

# Support Vector Regression

August 18, 2021

## 1 Support Vector Regression (SVR)

Support Vector Regression (SVR) analysis utilizing the [libSVM](#) library.

SVR is a module of [MADS](#) (Model Analysis & Decision Support).

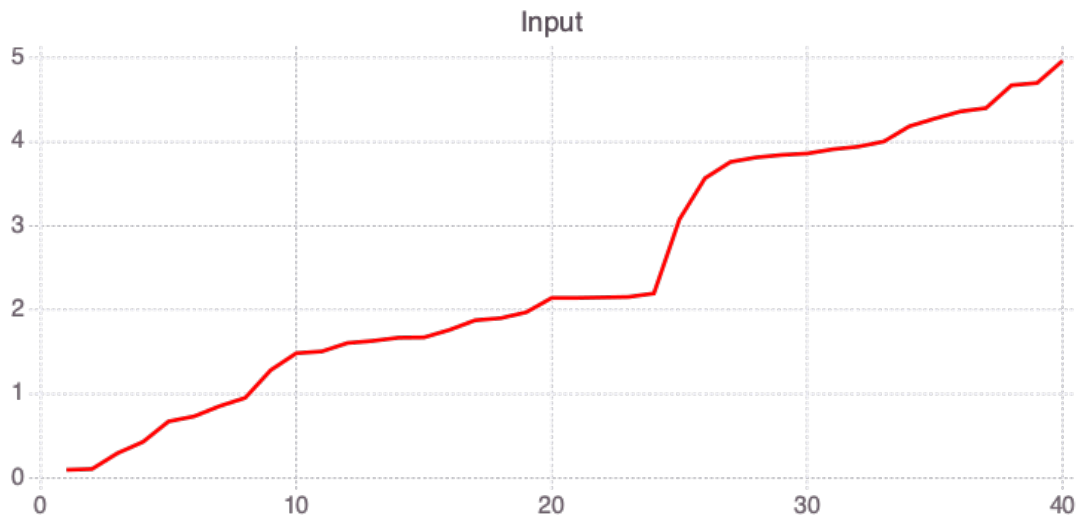
SVR is one of the most powerful and easy to use machine-learning methods.

```
[1]: import SVR
import Mads
```

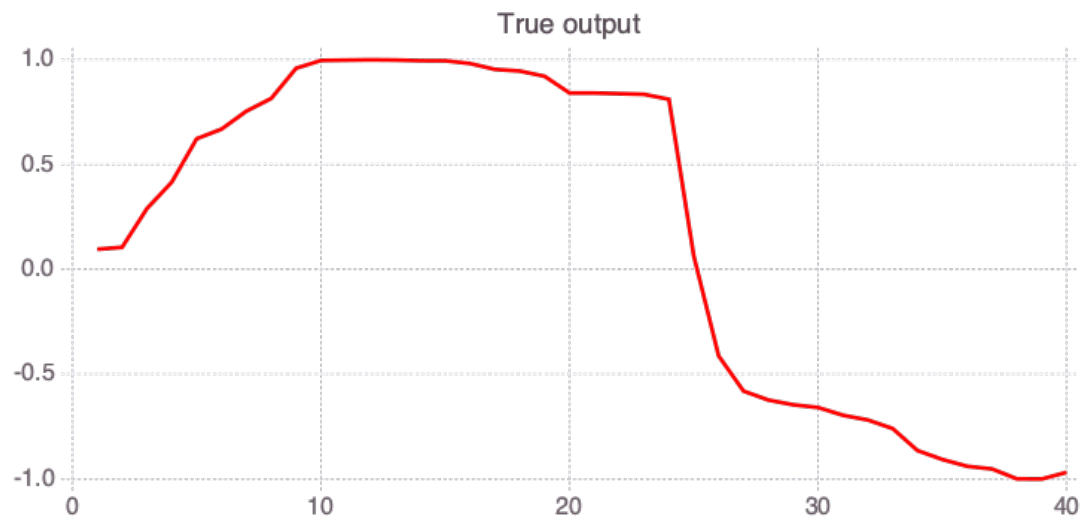
### 1.1 Example #1: Predict vector $y$ based on vector $x$

```
[2]: x = sort(rand(40) * 5)
y_true = sin.(x);
```

```
[3]: Mads.plotseries(x; title="Input")
```



