

Todo List Workflow Step by Step

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Prerequisite Installation

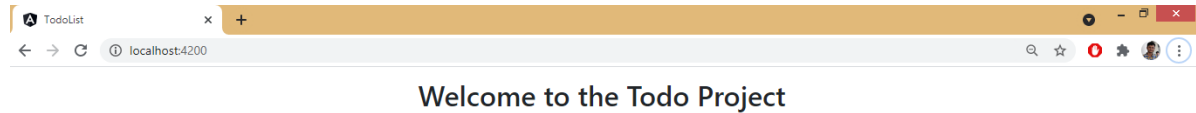
- Node
- Angular CLI
- VS Code

Environment Setup

```
>ng new TodoList
>cd Todolist
>npm install bootstrap
>npm install jquery
```

Configure `angular.json`

```
"architect": {
  "build": {
    "styles": [
      "src/styles.css",
      "./node_modules/bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
    ],
    "scripts": [
      "./node_modules/jquery/dist/jquery.min.js",
      "./node_modules/bootstrap/dist/js/bootstrap.js"
    ]
  },
}
```



Components

Used 3 components :

- **app** component -- for the homepage header and footer
- **todos** component -- for the whole Todo List content
- **todo-item** component -- for individual todo item which will be populated below the todo list
- **add-todo** Component -- to add new todo

app Component

app.component.html

Paste bootstrap navbar and generate a component **todos** .

Map todos component in app component by adding this : `<app-todos></app-todos>`

app.component.ts

```
export class AppComponent {  
  title = 'TodoList';  
  constructor() {  
    // Timeout function will change the title without PAGE RELOAD  
    setTimeout(() => {  
      this.title = "Changed Title";  
    }, 2000);  
  }  
}
```

Todo.ts - Created a Todo Model

Todo.ts is a Angular Model Class

This is a model to generate lot of Todo in todo list.

```
export class Todo{
  sno:number
  title:string
  desc:string
  active:boolean
}
```

todo Component

todos.component.html

```
<ul *ngFor="let todo of todos">
  <!-- Creating a Custom Attribute [todo] and passing "todo" in app-todo-item -
->
  <app-todo-item [todo]="todo"></app-todo-item>
</ul>
```

todos.component.ts

Created a todos Array which is of type **Todo Model Class** and put some values in it.

```
export class TodosComponent implements OnInit {
  todos: Todo[];
  constructor() {
    this.todos = [
      {
        sno:1,
        title:"This is title 1",
        desc:"This is the description",
        active:true
      },
      {
        sno:2,
        title:"This is title 2",
        desc:"This is the description",
        active:true
      },
      {
        sno:3,
        title:"This is title 3",
        desc:"This is the description",
        active:true
      }
    ]
  }

  ngOnInit(): void { }
}
```

todo-item Component

todo-item.component.html

Control will come here when user trying to **add/ delete/ view todos**

To receive todo from todos.component, We have to add **Input Decorator** in todo-item.component.ts

Also created a **click** event, which will call **onClick()** method everytime it gets called. And passing the todo to display it in console and to delete it.

