_CENT, LCD_LEFT, and LCD_RIGHT.

Referenced by buttonIsNewPress().

7.97.1.2 buttonInit()

```
void buttonInit ( )
```

Initializes the buttons array.

Initializes the buttons.

Definition at line 22 of file toggle.c.

References buttonPressed.

Referenced by operatorControl().

7.97.1.3 buttonIsNewPress()

Detects if button is a new press from most recent check by comparing previous value to current value.

Parameters

button The button to detect from the Buttons enumeration (see include/buttons.h).

Returns

true or false depending on if there was a change in button state.

Example code:

```
if(buttonIsNewPress(JOY1_8D))
   digitalWrite(1, !digitalRead(1));
```

Definition at line 136 of file toggle.c.

References buttonGetState(), and buttonPressed.

Referenced by routine_task().

7.97.2 Variable Documentation

7.97.2.1 buttonPressed

```
bool buttonPressed[27]
```

Represents the array of "wasPressed" for all 27 available buttons.

Definition at line 17 of file toggle.c.

Referenced by buttonInit(), and buttonIsNewPress().

7.98 toggle.c 221

7.98 toggle.c

```
00001
00012 #include "toggle.h"
00017 bool buttonPressed[27];
00018
00022 void buttonInit() {
       for (int i = 0; i < 27; i++)
         buttonPressed[i] = false;
00025 }
00026
00027 bool buttonGetState(button_t button) {
       bool currentButton = false;
00029
        // Determine how to get the current button value (from what function) and
00030
00031
        // where it is, then get it.
00032
        if (button < LCD_LEFT) {
00033
          \ensuremath{//} button is a joystick button
00034
          unsigned char joystick;
00035
          unsigned char buttonGroup;
00036
          unsigned char buttonLocation;
00037
00038
          button t newButton;
00039
          if (button <= 11) {
00040
            // button is on joystick 1
00041
            joystick = 1;
00042
            newButton = button;
00043
          } else {
            // button is on joystick 2
00044
            joystick = 2;
00045
            // shift button down to joystick 1 buttons in order to // detect which button on joystick is queried
00046
00047
00048
            newButton = (button_t) (button - 12);
00049
          }
00050
00051
          switch (newButton) {
00052
          case 0:
00053
           buttonGroup = 5;
00054
            buttonLocation = JOY_DOWN;
00055
            break;
00056
          case 1:
00057
            buttonGroup = 5;
            buttonLocation = JOY_UP;
00058
00059
            break;
00060
          case 2:
00061
            buttonGroup = 6;
00062
            buttonLocation = JOY_DOWN;
00063
            break;
00064
          case 3:
00065
            buttonGroup = 6;
00066
            buttonLocation = JOY_UP;
00067
            break;
00068
          case 4:
00069
            buttonGroup = 7;
00070
            buttonLocation = JOY_UP;
00071
            break;
00072
          case 5:
00073
            buttonGroup = 7;
00074
            buttonLocation = JOY_LEFT;
00075
            break;
00076
          case 6:
00077
            buttonGroup = 7;
00078
            buttonLocation = JOY_RIGHT;
00079
            break;
08000
          case 7:
00081
            buttonGroup = 7;
00082
            buttonLocation = JOY_DOWN;
00083
            break;
00084
          case 8:
00085
            buttonGroup = 8;
00086
            buttonLocation = JOY_UP;
00087
            break;
00088
          case 9:
            buttonGroup = 8;
00089
00090
            buttonLocation = JOY_LEFT;
00091
            break;
00092
          case 10:
            buttonGroup = 8;
00093
            buttonLocation = JOY_RIGHT;
00094
```

```
00095
           break;
00096
         case 11:
00097
           buttonGroup = 8;
00098
           buttonLocation = JOY_DOWN;
00099
            break;
00100
         default:
00101
           break;
00102
00103
         currentButton = joystickGetDigital(joystick, buttonGroup, buttonLocation);
00104
       } else {
00105
         // button is on LCD
00106
         if (button == LCD_LEFT)
00107
           currentButton = (lcdReadButtons(uart1) == LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00108
00109
         if (button == LCD_CENT)
00110
           currentButton = (lcdReadButtons(uart1) == LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00111
00112
         if (button == LCD_RIGHT)
00113
            currentButton = (lcdReadButtons(uart1) == LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00114
00115
       return currentButton;
00116 }
00117
00136 bool buttonIsNewPress(button_t button) {
00137
       bool currentButton = buttonGetState(button);
00138
       if (!currentButton) // buttons is not currently pressed
00139
         buttonPressed[button] = false;
00140
00141
00142
       if (currentButton && !buttonPressed[button]) {
00143
        // button is currently pressed and was not detected as being pressed during
         // last check
00144
00145
         buttonPressed[button] = true;
00146
         return true;
00147
       } else
00148
          return false; // button is not pressed or was already detected
00149 }
```

