

## TIPE ► Listings

## I Cryptosystème d'ElGamal

CODE 1 – elgamal.py

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  """
4  Created in 2021
5
6  @author: Stanislas MEZUREUX
7  Copyright (c) 2021 Stanislas MEZUREUX. All rights reserved.
8  """
9
10 import random
11
12 NUMBITS = 1024
13
14 # q -> cyclic group order
15 # g -> cyclic group generator
16 # x -> private key
17 # (q, g, h) where h = g**x mod q -> private key
18
19 def gcd(a, b):
20     if a < b:
21         return gcd(b, a)
22     elif a%b == 0:
23         return b;
24     else:
25         return gcd(b, a%b)
26
27
28 # Miller-Rabin
29 # medium.com/@prudywsh/how-to-generate-big-prime-numbers-miller-rabin-49e6e6af32fb
30 def is_prime(n, k=128):
31     if n == 2 or n == 3:
32         return True
33     if n <= 1 or n % 2 == 0:
34         return False
35     s = 0
36     r = n - 1
37     while r & 1 == 0:
38         s += 1
39         r //= 2
40     for _ in range(k):
```

```

41     a = random.randrange(2, n - 1)
42     x = pow(a, r, n)
43     if x != 1 and x != n - 1:
44         j = 1
45         while j < s and x != n - 1:
46             x = pow(x, 2, n)
47             if x == 1:
48                 return False
49             j += 1
50         if x != n - 1:
51             return False
52     return True
53
54
55 def generate_prime_candidate(length):
56     p = random.getrandbits(length)
57     p |= (1 << length - 1) | 1
58     return p
59
60
61 def generate_prime_number(length=1024):
62     p = 4
63     while not is_prime(p, 128):
64         p = generate_prime_candidate(length)
65     return p
66
67
68 def keygen():
69     q = generate_prime_number(NUMBITS)
70     g = random.randint(2, q)
71     x = random.randint(2**(NUMBITS-1), q)
72     return (x, {'q': q, 'g': g, 'h': pow(g, x, q)})
73
74
75 def encrypt(n, pk):
76     q, g, h = pk['q'], pk['g'], pk['h']
77     r = random.randint(2**(NUMBITS-1), q)
78     return {'c1': pow(g, r, q), 'c2': n*pow(h, r, q)}
79
80
81 def decrypt(n, x, pk):
82     return (n['c2']*pow(n['c1'], -x, pk['q']))%pk['q']
83
84
85 def multiply(n1, n2):
86     n1c1, n1c2 = n1['c1'], n1['c2']
87     n2c1, n2c2 = n2['c1'], n2['c2']
88     return {'c1': n1c1*n2c1, 'c2': n1c2*n2c2}

```

## II

## Secret Santa

## CODE 2 – SecretSanta.py

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  """
4  Created in 2021
5
6  @author: Stanislas MEZUREUX
7  Copyright (c) 2021 Stanislas MEZUREUX. All rights reserved.
8  """
9
10 import smtplib
11 from random import shuffle
12 import copy
13 import secrets
14 import time
15 import elgamal as eg
16 from math import factorial
17
18 AMOUNT = 10
19 NAME = 'MPSI1 227/228'
20 DATE = '03/01/2022'
21
22
23 class TooMuchInTheTeam(Exception):
24     pass
25
26
27 def nb_participants_check(L):
28     for i, team in enumerate(L):
29         M = [e for A in L[:i]+L[i+1:] for e in A]
30         if M != [] and len(M) < len(L[i]):
31             raise TooMuchInTheTeam(f"Too much participants in {team[0][3]}")
32
33
34 def csv_to_list(data):
35     with open(data) as f:
36         L = f.read().splitlines()
37         L = L[1:]
38         for i, e in enumerate(L):
39             L[i] = [i] + e.split(',')
40     return L
41
42
43 def group_by_team(L):
44     teams = []
```

```

45     for e in L:
46         if e[3] not in teams:
47             teams.append(e[3])
48     nb_teams = len(teams)
49     M = [[] for _ in range(nb_teams)]
50     for i, team in enumerate(teams):
51         for e in L:
52             if e[3] == team:
53                 M[i].append(e[0])
54     return M
55
56
57 def make_pairs(L, pk):
58     nb_teams = len(L)
59     if nb_teams == 1:
60         M = L[0].copy()
61         shuffle(M)
62         length = len(M)
63         R = [(0, 0)]*length
64         for i in range(length):
65             R[i] = (eg.encrypt(M[i]+1, pk),
66                    eg.encrypt(M[(i+1) % length]+1, pk))
67         with open('secret_santa_draw.py', 'w') as f:
68             f.write(f'draw = {R}')
69         return R
70     R = []
71     M = copy.deepcopy(L)
72     shuffle(M)
73     L_new = copy.deepcopy(M)
74     for i, team in enumerate(L_new):
75         for j, e in enumerate(L_new[i]):
76             if len(M) == 1:
77                 M_next = M[0]
78             else:
79                 M_next = (M[:i]+M[i+1:])[ (j+1) % (len(M)-1)]
80                 M_next_len = len(M_next)
81                 k = secrets.randbelow(M_next_len)
82                 gift_to = M_next[k]
83                 R.append((eg.encrypt(e+1, pk),
84                           eg.encrypt(gift_to+1, pk)))
85             with open('example/secret_santa_draw.py', 'w') as f:
86                 f.write(f'draw = {R}\ndraw_len = {len(R)}')
87             del M_next[k]
88             if M_next_len == 1:
89                 M = [e for e in M if e != []]
90     return R
91
92
93 def send_email(L, data, sk, pk, display_team=True):

