

# Exercise Sheet 1 Math

Saturday, November 20, 2021 3:13 PM

1.1

At 4 we have  $2^4 = 16 < 24 = 4!$

$2^{s(a)} = 2 \times 2^a$  by the definition of exponentiation

$< 2 \times a!$  by the assumption  $P(a)$

$\leq s(a) \times a!$  since we assumed  $a > 1$

$= (s(a))!$  by the definition of factorial

1.2

1.3

- $a \leq a$  is always true
- If  $a \leq b$  and  $b \leq c$  then  $a \leq c$
- for any  $a$  and  $b$  then  $a+c \leq b+c$
- For any  $c$  if  $a \leq b$  then  $a+c \leq b+c$
- If  $a \leq b$  then  $-b \leq -a$
- For any  $c \geq 0$ , if  $a \leq b$  then  $a \times c \leq b \times c$

1.4

(a) (i)  $c > d$

(ii)  $c < d$

(iii)  $c = d$

(b)  $(c, d) \equiv (c', d')$

$$\therefore c - d = c' - d'$$

$$c + d' = c' + d$$

$$\therefore (c, d) \leq (c', d')$$

$$\therefore (\bar{c}, \bar{d}) \leq (\bar{c}', \bar{d}')$$

$$c + d' \leq c' + d$$

$$(c) \text{ (i) } (c, d) + (c', d') = (c + c', d + d')$$

$$\text{(ii) } -(c, d) = (d, c)$$

$$\text{(iii) } (c, d) \times (c', d') = (cc' + dd', cd' + dc')$$