

Natural Language Processing

Lab 6

March 4, 2024

This lab sheet is to practice the concepts taught last week: encoder-decoder, and attention.

1. What is an encoder decoder model and what tasks is it used to perform?
 - a. Bonus: can you use an encoder-decoder model to do text classification?
2. What neural architectures can be used for the encoder model? What about the decoder model?
3. Are encoder-decoder and sequence-to-sequence always the same terms?
4. Why do we need attention in neural networks? Which problems does it solve? How is it calculated?

5. Your encoder model has the following 6 “hidden states”:

[4,6,7,2,5], [7,9,4,2,5], [9,8,4,6,6], [2,5,6,6,7], [7,3,6,2,3], [1,4,7,5,3]

Your decoder current state is [3,1,7,1,1]

Can you calculate the context representation for the decoder state, using dot-product attention?

6. What is the difference between causal and bidirectional attention?
 - a. When do we use each of them?
7. Which of the following networks can be parallelized and why (not)?
 - a. FFN
 - b. CNN
 - c. LSTM
 - d. Attention
 - e. RNN
8. What is the role of query, key, value?
 - a. Can we have self-attention without them?

9. Is this a correct representation of the original transformer? Can you explain how it works:

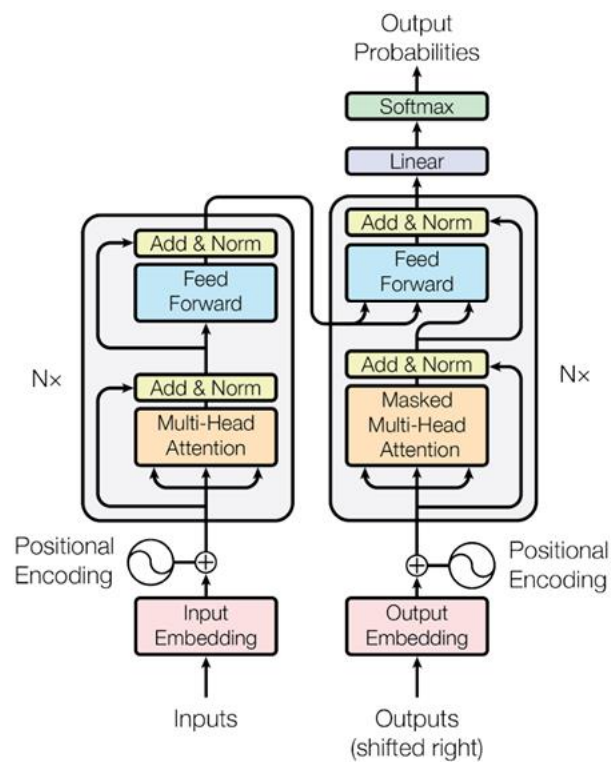


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.