



Durham
University

Robotics – Planning and Motion

Manipulators

COMP52815

Prof Farshad Arvin & Dr Junyan Hu

Email: `farshad.arvin@durham.ac.uk`

Room: MCS 2058

Lecture 3: Learning Objectives

We will introduce the relevant terminology to describe how a manipulator is configured and operates

- Objectives:
 - Introduction to Manipulators
 - Manipulators and joints

Robotic Manipulators

A wide range of robotic manipulators exist. Typically, all manipulators represent a different price, performance & capability trade-off.



Manipulator Application (before)

Benefits in repetitive operation:

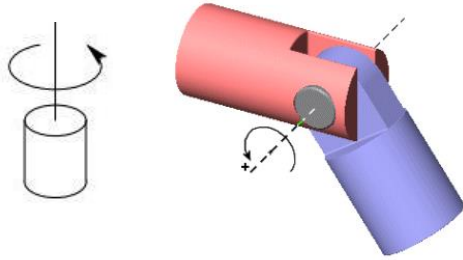
- Increase volume / capacity
- Improve quality and consistency
- Untouched by human hand
- Reduce wastage
- “Up skilling” of work force



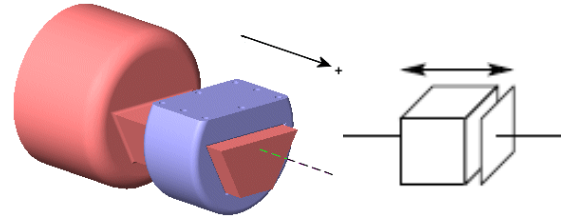
A Return On Investment (ROI) study would be performed to quantify these factors and justify the investment in a bespoke robotics solution.

Joints

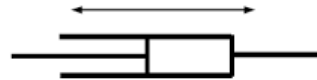
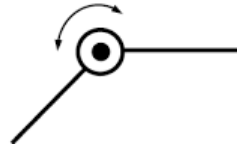
- Different types of joints:



Revolute Joint (**R**)

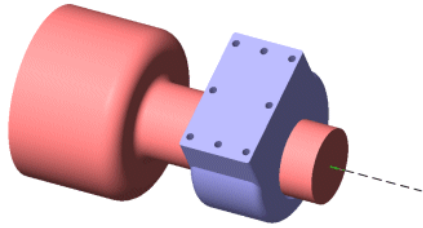


Prismatic Joint (**P**)

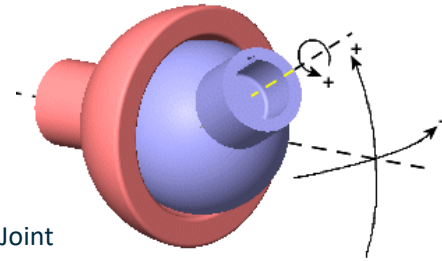


Joints

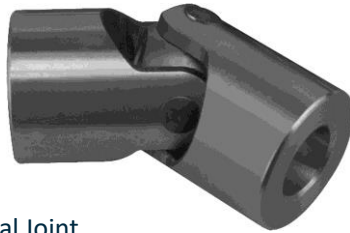
- Different types of joints:



Cylindrical Joint



Spherical Joint

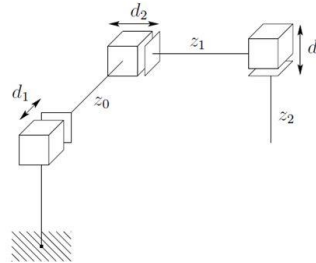


Universal Joint

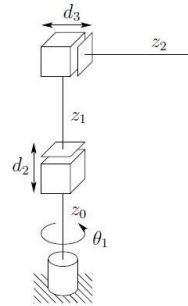
Manipulators

Different types of manipulator:

- Cartesian PPP



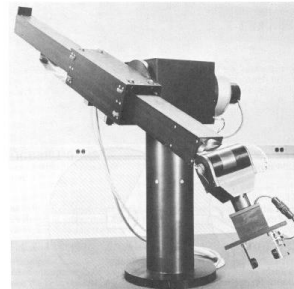
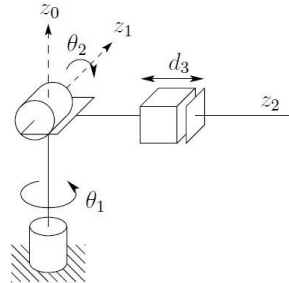
- Cylindrical RPP