7.99 src/vlib.c File Reference

```
#include "vlib.h"
```

Functions

- void ftoaa (float a, char *buffer, int precision)
 - converts a float to string.
- int itoaa (int a, char *buffer, int digits)

converts a int to string.

void reverse (char *str, int len)

reverses a string 'str' of length 'len'

7.99.1 Function Documentation

converts a float to string.

Parameters

а	the float
buffer	the string the float will be written to.
precision	digits after the decimal to write

Author

Christian DeSimone

Date

9/26/2017

Definition at line 55 of file vlib.c.

References itoaa().

Referenced by calculate_current_display().

7.99.1.2 itoaa()

converts a int to string.

Parameters

а	the integer
buffer	the string the int will be written to.
digits	the number of digits to be written

Returns

the digits

Author

Chris Jerrett, Christian DeSimone

Date

9/9/2017

Definition at line 30 of file vlib.c.

References reverse().

Referenced by ftoaa().

7.99.1.3 reverse()

reverses a string 'str' of length 'len'

Author

Chris Jerrett

Date

9/9/2017

Parameters

str	the string to reverse
len	the length

Definition at line 10 of file vlib.c.

Referenced by itoaa().

7.100 vlib.c

```
00001 #include "vlib.h"
00002
00010 void reverse(char *str, int len) {
00011   int i = 0, j = len - 1, temp;
00012   while (i < j) {
00013       temp = str[i];
00014       str[i] = str[j];
00015       str[j] = temp;
00016       i++;
00017       j--;
00018   }
00019 }</pre>
```

```
00030 int itoaa(int a, char *buffer, int digits) {
00031 int i = 0;
00032
       buffer[i++] = (a % 10) + '0';
00033
00034
         a = a / 10;
00035
00036
00037
       // If number of digits required is more, then
00038
       // add 0s at the beginning
00039
       while (i < digits)</pre>
00040
          buffer[i++] = '0';
00041
00042
        reverse (buffer, i);
00043
       buffer[i] = ' \setminus 0';
00044
        return i;
00045 }
00046
00055 void ftoaa(float a, char *buffer, int precision) {
00056
00057
        // Extract integer part
00058
       int ipart = (int)a;
00059
00060
        // Extract floating part
00061
        float fpart = a - (float)ipart;
00062
00063
        // convert integer part to string
00064
        int i = itoaa(ipart, buffer, 0);
00065
00066
        \ensuremath{//} check for display option after point
       if (precision != 0) {
  buffer[i] = '.'; // add dot
00067
00068
00069
          \ensuremath{//} Get the value of fraction part up to given num.
00070
00071
          \ensuremath{//} of points after dot. The third parameter is needed
          // to handle cases like 233.007
00072
00073
          fpart = fpart * pow(10, precision);
00074
00075
          itoaa((int)fpart, buffer + i + 1, precision);
00076
00077 }
```

7.101 src/vmath.c File Reference

```
#include "vmath.h"
```

Functions

• struct polar_cord cartesian_cord_to_polar (struct cord cords)

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian cordinated to polar coordinates.

• struct polar_cord cartesian_to_polar (float x, float y)

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian coordinated to polar coordinates.

• int max (int a, int b)

the min of two values

• int min (int a, int b)

the min of two values

· double sind (double angle)

sine of a angle in degrees

7.101.1 Function Documentation

```
7.101.1.1 cartesian_cord_to_polar()
```

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian cordinated to polar coordinates.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/8/2017

Parameters

```
cords the cartesian cords
```

Returns

a struct containing the angle and magnitude.

See also

```
polar_cord (p. 20) cord (p. 7)
```

Definition at line 53 of file vmath.c.

References cartesian_to_polar().

```
7.101.1.2 cartesian_to_polar()
```

```
struct polar\_cord cartesian_to_polar ( float x, float y)
```

Function to convert x and y 2 dimensional cartesian coordinated to polar coordinates.

