

Mathematical and Logical Foundations of Computer Science

Lecture 8 - Propositional Logic (Equivalences & Normal Forms)

Vincent Rahli

(some slides were adapted from Rajesh Chitnis' slides)

University of Birmingham

Where are we?

- ▶ Symbolic logic
- ▶ **Propositional logic**
- ▶ Predicate logic
- ▶ Constructive vs. Classical logic
- ▶ Type theory

Today

- ▶ Logical Equivalences
- ▶ Proving logical Equivalences in Natural Deduction
- ▶ Proving logical Equivalences using truth tables
- ▶ Normal forms

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Further reading:

- ▶ Chapter 3 of
http://leanprover.github.io/logic_and_proof/

Recap: Propositional logic syntax

Syntax:

$$P ::= a \mid P \wedge P \mid P \vee P \mid P \rightarrow P \mid \neg P$$

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- ▶ \top which stands for True
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We also introduced four connectives:

- ▶ $P \wedge Q$: we have a proof of both P and Q
- ▶ $P \vee Q$: we have a proof of at least one of P and Q
- ▶ $P \rightarrow Q$: if we have a proof of P then we have a proof of Q
- ▶ $\neg P$: stands for $P \rightarrow \perp$

Recap: Proofs

Natural Deduction

Sequent Calculus

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Natural Deduction

introduction/elimination rules

Sequent Calculus

right/left rules

Recap: Proofs

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introduction/elimination rules

natural proofs

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amenable to automation

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$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \overline{}^1 \\ A \\ \vdots \\ B \end{array}}{A \rightarrow B} {}^1 [\rightarrow I]$$

Sequent Calculus

right/left rules

amenable to automation

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B} [\rightarrow R]$$

Recap: Classical Reasoning

Two (equivalent) classical rules

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3 classical systems

- ▶ Classical Natural Deduction with LEM and DNE rules
- ▶ Classical Sequent Calculus with LEM and DNE rules
- ▶ Classical Sequent Calculus with classical sequents

Recap: Semantics

Semantics for “implies”

$$\phi(A \rightarrow B) = \mathbf{T} \text{ iff } \phi(B) = \mathbf{T} \text{ whenever } \phi(A) = \mathbf{T}$$

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Truth table for “implies”

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
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Logical equivalences

Let $A \leftrightarrow B$ be defined as $(A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$

- ▶ it means that A and B are logically equivalent
- ▶ A and B have the same semantics
- ▶ $\phi(A) = \mathbf{T}$ if and only if $\phi(B) = \mathbf{T}$
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We will now present some standard ones

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- ▶ Associativity of \vee : $((A \vee B) \vee C) \leftrightarrow (A \vee (B \vee C))$
- ▶ Distributivity of \wedge over \vee : $(A \wedge (B \vee C)) \leftrightarrow ((A \wedge B) \vee (A \wedge C))$
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- ▶ Double negation elimination: $(\neg\neg A) \leftrightarrow A$
- ▶ Idempotence: $(A \wedge A) \leftrightarrow A$ and $(A \vee A) \leftrightarrow A$

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 \frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{A} \quad 1}{\vdots} B}{A \rightarrow B} \quad 1 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{\quad}}{\vdots}}{B \rightarrow A} \quad [\rightarrow I]}{A \leftrightarrow B} \quad [\leftrightarrow I]
 \end{array}$$

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then, we will focus on proving

- ▶ $A \vdash B$ (left-to-right implication)
- ▶ $B \vdash A$ (right-to-left implication)

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

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Here is a proof:

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$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\neg(A \vee B)}{\perp} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{A}^1}{A \vee B}}{A \vee B} \quad [\neg E]}{\overline{A}^1 \quad [\neg I]} \quad \frac{\frac{\neg(A \vee B)}{\neg B} \quad \overline{\quad}}{\neg B} \quad [\wedge I]}{\neg A \wedge \neg B}$$

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$$\neg(A \vee B) \vdash (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$$

Here is a proof:

$$\frac{\frac{\neg(A \vee B) \quad \frac{\overline{A}^1}{A \vee B} [\vee I_L]}{\perp} [\neg E] \quad \frac{\frac{\neg(A \vee B) \quad \frac{\overline{B}^2}{A \vee B} [\vee I_R]}{\perp} [\neg E]}{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg A}^1 [\neg I] \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg B}^2 [\neg I]}{\neg A \wedge \neg B} [\wedge I]}$$

Proof only uses intuitionistic rules!