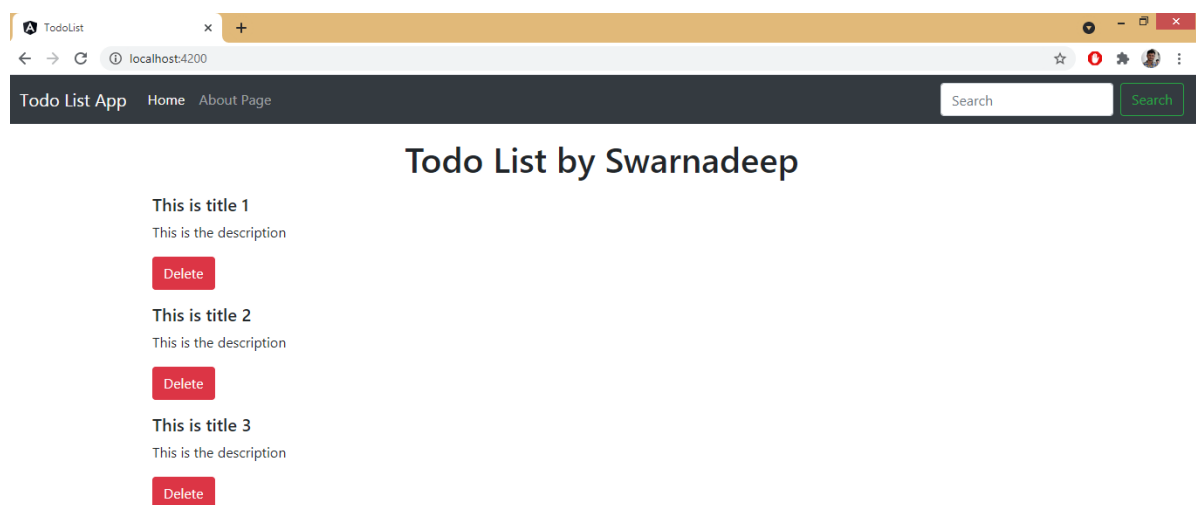
```
<div>
  <h5>{{todo.title}}</h5>
  <p>{{todo.desc}}</p>
  <!-- Creating a (click) event with name onClick()-->
  <button class="btn btn-danger" (click)="onClick(todo)">Delete</button>
</div>
```

todo-item.component.ts

```
export class TodoItemComponent implements OnInit {
  //Adding Input Decorator to receive todo from todos.component
  @Input() todo: Todo;
  constructor() { }

  ngOnInit(): void { }

  // Handling (click) event by onClick() method
  onClick(todo: Todo){
    console.log("onClick triggered")
    console.log(todo);
  }
}
```



Functionality

Delete a todo

If we click on delete on a particular todo, we have to emit a event from **todo-item.component.ts** and **todos.component.ts** will receive the event and delete the todo from the predefined **todos** Array.

Emmiting a Event from **todo-item.component.ts**

```
export class TodoItemComponent implements OnInit {
  @Input() todo: Todo;

  //Emitting a event todoDelete, which will received by todos.component.ts and
  delete the todo from todos Array
  @Output() todoDelete: EventEmitter<Todo> = new EventEmitter();

  constructor() { }
  ngOnInit(): void { }

  onClick(todo: Todo){
    //Emitting the event
    this.todoDelete.emit(todo);
    console.log("onClick triggered")
  }
}
```

Listen **todoDelete** event from **todos.component.html**

We have to Listen the event **todoDelete** and run **deleteTodo** function, passing the **event(todo)** within it.

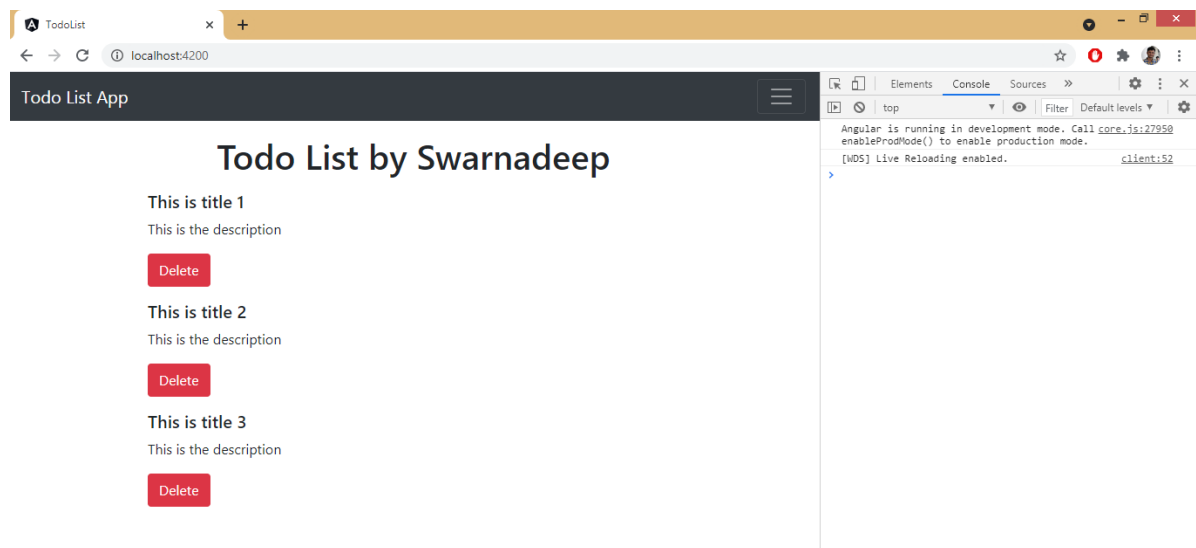
```
<app-todo-item [todo]="todo" (todoDelete)="deleteTodo($event)"></app-todo-item>
```

