Cheng-Wei Lu CS760

## CS 760 Homework 3 by Cheng-Wei Lu

## Problem 3.1

(a)

I set the iteration number of  $\hat{\theta}$  update to 1000. Step size = 1/20. I change the step size by multiply it with 3/4 every 50 iterations. The stop criteria is that when iteration number reaches 1000 or when the improvement for likelihood is less than  $10^{(-3)}$ , the parameter update will stop.

(b)

It took about 18 seconds for my computer to converge.

(c)

$$\hat{\theta} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.802 (\text{class 1}) \\ 0.567 (\text{class 2}) \\ -0.645 (\text{class 3}) \\ 2.769 (\text{sex}) \\ -1.372 (\text{age}) \\ -0.217 (\text{siblings/spouses aboard}) \\ -0.041 (\text{parents/children aboard}) \\ 0.079 (\text{fare}) \\ -0.274 (\text{intercept}) \end{pmatrix}$$

(d)

likelihood = -390.5596

(e)

The distribution of  $\hat{\theta}$  is  $N(\theta^*, \frac{1}{N}I_{\theta^*}^{-1})$ , where the  $\theta^*$  is the real  $\theta$  and the variance is represented by a covariance matrix  $\frac{1}{N}I_{\theta^*}^{-1}$ , which is of the following value :

Cheng-Wei Lu CS760

```
-1.22051416e+101
-1.22051416e+101
[1.22051416e+10] 1.22051416e+10 1.22051416e+10 -2.17357854e-05 -1.06585162e-04 -9.67655103e-06 -7.51375495e-07 -2.58029852e-07
  -1.22051416e+101
-5.68619406e-06 -1.67573344e-05 -2.29726716e-05 4.59177223e-05 -7.08245260e-06 -2.35996616e-06 -2.01564456e-06 -4.16479576e-07
   1.02967288e-051
5.92298739e-051
[-9.68498535e-06 -8.62403132e-06 -8.75291613e-06 -2.35996616e-06 3.96723477e-06 3.88650985e-06 -7.85593406e-07 -5.88115590e-07
   3.80054581e-06]
[-5.20618251e-07 -1.92910990e-06 -2.16968571e-06 -2.01564456e-06 3.89623267e-07 -7.85593406e-07 2.37075559e-06 -8.72230171e-07
   1.14175355e-061
 -1.36233277e-06 -5.88115590e-07 -8.72230171e-07 -6.99207938e-06
  -1.24205151e-06]
[-1.22051416e+10 -1.22051416e+10 -1.22051416e+10 9.05984262e-06 5.66532947e-05 4.72418071e-06 -2.76556665e-07 -1.78456807e-06 1.22051416e+10]]
```

## Problem 3.2

(a)

By the invariance property of MLE, we know that  $\hat{w} = x^T \hat{\theta}$ .

(b)

Since  $\hat{\theta} \xrightarrow{d} N(\theta^*, \frac{1}{N}I_{\theta^*}^{-1})$ , and  $\hat{w} = x^T\hat{\theta}$ . It implies  $\hat{w} \xrightarrow{d} N(\theta^*, \frac{1}{N}x^TI_{\theta^*}^{-1}x)$ .