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the left-to-right implication:

$$\neg(A \vee B) \vdash (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\neg(A \vee B) \quad \frac{\overline{A}^1}{A \vee B} [\vee I_L]}{\perp} [\neg E] \quad \frac{\neg(A \vee B) \quad \frac{\overline{B}^2}{A \vee B} [\vee I_R]}{\perp} [\neg E] \\ \frac{\perp}{\neg A} 1 [\neg I] \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg B} 2 [\neg I] \\ \hline \neg A \wedge \neg B \quad [\wedge I] \end{array}$$

Proof only uses intuitionistic rules!

Other direction on the next slide

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$$

Here is a proof:

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\quad}{\neg A} \quad \frac{\quad}{\neg B}}{\neg A \wedge \neg B} \quad \frac{\quad}{\neg(A \vee B)}}{\neg(A \vee B)}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{}{A \vee B} \quad 1 \quad \frac{}{\bot} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\ \hline \neg(A \vee B) \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B}}{A \vee B}^1 \quad \frac{\frac{}{A \rightarrow \perp}}{A \rightarrow \perp} \quad \frac{\frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{\perp} [\vee E] \\ \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \vee B)}^1 [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} 1}{\frac{}{A} 2} \quad \frac{\frac{}{A \rightarrow \perp} 2 [\rightarrow I]}{\frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp}} \quad [\vee E]}{\frac{}{\neg(A \vee B)} 1 [\neg I]} \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} 1}{A} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A} 2 \quad \frac{}{\neg A}}{\perp} [\neg E]}{A \rightarrow \perp} 2 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{\perp} [\vee E] \\ \frac{}{\neg(A \vee B)} 1 [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} 1}{A} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A \wedge \neg B} 2}{\neg A} [\wedge E]}{\perp} [\neg E] \quad \frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{A \rightarrow \perp} 2 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{\perp} [\vee E] \\ \frac{}{\neg(A \vee B)} 1 [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} \quad 1}{A} \quad 2 \quad \frac{\frac{\neg A \wedge \neg B}{\neg A} \quad [\wedge E]}{\neg A} \quad [\neg E]}{\perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{}{B} \quad 3}{\perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\perp} \quad [\vee E] \\ \hline \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \vee B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} \quad 1}{A} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\perp}}{A \rightarrow \perp} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{B \rightarrow \perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\perp}}{B \rightarrow \perp}}{\perp} \quad [\vee E] \\ \frac{}{\neg(A \vee B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee B} \quad 1}{\perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A} \quad 2}{\neg A} \quad [\wedge E] \quad \frac{}{\neg E}}{\perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{B} \quad 3}{\neg B} \quad [\wedge E] \quad \frac{}{\neg E}}{\perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{\vee E}}{\perp} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\ \neg(A \vee B) \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (I): Negation of OR

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the right-to-left implication:

$(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vdash \neg(A \vee B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A} \quad 2 \quad \frac{\neg A \wedge \neg B}{\neg A} \quad [\wedge E] \\
 \hline
 \neg A \quad [\neg E]
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{B} \quad 3 \quad \frac{\neg A \wedge \neg B}{\neg B} \quad [\wedge E] \\
 \hline
 \neg B \quad [\neg E]
 \end{array}
 \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vee B} \quad 1 \quad \frac{\perp}{A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I]
 \qquad
 \frac{\perp}{B \rightarrow \perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]
 \end{array}
 \\
 \hline
 \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \vee B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I]
 \end{array}$$

Again, we only used intuitionistic rules!

