

Native Cross-platform Mobile Application Development

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Abstract

Nowadays mobile devices are vastly integrated into modern society. They bring us one step closer to satisfy our ever growing need to have information available anytime, anywhere. To help gain access to information on mobile devices we use so called *apps*.

However the fragmented nature of today's mobile ecosystem poses a challenge for mobile developers to develop apps which are suitable to run on all mobile devices (*cross-platform*, since there is no de facto standard.

Currently there are several cross-platform mobile application development frameworks which offer a solution to this problem.

Lunatech having expressed its interest in mobile app development, would like to know which of these framework, *if any*, suits Lunatechs needs best. A research has been setup in order to resolve this question, its result is layed out in this thesis.

Credits

Contents

Introduction

Problem statement

Lunatech has demand for the development of cross-platform mobile applications. Currently¹ these applications are been developed using webtechnologiesch such as HTML5 and Javascript. A mobile application developed this way is referred to as webapp because it runs in a browserbased environment and is often hosted at a webserver rather than downloaded to the device itself.

The problem with webapps is that they lack in user experience. This is mainly due manner in which user interface components are build in HTML. Every platform has its own set of recognizable elements, but these cannot be accessed from within the browser environment. As a result of this the app will feel unearthly to the user because it's style doesn't match the rest of the platform. It tries to look and feels native, but never gets arround the fact that it's a webapp.

The direct alternative to webapps are native apps, native are writting using technologies proprietary to each platform, hench the term 'native'. What these applications lose in terms of cross-platform support they make up in terms of user experience. A native app has acces to all the platforms propietary libraries and can rely on the user interface elements provided through these libraries.

Lunatech would like to know how to make use of the look-and-feel from native apps with the cross-platform support of webapps.

Research questions

Main research question:

How to develop a cross-platform mobile application while retaining the native look-and-feel?

Sub research questions:

- How is the native look-and-feel defined?
- Which solutions to cross-platform mobile application development currently exist?
- Which of these solutions offer the defined native look-and-feel?

¹Note: when mentioning the word 'current', it refers to the old situation as the process to get to the actual current situation is being illustrated

Background

Lunatech Research B.V

Lunatech provides application development services, completely based on open-source web and Java technologies and open standards. They are early adopters of new technology, and use cutting-edge frameworks and tools to give themselves the advantage in software development. To stay up-to-date, their developers have the opportunity to research, try new technologies and contribute to open-source projects. The company is dominated by software developers. Everyone (except the director) writes code, on top of which some staff have a secondary management role, and the staff who will deliver a project interact with the customer directly.

Rotterdam University of Applied Sciences (Hogeschool Rotterdam)

Rotterdam University is one of the major Universities of Applied Sciences in the Netherlands. Currently almost 30,000 students are working on their professional future at our university. The university is divided into eleven schools, offering more than 80 graduate and undergrad- uate programmes in seven fields: art, technology, media and information technology, health, behaviour and society, engineering, education, and of course, business.[?]

Stager

In 2011, live music venue WORM - Instituut voor Avantgardistische Recreatie hired Lunatech to build Stager, a modern web-based resource planning and ticketing application to help manage live music events. Lunatech took the opportunity to use the relatively new Play framework to build a web application with an HTML5 and Java architecture. Stager has broad requirements ranging from high performance and security for the public ticket sales component, high usability for the internal resource planning component that will be used for hours a day by employees and being open to enhancements in the future for new customers.

WORM

Mobile platforms

Intoduction

The following chapter presents a concise overview of current mobile operating systems for mobile platforms, specifically smartphones and tablets.

A smartphone can be defined as a smart phone is a next-generation, multifunctional cell phone that provides voice communication and text-messaging capabilities and facilitates data processing as well as enhanced wireless connectivity.[?]

Apple iOS

iOS is a proprietary mobile operating system, developed by Apple Inc. It was originally released in 2007 for the iPhone and iPod Touch

Google Android

Android is a opensource mobile operating system, developed by the Open Handset Alliance, led by Google and other companies.[?]

BlackBerry OS

BlackBerry OS is a proprietary mobile operating system, developed by RIM(*Research In Motion*) for its line of BlackBerry mobile devices.

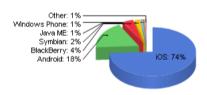
Windows Phone 7

Windows Phone 7 is a mobile operating system, developed Microsoft as a succesor to its Windows Mobile platform.

Java ME

Symbian

Marketshares



Operating System	Total % Market Share
iOS	74.04
Android	18.36
BlackBerry	3.84
Symbian	1.75
Java ME	0.83
Windows Phone	0.68
Bada	0.29
Windows Mobile	0.14
Kindle	0.05
Samsung	0.03
LG	0.01
ZTE	0.00
Palm	0.00

Table 1: Marketshare in the european continent as of march 2012[?]

Defining native

Intoduction

Native applications

Comparison to web

Exsisting solutions to Cross-platform Mobile Application Development

Intoduction	
PhoneGap	
Appcelerator Titanium	
Rhodes	
Worklight	
MoSync	
Comparison	

Developing cross-platform native applications with Titanium

Inner workings

Stager app requirements

Development and design

Stager app

Events

Notifications

Tickets

Mobile payment

Titanium modules

Stager service modules

Conclusion and Recommendations

Project goals

Stager case study

Cross-platform Mobile Application Development using Titanium

Evaluation of Titanium

Limitations of Titanium

Future work

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Evaluatie