Write **deleteTodo** function in **todos.component.ts**

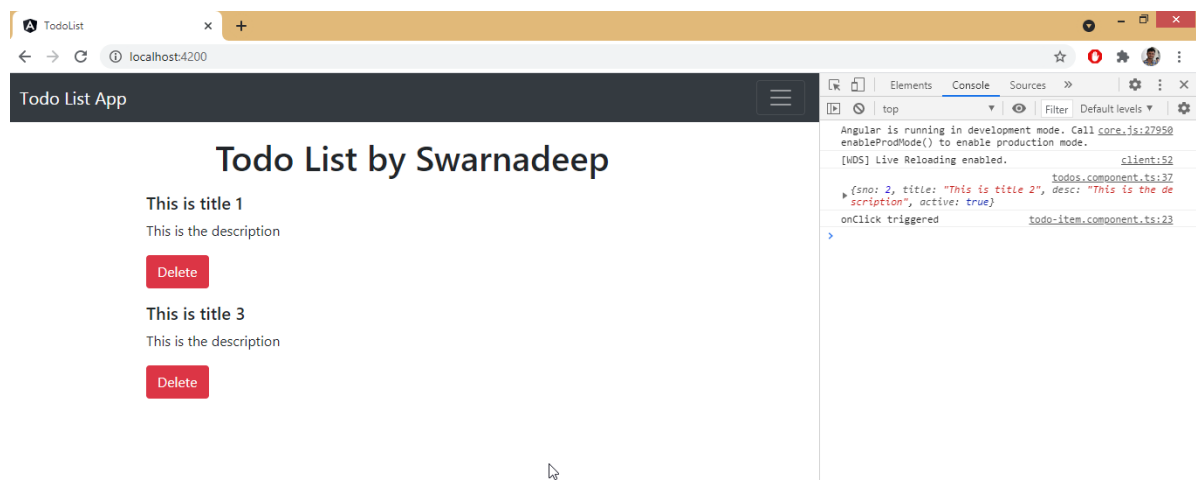
```
export class TodosComponent implements OnInit {
  ...
  ...
  deleteTodo(todo: Todo){
    console.log(todo);
    //This will take the index and delete it from array by splice method
    const index = this.todos.indexOf(todo);
    this.todos.splice(index,1);
  }
}
```

Screenshots

- Initial Stage before deletion



- After delete 2nd todo



Add a todo

add-todo Component

add-todo.component.html

Handling **ngSubmit** Event with **onSubmit()** method which will add a new **todo** to **todos** list.

Taking input title and Description and bind them in variable using **(ngModel)** directive.

```
<div class="container my-3">
  <h4>Add New Todo</h4>
  <form (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()">
    <div class="form-group">
      <label for="title">Todo Title</label>
      <!-- Bind ngModel directive to store input title -->
      <input type="text" [(ngModel)]="title" class="form-control"
id="title">
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
      <label for="desc">Todo Description</label>
      <!-- Bind ngModel directive to store input Description -->
      <input type="text" [(ngModel)]="desc" class="form-control"
id="desc">
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-success">Add Todo</button>
  </form>
```

```
</div>
```

app.module.ts

Add **FormsModule** in **imports** to work with (**ngModel**) directive

```
imports: [  
  BrowserModule,  
  AppRoutingModule,  
  FormsModule  
]
```

add-todo.component.ts

Created a method onSubmit() which will **create todo** with given inputs and **emitting event** to add it into todos array