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

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We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{cc} \begin{array}{c} \text{_____} \\ \text{_____} \\ \text{_____} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \text{_____} \\ \text{_____} \\ \text{_____} \end{array} \\ \text{_____} & \text{_____} \\ \text{_____} & \text{_____} \end{array} \\ \hline \text{_____} \\ \neg(A \wedge B) \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \quad \frac{\text{---}}{A \wedge B}^1 \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \quad \frac{\text{---}}{A \wedge B}^1 \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \\ \hline \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)}^1 [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A \vee \neg B}}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A \wedge B}^1}{\neg A \wedge B}^1}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg B \wedge B}^1}{\neg B \wedge B}^1}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp}}{\frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)}^1 [\neg I]} [\vee E] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\neg A}{\neg A} \quad \frac{\overline{A \wedge B}^1}{\overline{A \wedge B}}}{\perp} \quad \frac{\overline{A \wedge B}^1}{\overline{A \wedge B}} \\ \frac{\neg A \vee \neg B \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \ [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\overline{A \wedge B}^1}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp}}{\perp} \quad [\vee E] \\ \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \quad 1 \ [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{\neg A}{2} \quad \frac{\frac{A \wedge B}{1}}{A} [\neg E]}{\perp} [\neg E] \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{A \wedge B}{1}}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} [\vee E]}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} [\rightarrow I]}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)} [1] [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\neg A \quad 2 \quad \frac{\frac{A \wedge B \quad 1}{A} [\wedge E_L]}{A} [\neg E]}{\perp} \quad \frac{\neg A \vee \neg B}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{A \wedge B \quad 1}{A} [\wedge E_L] \quad \frac{\neg A \vee \neg B}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} [\vee E] \\ \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{\neg A}{2} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{A \wedge B}}{1} \quad [\wedge E_L]}{A} \quad [\neg E]}{\perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{A \wedge B}}{1} \quad \frac{\neg B}{3}}{\perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\neg A \vee \neg B \quad \frac{\neg A \rightarrow \perp \quad \neg B \rightarrow \perp}{\perp} \quad [\vee E]} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\ \hline \neg(A \wedge B) \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{\neg A}{2} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{A \wedge B}}{1} \quad A}{[\wedge E_L]} [\neg E]}{\perp} \quad \frac{\frac{\neg B}{3} \quad \frac{\overline{A \wedge B}}{1} \quad B}{[\neg E]} \quad \frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad \frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} \quad [\vee E] \\ \hline \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A} 2}{\frac{}{A \wedge B} 1} [\wedge E_L]}{\frac{}{A} [\neg E]} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg B} 3}{\frac{}{A \wedge B} 1} [\wedge E_R]}{\frac{}{B} [\neg E]} \\ \frac{}{\perp} \quad \frac{}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} 2 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{\perp} \quad \frac{}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} 3 [\rightarrow I] \\ \frac{}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad \frac{}{\neg A \rightarrow \perp} \quad \frac{}{\neg B \rightarrow \perp} \quad [\vee E] \\ \frac{}{\perp} \\ \frac{}{\neg(A \wedge B)} 1 [\neg I] \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We first prove the right-to-left implication: $\neg A \vee \neg B \vdash \neg(A \wedge B)$

Here is a proof:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A} 2 \quad \frac{\frac{}{A \wedge B} 1}{A} [\wedge E_L]}{\perp} [\neg E] \quad \frac{\frac{}{\neg B} 3 \quad \frac{\frac{}{A \wedge B} 1}{B} [\wedge E_R]}{\perp} [\neg E]}{\frac{\neg A \vee \neg B \quad \neg A \rightarrow \perp \quad 2 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \neg B \rightarrow \perp \quad 3 \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\perp} [\vee E]} \\
 \frac{\perp}{\neg(A \wedge B)} 1 \quad [\neg I]
 \end{array}$$

Proof uses intuitionistic rules!

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)}^1}}^1$		$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)}^1}}^1$	
$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{\neg(A \wedge B)}}}$		$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{A \wedge B}}}$	
$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{\perp}}^1 \text{ } [\neg I]} \text{ } [\neg E]$		$\frac{}{\frac{}{\frac{}{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)}^1 \text{ } [\neg I]} \text{ } [DNE]} \text{ } [\neg E]$	
$\frac{}{\neg A \vee \neg B}$			

