

CMSC389R

Final Lecture!



COMPUTER SCIENCE
UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND



recap

HW 10

HW 10 regrade requests (deadline is next Monday
11:59 PM)

Questions?

roadmap

- We did a lot this semester
- We hope you had as much fun taking this class as we did teaching the course :)
- That being said, keep us in the loop where you go after this!

course review

- Ethics
- OSINT
- Pentesting
- Forensics
- Cryptography
- Web
- Binaries

ethics debriefing

- We did a lot of hacking, and *some* ethics.
- Important takeaways:
 - Obey the law, but remember that legality and ethicality are distinct!
 - Think about your actions:
 - Their consequences, the precedent they set, how they affect others...

social engineering

- “Confidence Trick”
 - Trigger and exploit simple human emotions
 - Greed
 - Lust
 - Empathy
 - Curiosity
 - Vanity

social engineering

- In general, (nice) people *want* to help
- People respect authority and want to avoid conflict
- Social bandwagon
 - “Everyone else is doing it, so should you”



phishing

- Common attack vectors:
 - Email/Phone/Fake websites/Posters/etc
- Spear phishing: direct phishing attack on a particular target of interest
 - 91% of attacks on the Internet
- Clone phishing: previously legit email cloned and replaced with malicious content and resent to victim
- Whaling: phishing that targets execs/higher-ups

**A NIGERIAN
PRINCE?!?**

**I'M GONNA BE
RICH!!**

```
root@kali: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
root@kali:~# airbase-ng -e HOME-5432 -c 11 wlan0mon  
21:32:21 Created tap interface at0  
21:32:21 Trying to set MTU on at0 to 1500  
21:32:21 Trying to set MTU on wlan0mon to 1800  
21:32:21 Access Point with BSSID 9C:EF:D5:FD:33:FF started.
```

how to

- Footprint
 - OSINT
- Trust
 - Develop relationship with victim
- Manipulate
 - “Exploit” trust in victim to extract as much info as possible
- Exit
 - Smooth exit, don't draw attention/suspicion

attack surfaces

- Dropped USB → “The Good Samaritan”
- Evil twin wifi
- Social media
- Website spoofing
- Any others?

real-life prevention

- Awareness: suspect everything
 - Why is he/she asking me this? Credentials?
- Don't be socially pressured
 - Take as much time as needed and add delay
- Don't provide too many details/personal info
- Shred personal documents
- Any others?

technical prevention

- Secure internet connection (HTTPS, VPN, etc)
- Check email headers
 - An email from support@apple.com may not necessarily be from apple
- Disable automatic image loading in email clients
- Any others?

pivoting

- Remember pivoting?
 - Attacker breaches a single machine/service, and uses further exploits/implicit trust to spread across the network
 - Avenues: Exploit chaining, social engineering, backdoors, ...
 - Observation: Internal services aren't always as well secured!

pivoting techniques: exploit chaining

- Shellshock on a customer-facing server yields RCE...
- Which is used to perform SQLi on an employee DB...
- Which is used to inject JS on the payroll site...
- Which is used to exfiltrate bank numbers!

persistence

- Pivoting can take time, and time = discovery risk.
- Attacker's solution: *persist* their presence by leveraging multiple ingress techniques:
 - Original vulnerability (e.g., RFI)
 - Backdoors (reverse shell, new user)
 - Rootkits, startup/event hooks

persistence techniques: backdooring

- General strategy: create as many covert access channels as possible:
 - Reverse shells running as the exploited user
 - Can be as simple as ``nc` + `bash`!`
 - Additional phony accounts with login/access permissions
 - Replacing binaries (e.g., ``ssh``) with versions that steal credentials

persistence techniques: event hooks

- General strategy: make it as hard as possible to scrub the persistence code from the system/network:
 - Add scripts to ``cron``, or modify extant scripts
 - Inject commands into startup scripts:
 - `.bashrc`, `.profile`, `.bash_profile`, `.xinitrc`
 - Observation: attackers will attempt to persist on systems/machines where wiping/resets aren't an option!

final hack

- Grade server is up - challenges are locked until finals

<http://167.99.224.34:4000>

- You have until the last day of finals to finish it (4/18 at 11:59 PM)
- It should take you no more than ~ 1-2 hours
 - If you find yourself taking longer, message us on piazza

final hack

- Three main components:
 1. Hack the Instructor
 - a. Reverse engineering
 2. Investigate the Instructor
 - a. Forensics
 3. Hack the (OUR) Grade Server
 - a. Web
 - b. DO NOT HACK OR TRY TO HACK THE ACTUAL
CS GRADE SERVER

final hack

- Each challenge has exactly 1 flag.
- There are 3 easter egg flags that are separate challenges themselves.
 - They are worth 5 extra points each.
 - Hints for these challenges are available, though they cost 2 points per easter egg.
 - Flags can be found by only targeting OUR Grade Server.

parting thoughts

- Tell your friends/family/colleagues/the world about this class!
 - Be sure to include what tools you learned in your resume
- Hack for good, don't be evil
- Visit ctftime.org to learn more about upcoming CTFs
- Attend UMD CSEC meetings and follow [@umdcsec](https://twitter.com/umdcsec) on Twitter