

# **Visualizing Dynamic Programming On Tree Decompositions**

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- ▶ WHAT is the motivation
- WHO benefits from visualization?
- CHALLENGES and solutions
- WHAT could be used otherwise?
- OUTLOOK and ideas



### Motivation

- DP-on-TD-algorithms can solve Model Counting and various combinatorial problems and are provable efficient at it
- Implementations of those are competing with modern solvers
- But: those are fairly tedious to implement efficiently
- Often bugs in the implementation
- Model counting is extremely space intensive (much more than SAT)



### Contribution

This thesis created tovisu as a tool that

- integrates into existing implementations
- statically exports data from runs
- compiles simple DOT files and SVG graphics

For further research it provides

- starting point for more complex investigations of
  - bug spotting
  - and fixing by using visualizations

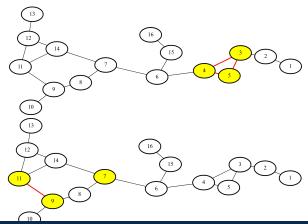


### **Background**

The algorithms of interest solve problems of:

- combinatorics (NP-problems)
- model-counting (#P-problems)

Modelcounting: Instead of one solution we want to count all solutions.

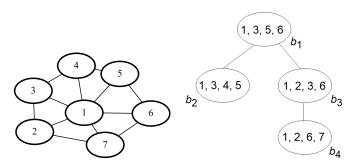




# **Tree Decomposition**

Gives the DP algorithm a partial ordering for sub-problems.

- 1. Each vertex must occur in some bag
- 2. For each edge, there is a bag containing both endpoints
- 3. Subgraph "restricted" to any vertex must be connected



Width of a TD is: size of largest bag -1 width = 3



# **Graphs for Boolean Formulas**

### ► Example set of CNF-clauses:

$$\{c1 = \{v1, v3, \neg v4\}, c2 = \{\neg v1, v6\}, c3 = \{\neg v2, \neg v3, \neg v4\}, c4 = \{\neg v2, v6\}, c5 = \{\neg v3, \neg v4\}, c6 = \{\neg v3, v5\}, c7 = \{\neg v5, \neg v6\}, c8 = \{v5, v7\}\}$$

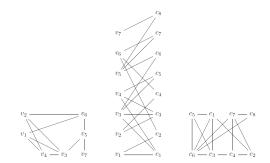
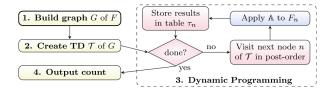


Figure: The primal (left), incidence (middle) and dual (right) graph



# gpusat2 - Solving #SAT on GPU



- Customized tree decompositions
- Adapted memory-management
- Improved precision handling

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>0</sup>Images: Markus Zisser. *Solving the #SAT problem on the GPU with dynamic programming and OpenCL*. Technische Universität Wien, 2018.



# dpdb

# Database templates in Python Generating SQL queries

- Create graph representation
- 2. Decompose graph
- 3. Solve sub-problems
- 4. Combine rows

```
 \begin{array}{lll} -\# \in \mathsf{Tab}\# : & \mathsf{SELECT} \ 1 \ \mathsf{AS} \ \mathsf{cnt} \\ \# \mathsf{intr} \mathsf{Tab}\# : & \mathsf{SELECT} \ 1 \ \mathsf{AS} \ \mathsf{val} \ \mathsf{UNION} \ \mathsf{ALL} \ \mathsf{0} \\ -\# \mathsf{localProbFilter}\# : (l_1, 1 \ \mathsf{OR} \ \ldots \ \mathsf{OR} \ l_{1,k_1}) \ \mathsf{AND} \ \ldots \ \mathsf{AND} \ (l_{n,1} \ \mathsf{OR} \ \ldots \ \mathsf{OR} \ l_{n,k_n}) \\ -\# \mathsf{aggr}\mathsf{Exp}\# : & \mathsf{SUM}(\mathsf{cnt}) \ \mathsf{AS} \ \mathsf{cnt} \\ -\# \mathsf{extProj}\# : & \tau_1, \mathsf{cnt} \ast \ldots \ast \tau_\ell, \mathsf{cnt} \ \mathsf{AS} \ \mathsf{cnt} \end{array}
```

#### (a) Problem #SAT

#### (b) Problem MinVC

- SAT and #SAT
- #o-Coloring
- Vertex cover

. . .

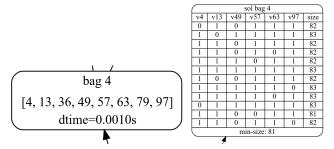
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>0</sup> "Exploiting Database Management Systems and Treewidth for Counting", Johannes Fichte et al. doi: 10.1007/978-3-030-39197-3 10.