Emitting a event **todoAdd**, which will received by **todos.component.ts** and added the **todo** into **todos** Array

```
export class AddTodoComponent implements OnInit {  
  title: string;  
  desc: string;  
  @Output() todoAdd: EventEmitter<Todo> = new EventEmitter();  
  
  constructor() { }  
  ngOnInit(): void { }  
  
  onSubmit() {  
    const todo = {  
      sno: 8,  
      title: this.title,  
      desc: this.desc,  
      active: true  
    }  
    //Emitting the event and passing todo  
    this.todoAdd.emit(todo);  
  }  
}
```

Listen **todoAdd** event from **todos.component.html**

We have to Listen the event **todoAdd** and run **addTodo** function, passing the **event(todo)** within it.

```
<app-add-todo (todoAdd)="addTodo($event)"></app-add-todo>
```

Write **addTodo** function in **todos.component.ts**

This will push the todo into the todo array.

```
addTodo(todo: Todo){
  console.log(todo);
  this.todos.push(todo);
}
```

Before Add

Todo List by Swarnadeep

Add New Todo

Todo Title

Todo Description

Add Todo

Your Todos

This is title 1
This is the description
Delete

This is title 2
This is the description
Delete

This is title 3
This is the description
Delete

After Add

Todo List by Swarnadeep

Add New Todo

Todo Title

Six days Weather Forecast by Python and MetaWeather API

Todo Description

Lorem Ipsum is simply dummy text of the printing and typesetting industry. Lorem Ipsum has been the industry's standard dummy text ever since the

Add Todo

Your Todos

This is title 1
This is the description
Delete

This is title 2
This is the description
Delete

This is title 3
This is the description
Delete

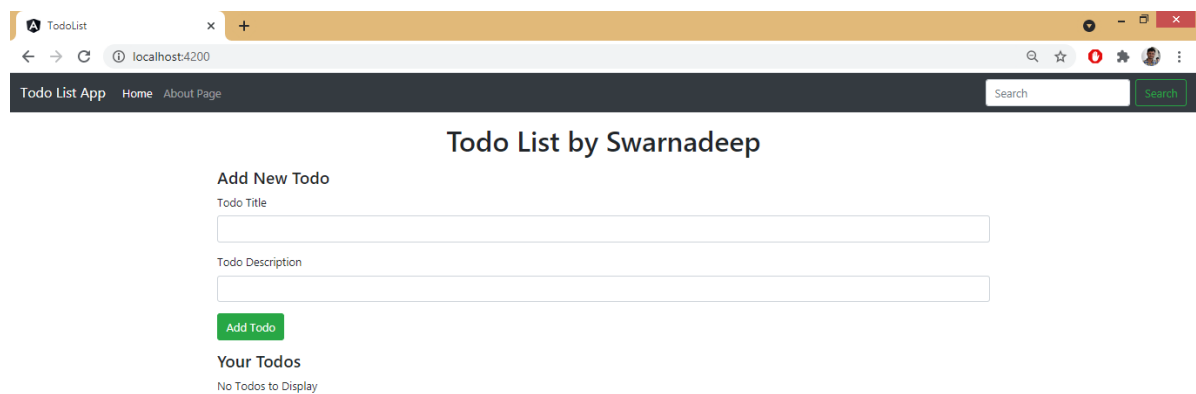
Six days Weather Forecast by Python and MetaWeather API
Lorem Ipsum is simply dummy text of the printing and typesetting industry. Lorem Ipsum has been the industry's standard dummy text ever since the 1500s
Delete

Empty todo text

If there is **no todo present** in the array, we can display **No Todos to Display** by **ngIf** block.

