Saturday, April 30, 2022 3:23 PM

This exercise is about context free grammars on the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. You may use the following facts that were mentionled in Week 3.

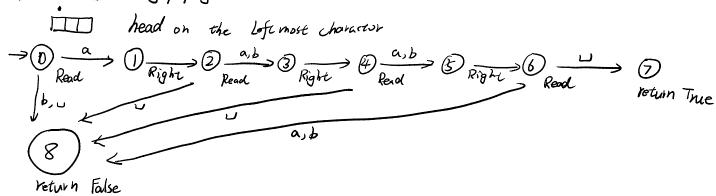
- · Whether a given CFG accepts a given word is decidable.
- · Whether the language of a given CFG is empty is decidable.
- Whether the language of a given CFG is Σ^* is undecidable.

Say that a CFG is red when it accepts every word of length 3 that begins with a, and extremely red when it accepts every word that begins with a.

1. Is redness decidable? Is it semidecidable? Explain your answer.

[3 marks]

Redness is decidable when there is a Turing machine that, when excuted on a tape containing just a word w with the head on the leftmost character, terminates by returning True if w begin with a with longth 3 and false otherwise. It is semidecidable. Any property that is decidable must be semidecidable



 Is extreme redness decidable? Is it semidecidable? Explain your answer. (Hint: you may find it helpful to think about the negation of this property.)

[3 marks]

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