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \hline \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \hline \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \\
 \\
 \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \neg\neg A \\ \hline A \quad [\text{DNE}] \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ B \\ \hline \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \neg(A \wedge B) \qquad \qquad \qquad A \wedge B \qquad \qquad \qquad \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \\ \hline \end{array} \quad [\neg E] \\
 \\
 \begin{array}{c} \perp \\ \hline \neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\ \hline \neg A \vee \neg B \quad [\text{DNE}] \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \neg A \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \perp \\ \neg\neg A \quad 2 \text{ } [\neg I] \\ A \quad [DNE] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ B \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \neg(A \wedge B) \quad A \wedge B \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \neg(A \wedge B) \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \perp \\ \neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad 1 \text{ } [\neg I] \\ \neg A \vee \neg B \quad [DNE] \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \frac{}{\neg A} \quad 2 \\ \hline \neg A \vee \neg B \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \perp \\ \hline \neg\neg A \quad 2 \quad [\neg I] \\ \hline A \quad [DNE] \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \frac{}{B} \\ \hline \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \neg(A \wedge B) \qquad \qquad \qquad A \wedge B \\ \hline \end{array} \quad [\neg E] \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \perp \\ \hline \neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\ \hline \neg A \vee \neg B \quad [DNE] \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A} \quad 2}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{\overline{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \quad [\neg E]
 \\
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg A} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I]}{A} \quad [DNE] \quad \frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg B} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I]}{B} \quad [DNE]}{A \wedge B} \quad [\wedge I]
 \\
 \frac{\neg(A \wedge B) \quad A \wedge B}{\perp} \quad [\neg E]
 \\
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I]}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad [DNE]}{\neg A \vee \neg B}
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \frac{}{\neg A} \quad 2 \\ \hline \neg A \vee \neg B \end{array} \quad [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 \frac{}{\perp} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I] \\
 \frac{}{\neg\neg A} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I] \\
 \hline
 A \quad [\text{DNE}]
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \quad [\neg E]$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \quad \frac{}{A \wedge B} \quad [\wedge I] \\
 \hline
 \frac{}{\perp} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\
 \frac{}{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \\
 \hline
 \neg A \vee \neg B \quad [\text{DNE}]
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^2 \\ \neg A \end{array} \quad [\vee I_L] \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^1 \\ \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^3 \\ \neg B \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^1 \\ \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \neg A \vee \neg B \quad \quad \quad \perp \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^2 \\ \neg\neg A \end{array} \quad [\neg I] \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^3 \\ \neg\neg B \end{array} \quad [\neg I] \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad \quad \neg\neg A \quad \quad \quad \neg\neg B \quad \quad \quad [\neg E] \\
 \quad \quad \quad \hline
 \quad \quad \quad A \quad \quad \quad B \quad \quad \quad [\wedge I] \\
 \quad \quad \quad \hline
 \quad \quad \quad A \wedge B \\
 \hline
 \neg(A \wedge B) \quad \quad \quad \perp \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\quad}^1 \\ \neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \end{array} \quad [\neg I] \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad \quad \neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B) \quad \quad \quad [\neg E] \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad \quad \neg A \vee \neg B
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A} \quad 2}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{\overline{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1}{\perp} \quad [\neg E] \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg\neg A} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I] \quad \frac{\neg\neg A}{A} \quad [DNE]}{\neg(A \wedge B)} \\
 \frac{\frac{\overline{\neg B} \quad 3}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [\vee I_R] \quad \frac{\overline{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1}{\perp} \quad [\neg E] \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg\neg B} \quad 3 \quad [\neg I] \quad \frac{\neg\neg B}{B} \quad [DNE]}{A \wedge B} \quad [\wedge I] \\
 \frac{\neg(A \wedge B) \quad A \wedge B}{\perp} \quad [\neg E] \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I] \quad \frac{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [DNE]
 \end{array}$$

De Morgan's Laws (II): Negation of AND

Show the logical equivalence $\neg(A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$ in Natural Deduction

We now prove the left-to-right implication: $\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B$

Here is a proof (classical—we use DNE thrice):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A} \quad 2}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{\overline{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1}{\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad [\neg E]}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg A} \quad 2 \quad [\neg I]}{A} \quad [DNE]}{A \wedge B} \quad [\wedge I]} \quad [\neg E] \\
 \frac{\neg(A \wedge B)}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)} \quad 1 \quad [\neg I]}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [DNE]}{\neg A \vee \neg B} \quad [\neg E]}
 \end{array}$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

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We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$\neg A \vee B$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \vee \neg A}}{A \vee \neg A} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}}{\neg A \vee B} \quad [LEM] \quad [\vee E]$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c} \neg \\ \hline A \end{array} \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} \hline A \vee \neg A \end{array} \quad [LEM] \quad \begin{array}{c} \hline \neg A \vee B \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \hline A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B) \end{array} \quad 1 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \begin{array}{c} \hline \neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B) \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \neg A \vee B \quad [\vee E]
 \end{array}$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\overline{A} \quad 1}{\overline{A}} \\
 \frac{\frac{B}{\neg A \vee B} \quad [\vee I_R]}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B) \quad 1 \quad [\rightarrow I]} \\
 \frac{\overline{A \vee \neg A} \quad [LEM] \quad A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B) \quad 1 \quad [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}}{\neg A \vee B} \quad [\vee E]
 \end{array}$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\overline{A} \quad 1 \quad A \rightarrow B}{B} [\rightarrow E] \quad \frac{}{} \\
 \frac{B}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_R] \quad \frac{}{} \\
 \frac{\overline{A \vee \neg A} \quad [LEM] \quad \frac{\neg A \vee B}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} \quad 1 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee E]
 \end{array}$$