todos.component.html

```
<app-add-todo (todoAdd)="addTodo($event)"></app-add-todo>
<h4>Your Todos</h4>
<div *ngIf="this.todos.length===0; else elseBlock">No Todos to Display</div>
<ng-template #elseBlock>
  <div *ngFor="let todo of todos">
    <app-todo-item [todo]="todo" (todoDelete)="deleteTodo($event)"></app-
    todo-item>
  </div>
</ng-template>
```



Saving in Localstorage

First empty the hardcoded todos array in ***todos.component.html***

```
export class TodosComponent implements OnInit {
  ...
  constructor() {
    //todos Array where todo will store and display
    this.todos = [ ]
  }
  ...
}
```

todos.component.ts

Fetching **todos array** from **localStorage**.

If localStorage is empty, empty todos array will initialise.

If localStorage have existing todos array, then we will parse that, save that in todos array and display.

Also we are **saving the updated todos** array in localStorage after any **Add** or **Delete** operation.

```
export class TodosComponent implements OnInit {
  todos: Todo[];
```

```

localItem:string;
constructor() {
  //
  this.localItem = localStorage.getItem("todos");
  if(this.localItem==null){
    this.todos = [ ]
  }
  else{
    this.todos=JSON.parse(this.localItem);
  }
}
ngOnInit(): void { }

deleteTodo(todo: Todo){
  console.log(todo);
  const index = this.todos.indexOf(todo);
  this.todos.splice(index,1);
  // Saving the updated todos array in localStorage
  localStorage.setItem("todos",JSON.stringify(this.todos));
}

addTodo(todo: Todo){
  console.log(todo);
  this.todos.push(todo);
  // Saving the updated todos array in localStorage
  localStorage.setItem("todos",JSON.stringify(this.todos));
}
}

```

Thus even after reloading the page, our todo list is still saved at its last state..

Mark as Done

Add a **checkbox** in *todo-item.component.html*

Creating a ngClass custom attribute, which will set the element class to strike it it not active.

Also invoking method **onCheckboxClick** on checkbox click. Also taking index of for loop and making unique id for each checkbox.

```

<!--To receive todo from todos.component, We have to add Input Decorator in todo-
item.component.ts-->
<div class="my-3">
  <h5 [ngClass]="{'strike': !todo.active}">{{todo.title}}</h5>
  <p class="mb-1" [ngClass]="{'strike': !todo.active}">{{todo.desc}}</p>
  <div class="form-group form-check">
    <input type="checkbox" class="form-check-input"
    (click)="onCheckboxClick(todo)" [checked]="!todo.active" id="done{{i}}">
    <label class="form-check-label" for="done{{i}}">Mark as Done</label>
  </div>
  <!-- Creating a (click) event with name onClick()-->
  <button class="btn btn-sm btn-danger mb-4"
  (click)="onClick(todo)">Delete</button>
</div>

```

todo-item.component.css

```
.strike{
  text-decoration: line-through;
}
```

todo-item.component.ts

Creating a new Event Emitter and emit **todoCheckbox** to change active status in **todos.component.ts**. Also taking index of the for loop (which was iterating from **todos.component.html**)

```
export class TodoItemComponent implements OnInit {
  ...
  @Input() i:number;
  @Output() todoCheckbox:EventEmitter<Todo> = new EventEmitter();
  onCheckboxClick(todo: Todo){
    this.todoCheckbox.emit(todo);
  }
}
```