Author

Christian Desimone

Date

9/8/2017

Parameters

	float value of the x cartesian coordinate.
У	float value of the y cartesian coordinate.

Returns

a struct containing the angle and magnitude.

See also

```
polar_cord (p. 20)
```

Definition at line 15 of file vmath.c.

References polar_cord::angle, and polar_cord::magnitue.

Referenced by cartesian_cord_to_polar().

7.101.1.3 max()

the min of two values

Parameters

а	the first
b	the second

Returns

the smaller of a and b

Definition at line 83 of file vmath.c.

Referenced by calculate_current_display(), init_menu_float(), and init_menu_int().

7.101.1.4 min()

the min of two values

Parameters

а	the first
b	the second

Returns

the smaller of a and b

Definition at line 71 of file vmath.c.

Referenced by calculate_current_display(), init_menu_float(), and init_menu_int().

```
7.101.1.5 sind()
```

```
double sind (
double angle)
```

sine of a angle in degrees

Definition at line 60 of file vmath.c.

References M PI.

7.102 vmath.c

```
00001 #include "vmath.h"
00002
00015 struct polar_cord cartesian_to_polar(float x, float y) {
00016
      float degree = 0;
00017
       double magnitude = sqrt((fabs(x) * fabs(x)) + (fabs(y) * fabs(y)));
00018
00019
       if (x < 0) {
00020
        degree += 180.0;
00021
       else if (x > 0 && y < 0) {
00022
         degree += 360.0;
00023
00024
00025
       if (x != 0 && y != 0) {
00026
         degree += atan((float)y / (float)x);
00027
       else if (x == 0 && y > 0) {
         degree = 90.0;
00029
       else\ if\ (y == 0 \&\& x < 0) {
00030
         degree = 180.0;
00031
       else if (x == 0 && y < 0) {
         degree = 270.0;
00032
00033
00034
00035
       struct polar_cord p;
00036
       p.angle = degree;
00037
       p.magnitue = magnitude;
00038
       return p;
00039 }
00040
00053 struct polar_cord cartesian_cord_to_polar(struct cord cords) {
00054
       return cartesian_to_polar(cords.x, cords.y);
00055 }
00056
00060 double sind(double angle) {
```

```
double angleradians = angle * M_PI / 180.0f;
00062 return sin(angleradians);
00063 }
00064
00071 int min(int a, int b) {
00072 if (a < b)
00073
        return a;
00074 return b;
00075 }
00076
00083 int max(int a, int b) {
00084 if (a > b)
       return a;
00086 return b;
00087 }
```

7.103 test_code/testMath.py File Reference

Namespaces

· testMath

Functions

• def testMath.test (I1, I2)

7.104 testMath.py

```
00001 from math import \star
00002
00003 def test(11, 12):
00004 print(11, 12)
        print(", 12)

print("\n")

theta = 11-12

x = ((12)/(theta) + .5) - ((12)/(theta) + .5) * cos(theta)

y = ((12)/(theta) + .5) * sin(theta)
00005
00006
00007
00008
         print(x)
print(y)
00009
00010
          print (degrees (theta))
print ("\n")
00011
00012
          print("\n")
00013
00014
00015 test(1.0, .5)
00016 test(.5, 1.0)
00017 test(2.0, .5)
00018 test(.5, 2.0)
00019 test(1.0, 3.5)
00020 test(3.5, 1.0)
00021 test(5, .3)
00022 test(.3, 5)
00023 test(1.0, 0)
```

7.105 testMath.py File Reference

Namespaces

· testMath

Functions

• def testMath.test (I1, I2)

7.106 testMath.py

```
00001 from math import \star
00002
00003 def test(11, 12):
00004
          print(11, 12)
00005
            print("\n")
00006
            theta = 11-12
            x = ((12)/(theta) + .5) - ((12)/(theta) + .5) * cos(theta)

y = ((12)/(theta) + .5) * sin(theta)
00007
00008
00009
            print(x)
00010
            print(y)
            print (degrees (theta))
print ("\n")
00011
00012
00013
            print("\n")
00014
00015 test(1.0, .5)
00016 test(.5, 1.0)
00017 test(2.0, .5)
00018 test(.5, 2.0)
00019 test(1.0, 3.5)
00020 test(3.5, 1.0)
00021 test(5, .3)
00022 test(.3, 5)
00023 test(1.0, 0)
```