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Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\overline{A} \quad 1 \quad A \rightarrow B}{B} [\rightarrow E] \quad \frac{\overline{\neg A} \quad 2}{\neg A \vee B} \\
 \frac{\overline{A \vee \neg A} \quad [LEM] \quad \frac{\frac{B}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_R]}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} 1 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\neg A \vee B}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} 2 [\rightarrow I]}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee E]
 \end{array}$$

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Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

Here is a proof (classical—it uses LEM):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{A}^1 \quad A \rightarrow B}{B} [\rightarrow E] \quad \frac{B}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_R] \quad \frac{\overline{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}^1 [\rightarrow I]}{A \vee \neg A} [LEM]}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A}^2}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{\neg A \vee B}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}^2 [\rightarrow I]}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee E]}}$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

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We first prove the left-to-right implication $A \rightarrow B \vdash \neg A \vee B$

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$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{A}^1 \quad A \rightarrow B}{B} [\rightarrow E] \quad \frac{B}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_R]}{\frac{A \vee \neg A}{\neg A \vee B} [LEM]} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A}^2}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee I_L] \quad \frac{\neg A \vee B}{\neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} [\rightarrow I]}{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)} [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B) \quad \neg A \rightarrow (\neg A \vee B)}{\neg A \vee B} [\vee E]$$

The other direction holds intuitionistically (next slide)

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

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We now prove the right-to-left implication $\neg A \vee B \vdash A \rightarrow B$

Here is a proof (intuitionistic):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{A}}{}^1}{\neg A} \quad \frac{}{B}}{A \rightarrow B}^1 [\rightarrow I]$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We now prove the right-to-left implication $\neg A \vee B \vdash A \rightarrow B$

Here is a proof (intuitionistic):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\neg A \vee B}{\neg A \vee B} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{\neg A \rightarrow B}{\neg A \rightarrow B} \quad \frac{B \rightarrow B}{B \rightarrow B}}{B} [\vee E]}{A \rightarrow B} [\rightarrow I]}{A \rightarrow B} [1]$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

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Here is a proof (intuitionistic):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A}^2 \quad \overline{A}^1}{\neg A \vee B}}{\frac{\frac{\overline{B}}{\neg A \rightarrow B}^2 \ [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{\overline{\quad}}{B \rightarrow B}}{[\vee E]}}{\frac{B}{A \rightarrow B}^1 \ [\rightarrow I]}$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

Show the logical equivalence: $A \rightarrow B \leftrightarrow \neg A \vee B$

We now prove the right-to-left implication $\neg A \vee B \vdash A \rightarrow B$

Here is a proof (intuitionistic):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A}^2 \quad \overline{A}^1}{\perp} \quad [\perp E] \quad \frac{\overline{}}{B} \quad [\vee E]}{\neg A \vee B} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{}}{B} \quad [\vee E]}{\neg A \rightarrow B} \quad \frac{\overline{}}{B \rightarrow B} \quad [\rightarrow I]}{\frac{B}{A \rightarrow B}^1 [\rightarrow I]} \quad [\vee E]$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

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We now prove the right-to-left implication $\neg A \vee B \vdash A \rightarrow B$

Here is a proof (intuitionistic):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg A}^2 \quad \overline{A}^1}{[\neg E]} \quad \frac{\perp}{B} [\perp E]}{\neg A \rightarrow B}^2 [\rightarrow I] \quad \frac{}{B \rightarrow B}}{\neg A \vee B \quad \neg A \rightarrow B \quad B \rightarrow B} [\vee E] \quad \frac{B}{A \rightarrow B}^1 [\rightarrow I]$$

Expressing \rightarrow using \neg and \vee

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Logical equivalences using truth tables

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T	F	F	T	F	F
F	T	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	T	T	T

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T	F	F	T	F	F
F	T	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	T	T	T

The two formulas are equivalent because the two columns for $A \rightarrow B$ and $\neg B \rightarrow \neg A$ are identical

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- ▶ ORs of ANDs of literals
- ▶ A **clause** in this context is a conjunction of literals

All the variables above and the ones used in the rest of this lecture stand for atomic propositions

Every formula can be expressed in DNF

Every proposition is equivalent to a formula in DNF (OR of ANDs)!

