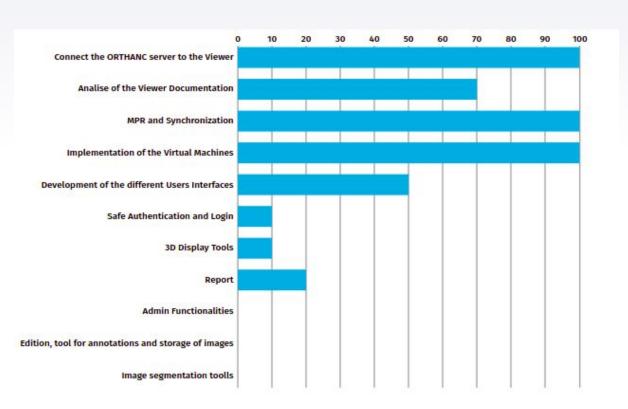


MI4WEB Construction phase

Projeto em Informática - Group 7 LEI / Universidade de Aveiro 2021/2022

Tasks



Analyze OHIF documentation

- Download OHIF Viewer;
- Study Configuration Files, Environment Variables;
- Architecture: how the Viewer is architected;
- Extensions.



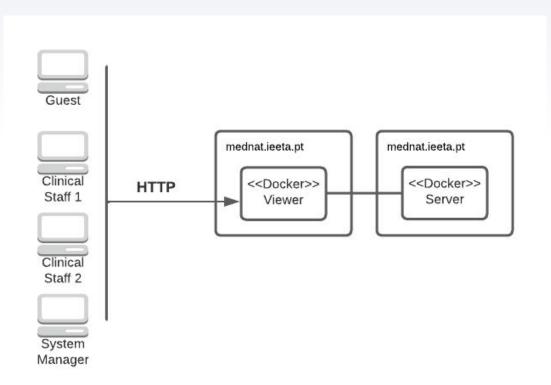
Connection between Services



- For the viewer to have *DICOM* images we first start by connecting the *ORTHANC* server to the viewer locally in our computers using a docker-compose file.
- The next step was to use Virtual Machines, so that you can upload DICOM images by the server to the viewer through the Web.



Deploy Diagram



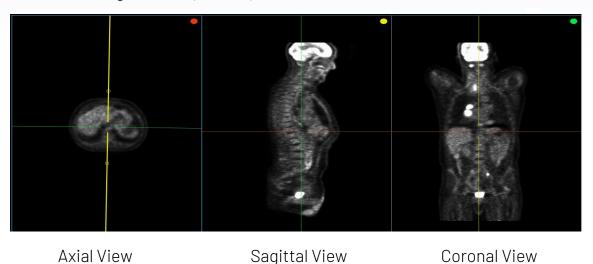
MPR

- MPR(Multiplanar reformation) involves the process of converting data from an imaging modality acquired in a certain plane.
- It may be achieved with scanning in any plane and whatever modality capable of cross-sectional imaging, such as:
 - ▶ CR
 - ▶ CT
 - ► MR
 - ▶ US



Synchronization

Multiplanar Synchronization is a primary 3D navigation tool in Picture Archiving and Communications System (PACS) viewers.



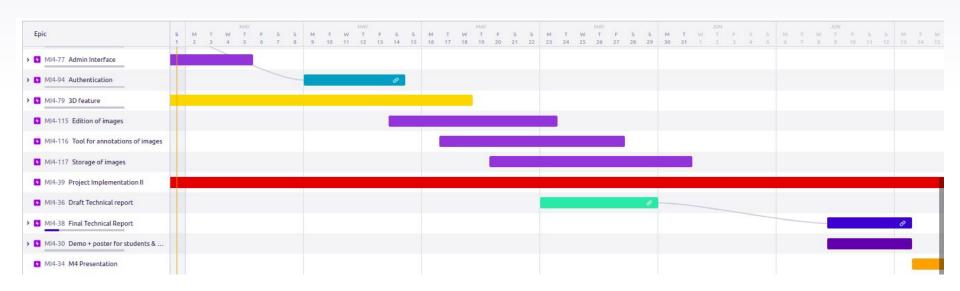
Intensity Projection: to be announced

- MinIp(Minimum Intensity Projection) is a data visualization method that enables detection of low-density structures in a given volume, which is useful to analyze the bile tree and pancreatic duct, because they are hypodense compared to surrounding tissue.
 - MIP(Maximum Intensity Projection) is a method that allows to find all hyperdense structures in a certain volume, usually used to better the identification of pulmonary nodules and evaluate their abundance.



Adaptado de: https://pubs.rsna.org/doi/10.1148/rg.263055186

Calendar



Risks and Fears

- Lack of time;
- Have difficulties working on the viewer;
- Have difficulties working with the VTK.js and Cornerstone.js.



So far...

- Minimal proof of concept full web based medical image network.
- Services access from the internet.
- MPR and Synchronization.

Prototype

THANKS!

Any questions?