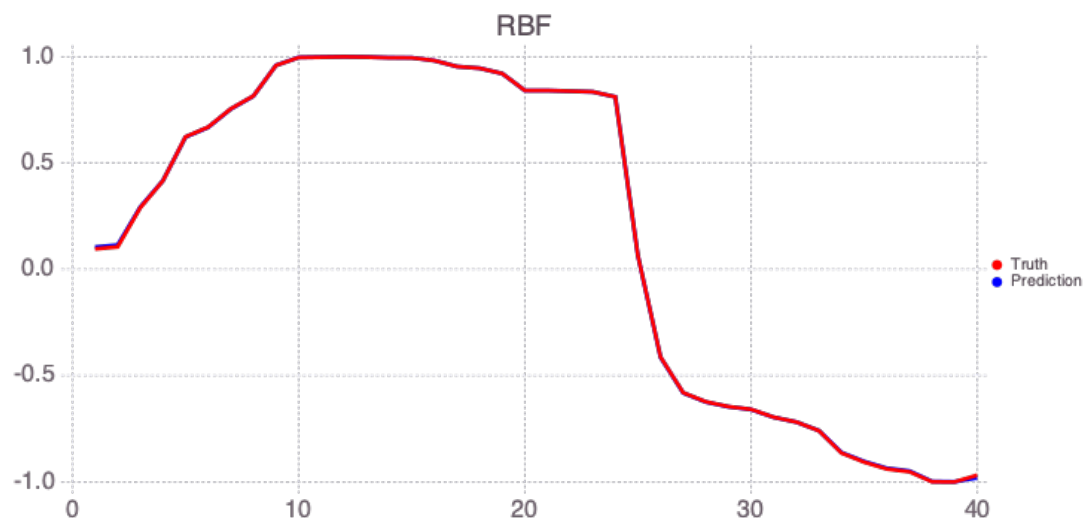
```
[4]: Mads.plotseries(y_true; title="True output")
```



Below, SVR results using diferent kernels are demonsrated.

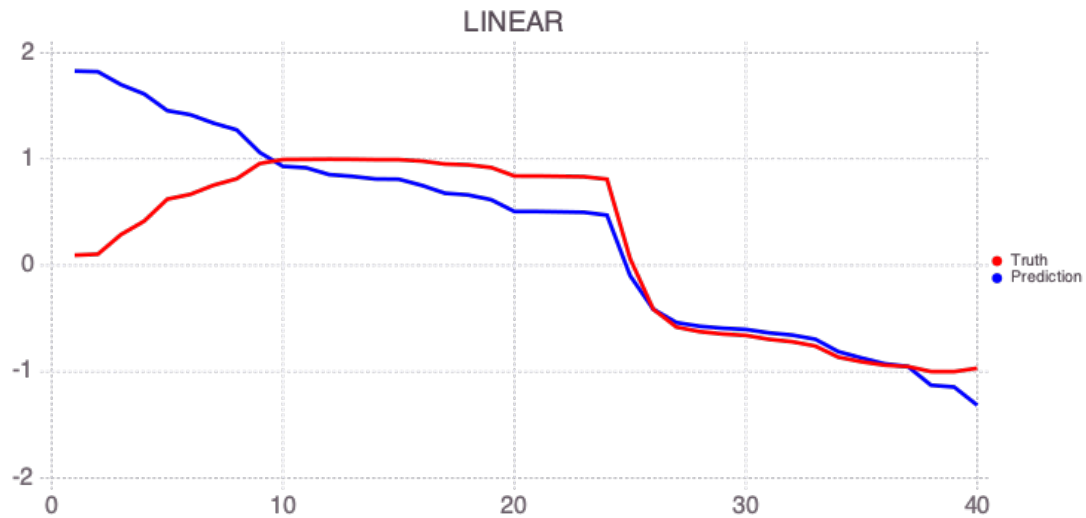
Predict y based on x using RBF (radial basis function); the solutions almost perfectly overlap:

```
[5]: Mads.plotseries([y_true SVR.fit(y_true, permutedims(x); kernel_type=SVR.RBF)];  
    ↪title="RBF", names=["Truth", "Prediction"])
```



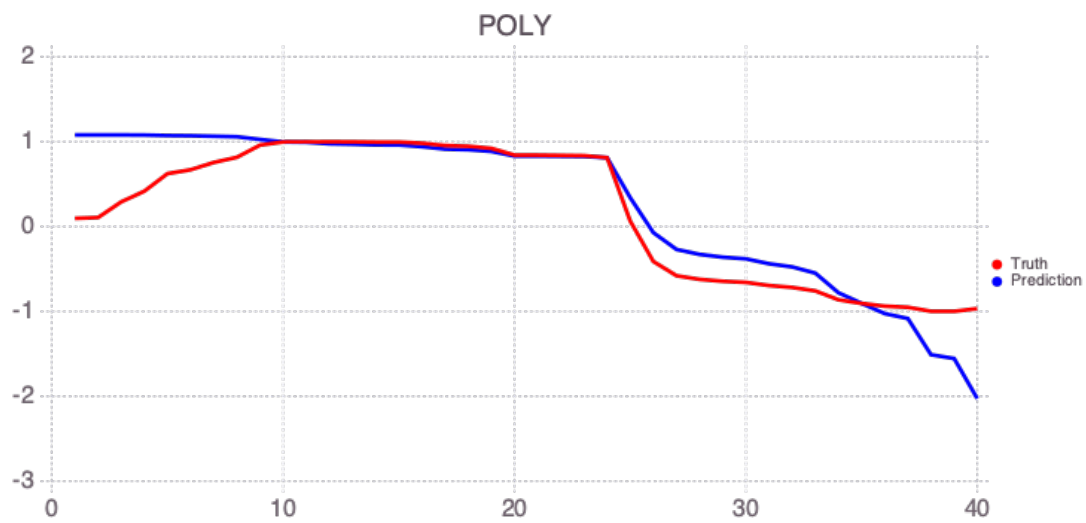
Predict y based on x using LINEAR:

```
[6]: Mads.plotseries([y_true SVR.fit(y_true, permutedims(x); kernel_type=SVR.  
    ↪LINEAR)]; title="LINEAR", names=["Truth", "Prediction"])
```



