Exercise Sheet 9 Predicate Logic – Sequent Calculus & Semantics

- 1. Provide a Sequent Calculus proof of $(\exists x.p(x)) \to (\forall x. \forall y.p(x) \to q(x,y)) \to (\exists x. \forall y.q(x,y))$
- 2. Consider the following domain and signature:
 - Domain: D
 - Functions: pi1, pi2, swap (arity 1); pair (arity 2)
 - Predicates: = (arity 2)

Consider the following formulas that capture the "definition" of swap, and part of the specifications of the other symbols:

- let A_1 be $\forall x. \forall y. \mathtt{swap}(\mathtt{pair}(x,y)) = \mathtt{pair}(y,x)$
- let A_2 be $\forall x. \forall y. x = y \rightarrow pi1(x) = pi1(y)$
- let A_3 be $\forall x. \forall y. \mathtt{pi1}(\mathtt{pair}(x,y)) = x$
- let A_4 be $\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. x = y \rightarrow y = z \rightarrow x = z$

The goal is to prove the following property of swap, which we call C:

$$\forall x. \forall y. pi1(swap(pair(x, y))) = y$$

i.e., provide a Sequent Calculus proof of $A_1,A_2,A_3,A_4 \vdash C$

- 3. Consider the following:
 - the signature $\langle \langle zero, succ \rangle, \langle even, odd, > \rangle \rangle$
 - the model $M: \langle \mathbb{N}, \langle 0, +1 \rangle, \langle \{\langle 0 \rangle, \langle 2 \rangle, \langle 4 \rangle, \dots \}, \{\langle 1 \rangle, \langle 3 \rangle, \langle 5 \rangle, \dots \}, \{\langle 1, 0 \rangle, \langle 2, 0 \rangle, \langle 2, 1 \rangle, \dots \} \rangle \rangle$
 - \bullet we write +1 for the function that given a number increments it by 1

Prove that $\vDash_{M, \cdot} \forall x.\mathtt{even}(x) \to \exists y.\mathtt{odd}(y) \land y > x$. Detail your answer as we did in the lectures.

4. Consider the above signature and model M Prove that $\neg \vDash_{M,\cdot} \forall x.\mathtt{even}(x) \to \mathtt{even}(\mathtt{succ}(x))$. Detail your answer as we did in the lectures.