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Can you find propositions in DNF that are logically equivalent to:

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Can you find propositions in DNF that are logically equivalent to:

- ▶ $(A \wedge \neg B \wedge \neg C) \vee X$

- ▶ Z

- ▶ $A \rightarrow B$

- ▶ $\neg(A \wedge B)$

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Can you find propositions in DNF that are logically equivalent to:

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Already in DNF

- ▶ Z

Already in DNF

- ▶ $A \rightarrow B$

Logically equivalent to $\neg A \vee B$

- ▶ $\neg(A \wedge B)$

Logically equivalent (by De Morgan's law) to $\neg A \vee \neg B$

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- ▶ Z

- ▶ $A \rightarrow B$

- ▶ $\neg(A \vee B)$

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Logically equivalent to $\neg A \vee B$

- ▶ $\neg(A \vee B)$

Logically equivalent (by De Morgan's law) to $\neg A \wedge \neg B$

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Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ in DNF

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We do it using a truth table

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Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ in DNF

We do it using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

Every proposition can be expressed in DNF

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Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ in DNF

We do it using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- Enumerate all the **T** rows from the conclusion column

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Every proposition can be expressed in DNF (ORs of ANDs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ in DNF

We do it using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
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F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **T** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 1 gives $P \wedge Q$

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Every proposition can be expressed in DNF (ORs of ANDs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ in DNF

We do it using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **T** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 1 gives $P \wedge Q$
 - ▶ Row 3 gives $\neg P \wedge Q$

Every proposition can be expressed in DNF

Every proposition can be expressed in DNF (ORs of ANDs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in DNF**

We do it using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
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F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **T** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 1 gives $P \wedge Q$
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- ▶ Take **OR** of these formulas

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Every proposition can be expressed in DNF (ORs of ANDs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in DNF**

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P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **T** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 1 gives $P \wedge Q$
 - ▶ Row 3 gives $\neg P \wedge Q$
- ▶ Take **OR** of these formulas
- ▶ **Final answer** is $(P \wedge Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge Q)$

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Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in CNF**

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P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
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- Enumerate all the **F** rows from the conclusion column

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Every proposition can be expressed in CNF (ANDs of ORs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in CNF**

We do it by using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **F** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 2 gives $P \wedge \neg Q$

Every formula can be expressed in CNF

Every proposition can be expressed in CNF (ANDs of ORs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in CNF**

We do it by using a truth table

P	Q	$(P \rightarrow Q)$	$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

- ▶ Enumerate all the **F** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 2 gives $P \wedge \neg Q$
 - ▶ Row 4 gives $\neg P \wedge \neg Q$

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Every proposition can be expressed in CNF (ANDs of ORs)!

Express $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge Q$ **in CNF**

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- ▶ Enumerate all the **F** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 2 gives $P \wedge \neg Q$
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- ▶ Do **AND** of negations of each of these formulas

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- ▶ Do **AND** of negations of each of these formulas
- ▶ We obtain $\neg(P \wedge \neg Q) \wedge \neg(\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$

Every formula can be expressed in CNF

Every proposition can be expressed in CNF (ANDs of ORs)!

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- ▶ Enumerate all the **F** rows from the conclusion column
 - ▶ Row 2 gives $P \wedge \neg Q$
 - ▶ Row 4 gives $\neg P \wedge \neg Q$
- ▶ Do **AND** of negations of each of these formulas
- ▶ We obtain $\neg(P \wedge \neg Q) \wedge \neg(\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$
- ▶ **Finally**: equivalent to $(\neg P \vee Q) \wedge (P \vee Q)$ by De Morgan

Making use of equivalences to convert to CNF/DNF

If $P \leftrightarrow Q$ and P occurs in A , then replacing P by Q in A leads to a proposition B , such that $A \leftrightarrow B$

Making use of equivalences to convert to CNF/DNF

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- ▶ $P \rightarrow Q \rightarrow (P \wedge Q)$ and $P \rightarrow (\neg Q \vee (P \wedge Q))$ are equivalent

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We can convert a formula to an equivalent formula in CNF or DNF using the equivalences presented above (slide 10)

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Conclusion

What did we cover today?

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- ▶ Proving logical Equivalences in Natural Deduction
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Next time

- ▶ SAT