CODE: 5 Minute Node Crash Course

Section 16, Lecture 273

//Print "HELLO WORLD" 500 times using Node

```
for(var i = 0; i < 500; i++){
  console.log("HELLO WORLD!");
}</pre>
```

// Execute file with:

node filename.js

CODE: Introduction to NPM and Faker Section 16, Lecture 275

```
Find Faker Docs Here: https://github.com/marak/Faker.js/
STEP 1: Install and Require Faker
// Install Faker via command line:
npm install faker
// Require it inside of a JS file:
var faker = require('faker');
STEP 2: Use Faker!
// Print a random email
console.log(faker.internet.email());
// Print a random past date
console.log(faker.date.past());
// Print a random city
console.log(faker.address.city());
// We can define a new function
function generateAddress(){
 console.log(faker.address.streetAddress());
 console.log(faker.address.city());
 console.log(faker.address.state());
// And then execute that function:
generateAddress();
```

CODE: Connecting Node to MySQL

Section 16, Lecture 278

Documentation for the MySQL Node Package:

Step 1: Install the MySQL Node Package

```
npm install mysql
```

Step 2: Connect to Database

```
var mysql = require('mysql');

var connection = mysql.createConnection({
  host : 'localhost',
  user : 'learnwithcolt', //your username
  database : 'join_us' //the name of your db
});
```

Step 3: Run Queries

Running a super simple SQL query like:

```
SELECT 1 + 1;
```

Using the MySQL Node Package:

```
connection.query('SELECT 1 + 1 AS solution', function (error, results, fields) {
  if (error) throw error;
  console.log('The solution is: ', results[0].solution);
});
```

Another sample query, this time selecting 3 things:

```
var q = 'SELECT CURTIME() as time, CURDATE() as date, NOW() as now';
connection.query(q, function (error, results, fields) {
   if (error) throw error;
   console.log(results[0].time);
   console.log(results[0].date);
   console.log(results[0].now);
});
The equivalent SQL query:
SELECT CURTIME() as time, CURDATE() as date, NOW() as now;
```

CODE: Creating Our Users Table Section 16, Lecture 280

Simple SQL To Create The Users Table

```
CREATE TABLE users (
    email VARCHAR(255) PRIMARY KEY,
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);
```

CODE: Selecting Using Node Section 16, Lecture 282

To SELECT all users from database:

```
var q = 'SELECT * FROM users ';
connection.query(q, function (error, results, fields) {
  if (error) throw error;
  console.log(results);
});
```

To count the number of users in the database:

```
var q = 'SELECT COUNT(*) AS total FROM users ';
connection.query(q, function (error, results, fields) {
  if (error) throw error;
  console.log(results[0].total);
});
```

CODE: Inserting Using Node Section 16, Lecture 284

Inserting Data Using Node

Approach #1

```
var q = 'INSERT INTO users (email) VALUES ("rusty_the_dog@gmail.com")';
connection.query(q, function (error, results, fields) {
  if (error) throw error;
  console.log(results);
});
```

An easier approach that allows for dynamic data

```
var person = {
    email: faker.internet.email(),
    created_at: faker.date.past()
};

var end_result = connection.query('INSERT INTO users SET ?', person, function(err, result) {
    if (err) throw err;
    console.log(result);
});
```

CODE: Bulk Inserting 500 Users

Section 16, Lecture 287

The Code To INSERT 500 Random Users

```
var mysql = require('mysql');
var faker = require('faker');
var connection = mysql.createConnection({
  host : 'localhost',
  user : 'learnwithcolt',
  database : 'join_us'
});
var data = [];
for(var i = 0; i < 500; i++){</pre>
    data.push([
        faker.internet.email(),
        faker.date.past()
    ]);
}
var q = 'INSERT INTO users (email, created_at) VALUES ?';
connection.query(q, [data], function(err, result) {
  console.log(err);
  console.log(result);
});
connection.end();
```

CODE: 500 Users Exercises Solutions

Section 16, Lecture 290

Solutions To 500 Users Exercises

-- Challenge 1

```
SELECT
    DATE_FORMAT(MIN(created_at), "%M %D %Y") as earliest_date
FROM users;
-- Challenge 2
SELECT *
FROM users
WHERE created_at = (SELECT Min(created_at)
                    FROM
                          users);
-- Challenge 3
SELECT Monthname(created_at) AS month,
                           AS count
       Count(*)
FROM
       users
GROUP BY month
ORDER BY count DESC;
-- Challenge 4
SELECT Count(*) AS yahoo_users
FROM
      users
WHERE email LIKE '%@yahoo.com';
-- Challenge 5
SELECT CASE
        WHEN email LIKE '%@gmail.com' THEN 'gmail'
        WHEN email LIKE '%@yahoo.com' THEN 'yahoo'
        WHEN email LIKE '%@hotmail.com' THEN 'hotmail'
         ELSE 'other'
               AS provider,
       Count(*) AS total_users
FROM
      users
GROUP BY provider
ORDER BY total_users DESC;
```