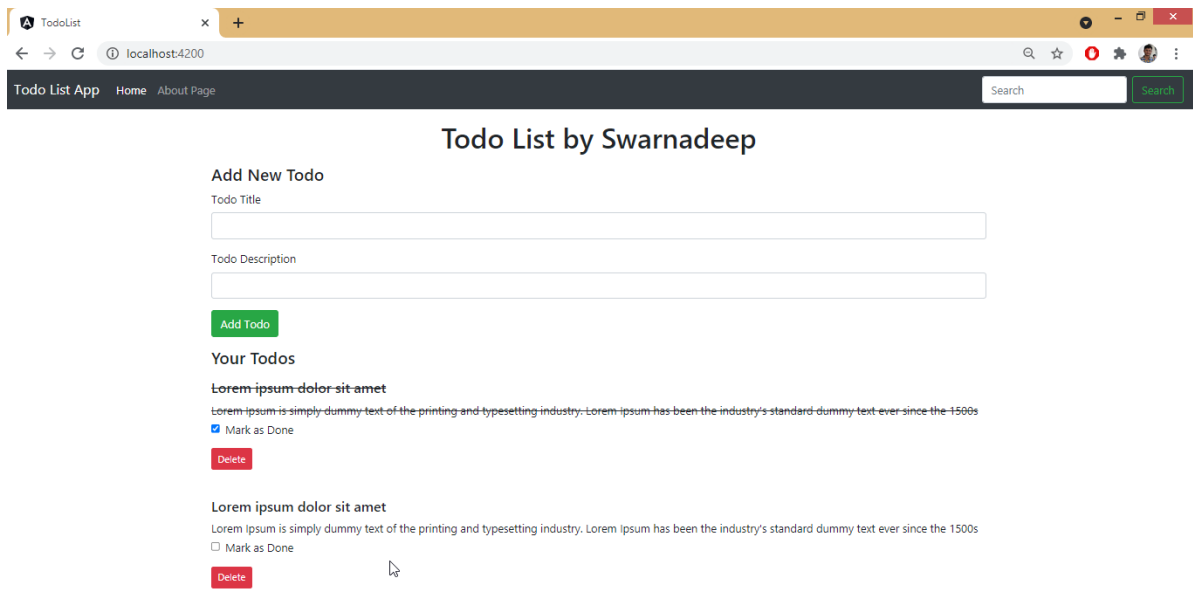
Listening **todoCheckbox** in **todos.component.html** and invoke function **toggleTodo()**

```
<app-add-todo (todoAdd)="addTodo($event)"></app-add-todo>
<h4>Your Todos</h4>
<div *ngIf="this.todos.length===0; else elseBlock">No Todos to Display</div>
<ng-template #elseBlock>
  <!-- Looping over list of todos by ngFor directive -->
  <div *ngFor="let todo of todos; index as i">
    <!-- Creating a Custom Attribute [todo] and passing "todo" in app-todo-
    item -->
    <!-- Listen the event todoDelete and run deleteTodo function ,passing
    the event(todo) within it -->
    <app-todo-item [todo]="todo" [i]="i" (todoDelete)="deleteTodo($event)"
    (todoCheckbox)="toggleTodo($event)"></app-todo-item>
  </div>
</ng-template>
```

Write **toggleTodo()** method to change the active status in **todos.component.ts**

```
export class TodosComponent implements OnInit {
  ...
  toggleTodo(todo: Todo){
    const index = this.todos.indexOf(todo);
    this.todos[index].active = !this.todos[index].active;
    localStorage.setItem("todos",JSON.stringify(this.todos));
  }
}
```

After toggle checkbox completed :



Routing Module

The main cool feature of Angular is to navigate through pages without refresh the page.

Creating a new **'About' Component** for navigation. And putting a simple jumbrotron in ***about.component.html*** file.