Predict y based on x using POLY:

```
[7]: Mads.plotseries([y_true SVR.fit(y_true, permutedims(x); kernel_type=SVR.POLY)];  
    ↪title="POLY", names=["Truth", "Prediction"])
```



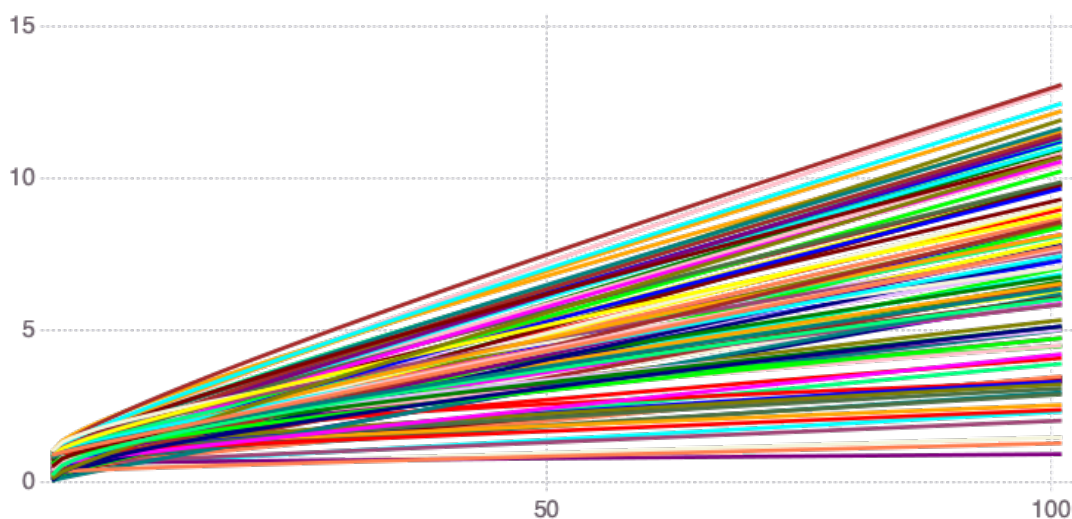
## 1.2 Example: Predicting a simple function

SVR is trained to predict 3 parameter function:  $a * \sqrt{t} + b * t + c$ , where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the rows of a random matrix  $y$ :

```
[8]: t = collect(0:0.1:10)
      y = rand(100, 3)
      x = y[:,1] .* t' .^ 0.5 + y[:,2] .* t' .+ y[:,3];
```

The training set  $x$  looks like this:

```
[9]: Mads.plotseries(x'; xmax=101)
```



We train SVR to predict  $x$  given  $y$

```
[10]: pmodel = SVR.train(x, permutedims(y); tol=0.001, epsilon=0.1);
```

```
Info: Dependent variables should be normalized!
@ SVR /Users/vvv/.julia/dev/SVR/src/SVRfunctions.jl:35
Info: Dependent variables should be normalized!
@ SVR /Users/vvv/.julia/dev/SVR/src/SVRfunctions.jl:35
Info: Dependent variables should be normalized!
@ SVR /Users/vvv/.julia/dev/SVR/src/SVRfunctions.jl:35
Info: Dependent variables should be normalized!
@ SVR /Users/vvv/.julia/dev/SVR/src/SVRfunctions.jl:35
```



[illegible]







After that we want to predict  $x$  for a given values of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$

```
[11]: y_predict = [0.75, 0.1, 0.2]
      x_true = y_predict[1] .* t' .^ 0.5 + y_predict[2] .* t' .+ y_predict[3]
      x_predict = [SVR.predict(pmodel[i], y_predict)[1] for i = 1:length(t)];
```

The obtained result looks like this:

```
[12]: Mads.plotseries([x_true' x_predict]; names=["True", "Prediction"], xmax=101)
```