```

```

94     from_addr = 'secret.santa.tipe@gmail.com'
95
96     server = smtplib.SMTP_SSL('smtp.gmail.com', 465)
97     server.set_debuglevel(1)
98     server.ehlo
99
100    server.login('secret.santa.tipe@gmail.com', 'pamnkvaauruvqndga')
101
102    for e_encrypted in L:
103        e = (eg.decrypt(e_encrypted[0], sk, pk)-1,
104             eg.decrypt(e_encrypted[1], sk, pk)-1)
105        to_addrs = data[e[0]][4]
106        subject = f"Secret Santa - {NAME}"
107        text = (
108            f'Bonjour {data[e[0]][1]},\nCette année, tu es en charge du '
109            f'cadeau de {data[e[1]][1]} {data[e[1]][2]} '
110            f'{"(" + data[e[1]][3] + ")" if display_team else ""}. Je te rappelle '
111            f'que le budget est de {AMOUNT}€ et que la célébration aura lieu '
112            f'le {DATE}.\nJoyeux Noël à toi !'
113        )
114
115        message = f"Subject: {subject}\nFrom: {from_addr}\nTo: {to_addrs}\n\n"
116        message = message + text
117        server.sendmail(from_addr, to_addrs, message.encode("utf8"))
118
119        time.sleep(0.1)
120
121    server.quit()
122
123
124    def zero_knowledge_proof(sk, pk):
125        import example.secret_santa_draw as ssd
126        if ssd.draw_len == 1:
127            return True
128        gift_from = ssd.draw[0][0]
129        gift_to = ssd.draw[0][1]
130        for i in range(1, ssd.draw_len):
131            gift_from = eg.multiply(gift_from, ssd.draw[i][0])
132            gift_to = eg.multiply(gift_to, ssd.draw[i][1])
133        fact = factorial(ssd.draw_len)
134        for j in range(1, ssd.draw_len):
135            for i in range(1, j):
136                c_i = ssd.draw[i]
137                c_j = ssd.draw[j]
138                if (eg.multiply(c_i[0], c_j[0]) == eg.multiply(c_i[0], c_i[0]) or
139                    eg.multiply(c_i[1], c_j[1]) == eg.multiply(c_i[1], c_i[1])):
140                    return False
141        return eg.decrypt(gift_from, sk, pk) == fact and eg.decrypt(gift_to, sk, pk) ==
        fact

```

```

142
143
144 def Secret_Santa(data):
145     try:
146         sk, pk = eg.keygen()
147         info = csv_to_list(data)
148         L = group_by_team(info)
149         nb_teams = len(L)
150         nb_participants_check(L)
151         R = make_pairs(L, pk)
152         print(f'secret key : {sk}')
153         print(f'public key : {pk}')
154         # send_email(R, info, sk, pk, nb_teams != 1)
155     except TooMuchInTheTeam as TeamError:
156         print(TeamError)
157
158
159 def resend(sk, pk, data):
160     try:
161         import example.secret_santa_draw as ssd
162         info = csv_to_list(data)
163         nb_teams = len(ssd.draw)
164         send_email(ssd.draw, info, sk, pk, nb_teams != 1)
165     except ModuleNotFoundError as Error:
166         print(Error)
167
168 # Secret_Santa('example/data.csv')

```

### III Dénombrement des tirages

CODE 3 – draw\_counter.py

```

1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  """
4  Created in 2022
5
6  @author: Stanislas MEZUREUX
7  Copyright (c) 2021 Stanislas MEZUREUX. All rights reserved.
8  """
9
10 from itertools import permutations
11
12
13 """
14 Presumed formula : (nb_people_in_one_team !)(nb_teams)
15 """
16

```

```
17
18 def check_draw(D, L, p, n):
19     for e in D:
20         if e[1] not in L[((e[0]-1)//p + 1)%n]:
21             return False
22     return True
23
24
25 def gen_draws(p, n):
26     M = [i for i in range(1, n*p+1)]
27     P = list(permutations(M))
28     R = [[]]*len(P)
29     for i, e in enumerate(P):
30         D = [()]*(n*p)
31         for j in range(len(e)):
32             D[j] = (j, e[j])
33         R[i] = D
34     return R
35
36
37 def count(p, n):
38     L = [[p*i+j+1 for j in range(p)] for i in range(n)]
39     R = gen_draws(p, n)
40     res = 0
41     for e in R:
42         if check_draw(e, L, p, n):
43             res += 1
44     return res
45
46
47 # print(count(4, 1))
```