app-routing.module.ts

Setting the path for the two components which will be navigated in the navbar

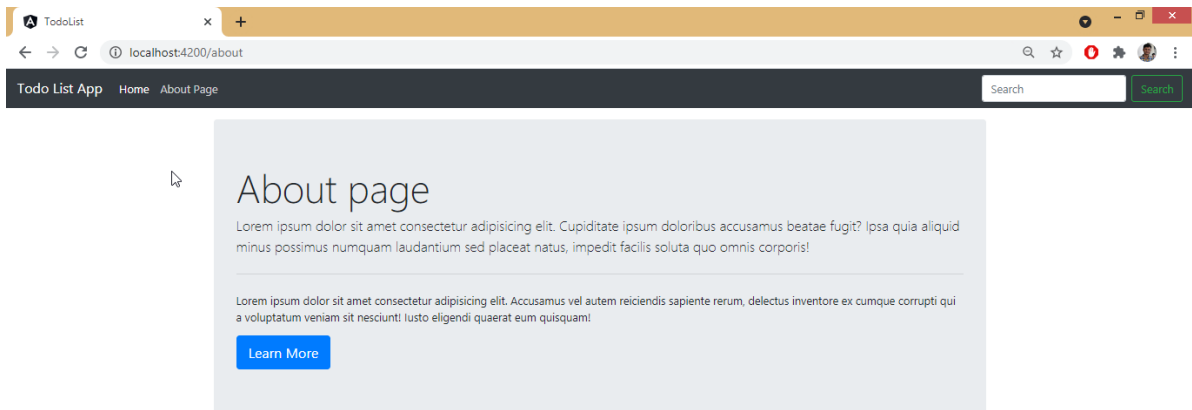
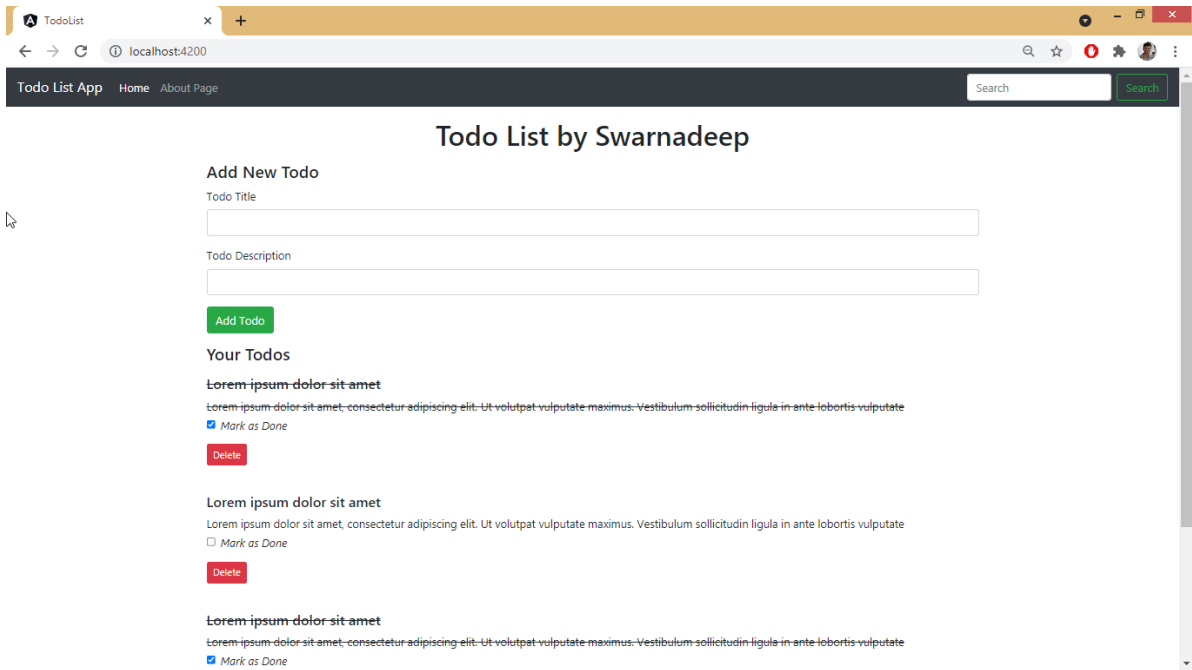
```
const routes: Routes = [
  { path: '', component: TodosComponent },
  { path: 'about', component: AboutComponent },
];
```

app-routing.module.html

just keep **router-outlet** and **nav** tags in html . Dont need any `<app-todos>` tag.

We have to use **routerLink** in place of **href**.

```
<a class="nav-link" routerLink="/">Home <span class="sr-only">(current)</span>
</a>
...
<a class="nav-link" routerLink="/about">About Page</a>
...
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
```



Build for PROD

```
>ng build --prod
# To host it on github, we have to change base-href in index.html afterwards.
# Or we can use below command
>ng build --prod --base-href /todo/
```

index.html

```
<base href="/todo/">
(to host in github)
```