# Running tdvisu



### TDVisu producing flexible and further processable formats





# **Capabilities and Limitations**

Integration via TDVisu.schema.json 1

### Capabilities:

- Extracting basic (extendable) information (TD, solution nodes, order+time of processing...) from gpusat + dpdb
- Constructing and enriching the tree decomposition with solver information
- Adding the incidence graph for problems on Boolean formulas, from which primal and dual graphs can be derived
- Providing a discrete timeline over the solving process
- Parameters to control the quantity, coloring and, to a limited extent, the layout
  of the data

#### Limitations:

Can not animate for example the origin of solutions

L

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>raw.githubusercontent.com/VaeterchenFrost/tdvisu/master/TDVisu.schema.json



### **Visualization in Action**

MinVC example size 90 (expected 82)

### **Visualization in Action**

- 1. Inspect visualization
- 2. Verify findings in solver (in this case dpdb)



3. Cross reference with standalone tree-decomposition



4. Fix the root cause



# **Related Work on the Algorithms**

- Fichte, Johannes & Hecher, Markus & Morak, Michael & Woltran, Stefan. (2018). Exploiting Treewidth for Projected Model Counting and Its Limits. 10.1007/978-3-319-94144-8 11.
- ▶ Hecher, Markus. (2020). Treewidth-aware Reductions of Normal ASP to SAT Is Normal ASP Harder than SAT after All?. 485-495. 10.24963/kr.2020/49.
- Hecher M., Thier P., Woltran S. (2020) Taming High Treewidth with Abstraction, Nested Dynamic Programming, and Database Technology. In: Pulina L., Seidl M. (eds) Theory and Applications of Satisfiability Testing - SAT 2020. SAT 2020. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 12178. Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-51825-7\_25



### **Related Work on Visualizations**

- Marie-Christin Harre, Jan Jelschen, and Andreas Winter. "ELVIZ: A querybased approach to model visualization". In: Lecture Notes in Informatics (LNI), Proceedings Series of the Gesellschaft fur Informatik (GI) (Jan. 2014), pp. 105–120.
- Stephan Diehl. Software Visualization. Visualizing the Structure, Behaviour, and Evolution of Software. English. Springer, 2007. 199 pp. isbn: 978-3540465041.
- Jason Daida et al. "Visualizing Tree Structures in Genetic Programming". In: Genetic Programming and Evolvable Machines 6 (Mar. 2005). doi: 10. 1007/s10710-005-7621-2.









Gephi.org<sup>2</sup> Tulip <sup>3</sup>



4 Vis.js



Sigma.js



vasturiano/3d-force-graph 5

With the diverse / large node labels and special layout the creation of a lightweight and customizable exchange format took precedence over the integration into special layout software.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>https://gephi.org/ - Tool for data analysts and scientists keen to explore and understand graphs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>tulip.labri.fr/TulipDrupal/ - Better Visualization Through Research.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>https://neo4j.com/developer/tools-graph-visualization/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>https://github.com/vasturiano/3d-force-graph



### Outlook

# Static → Dynamic

#### Interesting Questions:

- Utilizing graph databases for visualization and queries for debugging
- Enrich the visualization with debugging info for each node
- Cross reference the creation of rows in parent nodes
- ▶ For more advanced debugging tasks you may also need to revise the approach



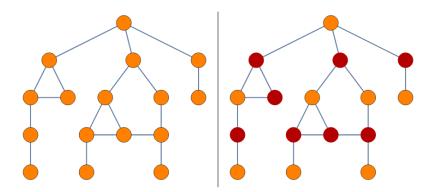
# Final slide



# **Bibliography**

See the citations in the thesis.

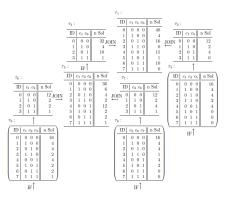
# MinVC for example graph

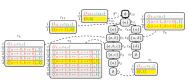




### **Visualization**

Manually for one run

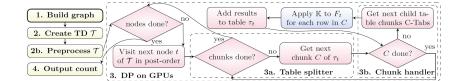




<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>"Exploiting Database Management Systems and Treewidth for Counting", Johannes Fichte et al. doi: 10.1007/978-3-030-39197-3-10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>"Solving #SAT on the GPU with Dynamic Programming and OpenCL", Diploma Markus Zisser 2018 Technische Universität Wien, p.33





### **Benchmark**

### Performance of all three programs on #SAT instances:





### **ELVIZ - Query based approach to software visualization**

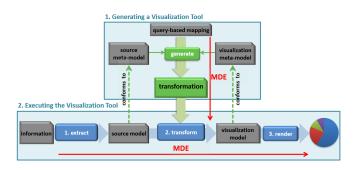


Figure: Overview of the ELVIZ-approach<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Fig 1 in: Marie-Christin Harre, J. Jelschen, A. Winter. "ELVIZ: A querybased approach to model visualization". In: Lecture Notes in Informatics (LNI), Proceedings - Series of the Gesellschaft fur Informatik (GI) (Jan. 2014), pp. 105–120.