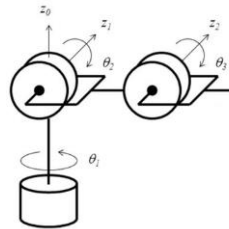
Manipulators

Different types of manipulator:

- Spherical RRP



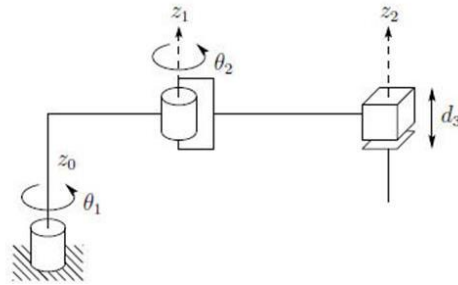
- Articulated RRR



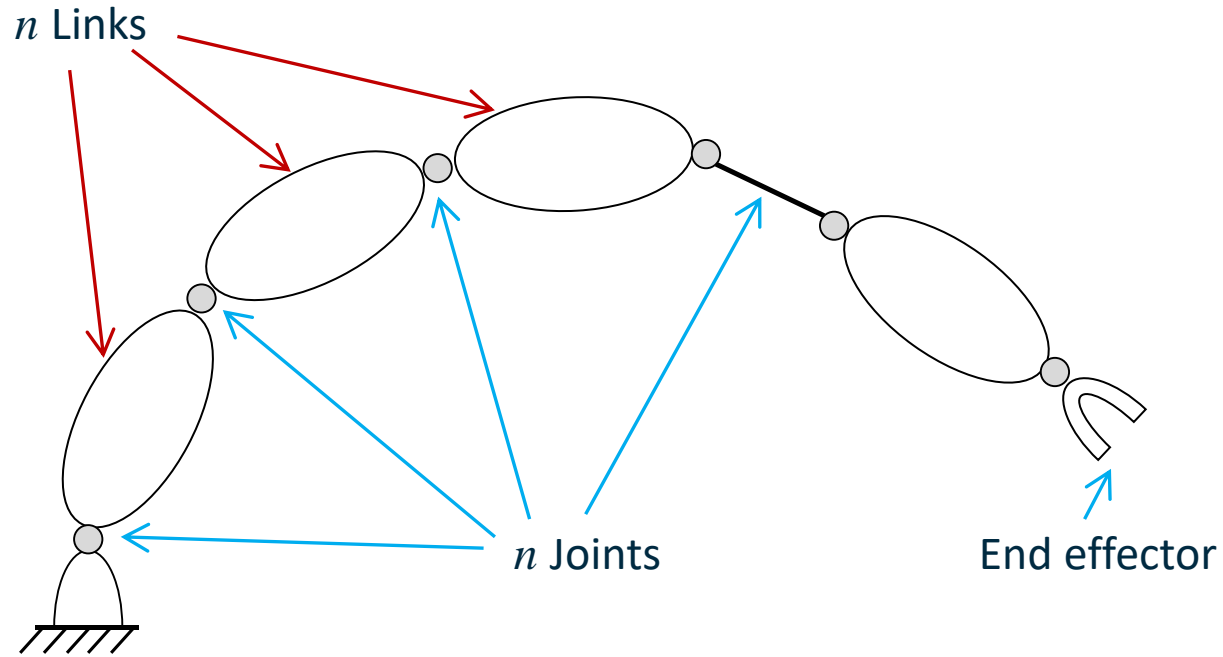
Manipulators

Different types of manipulator:

- SCARA, RRP

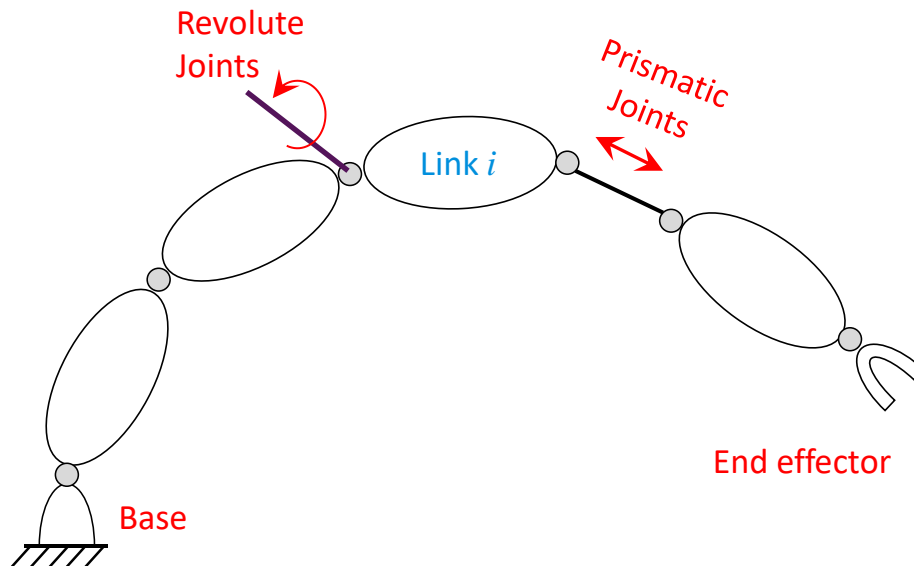


Manipulators Configuration



Manipulator

- Links:
 - n moving link(s)
 - 1 fixed link
- Joints
 - Revolute (1 DOF)
 - Prismatic (1 DOF)

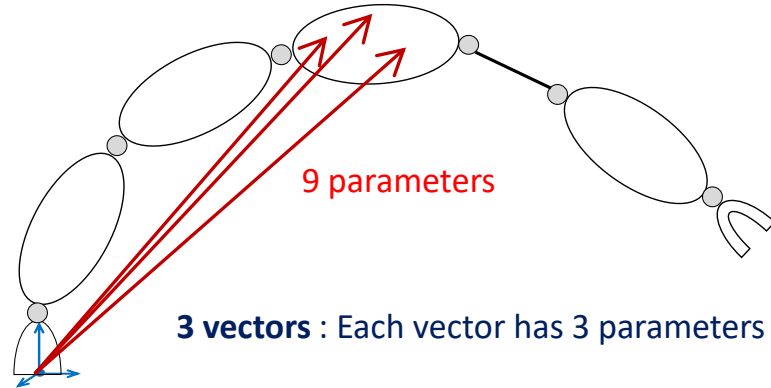


Position Parameters

Position parameters describe the full configuration of the system

If we have n link?

$9n$ parameters



Generalised coordinates:

A set of independent configuration parameters

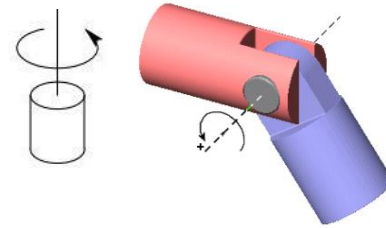
Degree of Freedom:

Number of generalised coordinates

Position Parameters

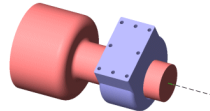
- We need 6 DOF to have access to all space
 - 3 DOF : Position
 - 3 DOF : Orientation

Revolute and prismatic joints have 1 DOF

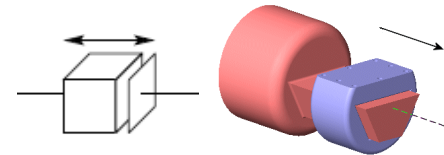
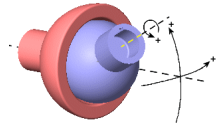


Revolute Joint

How about Cylindrical joint?



How about Spherical joint?



Prismatic Joint

Generalised coordinates:

- A set of independent configuration parameters
- Each rigid body needs 6 parameters to be described
 - 3 positions
 - 3 orientations
- For n rigid body, we need $6n$ parameters
- Constraints must be applied:
 - Each joint has 1DOF, so 5 constraints will be introduced.

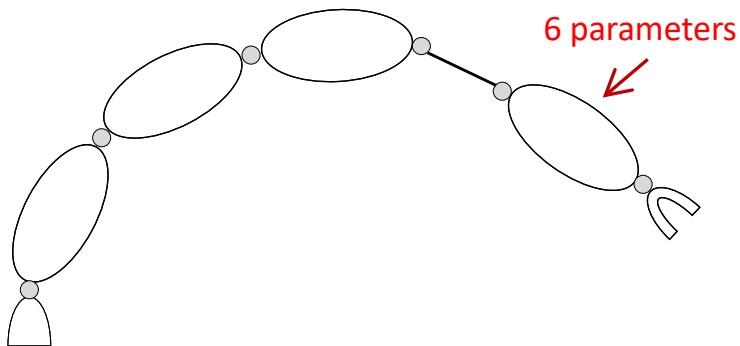
n moving links $\rightarrow 6n$ parameters

n joints $\rightarrow 5n$ constraints

How many DOF?

$$6n - 5n = n \text{ DOF}$$

This is for manipulator with fixed base



End effector configuration

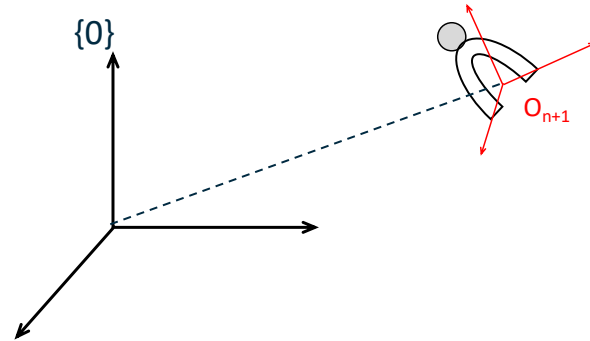
End effector is the last rigid-body and it has all the freedom from previous links.

A set of parameters describing position and orientation of the end effector:
 $(x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_m)$ with respect to $\{0\}$

O_{n+1} : is operational coordinates (task coordinates)

A set of $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_{m_o}$ of m_o independent configuration parameters

m_o is number of DOF of the end effector,
max 6 DOF

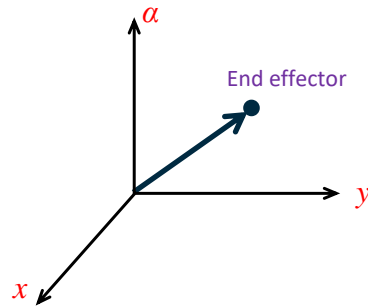


End effector, Joint coordinate:

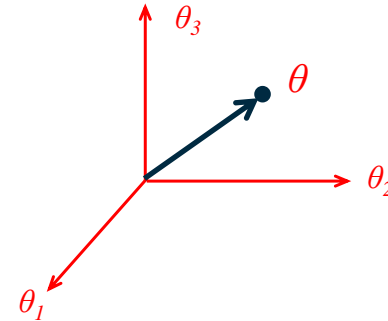
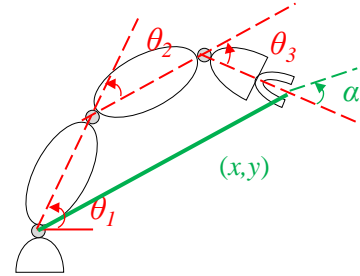
Joint space (configuration space) is the space that a manipulator is represented as a point.

(x,y) is a vector for position of end effector
 α defines orientation (angle) of end effector

Defines:
operational coordinates \rightarrow Operational space



End effector in operational space



Robot is configuration space

Redundancy

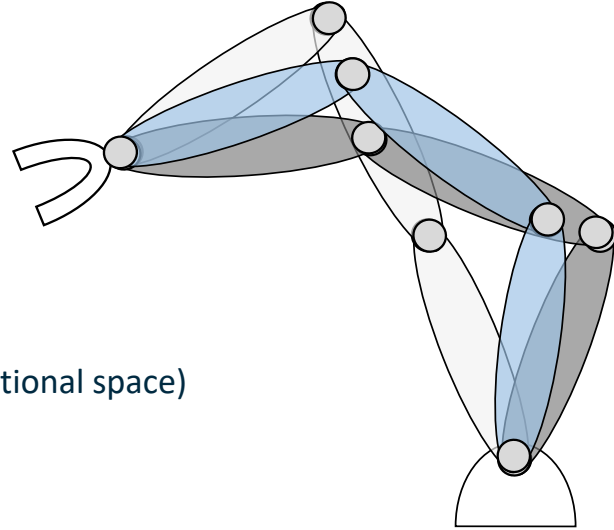
A manipulator is redundant if

$$n > m$$

n number of DOF of the manipulator

m number of DOF of the end effector (operational space)

Degree of redundancy: $n - m$



General Manipulator Videos

- Where it all began (in the 70s)

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2xNgQhLAPyI>

- ***Precise motion control***

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SOESSCXGhFo>

- 10 application areas for robotics

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fH4VwTgfyRQ>

- Programming robots

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=acJ3WDnoDCM>

- Couple of FlexPicker videos

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8G59zTXVHHU>

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KC70eDs1D2Y>

- Robotics for Extreme Environments

<https://www.bloomberg.com/news/features/2017-02-16/one-job-the-robots-can-have-cleaning-nuclear-waste>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLvAQFz5wh8&t=171s>

Lecture 3 Summary

- Introduction to robotic Manipulator
- Joints
- Position parameters
- End-effectors